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# HISTORY OF <br> THE SECOND WORLD WAR <br> UNITED KINGDOM CIVIL SERIES <br> Edited by W. K. HANCOCK 

The statistics in this volume have been compiled from official sources by the Central Statistical Office in collaboration with the Statistics

Divisions of Government Departments

# STATISTICAL DIGEST OF THE WAR 

PREPARED IN THE CENTRAL STATISTICAL Office



$$
\text { LONDON: } 1951
$$

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## THE STATISTICAL DIGEST OF THE WAR

## Introductory

Early in the war the lack of regular comprehensive statistics was recognized as a real impediment to the war effort; smooth administration was impossible without such figures. In the summer of 1940, therefore, the Central Economic Information Service-a group of economists and statisticians within the War Cabinet Secretariat-began a series of statistical digests which assembled the information necessary for reviewing economic and other problems arising out of the war. In January 1941 the Central Economic Information Service was split into two sections-the Central Statistical Office and the Economic Section. The function of the Central Statistical Office was to collect from Government Departments regular series of figures on a coherent and well ordered basis covering the development of the war effort of the United Kingdom.
2.. In planning the civil series of war histories the editor felt the need for a general statistical volume which would give the main statistical series illustrating the war effort of the United Kingdom. The individual civil histories on food, manpower, shipping, etc., will, of course, include a good many statistical tables; moreover, a great deal of statistical material about the war years has already been published. It would, however, be inconvenient if war statistics remained scattered among many volumes of history and many command papers. The Statistical Digest of the War has therefore been prepared by the Central Statistical Office in collaboration with the Statistics Divisions of Government Departments in order to bring together the salient facts of the British war effort so far as they are capable of statistical measurement.

## General Notes

3. Area covered. Except where otherwise stated all statistics relate to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
4. Period covered. In general the figures given in the Digest cover the period from September 1939 to August 1945. In some tables, however, figures for a pre-war year or years have been given where the comparison seems particularly valuable.
5. Time series. The Digest has no standard time series. Where possible annual totals are given throughout, but in many cases these are supplemented by quarterly totals, monthly averages and weekly averages according to the type of series dealt with. Except where it is stated to the contrary all statistics are for calendar years ended 31 December.
6. Change of basis. A line drawn across a column between two consecutive figures normally indicates that the figures above and below the line have been compiled on different bases and are not strictly comparable. In each case a footnote is added indicating the nature of the difference.
7. Consumption and stocks. Statistics of consumption and stocks should be used with particular caution. Figures given under the heading of "consumption" or "total disposals" are usually derived from statistics of releases from stocks by controls or manufacturers.
Figures of stocks may be affected to some degree by seasonal influences. Moreover, these figures often
relate to only part of the total stocks in the country.
8. Definitions. In order to make this Digest as selfcontained as possible a Definitions Section is included at pages 209 to 237. The purpose of the notes and definitions given in this Section is to supplement the various footnotes given in the tables and to make it possible to interpret the figures fully without reference back to the basic sources of the statistics. It is important that each table should be read in conjunction not only with the footnotes appended to it but also with the appropriate paragraphs in the Definitions Section.
9. Rounding of figures. Where necessary, each figure has been rounded off to the nearest final digit. For this reason there may be in some tables an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total as shown.
10. Symbols employed. The following symbols have been used throughout the Digest :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& .=\text { not available } \\
&-=\text { nil or negligible (less than half the final } \\
& \text { digit shown) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Central Statistical Office, Great George Street, London, S.W.1.
October, 1950.

## UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

## I. British units of measurement and their metric equivalents



## II. Miscellaneons units

| Food and drink : | Butter Cheese Condensed milk <br> Dried egs <br> Eggs <br> Milk <br> Milk powder <br> Sugar | 5,600 gallons milk $=1$ ton butter (average) <br> 2,240 gallons milk $=1$ ton cheese <br> 600 gallons milk $=1$ ton full cream condensed milk <br> 660 gallons skimmed milk $=1$ ton skimmed condensed milk <br> 81,000 eggs $=1$ ton dried egg <br> 17,400 eggs $=1$ ton <br> 1 million gallons $=4,600$ tons <br> 1,800 gallons milk $=1$ ton full cream milk powder <br> 2,400 gallons skimmed milk $=1$ ton skimmed milk powder <br> 100 tons raw sugar $=93$ tons refined sugar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fuel and power : | British thermal unit (B.Th.U.) <br> Therm <br> Unit of electricity | The amount of heat required to raise 1 lb . of water through 1 degree Fahrenheit at or near 39-1 degrees Fahrenheit. 100,000 British thermal units An output of 1 kilowatt over 1 hour |
| Shipping : | Deadweight tonnage <br> Gross tonnage <br> Net tonnage <br> Standard displacement <br> War load displacement | These terms are defined in the Definitions Section (pages 225 and 229) |
| Timber : | Softwood Pitwood | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { standard }=165 \text { cubic feet } \\ & 1 \text { standard }=180 \text { piled cubic feet } \end{aligned}$ |

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## ABBREVIATIONS

| A.A. | Anti-aircraft |
| :---: | :---: |
| A.C. | Alternating current |
| A.F.V. | Armoured fighting vehicle |
| A.P. | Armour piercing |
| A.S. | Anti-submarine |
| A.S.R. | Air sea rescue |
| C.A. | Coastal artillery |
| D.C. | Direct current |
| Derv (fuel) | Diesel-engined road vehicle |
| G.O. | Gas operated |
| H.E. | High explosive |
| L.S.T. | Landing ship tank |
| P.I.A.T. | Projector infantry anti-tank |
| S.D. | Standard displacement |
| SHAEF | Supreme Headquarters Allied Expeditionary Force |
| U.P. | Unrotated projectile |
| W.L.D. | War load displacement |

## I. POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS

## Population of the United Kingdom

TABLE 1
Mid-year estimates
Thousands

|  | United Kingdom |  |  | England and Wales |  |  | Scotland |  |  | Northern Ireland |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| Total population( ${ }^{1}$ ) 1939(²) | 47,762 | 22,962 | 24,799 | 41,460 | 19,920 | 21,540 | 5,007 | 2,412 | 2,594 | 1,295 | 630 | 665 |
| 1940 | 48,226 | 23,304 | 24,922 | 41,862 | 20,216 | 21,646 | 5,065 | 2,454 | 2,611 | 1,299 | 634 | 665 |
| 1941 | 48,216 | 23,266 | 24,950 | 41,748 | 20,141 | 21,607 | 5,160 | 2,492 | 2,668 | 1,308 | 633 | 675 |
| 1942 | 48,400 | 23,336 | 25,064 | 41,897 | 20,180 | 21,717 | 5,174 | 2,508 | 2,666 | 1,329 | 648 | 681 |
| 1943 | 48,789 | 23,574 | 25,215 | 42,259 | 20,397 | 21,862 | 5,189 | 2,521 | 2,668 | 1,341 | 656 | 685 |
| 1944 | 49,016 | 23,672 | 25,344 | 42,449 | 20,473 | 21,976 | 5,210 | 2,534 | 2,676 | 1,357 | 665 | 692 |
| 1945 | 49,182 | 23,723 | 25,459 | 42,636 | 20,549 | 22,087 | 5.187 | 2,508 | 2,679 | 1,359 | 666 | 693 |
| Civilian population( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 45,996 | 21,076 | 24,920 | 39,889 | 18,243 | 21,646 | 4,826 | 2,215 | 2,611 | 1,281 | 618 | 663 |
| 1941 | 44,849 | 20,003 | 24,846 | 38,743 | 17,228 | 21,515 | 4,818 | 2,160 | 2,658 | 1,288 | 615 | 673 |
| 1942 | 44,297 | 19,542 | 24,755 | 38,243 | 16,802 | 21,441 | 4,758 | 2,121 | 2,637 | 1,296 | 619 | 677 |
| 1943( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 43,771 | 19,006 | 24,765 | 37,818 | 16,334 | 21,484 | 4,651 | 2,050 | 2,601 | 1,302 | 622 | 680 |
| 1944 | 43,743 | 18,852 | 24,891 | 37,785 | 16,188 | 21,597 | 4,641 | 2,035 | 2,607 | 1,316 | 629 | 687 |
| 1945 | 43,873 | 18,858 | 25,015 | 37.916 | 16,200 | 21,716 | 4,640 | 2,029 | 2,611 | 1,317 | 629 | 688 |

${ }^{(1)}$ The total population includes all members of the armed forces and Merchant Navy whether at
Source : Registrars General home or overseas.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Estimated population actually in the country (resident population). The figures exclude members of the armed forces serving overseas and merchant seamen at sea estimated at about a quarter of a million at June 1939.
${ }^{(2)}$ The civilian population excludes members of the armed forces serving at home and abroad; it includes all members of the Merchant Navy.
( ${ }^{( }$) From 1943, excluding certain classes of seamen previously included. The numbers so excluded at that date were : England and Wales, 122,000; Scotland, 26,000; Northern Ireland, 3,000.

Age distribution of the remident population of the United Kingdom( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 2
At 30 June 1939
Thousands

|  | United Kingdom |  |  | England and Wales |  |  | Scotland |  |  | Northern Ireland |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Femalos |
| Total all ages | 47,762 | 22,962 | 24,799 | 41,460 | 19,920 | 21,540 | 5,007 | 2,412 | 2,594 | 1,295 | 630 | 665 |
| Age groups : | 3,376 | 1,719 | 1,657 | 2,861 | 1,458 | 1,403 | 402 | 204 | 198 | 114 | 58 | 56 |
| 5-9. | 3,340 | 1,689 | 1,651 | 2,830 | 1,431 | 1,493 | 398 | 201 | 198 | 114 | 58 | 56 |
| 10-14. | 3,576 | 1,799 | 1,777 | 3,037 | 1,527 | 1,510 | 422 | 212 | 210 | 117 | 60 | 57 |
| 15-19. | 4,198 | 2,105 | 2,093 | 3,603 | 1,806 | 1,797 | 472 | 237 | 235 | 123 | 62 | 61 |
| 20-24. | 3,488 | 1,737 | 1,751 | 2,998 | 1,493 | 1,505 | 388 | 194 | 194 | 102 | 50 | 52 |
| 25-29. | 3,985 | 1,959 | 2,026 | 3,467 | 1,704 | 1,763 | 414 | 206 | 209 | 103 | 49 | 54 |
| 30-34. | 3,949 | 1,932 | 2,017 | 3,461 | 1,698 | 1,763 | 393 | 189 | 204 | 95 | 45 | 50 |
| 35-39. | 3,683 | 1,793 | 1,890 | 3,233 | 1,578 | 1,655 | 363 | 174 | 189 | 87 | 41 | 46 |
| 40-44 | 3,236 | 1,481 | 1,755 | 2,839 | 1,300 | 1,539 | 314 | 143 | 172 | 82 | 38 | 44 |
| 45-49 | 3,019 | 1,386 | 1,633 | 2,665 | 1,224 | 1,441 | 288 | 131 | 157 | 66 | 31 | 35 |
| 50-54. | 2,822 | 1,299 | 1,523 | 2,490 | 1,147 | 1,343 | 269 | 122 | 146 | 64 | 30 | 34 |
| 55-59 | 2,586 | 1,190 | 1,396 | 2,281 | 1,049 | 1,232 | 248 | 114 | 134 | 56 | 27 | 29 |
| 60-64. | 2,250 | 1,042 | 1,208 | 1,974 | 912 | 1,062 | 222 | 104 | 118 | 54 | 26 | 28 |
| 65-69 | 1,786 | 819 | 967 | 1,566 | 714 | , 852 | 173 | 82 | 91 | 47 | 23 | 24 |
| 70 and over | 2,463 | 1,010 | 1,453 | 2,155 | 879 | 1,276 | 239 | 99 | 140 | 71 | 32 | 39 |

() See footnote ( ${ }^{(2)}$ to Table 1.

Source : Registrars General

Age distribution of the total population of the United Kingdom( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 3
At 30 June 1945
Thousands

|  | United Kingdom |  |  | England and Wales |  |  | Scotland |  |  | Northern Ireland |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| Total all ages . | 49,182 | 23,723 | 25,459 | 42,636 | 20,549 | 22,087 | 5,187 | 2,508 | 2,679 | 1,359 | 666 | 693 |
| Age groups: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5-9. | 3,678 | 1,881 | 1,797 1,654 | 3,126 | 1,600 | 1,526 | 418 | 208 | 206 | 134 | 69 57 | 65 55 |
| 10-14. | 3,301 | 1,671 | 1,630 | 2,786 | 1,410 | 1,376 | 405 | 205 | 200 | 111 | 57 | 54 |
| 15-19. | 3,518 | 1,767 | 1,751 | 2,978 | 1,496 | 1,482 | 419 | 209 | 210 | 121 | 62 | 59 |
| 20-24. | 3,875 | 1,907 | 1,968 | 3,332 | 1,633 | 1,699 | 425 | 214 | 211 | 118 | 60 | 58 |
| 25-29. | 3,567 | 1,788 | 1,779 | 3,085 | 1,536 | 1,549 | 362 | 191 | 171 | 120 | 61 | 59 |
| 30-34. | 3,950 | 1,951 | 1,998 | 3,449 | 1,703 | 1,746 | 399 | 199 | 200 | 101 | 49 | 52 |
| 35-39. | 3,947 | 1,944 | 2,003 | 3,465 | 1,714 | 1,751 | 391 | 187 | 205 | 90 | 43 | 47 |
| 40-44 | 3,729 | 1,835 | 1,894 | 3,274 | 1,619 | 1,655 | 372 | 177 | 195 | 83 | 39 | 44 |
| 45-49. | 3,248 | 1,511 | 1,737 | 2,856 | 1,333 | 1,523 | 321 | 146 | 175 | 71 | 32 | 39 |
| 50-54. | 2,957 | 1,352 | 1,605 | 2,599 | 1,190 | 1,409 | 292 | 131 | 160 | 67 | 31 | 36 |
| 55-59. | 2,696 | 1,226 | 1,469 | 2,383 | 1,085 | 1,298 | 256 | 114 | 141 | 57 | 27 | 30 |
| 60-64. | 2,384 | 1,066 | 1,318 | 2,100 | 937 | 1,163 | 229 | 103 | 126 | 55 | 26 | 29 |
| 65-69 | 1,983 | 882 | 1,101 | 1,744 | 772 | , 972 | 191 | 87 | 104 | 47 | 23 | 25 |
| 70 and over | 2,986 | 1,232 | 1,753 | 2,616 | 1,075 | 1,541 | 298 | 126 | 171 | 72 | 32 | 40 |

${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{(1)}$ to Table 1.

Births in the United Kingdom
TABLE 4

|  | Live births |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Still-births |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Legitimate | Illegitimate | Percentage of illegitimate | Total births per 1,000 population | Total births per 1,000 women aged 15-44 | Legiti- mate births per 1,000 married women aged 16-44 | Males born per 1,000 females | Thousands | Rate per 1,000 births (in -cluding still- births) |
| United Kingiom |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. | 727 | 373 | 353 | 695 | 32 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $15 \cdot 2$ | 62.9 | . | 1,056 | -• | - |
| 1940........ . . | 702 | 360 | 342 | 670 | 32 | $4 \cdot 6$ | $14 \cdot 6$ | $60 \cdot 6$ |  | 1,053 | . | . |
| 1941......... | 696 | 357 | 338 | 657 | 38 | $5 \cdot 5$ | 14.4 | $60 \cdot 3$ | $\ldots$ | 1,056 | . |  |
| 1942. | 772 | 397 | 374 | 727 | 44 | 5.8 | 15.9 | 67.0 | . | 1,061 | . | . |
| 1943......... . | 811 | 418 | 393 | 758 | 53 | $6 \cdot 5$ | $16 \cdot 6$ | $70 \cdot 6$ | . | 1,063 | . | . |
| 1944.......... | 878 | 453 | 425 | 814 | 65 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 17.9 | $76 \cdot 7$ |  | 1,065 | . | . $\cdot$ |
| 1945.......... | 796 | 410 | 386 | 723 | 73 | $9 \cdot 1$ | $16 \cdot 2$ | 69.9 | . | 1,061 | . | - . . |
| Bngland and Wales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. | 614 | 316 | 299 | 589 | 26 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $14 \cdot 8$ | $61 \cdot 3$ | 107.5 | 1,056 | 24 | 38 |
| 1940. . . . . . . . . | 590 | 303 | 288 | 564 | 26 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $14 \cdot 1$ | $58 \cdot 7$ | $98 \cdot 5$ | 1,053 | 23 | 37 |
| 1941......... | 579 | 297 | 282 | 548 | 31 | $5 \cdot 4$ | 13.9 | 57.9 | $94 \cdot 1$ | 1,053 | 21 | 35 |
| 1942.... . . . . . | 652 | 336 | 316 | 615 | 36 | $5 \cdot 6$ | 15.6 | $65 \cdot 2$ | 103.8 | 1,063 | 22 | 33 |
| 1943. . . . . . . . | 684 | 353 | 332 | 641 | 44 | $6 \cdot 4$ | 16.2 | $68 \cdot 6$ | $107 \cdot 6$ | 1,064 | 21 | 30 |
| 1944. . . . . . . . | 751 | 388 | 364 | 696 | 55 | $7 \cdot 3$ | $17 \cdot 7$ | 75.7 | 117.4 | 1,065 | 21 | 28 |
| 1945.... . . . . . | 680 | 350 | 330 | 617 | 63 | $9 \cdot 3$ | 15.9 | $68 \cdot 8$ | 103.9 | 1,061 | 19 | 28 |
| Scotand |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939.... . . . . . | 87 | 45 | 42 | 82 | 5 | 6.0 | 17.4 | $72 \cdot 1$ | $141 \cdot 1$ | 1.060 | 4 | 42 |
| 1940......... . | 86 | 44 | 42 | 81 | 5 | 6.0 | $17 \cdot 1$ | 71.4 | 1370 | 1,050 | 4 | 42 |
| 1941.... . . . . | 90 | 46 | 44 | 84 | 6 | $6 \cdot 6$ | 17.4 | $73 \cdot 5$ | $138 \cdot 1$ | 1,059 | 4 | 40 |
| 1942......... | 91 | 46 | 44 | 84 | 7 | 7.2 | $17 \cdot 5$ | 74.2 | 135.9 | 1,048 | 4 | 38 |
| 1943......... | 95 | 49 | 46 | 88 | 7 | $7 \cdot 6$ | $18 \cdot 2$ | 78.7 | $140 \cdot 6$ | 1,051 | 3 | 36 |
| 1944.......... | 96 | 50 | 46 | 88 | 8 | 7.9 | 18.4 | 79.9 | 141.5 | 1,069 | 3 | 32 |
| 1945.... . . . . . | 87 | 45 | 42 | 79 | 8 | 8.7 | 16.8 | $73 \cdot 1$ | 126-1 | 1,063 | 3 | 33 |
| Northern Ireland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. . . . . . . . | 25 | 13 | 12 | 24 | 1 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 19.5 | $82 \cdot 5$ |  | 1,044 |  | . |
| 1940. . . . . . . . . | 25 | 13 | 12 | 24 | 1 | $4 \cdot 6$ | 19.5 | 83.2 | $\cdots$ | 1,082 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1941........ . | 27 | 14 | 13 | 26 | 1 | $4 \cdot 8$ | $20 \cdot 6$ | 85.4 | . | 1,096 | . | . |
| 1942. . . . . . . . | 30 | 15 | 14 | 28 | 1 | 4.9 | $22 \cdot 3$ | $93 \cdot 5$ | . | 1,060 | . | $\cdots$ |
| 1943......... | 32 | 16 | 15 | 30 | 2 | $5 \cdot 5$ | 23.5 | 99.5 | . | 1,076 | - | - |
| 1944. . . . . . . . | 31 29 | 16 | 15 | 29 | 2 | 5.6 5.4 | 22.8 21.3 | 96.7 91.0 | . | 1,052 | . | . |
| 1945. . . . . . . . | 29 | 15 | 14 | 27 | 2 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $21 \cdot 3$ | 910 | . | 1,063 | . | . |

Source : Registrars General

Reproduction rates
TABLE 5


Source : Registrars General

## Infantile mortality

Deaths of infants under I year of age per thousand live births
TABLE 6

|  | United Kingdom |  |  | England and Wales |  |  | Scotland |  |  | Northern Ireland |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1935. | 60 | 68 | 53 | 57 | 64 | 50 | 77 | 87 | 66 | 86 | 96 | 76 |
| 1936. | 62 | 70 | 54 | 59 | 66 | 51 | 82 | 92 | 72 | 77 | 86 | 67 |
| 1937. | 61 | 68 | 53 | 58 | 65 | 50 | 80 | 90 | 71 | 77 | 83 | 71 |
| 1938. | 55 | 62 | 48 | 53 | 60 | 46 | 70 | 77 | 62 | 75 | 79 | 71 |
| 1939. | 53 | 60 | 47 | 51 | 56 | 44 | 69 | 77 | 59 | 70 | 81 | 60 |
| 1940. | 60 | 69 | 52 | 57 | 64 | 49 | 78 | 90 | 66 | 86 | 95 | 76 |
| 1941. | 63 | 71 | 55 | 60 | 67 | 52 | 83 | 93 | 72 | 77 | 85 | 67 |
| 1942. | 53 | 59 | 46 | 51 | 57 | 44 | 69 | 78 | 60 | 76 | 87 | 65 |
| 1943. | 52 | 58 | 46 | 49 | 55 | 43 | 65 | 73 | 57 | 78 | 87 | 69 |
| 1944. | 48 | 53 | 42 | 45 | 50 | 40 | 65 | 73 | 56 | 67 | 74 | 61 |
| 1945. | 49 | 55 | 43 | 46 | 51 | 40 | 56 | 65 | 47 | 68 | 73 | 63 |

Deaths analysed by age and sex( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 7
(i) Males

|  | All ages | Under 1 year | 1 and under 2 | 2-4 | 5-14 | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | 55-64 | 65-74 | 75 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United Kingdom |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 296.5 | 22.4 | $2 \cdot 4$ | 2.9 | 4.9 | 8.2 | 10.6 | 14.7 | 28.2 | 54.4 | $76 \cdot 7$ | 70.9 |
| 1940 | $340 \cdot 6$ | 25.0 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | 9.4 | 13.1 | 18.8 | 33.4 | 63.3 | 85.6 | 78.3 |
| 1941 | 316.3 | 25.4 | $3 \cdot 4$ | 4.5 | $6 \cdot 6$ | 9.0 | 11.5 | 18.2 | $30 \cdot 3$ | 56.8 | $78 \cdot 8$ | 71.9 |
| 1942 | 283.2 | 23.5 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 3.0 | $4 \cdot 9$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | 8.6 | 14.5 | 26.4 | 51.0 | 74.7 | 67.8 |
| 1943 | 291.2 | 24.1 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 4.8 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 7.8 | 14.3 | 27.2 | 51.8 | 76.7 | 73.5 |
| 1944 | 287.2 | 24.0 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 4.8 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 14.0 | 26.4 | 51.5 | $76 \cdot 5$ | 72.9 |
| 1945 | 284.6 | 22.4 | 2.0 | 2.4 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 3$ | 6.6 | 12.7 | 25.7 | 51.1 | 77.0 | $75 \cdot 4$ |
| England and Wales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 254.9 | 17.9 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 4.0 | $7 \cdot 0$ | $9 \cdot 1$ | 12.6 | 24.5 | 47.6 | 66.2 | 61.7 |
|  | 294.2 | 19.7 | 2.7 | 3.3 | $5 \cdot 2$ | 8.1 | 11.4 | 16.3 | 29.3 | 55.9 | 74.2 | 68.2 |
| 1941 | $270 \cdot 3$ | 19.9 | 2.8 | 3.7 3.5 | 5.4 | 7.5 5.4 | 9.8 | 15.6 | 26.1 | 49.6 | $67 \cdot 8$ | 62.2 58.5 |
| 1942 | $242 \cdot 1$ | 18.6 | 1.8 | 2.5 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | 7.3 | $12 \cdot 4$ | 22.6 | $44 \cdot 6$ | 64.4 | 58.5 |
| 1943 | 249.6 | 19.2 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 6.5 | 12.2 | 23.5 | 45.5 | $66 \cdot 3$ | 63.6 |
| 1944 | 246.9 | 19.2 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 4.0 | 4.7 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 12.0 | 22.8 | $45 \cdot 2$ | $66 \cdot 3$ | 63.1 |
| 1945 | $245 \cdot 4$ | 18.4 | 1.6 | 2.0 | $3 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 6$ | $10 \cdot 9$ | 22.1 | $44 \cdot 8$ | $66 \cdot 9$ | $65 \cdot 5$ |
| Scotland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 32.9 | $3 \cdot 5$ | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.7 | $3 \cdot 0$ | $5 \cdot 5$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | 7.3 |
| 1940 | 36.8 | 4.0 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 2.0 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | 9.0 | 8.0 |
| 1941 | 36.2 | 4.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.3 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | $8 \cdot 6$ | 7.6 |
| 1942 | 32.3 32.8 | 3.6 3.5 | 0.3 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.7 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 5.2 | 8.1 | 7.3 |
| 1943 | 32.8 31.9 | 3.5 3.6 | 0.4 0.3 | 0.4 0.4 | 0.7 0.7 | 0.9 0.8 | 1.0 0.8 | 1.7 1.6 | 3.0 2.9 | 5.2 5.2 | 8.2 8.1 | 7.9 7.7 |
| 1945 | 31.1 | 2.9 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 5.2 | $8 \cdot 1$ | 7.8 |
| Northern Ireland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 8.7 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 1.9 |
| 1940 | 9.6 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | $0 \cdot 8$ | 1.3 | $2 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| 1941 | 9.8 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.4 | $2 \cdot 4$ | 2.1 |
| 1942 | 8.8 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.2 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 2.0 |
| 1943 | 8.8 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.7 | $1 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 2.0 |
| 1944 | 8.4 8.1 | 1.2 1.1 | 0.1 0.1 | 0.1 0.1 | 0.1 0.1 | 0.3 0.2 | 0.3 0.2 | 0.4 0.3 | 0.7 0.7 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 2.1 2.0 | 2.1 2.1 |
| 1945 | $8 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.1 | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 2$ | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.7 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 2.0 | $2 \cdot 1$ |

(1) Civilians only for England and Wales and Scotland from 3 September 1939 and for Northern Ireland from 1941.

Source : Registrars General

Deaths analysed by age and sex ${ }^{1}$ )
(ii) Females

TABLE 7 (continued)
Thousands

|  | All <br> ages | Under 1 year | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { and } \\ \text { under } 2 \end{gathered}$ | 2-4 | 5-14 | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | 55-64 | 65-74 | 75 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United Kingdom |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 284.2 | 16.5 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | 7.7 | $10 \cdot 3$ | 13.3 | 22.9 | 41.8 | 69.4 | 93.8 |
| 1940 | 322.9 | 17.9 | 2.9 | 3.6 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 10.0 | 12.2 | $15 \cdot 6$ | 25.9 | 47.4 | 77.9 | 104.5 |
| 1941 | 298.9 | 18.6 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 4.0 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 9.9 | 11.8 | 14.6 | 23.9 | $42 \cdot 1$ | $70 \cdot 4$ | 95.3 |
| 1942 | $268 \cdot 1$ | 17.3 | 1.8 | $2 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 8$ | 7.8 | 9.8 | 12.6 | 21.0 | 38.5 | $64 \cdot 4$ | 88.5 |
| 1943 | 282.9 | 17.8 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 7.6 | 9.6 | 13.1 | 21.5 | 39.3 | 68.0 | 97.7 |
| 1944 | $273 \cdot 8$ | 17.8 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 7.3 | 9.2 | 12.4 | 20.9 | 38.0 | 66.2 | 94.7 |
| 1945 | 274.6 | 16.5 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 3.0 | $6 \cdot 4$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | 11.7 | $20 \cdot 3$ | 37.7 | 68.0 | 99.2 |
| England and Wales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 244.0 | $13 \cdot 3$ | 1.7 | 2.0 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 4$ | 8.7 | 11.2 | 19.6 | $36 \cdot 1$ | 59.8 | 81.8 |
| 1940 | 278.4 | 14.2 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 2.8 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 8.5 | 10.4 | $13 \cdot 4$ | 22.6 | 41.1 | 67.5 | 91.3 |
| 1941 | $254 \cdot 1$ | 14.6 | 2.5 | 3.2 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | 9.9 | 12.3 | 20.5 | $36 \cdot 2$ | $60 \cdot 1$ | 82.4 |
| 1942 | 228.6 | 13.7 | 1.4 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | 10.6 | 18.1 | $33 \cdot 1$ | 55.3 | $76 \cdot 7$ |
| 1943 | 241.9 | 14.2 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 3.0 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 8.0 | $11 \cdot 1$ | 18.5 | 33.7 | 58.7 | $85 \cdot 1$ |
| 1944 | 234.2 | $14 \cdot 3$ | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.9 | 5.9 | 7.7 | 10.5 | 18.0 | 32.7 | 57.0 | 82.1 |
| 1945 | $235 \cdot 8$ | 13.6 | $1 \cdot 3$ | 1.6 | 2.5 | $5 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 8$ | 9.9 | 17.3 | 32.6 | 58.6 | 86.4 |
| Scotland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 31.4 | $2 \cdot 5$ | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 4.5 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 9.6 |
| 1940 | $35 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 5.0 | $8 \cdot 1$ | 10.7 |
| 1941 | 34.9 | 3.1 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 4.6 | 7.8 | 10.3 |
| 1942 | 31.1 | 2.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.3 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | 9.5 |
| 1943 | 32.4 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 | $1 \cdot 2$ | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 4.5 | 7.3 | 10.2 |
| 1944 | 31.2 | 2.6 |  |  | 0.5 | $1 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.5 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 2$ |
| 1945 | $30 \cdot 6$ | 2.0 | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.4 | 1.0 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.4 | 2.4 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 4$ | $10 \cdot 3$ |
| Northern Ireland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | $8 \cdot 8$ | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | $1 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 2.4 |
| 1940 | 9.4 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| 1941 | 9.9 | 0.9 | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 2$ | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| 1942 | 8.4 | 0.9 | 0.1 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 2.0 | 2.3 |
| 1943 | 8.6 | 10 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| 1944 | 8.4 | 0.9 | 0.1 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | $0 \cdot 4$ | 0.6 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| 1945 ............... | $8 \cdot 2$ | 0.9 | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.5 |

(1) Civilians only for England and Wales and Scotland from 1 June 1941 and for Northern Ireland

Source : Registrars General from January 1941.

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uaited Kingdom |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of marriages | $409 \cdot 1$ | 495.1 | 533.9 | 448.5 | 428.8 | 344•8 | $349 \cdot 2$ | 456.7 |
| Persons married per 1,000 population. Civil condition : | 17.2 | $20 \cdot 6$ | $22 \cdot 1$ | $18 \cdot 6$ | 17.7 | $14 \cdot 1$ | 14.3 | 18.6 |
| Bachelors . . . . . . | 375.9 | 459.9 | 498.0 | $413 \cdot 1$ | 393.0 | 309.9 | 312.7 | 414.2 |
| Divorced men | 4.8 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 8.8 | 12.0 |
| Widowers | 28.4 | 29.1 | 29.9 | 29.8 | 29.9 | 28.0 | 27.8 | 30.7 |
| Spinsters | 387.0 | 471.2 | 508.6 | 422.4 | 402.0 | 317.7 | 320.2 | 419.3 |
| Divorced women | 4.2 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 9.0 |
| Widows. | 18.0 | 18.5 | 20.0 | 21.4 | 21.9 | 21.4 | 22.6 | 28.5 |
| Ase of males: | $14 \cdot 1$ | 22.4 | 34.0 | $37 \cdot 1$ | 38.9 | 32.2 | 30.1 | 32-9 |
| 21 years and upwards. | 395.0 | 472.6 | 499.9 | 411.3 | 389.9 | 312.4 | $319 \cdot 1$ | 423.7 |
| Ase of females : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 21 years .... | 67.6 | 97.3 | 129.3 | 116.0 332.4 | 117.1 | 93.9 | $90 \cdot 5$ 258.8 | 108.3 348.3 |
| 21 years and upwards | 341.6 | 397.8 | $404 \cdot 7$ | $332 \cdot 4$ | 311.8 | $250 \cdot 9$ | 258.8 |  |
| Number of marriages | 361.8 | 439.7 | $470 \cdot 5$ | 388.9 | 369.7 | 296.4 | 302.7 | 397.6 |
| Persons married per 1,000 population. | 17.6 | 21.2 | 22.5 | 18.6 | 17.7 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 18.7 |
| Civil condition : | 331.8 | 407.9 | 438.2 | $357 \cdot 1$ | 337.5 | 265.2 | 269.9 | 359.3 |
| Divorced men | 4.4 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 26.2 | 7.9 | 10.9 |
| Widowers | 25.6 | 26.1 | 26.9 | 26.7 | 26.8 | 25.1 | 24.9 | 27.5 |
| Spinsters | 341.4 | 417.8 | 447.3 | 365.1 | 345.5 | 272.0 | 276.4 | 363.6 |
| Divorced women | 3.8 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.3 | $4 \cdot 3$ | 4.9 | 5.8 | 8.0 |
| Widows. . | 16.6 | 16.9 | 18.4 | 19.5 | 19.9 | 19.5 | $20 \cdot 6$ | $26 \cdot 1$ |
| Age of males: | 12.2 | 19.5 | 30.2 | 32.7 356.2 | 34.3 | 28.2 | 26.4 | 28.8 369.0 |
| Ase of females : 21 ypwards. | 349.7 | $420 \cdot 1$ | $440 \cdot 4$ | 356.2 | 335.4 | 268.1 | $276 \cdot 3$ | 369.0 |
| Under 21 years | 59.3 | 86.6 | $115 \cdot 8$ | 102.6 | $103 \cdot 1$ | 82.2 | 79.5 | 95.2 |
| 21 years and upwards. | 302.5 | 353.1 | 354.8 | $286 \cdot 3$ | 266.7 | 214.2 | $223 \cdot 3$ | 302.4 |
| Scothed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of marriages | 38.7 | 46.2 | 53.5 | 47.6 | $47 \cdot 4$ | 38.2 | 37.0 | 48.6 |
| Persons married per 1,000 population. Civil condition : | $15 \cdot 5$ | 18.5 | 21.1 | 18.5 | 18.3 | 14.7 | 14.2 | 18.8 |
| Bachelors . | $36 \cdot 1$ | 43.3 | 50.5 | 44.6 | 44.4 | 35.1 | 33.9 | 45.0 |
| Divorced men | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.7 | $0 \cdot 8$ | 1.0 |
| Widowers | $2 \cdot 2$ | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 |
| Spinsters . | 37.2 | 44.5 | 51.7 | 45.6 | $45 \cdot 2$ | 35.9 | 34.6 | 45.6 |
| Divorced women | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.0 |
| Widows. | 1.2 | $1 \cdot 3$ | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| Ase Under 21 years | 1.6 | 2.6 | 3.4 | $3 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | 3.5 |  | 3.6 |
| A 21 years and upwards. | 37.1 | $43 \cdot 6$ | $50 \cdot 1$ | $43 \cdot 8$ | $43 \cdot 3$ | 34.6 | $33 \cdot 7$ | $45 \cdot 1$ |
| Ase of females : Under 21 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 years and upwards. | $31 \cdot 6$ | 36.9 | 41.7 | 36.5 | 35.6 | 28.4 | 9.3 27.7 | 37.5 |
| Northern Ireland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of marriages | $8 \cdot 6$ | 9.2 | 9.8 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 10.2 | 9.5 | $10 \cdot 5$ |
| Persons married per 1,000 population. Civil condition | $13 \cdot 4$ | 14.2 | $15 \cdot 1$ | 18.3 | 17.6 | 15.1 | 140 | 15.4 |
| Bachelors ... | 8.0 | 8.7 | $9 \cdot 3$ | 11.4 | 11.1 | 9.6 | 8.9 | 9.9 |
| Divorced men | - | - | - |  |  | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Widowers | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Spinsters | 8.4 | 8.9 | 9.6 | 11.7 | $11 \cdot 3$ | 9.8 | $9 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 1$ |
| Divorced women | $\overline{0.2}$ | $\overline{0.3}$ | $\overline{0.2}$ | $\overline{0.3}$ | $\overline{0.3}$ | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Ase of males: | 0.2 |  |  |  |  | 0.3 | 0.3 |  |
| Under 21 years | $0 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Ase of females: 21 ypwards. | $8 \cdot 3$ | 8.9 | 9.4 | 11.4 | 11.2 | 9.7 | $9 \cdot 1$ | 10.0 |
| Under 21 years | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.9 |
| 21 years and upwards..... | 7.4 | 7.8 | $8 \cdot 1$ | 9.7 | 9.5 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 8.6 |

## II．MANPOWER

Distribution of total manpower（ ${ }^{1}$ ）

## Great Britain

At June in each year
TABLE 9
Thousands

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total working population ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 19，473 | 19，750 | 20，676 | 21，332 | 22，056 | 22，285 | 22，008 | 21，649 |
| Males | 14，476 | 14，656 | 15，104 | 15，222 | 15，141 | 15，032 | 14，901 | 14，881 |
| Females | 4，997 | 5，094 | 5，572 | 6，110 | 6，915 | 7，253 | 7，107 | 6，768 |
| Total in Armed Forces and Auxiliary Services．． | 385 | 480 | 2，273 | 3，383 | 4，091 | 4，761 | 4，967 | 5，090 |
| Males Females | 385 | 480 r | 2，218 5 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3，278 } \\ \hline 105\end{array}$ | 3,784 307 | 4，300 | 4,500 467 | 4.653 |
| Registered insured unemployed． | 1，710 | 1，270 | 645 | 198 | 87 | 60 | 54 | 103 |
| Males Females | 1，325 | 1,013 257 | 434 211 | 100 98 | 61 26 | 44 16 | 40 14 | 68 35 |
|  | － | － | － | － | － | 20 | 20 | 40 |
| Males Females | 二 | － | 二 | 二 | 二 | 13 7 | 14 6 | 27 13 |
| Total in civil employment | 17，378 | 18，000 | 17，758 | 17，751 | 17，878 | 17，444 | 16，967 | 16，416 |
| Males Females | 12,766 4,612 | 13,163 4,837 | 12,452 5,306 | 11,844 5,907 | 11,296 6,582 | 10,675 6,769 | 10,347 6,620 | 10,133 6,283 |
| Agriculture and fishing Mining and quarrying | 949 849 | 950 873 | 925 886 | 981 820 | 1,002 823 | 1,047 818 | 1，048 | 1，041 |
| Metals，engineering，vehicles and ship－ building． | 2，590 | 2，812 | 3，198 | 3，753 | 4，372 | 4，659 | 4，496 | 3，899 |
| Chemicals，explosives，paints，oils，etc．．．．． | 276 | 294 | 361 | 487 | 618 | 574 | 515 | 447 |
| Textiles． | 861 | 1，002 | 1，074 | 871 | 723 | 669 | 635 | 634 |
| Clothing，boots and shoes | 717 | 752 | 748 | 674 | 550 | 493 | 455 | 481 |
| Food，drink and tobacco ．．．．．．． | 640 | 654 | 621 | 597 | 567 | 519 | 508 | 518 |
| Cement，bricks，pottery，glass，etc． | 271 | 265 | 220 | 211 | 188 | 170 | 159 | 159 |
| Leather，wood，paper，etc． | 844 | 859 | 725 | 614 | 573 | 539 | 536 | 555 |
| Other manufactures | 164 | 177 | 181 | 190 | 163 | 123 | 129 | 127 |
| Building and civil engineering | 1，264 | 1，310 | 1，064 | 1，043 | 893 | 726 | 623 | 722 |
| Gas，water and electricity supply | 240 | 242 | 213 | 214 | 214 | 200 | 193 | 196 |
| Transport and shipping ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1，225 | 1，233 | 1，146 | 1，194 | 1，217 | 1，176 | 1，237 | 1，252 |
|  | 2，882 | 2，887 | 2，639 | 2，332 | 2.173 | 2，009 | 1，927 | 1，958 |
| Commerce，banking，insurance and finance |  | 413 1,385 | 370 1,448 | 358 1,636 | 317 1,728 | 1，782 | 268 1,809 | 1,964 1,93 |
| Civil Defence，Fire Service and Police | \} $1,386\{$ | ， 80 | 345 | ， 383 | 384 | 323 | 282 | ，127 |
| Miscellaneous services ．．． | 1，806 | 1，812 | 1.594 | 1，393 | 1，373 | 1，331 | 1，334 | 1，334 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Men aged 14－64，women aged 14－59．Including employers and self－employed as well as employees，but excluding indoor private domestic service．Women in part－time paid employment are included，two being counted as one unit．Figures exclude prisoners－of－war，but include such other foreign workers as entered civilian employment．

## Strength of the Armed Forces and Women's Auxiliary Services of the United Kingdom

TABLE 10
End of month
Thousands

(1) Excluding men locally enlisted abroad.

Source : Service Departments
( $^{2}$ ) Including women locally enlisted abroad.
${ }^{(3)}$ Including men serving with the Royal Navy on T. 124 agreements, Royal Marine Police and, up to June 1941, prisoners-of-war and missing.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$Including men serving with the India Unattached List, but excluding the British Indian Service. Men locally enlisted abroad are included up to September 1941.
${ }^{(5)}$ Excluding those locally enlisted abroad on modified forms of Auxiliary Territorial Service engagements whose documents were maintained outside the United Kingdom. From June 1944 all women locally enlisted abroad whose documents were maintained outside the United Kingdom are excluded.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Including Queen’s Army Schoolmistresses.

MANPOWER
Age distribution of the Armed Forces and Womem's Auriliary Services
TABLE 11
Thousands

|  | Armed Forces(1) |  |  |  |  | Women's Auxiliary Services(1) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1941 December | $\begin{aligned} & 1942 \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1943 \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1944 \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1945 \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | 1941 December | $\begin{aligned} & 1942 \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1943 \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1944 \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1945 \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ |
| Age : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 and under $19 . . . . . .$. | $63 \cdot 3$ 155.0 | 66.0 143.5 | $149 \cdot 1$ 184.7 | 78.5 195.3 | $76 \cdot 2$ 186.3 | 29.4 23.4 | $18 \cdot 1$ 34.4 | $17 \cdot 3$ $40 \cdot 2$ | 9.5 25.6 | 7.4 22.7 |
| 20. | 253.5 | 213.2 | $222 \cdot 1$ | $226 \cdot 3$ | 215.4 | 25.7 | $36 \cdot 4$ | $60 \cdot 3$ | 39.6 | 30.3 |
| 21. | 311.1 | 272.6 | $241 \cdot 0$ | 239.5 | 228.5 | 31.6 | $46 \cdot 4$ | 62.5 | $64 \cdot 2$ | 36.8 |
| 22. | 252.8 | $300 \cdot 8$ | $281 \cdot 1$ | 254.6 | 236.6 | 18.2 | 41.2 | $66 \cdot 5$ | 61.8 | 57.5 |
| 23. | 210.9 | $236 \cdot 3$ | 297.9 | 277.9 | 248.2 | 11.5 | 21.8 | 56.3 | ${ }_{51}^{61.0}$ | 54.1 |
| 24. | $190 \cdot 7$ | 208.0 | $231 \cdot 3$ | $306 \cdot 3$ | $272 \cdot 8$ | 8.7 | 14.5 | $29 \cdot 3$ | 51.6 | 52.4 |
| 25. | 211.9 | 183.9 | 203.2 | $235 \cdot 2$ | $304 \cdot 5$ | 8.5 | 11.6 | $20 \cdot 6$ | 27.9 | $43 \cdot 7$ |
| 26. | 201.3 | 203.9 | $183 \cdot 1$ | 197.6 | $237 \cdot 5$ | 6.8 | 10.9 | 13.8 | 19.7 | $23 \cdot 6$ |
| 27. | 191.3 | $196 \cdot 1$ | 212.9 | 184.2 | 201.3 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 8.6 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 15.9 |
| 28. | 179.5 | 189.4 | 205.2 | 212.4 | $180 \cdot 3$ | 4.6 | 7.7 | $10 \cdot 4$ | 11.9 | $10 \cdot 3$ |
|  | $176 \cdot 0$ | $177 \cdot 8$ | 196.6 | $205 \cdot 5$ | 209.7 | 3.9 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 8.8 | $9 \cdot 3$ | 10.0 |
| 30. | 161.7 | 176.6 | $185 \cdot 5$ | 197.7 | 202.5 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 6$ | 7.0 | 8.2 | 7.9 |
| 31. | $145 \cdot 8$ | 158.8 | 184.5 | $187 \cdot 5$ | 194.5 | 2.9 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 6.0 | 6.9 | 7.0 |
| 32. | 119.8 | $146 \cdot 6$ | 168.3 | $184 \cdot 1$ | 184.5 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 |
| 33. | 113.9 | 121.6 | 159.9 | 171.4 | 182.1 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 4.2 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 5.3 |
|  | $104 \cdot 6$ | 114.9 | 136.9 | $161 \cdot 6$ | $170 \cdot 1$ | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 5$ | 3.9 | 4.0 |
| 35. | 99.3 | 108.9 | 127.8 | 138.6 | $160 \cdot 8$ | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 4$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 2$ |
| 36. | 74.7 | 102.7 | $120 \cdot 0$ | $130 \cdot 0$ | 136.4 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.6 | $2 \cdot 8$ | 2.6 |
| 37. | $62 \cdot 1$ | 78.7 | 112.2 | 122.7 | $127 \cdot 1$ | 1.5 | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 2.4 | $2 \cdot 3$ |
| 38. | 49.4 | $65 \cdot 3$ 54.3 | 88.7 74.4 | 114.5 90.6 | 1119.4 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.1 1.9 | $\stackrel{2.1}{1.7}$ | 2.0 1.7 |
|  | 44.0 | $54 \cdot 3$ | $74 \cdot 4$ | $90 \cdot 6$ | 112.5 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| 40. | 40.6 | 50.2 | 62.2 | 76.1 | 87.9 | 1.0 | $1 \cdot 3$ | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| 41. | 29.5 | 44.2 | 57.5 | 61.6 | 72.8 | 1.1 | $1 \cdot 2$ | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 42. | 20.1 16.4 |  | $50 \cdot 2$ | 57.8 50.3 | 58.5 74.8 | 1.1 0.8 |  | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.2 1.0 | 1.1 1.0 |
|  | 14.1 |  |  | 33.5 | 48.0 | 0.6 |  |  | $1 \cdot 1$ | 0.8 |
|  |  | 159.2 | $\} 157 \cdot 0$ |  |  |  |  | 5.0 |  |  |
| 45. 46 and over | 13.6 82.0 |  |  | $\} 123.7$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33.5 \\ & 91.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\} 3.4$ | 0.8 2.3 |
| All ages. . | 3,589.0 | 3,773.7 | 4,293•3 | 4,515 1 | 4,654.4 | $204 \cdot 7$ | 294.4 | $445 \cdot 2$ | $446 \cdot 2$ | 415.2 |

${ }^{(1)}$ The differences between the total figures given in this table and in Table 10 are explained as follows. The figures for the Royal Navy in this table exclude Royal Marine Police, merchant seamen on T. 124 agreements, and prisoners-of-war ; those for the Army include personnel locally enlisted abroad ; and those for the Women's Auxiliary Services exclude the Nursing Services.

Source : Service Departments

# Intake and outflow of the Armed Forces and Women's Auxiliary Services( ${ }^{1}$ ) 

TABLE 12
Thousands

(1) Excluding men and women locally enlisted abroad. Figures for the Army and A.T.S., however,

Source : Service Departments include those whose documents are maintained in the United Kingdom.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Excluding men serving with the Royal Navy on T. 124 agreements (and variants), but including Royal Marine Police.
${ }^{(2)}$ From January 1945 including intake into the Royal Navy from Deferred List.
(4) From June 1945 including Class A and B releases.
(6) Including about 485,400 mobilized and embodied at the outbreak of war.
(9) The number of prisoners repatriated exceeded casualties.

Releases from the Armed Forces, Women's Auxiliary Serivices and Nursing Services(1)
TABLE 13
Number

|  | Armed Forces |  |  |  |  | Women's Auxiliary Services |  |  |  |  | Nursing Services |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Class A releases | Class B releases | Class C releases | Other releases and discharges | Total | Class A releases | Class B releases | Class C releases | Other releases and discharges | Total | Class A releases | Other releases and discharges |
| 1945 June 18-30 | 32,120 | 22,108 |  | 21 | 9,991 | 11,694 | 9,110 | - | 36 | 2,548 | 457 | 403 | 54 |
| July ..... | 76,884 | 59,919 | 2,051 | 174 | 14,740 | 32,330 | 28,771 | 5 | 239 | 3,315 | 1,079 | 931 | 148 |
| August | 111,437 | 88,629 | 6,492 | 489 | 15,827 | 30,232 | 25,292 | 9 | 424 | 4,507 | 824 | 737 | 87 |
| September | 131,543 | 102,856 | 9,815 | 3,307 | 15,565 | 22,293 | 19,000 | 39 | 918 | 2,336 | 992 | 881 | 111 |
| October. . | 266,595 | 200,700 | 20,598 | 4.706 | 40,591 | 24,006 | 19.023 | 182 | 1,032 | 3,769 | 952 | 796 | 156 |
| November | 377,371 | 317,764 | 29,046 | 6,762 | 23,799 | 24,535 | 20,824 | 716 | 1,150 | 1,845 | 1,020 | 911 | 109 |
| December | 346,157 | 294,883 | 24,653 | 5,805 | 20,816 | 21,144 | 17,916 | 920 | 733 | 1,575 | 925 | 794 | 131 |
| 1946 January | 422,135 | 381,100 | 25,843 | 3,677 | 11,515 | 30,869 | 28,635 | 583 | 761 | 890 | 931 | 844 | 87 |
| February. | 329,665 | 288,202 | 26,921 | 2,520 | 12,022 | 31,886 | 30,328 | 192 | 523 | 843 | 985 | 875 | 110 |
| March .. | 335,547 | 289,408 | 34,933 | 2,219 | 8,987 | 32,618 | 30,759 | 270 | 492 | 1,097 | 1,173 | 1,078 | 95 |
| April . | 255,509 | 210,271 | 32,243 | 1,396 | 11,599 | 21,734 | 20,441 | 445 | 389 | 459 | 938 | 876 | 62 |
| May.. | 254,712 | 224,589 | 20,586 | 1,271 | 8,266 | 23,378 | 22,155 | 180 | 358 | 685 | 931 | 852 | 79 |
| June. | 218,559 | 201,780 | 10,207 | 732 | 5,840 | 21,128 | 20,325 | 90 | 276 | 437 | 1,036 | 967 | 69 |
| July . . | 174,259 | 156,711 | 11,029 | 600 | 5,919 | 14,960 | 14,281 | 87 | 265 | 327 | 747 | 664 | 83 |
| August | 132,827 | 120,942 | 6,516 | 351 | 5,018 | 10,568 | 9,802 | 82 | 193 | 491 | 650 | 573 | 77 |
| September | 145,235 | 135,779 | 5,009 | 239 | 4,208 | 10,678 | 9,837 | 96 | 238 | 507 | 549 | 466 | 83 |
| October.. | 108,573 | 98,827 | 3,579 | 281 | 5,886 | 9,333 | 8,007 | 67 | 194 | 1,065 | 856 | 776 | 80 |
| November | 88,454 | 82,344 | 1,597 | 283 | 4,230 | 7,603 | 6,924 | 32 | 179 | 468 | 818 | 757 | 61 |
| December | 79,740 | 75,195 | 883 | 309 | 3,353 | 6,011 | 5,599 | 31 | 142 | 239 | 670 | 633 | 37 |
| 1947 January | 41,951 | 36,250 | 764 | 545 | 4,392 | 4,039 | 3,336 | 14 | 142 | 547 | 423 | 345 | 78 |
| February. | 33,545 | 29,372 | 386 | 662 | 3,125 | 3,246 | 2,731 | 12 | 159 | 344 | 257 | 211 | 46 |
| March .. | 47,483 | 43,495 | 361 | 626 | 3,001 | 3,649 | 3,226 | 10 | 166 | 247 | 389 | 311 | 78 |
| April. . | 51,938 | 46,473 | 1,400 | 300 | 3,765 | 3,786 | 3,192 | 12 | 152 | 430 | 374 | 339 | 35 |
| May..... | 63,657 | 56,721 | 2,146 | 251 | 4,539 | 3,793 | 3,228 | 10 | 123 | 432 | 299 | 267 | 32 |
| June. . . | 57,779 | 51,787 | 1,730 | 302 | 3,960 | 3,472 | 3,009 | 16 | 73 | 374 | 231 | 197 | 34 |
| July ..... | 55,316 | 48,808 | 1,545 | 358 | 4,605 | 4,259 | 3,637 | 10 | 105 | 507 | 272 | 219 | 53 |
| August | 37,870 | 32,828 | 1,144 | 211 | 3,687 | 4,465 | 4,005 | 7 | 122 | 331 | 183 | 153 | 30 |
| September | 39,415 | 33,404 | 1,593 | 225 | 4,193 | 3,884 | 3,347 | 14 | 114 | 409 | 142 | 112 | 30 |
| October. | 52,295 | 46,930 | 848 | 265 | 4,252 | 3,750 | 3,258 | 11 | 99 | 382 | 224 | 207 | 17 |
| November | 53,163 | 48,622 | 647 | 163 | 3,731 | 2,824 | 2,485 | 7 | 74 | 258 | 161 | 140 | 21 |
| December | 57,236 | 53,261 | 425 | 120 | 3,430 | 2,476 | 2,272 | 2 | 25 | 177 | 168 | 140 | 28 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Excluding releases for a temporary period, but including those released locally abroad or
Source : Service Departments repatriated from the United Kingdom.

Casualties suffered during the war by the Armed Forces, Auxiliary Services and Merchant Navy( ${ }^{1}$ )

TABLE 14

|  | Total |  |  |  |  | War against Germany |  |  |  | War against Japan |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Killed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Miss- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \left({ }^{2}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Wound- } \\ \text { ed } \end{gathered}$ | Prison- ers of war | Killed | Missing | Wound- ed | Prisoners of war | Killed | Missing | Wound- ed | Prison ers of war |
| Armed Forces( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ Total | 755,439 | 264,443 | 41,327 | 277,077 | 172,592 | 234,475 | 35,075 | 260,548 | 135,009 | 29,968 | 6,252 | 16,529 | 37,583 |
| Royal Navy | 73,642 | 50,758 | 820 | 14,663 | 7,401 | 46,911 | 416 | 14,360 | 5,518 | 3,847 | 404 | 303 | 1,883 |
| Army . | 569,501 | 144,079 | 33,771 | 239,575 | 152,076 | 121,484 | 29,255 | 224,427 | 119,764 | 22,595 | 4,516 | 15,148 | 32,312 |
| Royal Air Force | 112,296 | 69,606 | 6,736 | 22,839 | 13,115 | 66,080 | 5,404 | 21,761 | 9,727 | 3,526 | 1,332 | 1,078 | 3,388 |
| Women's Auxiliary Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total .......... | 1,486 | 624 | 98 | 744 | 20 | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |
| Women's Royal Naval Service ... | 124 | 102 | - | 22 | - | .. | . | . | . | .. | . | .. | .. |
| Auxiliary torial Service(') .. | 751 | 335 | 94 | 302 | 20 | . | . | . | .. | . |  |  |  |
| Women's Auxiliary Air Force $\qquad$ | 611 | 187 | 4 | 420 | - |  | . |  |  |  |  | .. |  |
| Merchant Navy | 45,329 | 30,248 | 4,654 | 4,707 | 5,720 | 28,748 | 30 | 4,467 | 4,675 | 1,500 | 4,624 | 240 | 1,045 |

(1) From 3 September 1939 to 14 August 1945 as reported to 28 February 1946.
() Including 6,244 still missing at 28 February 1946 and 39,835 who rejoined their units.
() Including men from overseas serving in the United Kingdom forces, in particular from Newfoundland and Southern Rhodesia.
() Including Army Nursing Services.

Strength of the Home Guard and Royal Observer Corps
TABLE 15

) Figures before 1942 are estimated.
Source : War Office and Air Ministry

# Numbers employed in the Civil Defence services 

Great Britain
TABLE 16

|  |  | Whole-time |  |  |  |  |  | Part-time |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A.R.P. Services( ${ }^{1}$ ) |  | National Fire Service(') |  | Casualty Services( ${ }^{( }$) |  | A.R.P. Services( ${ }^{1}$ ) |  | National Fire Service( ${ }^{( }$) |  | Casualty <br> Services( ${ }^{3}$ ) |  |
|  |  | Males | Females | Males | Females | Males | Females | Males | Females | Males | Females | Males | Females |
| 1940 | March | $117 \cdot 5$ | 15.9 | 72.9 | $5 \cdot 4$ | 17.0 | 31.6 | . | . | 153.9 | 7.6 | 41.9 | 125.0 |
|  | June. | 108.7 | 14.9 | 72.2 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 14.9 | 33.0 | 719.4 | 136.9 | 161.6 | 8.9 | $46 \cdot 7$ | 134.2 |
|  | September. | 112.0 | 14.9 | $82 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | 15.2 | 35.0 | 774.0 | 153.0 | 168.0 | 9.0 | 51.2 | 137.0 |
|  | December . | 112.3 | 15.2 | 88.0 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $15 \cdot 1$ | $35 \cdot 4$ | 774.7 | 149.9 | $163 \cdot 4$ | 8.9 | 49.8 | 129.1 |
| 1941 | March. | 112.0 | 15.8 | 92.5 | 4.5 | 14.9 | $35 \cdot 3$ | 778.4 | 152.2 | 168.1 | 9.8 | 48.0 | 122.8 |
|  | June. | $110 \cdot 1$ | 16.8 | 96.8 | 5.4 | 14.5 | 36.0 | 759.2 | 148.3 | 159.4 | 10.0 | $47 \cdot 2$ | 122.2 |
|  | September. . | 109.0 | 17.5 | . | . | 13.6 | 37.2 | $734 \cdot 7$ | $140 \cdot 6$ | . | . | 45.6 | 117.7 |
|  | December. | $107 \cdot 1$ | 19.1 | $106 \cdot 8$ | 19.7 | 13.4 | 37.9 | $668.0{ }^{(4)}$ | 127.2(4) | $136 \cdot 5$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | 42.9 | 107.6 |
| 1942 | March. | 99.7 | 19.4 | 108.6 | 26.0 | 11.8 | $36 \cdot 1$ | $710 \cdot 8$ | 127.2 | $122 \cdot 1$ | 9.6 | 39.8 | $97 \cdot 1$ |
|  | June. | 88.7 | 17.6 | 107.7 | 28.5 | $9 \cdot 3$ | $30 \cdot 7$ | 739.6 | $137 \cdot 3$ | 129.9 | 11.1 | 39.7 | 95.2 |
|  | September... | 78.9 | 14.9 | 101.8 | 30.4 | 8.2 | 26.2 | 746.2 | 148.1 | 141.1 | 18.6 | 41.2 | 101.9 |
|  | December. . | 74.4 | 13.5 | 98.0 | 31.9 | 7.5 | 24.8 | $777 \cdot 4$ | $165 \cdot 5$ | $176 \cdot 6$ | $33 \cdot 1$ | $44 \cdot 5$ | 114.2 |
| 1943 | March........... | 69.6 | 12.4 | 95.5 | 32.2 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 23.2 | 782.5 | $165 \cdot 3$ | $200 \cdot 3$ | 42.6 | 48.2 | $120 \cdot 3$ |
|  | June. | $66 \cdot 5$ | 11.7 | 93.8 | $30 \cdot 7$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | 21.8 | 773.4 | $167 \cdot 1$ | 214.8 | 47.0 | 47.5 | 116.6 |
|  | September. . . . . . . | 62.2 | 11.0 | 92.6 | 29.4 | 6.9 | $20 \cdot 3$ | 797.9 | $175 \cdot 7$ | 224.5 | 51.1 | 49.0 | 117.7 |
|  | December... | 59.6 | $10 \cdot 4$ | $90 \cdot 6$ | $27 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 7$ | 19.3 | 799.3 | 177.4 | 233.2 | 53.8 | 49.0 | $116 \cdot 2$ |
| 1944 | March........... | 57.7 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 88.6 | 25.7 | $6 \cdot 6$ | 18.7 | 802.5 | $178 \cdot 4$ | 234.9 | 53.6 | 49.4 | 115.0 |
|  | June. | 56.9 | 10.0 | 86.6 | $24 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | 17.8 | 799.4 | 179.8 | 231.9 | 54.6 | $49 \cdot 8$ | 114.2 |
|  | September. . . . . . . | 54.3 | 9.5 | 84.4 | 22.2 | 6.5 | 17.8 | 791.7 | 177.4 | 228.5 | 53.0 | 48.9 | 112.6 |
|  | December........ | 28.5 | 5.0 | 71.7 | 20.0 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 9.6 | 651.8 | $150 \cdot 8$ | $160 \cdot 4$ | $46 \cdot 3$ | 37.8 | 81.9 |
| 1945 | March.......... | $24 \cdot 8$ | 4.4 | 57.9 | $15 \cdot 1$ | 3.4 | $7 \cdot 7$ | 622.7 | $142 \cdot 3$ | $136 \cdot 6$ | 35.7 | $29 \cdot 3$ | 63.0 |
|  | June. | . |  | $46 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 6$ | . | . | . |  | 102.9 | $25 \cdot 2$ | . | . |
|  | September. . . . . . . | . | . | $36 \cdot 5$ | 5.5 | . | . | . | . | $47 \cdot 6$. | 9.8 |  | . |

[^0]Source : Home Office


Numbers employed in agriculture
Great Britain
TABLE 18
Thousands

|  | All workers (1) |  |  | Regular workers (2) |  | Casual workers |  | Women's Land Army ( ${ }^{\text { }}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Males | Females | Males | Females |  |
| 1939 June. . | 711 | 618 | 93 | 546 | 55 | 72 | 39 | - |
| 1940 June... | 712 | 602 | 110 | 530 | 58 | 72 | 52 | 8.8 |
| December | 669 | 591 | 79 | 514 | 46 | 76 | 32 | 8.8 |
| 1941 June.... | 759 | 619 | 141 | 531 | 71 | 88 | 69 | 15.9 |
| December | 729 | 598 | 131 | 504 | 72 | 94 | 59 | 23.5 |
| 1942 June. . . | 824 | 627 | 197 | 530 | 110 | 97 | 87 | 44.4 |
| December | 789 | 614 | 175 | 516 | 104 | 98 | 71 | 59.0 |
| 1943 June. | 843 | 621 | 223 | 517 | 128 | 104 | 95 | 77.7 |
| December | 805 | 619 | 186 | 514 | 121 | 105 | 66 | $80 \cdot 3$ |
| 1944 June. . | 863 | 647 | 216 | 522 | 95 | 100 | 73 | 78.0 |
| December | 835 | 652 | 182 | 514 | 83 | 91 | 54 | 71.6 |
| 1945 June. | 887 | 683 | 204 | 521 | 90 | 104 | 71 | $65 \cdot 3$ |

(1) Workers on holdings of more than one acre. Excluding the occupier, his wife and domestic

Source : Agricultural Departments servants, but including relatives of the occupier (or of his wife) who work on the holding, members of the Women's Land Army, members of H.M. Forces, prisoners of war, etc., but not school children.
( ${ }^{2}$ ) Including before June 1944, in the case of England and Wales, and December 1945 in the case of Scotland, prisoners of war and members of the Women's Land Army employed as regular workers but not then returned separately. For subsequent dates they are included only in the figures for all workers.
(*) The figures include all those in full-time employment in agricultural, horticultural and timber work.

Numbers employed in engineering and metals( ${ }^{1}$ ), explosives and chemicals and shipbuilding industries ${ }^{( }{ }^{2}$ )

TABLE 19
Great Britain
Thousands

|  |  | Total numbers employed |  |  | Numbers employed on |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Manufacture of equipment and supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for home market |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males | Females | Total | Orders for Admiralty | Orders for Ministry of Supply | Orders for Ministry of Aircraft Production |
| 1939 | June. . |  |  |  | 2,742.0 | 2,254.0 | 488.0 | . | - | - | - | . | . |
| 1940 | June.... | 3,170.1 | 2,523.6 | $646 \cdot 5$ | 2,099.8 | . | . | . | 259.2 | 811.1 |
|  | September. | 3,339•8 | 2,616.2 | 723.6 | 2,371.5 | . | . | . | 225.9 | 742.4 |
|  | December. | 3,461.4 | 2,699.1 | $762 \cdot 3$ | 2,554.8 | 619.7 | $937 \cdot 3$ | $997 \cdot 8$ | 199.0 | 707.6 |
| 1941 | March. | 3,651.6 | 2,744.7 | 906.9 | 2,734-2 | 619.9 | 1,021.7 | 1,092.6 | 191.8 | 725.6 |
|  | June. . | 3,852.7 | 2,789.4 | 1,063 3 | 2,979.2 | 642.4 | 1,168.9 | 1,167.9 | 166.9 | 706.6 |
|  | September. | 4,003 3 | 2,832.7 | 1,170.6 | 3,154-1 | $656 \cdot 8$ | 1,284.5 | 1,212.8 | 156.6 | 692.6 |
|  | December. | 4,260.7 | 2,900 8 | 1,359.9 | 3,397.0 | $676 \cdot 4$ | 1,433.9 | 1,286.7 | 136.7 | 727.0 |
| 1942 | March. | 4,438.5 | 2,930.4 | 1,508•1 | 3,590.0 | $685 \cdot 8$ | 1,540.0 | 1,364-2 | 125.2 | $723 \cdot 3$ |
|  | June. | 4,589.5 | 2,949-2 | 1,640.3 | 3,772-1 | 704.7 | 1,629.2 | 1,438.2 | $110 \cdot 3$ | $707 \cdot 1$ |
|  | September | 4,712.5 | 2,991.9 | 1,720.6 | 3,893-1 | 728.9 | 1,658.7 | 1,505.5 | 98.6 | $720 \cdot 8$ |
|  | December. | 4,809.9 | 3,006.4 | 1,803.5 | 3,982.9 | 741.9 | - 1,686.0 | 1,555.0 | 92.1 | 734.9 |
| 1943 | March. | 4,839.8 | 3,004.6 | 1,835.2 | $=4,020.0$ | 766.0 | 1,670.3 | 1,583.7 | 84.6 | $735 \cdot 2$ |
|  | June. . | 4,847.8 | 2,992.2 | 1,855.6 | 4,019.6 | $786 \cdot 8$ | 1,627.7 | 1,605.1 | 85.5 | 742.7 |
|  | September. | 4,820.4 | 2,975.9 | 1,844.5 | 3,997.5 | $805 \cdot 3$ | 1,536.9 | 1,655.3 | 86.5 | 736.4 |
|  | December. | 4,799•1 | 2,959.9 | 1,839.2 | 3,977.6 | $=806.5$ | 1,459.5 | $=1,711 \cdot 6$ | 86.8 | $734 \cdot 7$ |
| 1944 | March. | 4,7360 | 2,928.5 | 1,807.5 | 3,915.4 | $806 \cdot 1$ | 1,422.2 | 1,687•1 | 88.4 | 732.2 |
|  | June. . | 4,642.6 | 2,877.7 | 1,764.9 | 3,810.4 | 793.2 | 1,377.6 | 1,639.6 | 87.6 | $744 \cdot 6$ |
|  | September. | 4,536.1 | 2,832.3 | 1,703.8 | 3,709.6 | $780 \cdot 3$ | 1,338.7 | 1,590.6 | 91.6 | 734.9 |
|  | December. | 4,362.4 | 2,761 $\cdot 2$ | 1,601.2 | 3,503.6 | $756 \cdot 1$ | 1,277.0 | 1,470.5 | $104 \cdot 8$ | 754.0 |
| 1945 | March | 4,208.0 | 2,694-2 | 1,513.8 | 3,301-4 | $720 \cdot 1$ | 1,250.5 | 1,330.8 | 122.0 | 784.6 |
|  | June. | 3,998.6 | 2,601 4 | 1,397.2 | 2,953.8 | $667 \cdot 7$ | 1,156.1 | 1,130.0 | 154.9 | 889.9 |

[^1]Numbers employed in the explosives, chemicals, paints, oils, etc., industries (1)
Great Britain
TABLE 20
Thousand:

|  |  | Total numbers employed |  |  | Numbers employed on |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Manufacture of equipment and supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for home marke |
|  |  | Total |  |  | Males | Females | Total | Orders for Admiralty | Orders for Ministry of Supply | Orders for Ministry of Aircraft Production |
| 1939 | June |  |  |  | 284.4 | $210 \cdot 5$ | 73.9 | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| 1940 | June | 339.9 | 236.9 | 103.0 | 156.6 | . | . | . | $43 \cdot 5$ | 139.8 |
|  | September | 362.4 | 240.7 | 121.7 | 175.7 | . | . | . | 37.8 | 148.9 |
|  | December | 394.9 | 257.2 | 137.7 | 224.8 | 26.8 | $173 \cdot 2$ | 24.8 | 34.7 | 135.4 |
| 1941 | March | 432.4 | 268.4 | 164.0 | 254.2 | 31.6 | 196.9 | 25.7 | $40 \cdot 2$ | 138.0 |
|  | June | 477.7 | 269.8 | 207.9 | 312.9 | 25.0 | 256.2 | 31.7 | 30.6 | 134.2 |
|  | September | 516.9 | 275.7 | 241.2 | 365.0 | 28.2 | 315.6 | 21.2 | 29.7 | 122.2 |
|  | December | 559.5 | 282.6 | 276.9 | 401.0 | 31.3 | $342 \cdot 4$ | 27.3 | 27.3 | 131.2 |
| 1942 | March | 598.3 | $287 \cdot 5$ | $310 \cdot 8$ | 436.5 | $35 \cdot 1$ | 372.9 | 28.5 | 25.7 | $136 \cdot 1$ |
|  | June | $=610 \cdot 2$ | 288.8 | 321.4 | 453.7 | $33 \cdot 2$ | 394.9 | 25.6 | 23.5 | 133.0 |
|  | September | $=605.4$ | $286 \cdot 1$ | 319.3 | 449.2. | 37-1 | 381.6 | 30.5 | 21.5 | 134.7 |
|  | December | $600 \cdot 5$ | $283 \cdot 8$ | 316.7 | 436.5 | 37.0 | $371 \cdot 1$ | 28.4 | $20 \cdot 4$ | $143 \cdot 6$ |
| 1943 | March | 586-1 | 281.6 | 304.5 | 420.9 | 38.2 | $351 \cdot 6$ | $31 \cdot 1$ | 17.5 | $147 \cdot 7$ |
|  | June | $565 \cdot 3$ | 272.9 | 292.4 | 398.8 | 38.8 | 328.7 | $31 \cdot 3$ | 19.2 | $147 \cdot 3$ |
|  | September | $548 \cdot 1$ | 267.5 | $280 \cdot 6$ | $383 \cdot 1$ | 39.6 | 312.6 | 30.9 | 19.2 | $145 \cdot 8$ |
|  | December | 529.7 | $260 \cdot 6$ | $269 \cdot 1$ | $366 \cdot 4$ | $40 \cdot 2$ | 292.8 | 33.4 | $19 \cdot 3$ | 144.0 |
| 1944 | March | 515.2 | 256.6 | 258.6 | 351.8 | 39.0 | 278.4 | 34.4 | 19.0 | 144.4 |
|  | June | 506.3 | $256 \cdot 3$ | 250.0 | 344.4 | 39.5 | 269.0 | 35.9 | 19.7 | $142 \cdot 2$ |
|  | September | 493.0 | 253.7 | 239.3 | 333.5 | 39.3 | $260 \cdot 2$ | 34.0 | 19.0 | $140 \cdot 5$ |
|  | December | $465 \cdot 6$ | 246.0 | 219.6 | 307.1 | $38 \cdot 2$ | 238.7 | 30.2 | $20 \cdot 1$ | 138.4 |
| 1945 | March | 457.2 | $248 \cdot 1$ | 209.1 | 298.0 | 36.7 | $233 \cdot 5$ | 27.8 | 21.9 | $137 \cdot 3$ |
|  | June | $438 \cdot 1$ | $240 \cdot 4$ | 197.7 | 264.0 | $34 \cdot 1$ | $207 \cdot 1$ | 22.8 | 26.0 | $148 \cdot 1$ |

## Numbers employed in shipbuilding and ship repairing( ${ }^{1}$ )

Great:Britain
TABLE 21
Thousands

|  |  | Total | Naval vessels |  |  |  | Merchant vessels |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | H.M. dockyards | Private yards |  | Total | New work | Repairs and conversions |
|  |  | New work |  | Repairs and conversions |  |  |  |
| 1939 | June. . . |  | $144 \cdot 7$ | . | . | . | . | . | .. | .. |
| 1940 | June. | 203.1 | $130 \cdot 3$ | 26.4 | 62.4 | 41.5 | 72.8 | 28.8 | 44.0 |
|  | September | 208.6 | 131.3 | 28.6 | 65.8 | 36.9 | $77 \cdot 3$ | 28.1 | 49.2 |
|  | December | $215 \cdot 5$ | $135 \cdot 2$ | 29.5 | 68.5 | 37.2 | $80 \cdot 3$ | $30 \cdot 6$ | 49.7 |
| 1941 | March | 221.7 | 139.8 | 30.0 | $67 \cdot 1$ | 42.7 | 81.9 | 31.6 | 50.3 |
|  | June..... | 232.4 | 141.9 | $30 \cdot 1$ | 73.0 | 38.8 | 90.5 | 36.0 | 54.5 |
|  | September | 234.9 | 141.9 | $30 \cdot 1$ | 74.3 | 37.5 | 93.0 | 36.6 | 56.4 |
|  | December | $239 \cdot 5$ | $146 \cdot 3$ | 33.5 | 75-1 | 37.7 | $93 \cdot 2$ | 35.9 | 57.3 |
| 1942 | March | $244 \cdot 3$ | 148.6 | 34.9 | $75 \cdot 3$ | 38.4 | 95.7 | 37.2 | 58.5 |
|  | June.... | $249 \cdot 3$ | 153.6 | 35.4 | 78.2 | 40.0 | 95.7 | 38.2 | 57.5 |
|  | September | 257.7 | 158.7 | 36.2 | 81.4 | $41 \cdot 1$ | 99.0 | $40 \cdot 5$ | 58.5 |
|  | December | $260 \cdot 5$ | $158 \cdot 3$ | $36 \cdot 1$ | 81.6 | $40 \cdot 6$ | 102.2 | $43 \cdot 1$ | 59.1 |
| 1943 | March | $265 \cdot 1$ | $163 \cdot 3$ | $36 \cdot 3$ | 83.0 | 44.0 | 101.8 | 42.8 | 59.0 |
|  | June. . . | $272 \cdot 3$ | 167.5 | 36.7 | 87.5 | $43 \cdot 3$ | $104 \cdot 8$ | 42.0 | 62.8 |
|  | September | $272 \cdot 5$ | $170 \cdot 1$ | 36.7 | 89.3 | $44 \cdot 1$ | 102.4 | 42.9 | 59.5 |
|  | December | $272 \cdot 3$ | 168.5 | 37.8 | 88.0 | 42.7 | 103.8 | $42 \cdot 2$ | $61 \cdot 6$ |
| 1944 | March | 271.7 | 169.7 | 37.5 | 87.7 | 44.5 | 102.0 | 40.7 | $61 \cdot 3$ |
|  | June..... | $271 \cdot 1$ | 164.6 | 37.4 | 88.3 | 38.9 | 106.5 | 41.3 | 65.2 |
|  | September | $265 \cdot 5$ | 168.8 | 37.4 | 86.2 | $45 \cdot 2$ | 96.7 | 41.0 | 55.7 |
|  | December | $260 \cdot 6$ | 167.5 | $37 \cdot 1$ | 82.7 | 47.7 | $93 \cdot 1$ | 40.0 | $53 \cdot 1$ |
| 1945 | March | 258.7 | 161.4 | 36.7 | 77.0 | 47.7 | 97.3 | 41.6 | 55.7 |
|  | June.... | 252.3 | 148.4 | 35.7 | 73.9 | 38.8 | 103.9 | $42 \cdot 5$ | 61.4 |

(1) See footnote ( ${ }^{(2)}$ to Table 19.

Source : Admiralty and Ministry of Labour and National Service

Numbers employed in engineering and allied industries( ${ }^{1}$ )
Great Britain
TABLE 22
Thousands

|  |  | Total numbers employed |  |  | Numbers employed on |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Manufacture of equipment and supplies for the Forces |  |  |  | Orders for export | Orders for home market |
|  |  | Total |  |  | Orders for Admiralty | Orders for Ministry of Supply | Orders for Ministry of Aircraft Production |  |  |
| 1939 | June... |  | 2,312.9 | 1,901 7 | 411.2 | . | - . | . | .. | . | . |
| 1940 | June. . | 2,627-1 | 2,087•4 | 539.7 | 1,812.9 | . | . | - | $215 \cdot 7$ | 598.5 |
|  | September | 2,768.8 | 2,171.6 | 597.2 | 2,064.5 | . | . | . | 188.1 | 516.2 |
|  | December | 2,851.0 | 2,232.4 | 618.6 | 2,194•8 | 457.7 | $764 \cdot 1$ | 973.0 | $164 \cdot 3$ | 491.9 |
| 1941 | March... | 2,997.5 | 2,260•8 | $736 \cdot 7$ | 2,340-2 | 448.5 | 824.8 | 1,066.9 | 151.6 | 505.7 |
|  | June. . | 3,142.6 | 2,294.0 | 848.6 | 2,524-4 | $475 \cdot 5$ | 912.7 | 1,136-2 | $136 \cdot 3$ | 481.9 |
|  | September | 3,251-5 | 2,330.0 | 921.5 | 2,647.2 | 486.7 | 968.9 | 1,191.6 | 126.9 | $477 \cdot 4$ |
|  | December | 3,461-7 | 2,388.6 | 1,073.1 | 2,849.7 | 498.8 | 1,091.5 | 1,259.4 | 109.4 | $502 \cdot 6$ |
| 1942 | March. | 3,595.9 | 2,410•8 | 1,185-1 | 3,004.9 | $502 \cdot 1$ | 1,167•1 | 1,335.7 | 99.5 | 491.5 |
|  | June. | 3,730.0 | 2,425.5 | 1,304.5 | 3,164.8 | 517.9 | 1,234.3 | 1,412.6 | 86.8 | $478 \cdot 4$ |
|  | September | 3,849.4 | 2,464•8 | 1,384.6 | 3,285-2 | 533.1 | 1,277.1 | 1,475.0 | 77.1 | 487-1 |
|  | December | 3,948.9 | 2,482.5 | 1,466.4 | 3,388•1 | 546.6 | 1,314.9 | 1,526.6 | 71.7 | $489 \cdot 1$ |
| 1943 | March . | 3,988.6 | 2,480•4 | 1,508.2 | 3,435•8 | 564.5 | 1,318.7 | 1,552.6 | 67.1 | $485 \cdot 7$ |
|  | June. | 4,010-2 | 2,472.6 | 1,537.6 | 3,453.3 | $580 \cdot 5$ | 1,299.0 | 1,573.8 | $66 \cdot 3$ | $490 \cdot 6$ |
|  | September | 3,999.8 | 2,461 6 | 1,538.2 | 3,444.3 | 595.6 | 1,224.3 | 1,624.4 | $67 \cdot 3$ | $488 \cdot 2$ |
|  | December | 3,997-1 | 2,453-2 | 1,543.9 | 3,442.7 | 597.8 | 1,166.7 | 1,678.2 | 67.5 | $486 \cdot 9$ |
| 1944 | March | 3,949-1 | 2,427•1 | 1,522.0 | 3,393.9 | 597.4 | 1,143.8 | 1,652.7 | 69.4 | $485 \cdot 8$ |
|  | June. | 3,865-2 | 2,377•8 | 1,487.4 | 3,301-4 | $589 \cdot 1$ | 1,108.6 | 1,603.7 | 67.9 | 495.9 |
|  | September | 3,777.6 | 2,339.0 | 1,438.6 | 3,207-3 | 572.2 | 1,078.5 | 1,556.6 | $72 \cdot 6$ | $497 \cdot 7$ |
|  | December | 3,636-2 | 2,278.3 | 1,357.9 | 3,029.0 | 550.4 | 1,038.3 | 1,440.3 | $84 \cdot 7$ | $522 \cdot 5$ |
| 1945 | March | 3,492-1 | 2,209.7 | 1,282.4 | 2,842.0 | 522.0 | 1,017.0 | 1,303.0 | $100 \cdot 1$ | $550 \cdot 0$ |
|  | June. | 3,308.2 | 2,130•6 | 1,177.6 | 2,541.4 | $485 \cdot 2$ | 949.0 | 1,107.2 | 128.9 | 637.9 |

[^2]Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

Numbers employed in engincering and metals industries( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 23
Great Britain

|  |  | Engineering, boilermaking, etc. (including marine engineering) |  |  | Motor vehicles, cycle and aircraft manufacture and repair |  |  | Construction and repair of railway and other carriages, etc. |  |  | Bolts, nuts, screws, hand tools, cutlery, brass and allied metal ware and miscellaneous metal goods |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1939 | June | 939.8 | 841.5 | 98.3 | 473.3 | 428.1 | $45 \cdot 2$ | 65.6 | 62.3 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $378 \cdot 1$ | $241 \cdot 3$ | $136 \cdot 8$ |
| 1940 | June | 1,114.5 | $967 \cdot 4$ | 147-1 | 561.9 | 489.0 | 72.9 | 61.8 | 58.2 | 3.6 | $406 \cdot 5$ | 246.7 | 159.8 |
|  | September | 1,193-1 | 1,016.0 | 177-1 | 626.4 | 531.5 | 94.9 | 57.6 | 53.9 | $3 \cdot 7$ | 408.7 | 250.0 | 158.7 |
|  | December | 1,237.9 | 1,045•8 | 192-1 | 676.9 | 563.7 | 113.2 | $56 \cdot 1$ | 52.5 | $3 \cdot 6$ | 396.7 | $249 \cdot 1$ | $147 \cdot 6$ |
| 1941 | March | 1,277.8 | 1,035.6 | $242 \cdot 2$ | 756.4 | 603.0 | 153.4 | 56.7 | 52.2 | $4 \cdot 5$ | 412.6 | 251.0 | 161.6 |
|  | June | 1,381-3 | 1,083-0 | 298.3 | 780.1 | $600 \cdot 8$ | 179.3 | 59.6 | 53.8 | 5.8 | 419.2 | 243.9 | $175 \cdot 3$ |
|  | September | 1,441-3 | 1,099.9 | $341 \cdot 4$ | 814.3 | 607.9 | $204 \cdot 4$ | 60.1 | 53.6 | $6 \cdot 5$ | 425.0 | $248 \cdot 2$ | $176 \cdot 8$ |
|  | December | 1,540.6 | 1,122-1 | 418.5 | 899.8 | 647.1 | 252.7 | 58.5 | 50.9 | 7.6 | $435 \cdot 5$ | $248 \cdot 1$ | 187.4 |
| 1942 | March | 1,615.7 | 1,134.5 | $481 \cdot 2$ | $946 \cdot 4$ | 657.9 | 288.5 | 59.4 | 50.9 | 8.5 | $440 \cdot 0$ | $250 \cdot 5$ | 189.5 |
|  | June | 1,685.0 | 1,147•3 | 537.7 | $995 \cdot 2$ | 677.9 | 317.3 | 59.5 | 50.7 | 8.8 | 448.0 | $242 \cdot 2$ | $205 \cdot 8$ |
|  | September | 1,735-3 | 1,165.4 | 569.9 | 1,044-3 | $696 \cdot 5$ | $347 \cdot 8$ | 59.9 | 50.4 | 9.5 | 448.6 | $240 \cdot 0$ | 208.6 |
|  | December | 1,787.0 | 1,178.4 | 608.6 | 1,080-2 | $703 \cdot 3$ | $376 \cdot 9$ | 59.8 | $50 \cdot 3$ | 9.5 | 449.9 | 237.7 | 212.2 |
| 1943 | March | 1,799.9 | 1,174.5 | 625.4 | 1,101.7 | 708.2 | 393.5 | 59-1 | $49 \cdot 5$ | 9.6 | 448.4 | $235 \cdot 5$ | 212.9 |
|  | June | 1,790.9 | 1,159.7 | 631.2 | 1,121.8 | 711.7 | 410-1 | 59-1 | $49 \cdot 5$ | $9 \cdot 6$ | $447 \cdot 8$ | 233.7 | 214.1 |
|  | September | 1,776.7 | 1,150.7 | 626.0 | 1,128.2 | 713.9 | 414.3 | 60.7 | 50.7 | 10.0 | $446 \cdot 4$ | $233 \cdot 4$ | 213.0 |
|  | December | 1,760.3 | 1,136.3 | 624.0 | 1,140.2 | 722.5 | 417.7 | 61.0 | $50 \cdot 7$ | $10 \cdot 3$ | 445.9 | 232.9 | 213.0 |
| 1944 | March | 1,730.3 | 1,124-3 | 606.0 | 1,129•1 | 714.6 | 414.5 | 61.2 | 51.0 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 445.0 | $232 \cdot 1$ | 212.9 |
|  | June | 1,673.3 | 1,091.6 | $581 \cdot 7$ | 1,116.9 | 709.2 | $407 \cdot 7$ | 61.2 | 51.2 | 10.0 | $440 \cdot 4$ | $229 \cdot 5$ | $210 \cdot 9$ |
|  | September | 1,630.4 | 1,070-1 | $560 \cdot 3$ | 1,093•8 | $700 \cdot 4$ | 393.4 | $61 \cdot 1$ | 51.3 | 9.8 | $430 \cdot 8$ | 226.0 | $204 \cdot 8$ |
|  | December | 1,568.0 | 1,045.6 | 522.4 | 1,031.6 | $673 \cdot 1$ | 358.5 | 60.7 | 51.4 | 9.3 | 422.9 | $223 \cdot 2$ | 199.7 |
| 1945 | March | 1,508.4 | 1,017.2 | $491 \cdot 2$ | $964 \cdot 3$ | $640 \cdot 7$ | 323.6 | $60 \cdot 8$ | 51.6 | $9 \cdot 2$ | 415•3 | $219 \cdot 5$ | 195.8 |
|  | June | 1,438.0 | $989 \cdot 8$ | 448.2 | 876.2 | 597.2 | 279.0 | 61.2 | 52.0 | $9 \cdot 2$ | $405 \cdot 7$ | 215.9 | 189.8 |

${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{( }$) to Table 19.
Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

Numbers employed in engineering and metals industries(1) (continued)
Great Britain
Thousands
TABLE 23 (continued)

|  | General iron founding, heating and ventilating apparatus |  |  | Electric cables, apparatus, etc. |  |  | Scientific instruments, watches, clocks, plate, jewellery, etc. |  |  | Non-ferrous metal manufacture |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1939 June | $117 \cdot 3$ | 106.1 | 11.2 | 195.9 | $116 \cdot 4$ | 79.5 | 87.0 | 54.8 | 32.2 | 55.9 | 51.2 | $4 \cdot 7$ |
| 1940 June | 98.6 | 86.6 | 12.0 | 222.7 | 122.9 | 99.8 | 92.6 | 55.0 | 37.6 | 68.5 | 61.6 | 6.9 |
| September .. | 91.3 | 78.7 | 12.6 | 227.2 | 123.1 | 104.1 | $93 \cdot 3$ | 55.1 | 38.2 | 71.2 | $63 \cdot 3$ | 7.9 |
| December .. | 89.5 | 77.0 | 12.5 | 227.4 | $123 \cdot 1$ | 104.3 | 92.5 | 56.2 | $36 \cdot 3$ | 74.0 | 65.0 | 9.0 |
| 1941 March | 88.6 | 75.6 | 13.0 | $233 \cdot 7$ | $120 \cdot 4$ | $113 \cdot 3$ | 95.2 | 56.3 | 38.9 | $76 \cdot 5$ | $66 \cdot 7$ | $9 \cdot 8$ |
| June | 89.4 | 75.2 | 14.2 | $237 \cdot 3$ | $117 \cdot 1$ | $120 \cdot 2$ | 98.0 | 56.1 | 41.9 | 81.7 | $68 \cdot 1$ | 13.6 |
| September .. | 89.0 | 77.0 | 12.0 | $242 \cdot 1$ | 114.8 | 127.3 | 98.2 | 61.4 | 36.8 | 85.5 | 69.2 | $16 \cdot 3$ |
| December | 88.5 | 74.2 | 14.3 | $254 \cdot 5$ | 115.4 | 139.1 | 98.4 | 61.3 | $37 \cdot 1$ | 85.9 | 69.5 | 16.4 |
| 1942 March | 88.2 | $73 \cdot 1$ | $15 \cdot 1$ | 257.1 | 113.7 | $143 \cdot 4$ | 98.6 | $60 \cdot 3$ | $38 \cdot 3$ | 90.5 | 69.9 | $20 \cdot 6$ |
| June | 87.8 | 68.3 | 19.5 | 261.4 | 114.7 | 146.7 | 98.7 | 53.2 | 45.5 | 94.4 | 71.2 | 23.2 |
| September .. | 93.0 | 68.4 | 24.6 | $270 \cdot 2$ | 117.4 | 152.8 | 98.5 | 52.4 | $46 \cdot 1$ | 99.6 | 74.3 | 25.3 |
| December .. | 89.7 | 66.8 | 22.9 | $280 \cdot 5$ | 118.8 | 161.7 | 97.8 | $51 \cdot 1$ | $46 \cdot 7$ | 104.0 | $76 \cdot 1$ | $27 \cdot 9$ |
| 1943 March | 89.4 | $65 \cdot 6$ | 23.8 | 285.4 | 118.8 | $166 \cdot 6$ | 98.0 | 50.5 | $47 \cdot 5$ | 106.7 | $77 \cdot 8$ | 28.9 |
| June | 85.8 | 64.6 | 21.2 | 291.0 | 118.8 | 172.2 | 99.4 | 51.3 | $48 \cdot 1$ | 114.4 | 83.3 | $31 \cdot 1$ |
| September .. | 82.1 | 61.8 | $20 \cdot 3$ | 293.1 | 117.8 | $175 \cdot 3$ | 99.3 | 51.0 | $48 \cdot 3$ | 113.3 | 82.3 | 31.0 |
| December .. | $81 \cdot 4$ | 61.4 | 20.0 | 296.5 | 116.9 | 179.6 | 98.8 | $50 \cdot 4$ | $48 \cdot 4$ | 113.0 | $82 \cdot 1$ | 30.9 |
| 1944 March | $80 \cdot 3$ | 60.6 | 19.7 | 295.6 | $115 \cdot 7$ | 179.9 | 97.2 | 48.9 | $48 \cdot 3$ | $110 \cdot 4$ | 79.9 | $30 \cdot 5$ |
| June | 74.8 | 56.3 | 18.5 | 295.0 | 114.7 | $180 \cdot 3$ | 96.9 | $48 \cdot 6$ | $48 \cdot 3$ | 106.7 | 76.7 | 30.0 |
| September .. | 74.7 | $56 \cdot 3$ | 18.4 | $290 \cdot 4$ | 114.0 | 176.4 | 95.6 | 48.0 | $47 \cdot 6$ | $100 \cdot 8$ | 72.9 | 27.9 |
| December | 74.6 | $56 \cdot 2$ | 18.4 | 292.0 | 114.0 | 178.0 | $94 \cdot 4$ | 47.2 | $47 \cdot 2$ | 92.0 | 67.6 | 24.4 |
| 1945 March | 74.6 | 56.2 | 18.4 | 289.3 | 113.5 | $175 \cdot 8$ | $93 \cdot 1$ | 46.6 | $46 \cdot 5$ | $86 \cdot 3$ | $64 \cdot 4$ | 21.9 |
| June ........ | 72.2 | 55.1 | $17 \cdot 1$ | 279.9 | 112.2 | 167.7 | 91.0 | $45 \cdot 4$ | $45 \cdot 6$ | 84.0 | 63.0 | 21.0 |

() See footnote ( ${ }^{( }$) to Table 19.

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

## Numbers employed in the iron and steel industry ${ }^{(1)}$

Great Britain
TABLE 24
Thousands

|  | Total numbers employed |  |  | Numbers employed in |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Pig iron production | Steel melting, iron and steel rolling, etc. | Tin plate production | Iron and steel tube manufacture | Wire, wire netting and ropes manufacture |
| 1939 June. | 259.1 | $246 \cdot 1$ | 13.0 | 15.5 | 160.0 | $25 \cdot 1$ | 31.7 | 26.8 |
| 1940 June. | $273 \cdot 3$ | 255.0 | 18.3 | 16.7 | $167 \cdot 3$ | $24 \cdot 3$ | 33.8 | 31.2 |
| 1941 June. | 299.9 | $267 \cdot 1$ | 32.8 | $17 \cdot 6$ | 193.9 | 16.7 | 37.2 | 34.5 |
| 1942 June. | 318.8 | 258.4 | $60 \cdot 4$ | $17 \cdot 3$ | $207 \cdot 4$ | $16 \cdot 3$ | 39.9 | 37.9 |
| 1943 June. | 303.9 | 239.7 | 64.2 | $17 \cdot 4$ | $195 \cdot 4$ | 13.8 | $41 \cdot 3$ | 36.0 |
| 1944 June. | 292.3 | $230 \cdot 6$ | 61.7 | 17.9 | 189.1 | $12 \cdot 3$ | $39 \cdot 1$ | 33.9 |
| 1945 June. | $267 \cdot 7$ | $216 \cdot 8$ | 50.9 | 15.9 | $174 \cdot 8$ | 12.4 | $34 \cdot 7$ | 29.9 |

${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{( }$) to Table 19.
Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

# Numbers employed in the textile industries( ${ }^{1}$ ) <br> Great Britain 

Thousands

|  | All textile industries |  |  |  |  |  | Cotton spinning and weaving |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Manufacture of equipment and supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for home market |  |  |  | Manufacture of equipment and supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for home marke |
| 1939 June | 987.9 | $388 \cdot 3$ | 599.6 | . | . | $\ldots$ | 339.9 | 119.2 | 220.7 | . | . | . |
| 1940 June .... | $1,040 \cdot 9$ | $\begin{aligned} & 378 \cdot 3 \\ & 346 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 662 \cdot 6 \\ & 623 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $363 \cdot 8$ $339 \cdot 2$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115 \cdot 7 \\ & 107 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 248 \cdot 1 \\ & 231 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 1941 June .... | $\begin{aligned} & 855 \cdot 0 \\ & 752.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 298.3 \\ & 258.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 556 \cdot 7 \\ & 493 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | 254.6 | 166.2 | 331.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 276 \cdot 1 \\ & 237 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84 \cdot 4 \\ & 71 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 191 \cdot 7 \\ & 165 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $83 \cdot 2$ | 57.6 | $96 \cdot 5$ |
| 1942 June .... | $\begin{aligned} & 708 \cdot 2 \\ & 677 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 243 \cdot 0 \\ & 230 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 465 \cdot 2 \\ & 447 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 276 \cdot 2 \\ & 276 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | 112.0 90.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 320 \cdot 0 \\ & 311 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 233 \cdot 8 \\ & 231 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \cdot 5 \\ & 68 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 163 \cdot 3 \\ & 162 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \cdot 2 \\ & 90 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \cdot 0 \\ & 37 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \cdot 6 \\ & 103 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1943 June .... | $654 \cdot 1$ $636 \cdot 1$ | 219.8 216.0 | $434 \cdot 3$ $420 \cdot 1$ | $270 \cdot 7$ $270 \cdot 9$ | $87 \cdot 1$ $86 \cdot 5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 296 \cdot 3 \\ & 278 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | 227.3 223.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \cdot 8 \\ & 65 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $161 \cdot 5$ 158.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \cdot 9 \\ & 76 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \cdot 9 \\ & 46 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 102 \cdot 5 \\ & 100 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1944 June .... | 622.4 615.4 | 210.3 209.9 | $412 \cdot 1$ | 273.5 273.9 | 92.1 93.4 | 256.8 248.1 | 220.1 214.9 | 63.6 63.4 | $156 \cdot 5$ 151.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 81 \cdot 7 \\ & 78 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \cdot 5 \\ & 45 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92 \cdot 9 \\ & 90 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945 June | 619.2 | $210 \cdot 3$ | 408.9 | 224.6 | 111.0 | 283.6 | 212.9 | 62.7 | 150.2 | 56.4 | 52.6 | 103.9 |

TABLE 25 (continued)
Thousands

|  | Woollen and worsted |  |  |  |  |  | Silk and rayon |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Manufacture of equipment and supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for home marke |  |  |  | Manufacture of equipment and supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for home marke |
| 1939 June | 207.6 | $90 \cdot 3$ | 117.3 | $\cdots$ | . | . | 72.2 | $34 \cdot 6$ | $37 \cdot 6$ | . | . | . |
| 1940 June .... | 222.3 212.1 | 89.6 84.5 | 132.7 127.6 | 107.0 | $40 \cdot 7$ | 64.4 | 75.7 65.7 | 35.7 29.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \cdot 0 \\ & 35 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | 13.0 | 21.2 | 31.5 |
| 1941 June . ... | $195 \cdot 3$ $176 \cdot 1$ | 76.5 67.6 | 118.8 108.5 | $80 \cdot 2$ 66.7 | $45 \cdot 3$ 40.2 | 69.8 69.2 | 58.6 52.7 | 24.8 22.2 | 33.8 30.5 | 10.2 8.1 | 23.5 20.5 | 24.9 24.1 |
| $1942 \text { June .... }$ | 162.1 152.3 | 63.4 60.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \cdot 7 \\ & 92 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $70 \cdot 4$ $62 \cdot 6$ | 23.0 20.9 | 68.7 68.8 | 50.0 47.5 | 21.0 20.0 | 29.0 27.5 | 14.2 19.6 | 13.2 8.7 | 22.6 19.2 |
| 1943 June .... | 143.5 136.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \cdot 4 \\ & 54 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $87 \cdot 1$ $81 \cdot 9$ | 62.1 61.6 | 17.7 14.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 63 \cdot 7 \\ & 60 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | 45.9 45.4 | 19.2 19.3 | $26 \cdot 7$ $26 \cdot 1$ | 19.4 20.1 | 7.7 7.9 | 18.8 17.4 |
| $1944 \text { June } . . .$ | $\begin{aligned} & 129 \cdot 1 \\ & 127 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \cdot 1 \\ & 50 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78 \cdot 0 \\ & 76 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | 55.0 56.8 | $16 \cdot 5$ $16 \cdot 2$ | 57.6 54.5 | 44.1 44.7 | 19.0 19.4 | $25 \cdot 1$ $25 \cdot 3$ | 22.2 23.0 | 8.7 8.9 | 13.2 12.8 |
| 1945 June | 129.8 | 50.1 | 79.7 | 50.3 | $20 \cdot 3$ | 59.2 | 45.9 | 19.9 | 26.0 | 21.2 | 10.1 | 14.6 |

${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{( }$) to Table 19.
Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

Numbers employed in the textile industries ( ${ }^{( }$)(continued) Great Britain

Thoussands

|  | Hosiery and lace |  |  |  |  |  | Linen, jute, hemp, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Manufac- ture of equipment and supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for home marke |  |  |  | Manufac- ture of equipment and supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for home marke |
| 1939 June | $139 \cdot 3$ | 34.2 | $105 \cdot 1$ | . | . | . | 55.4 | 20.7 | 34.7 | . | . | .. |
| 1940 June. ........... | 136.9 123.4 | 31.8 27.5 | $105 \cdot 1$ 95.9 | 23.5 | 14.5 | 85.4 | $61 \cdot 1$ 55.6 | 20.4 18.2 | 40.7 37.4 | 19.9 | 7.7 | 28.0 |
| 1941 June. .......... | 110.9 92.6 | 24.9 21.2 | 86.0 71.4 | 18.0 14.9 | 11.3 11.6 | 81.6 66.1 | 49.9 47.9 | 15.7 14.1 | 34.2 33.8 | 18.7 19.8 | 6.6 5.1 | 24.6 23.0 |
| 1942 June. .......... . | 81.4 77.6 | 18.1 16.1 | 63.3 61.5 | 17.7 19.6 | 7.6 3.9 | $56 \cdot 1$ 54.1 | 48.3 46.3 | 13.8 13.4 | 34.5 32.9 | 22.9 23.9 | 3.9 3.1 | 21.5 19.3 |
| 1943 June. December | 74.3 69.1 | 15.4 | 58.9 54.6 | 17.0 15.2 | 3.2 3.1 | 54.1 50.8 | 42.9 42.0 | 12.6 12.5 | 30.3 29.5 | $25 \cdot 3$ 27.3 | 2.8 | 14.8 12.0 |
| 1944 June............ | 67.9 68.2 | 14.3 14.4 | 53.6 53.8 | 17.8 18.7 | 5.1 5.4 | 45.0 44.1 | 41.5 39.9 | 12.3 11.8 | 29.2 28.1 | $26 \cdot 4$ $25 \cdot 2$ | 2.8 | 12.3 12.2 |
| 1945 June. | 69.6 | 14.7 | 54.9 | 14.9 | 5.5 | $49 \cdot 2$ | 39.7 | 11.8 | 27.9 | $20 \cdot 1$ | 4.3 | 15.3 |
| TABLE 25 (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Thousands |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Textile bleaching, printing, dyeing and finishing |  |  |  |  |  | Other textile industries |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Numbers | employ | d on |  |  |  | Number | employ | don |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Manufac- <br> ture of <br> equipment <br> and <br> suppliesfor theForces | Orders for export | Orders for home market | Total | Males | Females | Manufac- <br> ture of <br> equipment <br> and <br> supplies <br> for the <br> Forces | Orders for export | Orders for home marke |
| 1939 June. | 79.6 | 56.7 | 22.9 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | 93.9 | 32.6 | $61 \cdot 3$ | . | . | . |
| 1940 June. ........... | $\begin{aligned} & 80.0 \\ & 75.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55.0 \\ & 50.4 \end{aligned}$ | 25.0 24.8 | 23.6 | 25.3 | 26.3 | $101 \cdot 1$ 98.8 | $30 \cdot 1$ 29.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 71.0 \\ & 69.8 \end{aligned}$ | 44.6 | 12.5 | $41 \cdot 7$ |
| 1941 June. ........... | $71 \cdot 1$ $63 \cdot 2$ | 46.8 40.5 | 24.3 22.7 | 22.5 | 25.8 21.7 | 22.8 19.7 | 93.1 82.6 | 25.2 21.6 | 67.9 61.0 | 44.5 40.1 | 11.2 9.5 | 37.4 33.0 |
| 1942 June. ........... | 57.2 53.5 | 36.8 33.9 | 20.4 19.6 | 22.0 19.6 | 13.9 11.6 | 21.3 22.3 | 75.4 69.2 | 19.4 18.0 | 56.0 51.2 | 39.8 40.7 | $6 \cdot 4$ 4.1 | 29.2 24.4 |
| 1943 June. December ..... | 51.7 51.8 | 32.6 32.5 | 19.1 19.3 | $21 \cdot 1$ 23.9 | 10.7 9.5 | 19.9 18.4 | 68.5 68.3 | 17.8 17.7 | 50.7 50.6 | 41.9 46.6 | $4 \cdot 1$ $2 \cdot 6$ | 22.5 19.1 |
| 1944 June. ........... | 51.8 52.0 | 32.4 32.3 | 19.4 19.7 | 24.2 24.6 | 10.6 11.7 | 17.0 15.7 | 67.9 68.2 | 17.6 18.0 | 50.3 50.2 | $46 \cdot 2$ 46.7 | 2.9 3.2 | 18.8 18.3 |
| 1945 June........... | 52.2 | 32.0 | 20.2 | $21 \cdot 1$ | 12.6 | 18.5 | 69.1 | 19.1 | 50.0 | 40.6 | 5.6 | 22.9 |

[^3][^4]Numbers employed in certain clothing industries( ${ }^{1}$ )
Great Britain
TABLE 26
Thousands


Numbers employed in woodworking and furniture industries(') Great Britain
TABLE 27
Thousands

|  | Sawmilling and machined woodwork, wooden box and packing-case making and other woodworking |  |  |  |  |  | Furniture, upholstery, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Manufacture of supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for the home market |  |  |  | Manufacture of supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for the home marke |
| 1939 June | $101 \cdot 6$ | 90.0 | 11.6 | . | . | . | 138.4 | $111 \cdot 5$ | 26.9 | . | . | . |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1940 \text { June ........... } \\ & \text { December ..... } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \cdot 3 \\ & 86 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75.4 \\ & 74.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.9 \\ & 11.9 \end{aligned}$ | 37.3 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 39.2 | 107.7 93.7 | 81.1 67.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 26 \cdot 6 \\ & 25.9 \end{aligned}$ | $30 \cdot 4$ | 3.0 | $60 \cdot 3$ |
| 1941 June............ | $\begin{aligned} & 91.4 \\ & 97 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74.0 \\ & 73.5 \end{aligned}$ | 17.4 23.6 | 47.9 52.4 | 9.7 8.2 | 33.8 36.5 | 78.2 72.9 | 52.8 46.8 | 25.4 26.1 | 30.8 30.6 | 1.5 0.7 | 45.9 41.6 |
| 1942 June. ....... | $\begin{aligned} & 107.8 \\ & 119.5 \end{aligned}$ | 79.6 83.7 | 28.2 35.8 | 65.1 78.6 | 7.1 5.2 | 35.6 35.7 | 70.4 68.5 | 44.4 42.6 | 26.0 25.9 | $30 \cdot 3$ 31.8 | 0.6 0.5 | 39.5 36.2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1943 \text { June .......... } \\ & \text { December } \end{aligned}$ | 118.9 121.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 82 \cdot 5 \\ & 82 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36.4 \\ & 38.6 \end{aligned}$ | 79.9 82.9 | $3 \cdot 2$ $3 \cdot 3$ | 35.8 34.9 | 61.5 59.6 | 37.5 36.4 | 24.0 23.2 | 32.4 31.6 | 0.3 0.2 | 28.8 27.8 |
| 1944 June ........... | $\begin{aligned} & 127.8 \\ & 127.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84 \cdot 6 \\ & 84 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $43 \cdot 2$ $43 \cdot 3$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \cdot 1 \\ & 89 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \cdot 1 \\ & 3 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \cdot 6 \\ & 34 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | 57.8 58.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 35.4 \\ & 35.9 \end{aligned}$ | 22.4 22.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 29.8 \\ & 28.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \cdot 8 \\ & 29 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945 June .......... | 124.9 | 83.6 | $41 \cdot 3$ | $75 \cdot 1$ | 5.2 | 44.6 | 62.4 | 39.8 | 22.6 | $21 \cdot 1$ | 0.6 | 40.7 |

() See footnote ( ${ }^{( }$) to Table 19

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service
Numbers employed in certain paper and printing industries $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ Great Britain
TABLE 28冨

Thousands

() See footnote ( ${ }^{(3)}$ ) to Table 19.

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

Numbers employed in leather and rubber manufacture ${ }^{1}$ ) Great Britain
TABLE 29
Thousands

|  | Leather, leather goods and fur |  |  |  |  |  | Rubber manufacture (excluding rubber garments) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  | Total | Males | Females | Numbers employed on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Manufacture of supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for the home market |  |  |  | Manufacture of supplies for the Forces | Orders for export | Orders for the home market |
| 1939 June | 73.0 | $45 \cdot 1$ | 27.9 | . | . | . | $70 \cdot 2$ | $41 \cdot 1$ | 29.1 | . | . | . |
| 1940 June .... | $\begin{aligned} & 73.7 \\ & 69.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42.7 \\ & 38.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31.0 \\ 30.2 \end{array}$ | 28.9 | 7.8 | $32 \cdot 3$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \cdot 8 \\ & 82.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \cdot 2 \\ & 43 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35.6 \\ & 39.0 \end{aligned}$ | $50 \cdot 5$ | 8.9 | $23 \cdot 3$ |
| 1941 June .... December | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \cdot 8 \\ & 62 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36 \cdot 5 \\ & 32 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31 \cdot 3 \\ 30 \cdot 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26 \cdot 3 \\ & 26 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.6 \\ & 6.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \cdot 9 \\ & 29 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \cdot 8 \\ & 78.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \cdot 8 \\ & 38 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 43.0 \\ 40.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \cdot 9 \\ & 43 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9.5 \\ 5.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32.4 \\ & 29.9 \end{aligned}$ |
| $1942 \text { June ..... }$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60.3 \\ & 55.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \cdot 5 \\ & 29 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28.8 \\ & 26.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.8 \\ & 27.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 5 \\ & 3 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27.0 \\ 24.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67.5 \\ & 61.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34 \cdot 6 \\ 31 \cdot 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32 \cdot 9 \\ 29 \cdot 8 \end{array}$ | $40 \cdot 4$ 37.7 | 1.5 2.5 | 25.6 20.8 |
| 1943 June .... | $\begin{aligned} & 53 \cdot 3 \\ & 52 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \cdot 2 \\ & 27 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \cdot 1 \\ & 24 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | 29.6 | 3.5 | 20.2 | $60 \cdot 6$ 61.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \cdot 2 \\ & 32 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29 \cdot 4 \\ 29 \cdot 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \cdot 1 \\ & 45 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.8 \\ & 1.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.7 \\ & 14.9 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1944 June .... | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \cdot 5 \\ & 50 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \cdot 0 \\ & 27 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.5 \\ & 22.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30.4 \\ 30.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \cdot 0 \\ & 4 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \cdot 1 \\ & 16 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62 \cdot 1 \\ & 62 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \cdot 2 \\ & 34 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \cdot 9 \\ & 28 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 \cdot 5 \\ & 46 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \\ & 1.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.0 \\ & 14.8 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945 June | 51.6 | 27.6 | 24.0 | $26 \cdot 8$ | $6 \cdot 4$ | 18.4 | $62 \cdot 3$ | $34 \cdot 3$ | 28.0 | 43.7 | 2.4 | 16.2 |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ See footnote ( ${ }^{(2}$ ) to Table 19.
Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service
Numbers employed in glass and pottery manufacture ( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ Great Britain

| TABLE 30 |
| :--- |

[^5]Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

| Railway staff : Numbers employed Great Britain |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TABLE 31 At March in each year |  |  |  |  |  |  | Number |
|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| Total staff | 588,517 | 583,627 | 587,864 | 599,608 | 612,596 | 616,756 | 622,369 |
| Men and boys : Total .... | 563,264 | 557,711 | 547,030 | 525,648 | 524,132 | 523,439 | 531,062 |
| Officers, supervisory, clerical, etc. | 86,049 | 82,930 | 81,127 | 77,487 | 72,240 | 70,076 | 69,440 |
| Conciliation | 330,571 | 332,629 | 332,775 | 317,785 | 319,382 | 319,607 | 326,301 |
| Shop and artisan | 112,113 | 107,246 | 102,958 | 100,569 | 101,668 | 101,469 | 102,438 |
| Police, electrical generating station and miscellaneous | 6,605 | 6,981 | 7,611 | 7,816 | 7,814 | 7,742 | 8,126 |
| Ancillary. | 27,926 | 27,925 | 22,559 | 21,991 | 23,028 | 24,545 | 24,757 |
| Women and girls : Total | 25,253 | 25,916 | 40,834 | 73,960 | 88,464 | 93,317 | 91,307 |
| Officers, supervisory, clerical, etc. | 12,229 | 13,372 | 17,595 | 26,665 | 29,291 | 29,641 | 30,294 |
| Conciliation | - | - | 9,260 | 24,255 | 32,280 | 36,093 | 35,612 |
| Shop and artisan | 990 | 884 | 2,348 | 10,474 | 13,933 | 13,976 | 11,355 |
| Police, electrical generating station and miscellaneous | 6,160 | 5,997 | 5,463 | 5,732 | 5,939 | 6,412 | 6,790 |
| Ancillary.......... | 5,874 | 5,663 | 6,168 | 6,834 | 7,021 | 7,195 | 7,256 |

Industrial staff in the Civil Service( ${ }^{1}$ )
Great Britain
TABLE 32
Thousands

|  | Total | Admiralty | War Office | Air Ministry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ministry } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Supply }(\mathbf{2}) \end{aligned}$ | Ministry of Aircraft Production | Post Office | Forestry Commission | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ministry } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Transport } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ministry } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Works } \end{aligned}$ | Other departments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 April 1 | $240 \cdot 2$ | $71 \cdot 6$ | $68 \cdot 3$ | $25 \cdot 8$ | - | - | $51 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 0$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | $9 \cdot 6$ |
| 1940 January 1 | $294 \cdot 4$ | $80 \cdot 4$ | $38 \cdot 3$ | $38 \cdot 3$ | $65 \cdot 7$ | - | $43 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 4$ | $10 \cdot 1$ |
| April 1 . | $322 \cdot 7$ | 87.0 | $42 \cdot 2$ | $41 \cdot 5$ | 74.8 | - | $42 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 5$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | $12 \cdot 2$ |
| July 1 | $366 \cdot 1$ | 94.0 | $46 \cdot 5$ | $45 \cdot 5$ | $97 \cdot 8$ | 2.5 | 43.8 | $13 \cdot 8$ | 4.7 | $6 \cdot 6$ | 10.9 |
| October 1. | $398 \cdot 8$ | 99.6 | $43 \cdot 5$ | $48 \cdot 7$ | 116.3 | $7 \cdot 4$ | 43.9 | $16 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | 11.9 |
| 1941 January 1 .. | $427 \cdot 1$ | 103.2 | 44.9 | $53 \cdot 2$ | $131 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 0$ | 44.5 | 16.9 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 6$ | 12.4 |
| April 1 .... | 475.5 | $106 \cdot 7$ | $47 \cdot 3$ | $54 \cdot 7$ | 181.8 | $5 \cdot 0$ | $45 \cdot 7$ | 5.3( ${ }^{3}$ ) | 3.9 | $12 \cdot 6$ | 12.5 |
| July 1 . ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 538.6 | 112.3 | 49.5 | 52.6 | 238.4 | 5.4 | $47 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $13 \cdot 4$ | 10.0 |
| October 1 | 596.6 | 119.0 | 49.5 | 50.6 | 287 .5 | $9 \cdot 1$ | $47 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $13 \cdot 4$ | 10.0 |
| 1942 January 1 . . | 654.0 | 122.6 | $53 \cdot 3$ | $52 \cdot 2$ | 332.6 | $10 \cdot 1$ | $49 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | 14.0 | $10 \cdot 2$ |
| April 1 ... | $690 \cdot 0$ | 125.9 | 54.7 | $54 \cdot 1$ | $357 \cdot 4$ | $12 \cdot 1$ | $50 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | 5.0 | $14 \cdot 6$ | $10 \cdot 6$ |
| July 1 . . . | $697 \cdot 4$ | $125 \cdot 2$ | 55.2 | 57.3 | $358 \cdot 6$ | $15 \cdot 2$ | $50 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | 5.6 | 13.6 | 10.8 |
| October 1 . | $700 \cdot 3$ | 128.8 | 55.7 | 61.9 | 351.4 | $16 \cdot 6$ | 49.9 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | 13.4 | 11.0 |
| 1943 January 1 . | 729.8 | $146 \cdot 5$ | $60 \cdot 4$ | 65.2 | 351.9 | 17.9 | $50 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | 15.0 | 11.0 |
| April 1 .... | $737 \cdot 8$ | 151.2 | 66.5 | $66 \cdot 9$ | 346.0 | $18 \cdot 2$ | $50 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | 15.8 | 110 |
| July 1 . . . | $724 \cdot 7$ | 152.6 | 64.9 | 55.4 | 331.6 | 31.9 | 49.9 | $5 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | $16 \cdot 4$ | $10 \cdot 8$ |
| October 1 .. | 727.0 | $156 \cdot 5$ | 72.0 | 56.7 | $319 \cdot 1$ | $33 \cdot 1$ | 49.9 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 5.6 | 17.4 | 11.6 |
| 1944 January 1 . | $716 \cdot 5$ | 159.5 | 71.7 | $57 \cdot 6$ | 305.5 | $33 \cdot 2$ | 48.9 | $4 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $18 \cdot 2$ | 11.7 |
| April 1 ... | $710 \cdot 3$ | $160 \cdot 3$ | 75.3 | 59.0 | $294 \cdot 1$ | $32 \cdot 7$ | $48 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | 5.4 | $18 \cdot 8$ | 11.9 |
| July 1 . . . | 698.6 | 158.8 | 78.0 | 58.9 | $282 \cdot 1$ | $32 \cdot 1$ | $47 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 9$ | $5 \cdot 5$ | $19 \cdot 5$ | 11.5 |
| October 1 .. | $692 \cdot 8$ | $160 \cdot 8$ | 78.9 | 58.0 | $274 \cdot 8$ | $32 \cdot 6$ | $46 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | $20 \cdot 3$ | 11.2 |
| 1945 January 1 . | $675 \cdot 3$ | 156.6 | $77 \cdot 5$ | 56.4 | 265.4 | $31 \cdot 3$ | $46 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | 21.4 | 11.0 |
| April 1 .... | $665 \cdot 3$ | 154.8 | $76 \cdot 5$ | $56 \cdot 2$ | $260 \cdot 3$ | $30 \cdot 5$ | $46 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $3 \cdot 7$ | $20 \cdot 4$ | 11.7 |
| July 1 . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $620 \cdot 8$ 514.8 | 151.3 | $72 \cdot 3$ | 54.5 52.8 | 227.2 138.6 | 26.9 | $46 \cdot 3$ | 4.9 | 3.7 3.3 | $20 \cdot 3$ | 13.4 |
| October $1 .$. | 514.8 | $148 \cdot 1$ | $64 \cdot 0$ | 52.8 | $138 \cdot 6$ | $22 \cdot 1$ | $47 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | $20 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 5$ |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ Including part-time workers, two part-time workers being counted as one whole-time worker.
Source : Treasury
Excluding staff in Northern Ireland other than reserved and agency services.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Including some staff which in 1939 was employed by the War Office or Air Ministry.
(3) Between April 1940 and April 1941, home-grown timber production work was transferred from the Forestry Commission to the Ministry of Supply.

Non-industrial staff in the Civil Service : Departmental analysis
TABLE 33
Great Britain
Thousands

( ${ }^{1}$ ) Established and unestablished, excluding staff in Northern Ireland other than reserved and agency
Source : Treasury
services. In arriving at the totals two part-time workers are counted as one whole-time worker.

MANPOWER
Male operatives employed on the Government building programme in Great Britain( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 34

|  |  | Total | For Service and Supply Departments |  |  |  |  |  |  | For Civil Departments ${ }^{(2)}{ }^{(3)}$ | New house construction (including site proparation) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Admiralty | War Office ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Ministry } \\\left(\mathbf{2}^{2}\right)}}{\text { Air }}$ | Ministry of Supply | Ministry of Aircraft Production $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | Ministry of Transport ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |
| 1941 | July . . |  | 541.8 | $342 \cdot 6$ | $34 \cdot 2$ | - 55.1 | $109 \cdot 3$ | $100 \cdot 5$ | $32 \cdot 8$ | 10.7 | 199.2 |  |
|  | August | 543.8 | 341.0 | $33 \cdot 2$ | $55 \cdot 7$ | $109 \cdot 3$ | $100 \cdot 0$ | $32 \cdot 1$ | $10 \cdot 7$ | 202.8 |  |
|  | September | 557.8 | 347-2 | $32 \cdot 2$ | 55.5 | 109.9 | $108 \cdot 1$ | $30 \cdot 6$ | $10 \cdot 9$ | $210 \cdot 6$ |  |
|  | October. | 560.9 | $348 \cdot 5$ | $32 \cdot 6$ | 56.5 | $108 \cdot 7$ | $105 \cdot 9$ | $32 \cdot 3$ | $12 \cdot 5$ | 212.4 |  |
|  | November | 537.7 | $346 \cdot 0$ | 31.0 | 56.5 | $106 \cdot 7$ | $106 \cdot 4$ | $34 \cdot 3$ | 11.1 | 191.7 |  |
|  | December | 517.6 | $333 \cdot 7$ | 29.5 | 55.9 | 99.3 | 103.0 | $34 \cdot 9$ | $11 \cdot 1$ | 183.9 |  |
| 1942 | January | 503.7 | $330 \cdot 8$ | $28 \cdot 6$ | 54.7 | $102 \cdot 5$ | $92 \cdot 3$ | $40 \cdot 6$ | $12 \cdot 1$ | 171.9 | 1.0 |
|  | February | 496.7 | 329.8 | $28 \cdot 7$ | $50 \cdot 2$ | $105 \cdot 3$ | $92 \cdot 8$ | $40 \cdot 5$ | $12 \cdot 3$ | 165.9 | 1.0 |
|  | March . | $510 \cdot 2$ | $332 \cdot 7$ | $27 \cdot 0$ | $52 \cdot 1$ | $106 \cdot 5$ | 92.6 | $41 \cdot 7$ | $12 \cdot 8$ | $176 \cdot 0$ | 1.5 |
|  | April... | 514.0 | $337 \cdot 7$ | $26 \cdot 2$ | $50 \cdot 7$ | 112.6 | 91.5 | $43 \cdot 5$ | $13 \cdot 2$ | 174.7 | 1.6 |
|  | May... . | $495 \cdot 5$ | 328.3 | $26 \cdot 4$ | $48 \cdot 0$ | 109.8 | $82 \cdot 1$ | $49 \cdot 1$ | $12 \cdot 9$ | 165.6 | 1.6 |
|  | June. . | 480.9 | 319.4 | $26 \cdot 6$ | $44 \cdot 2$ | 112.8 | $75 \cdot 3$ | $48 \cdot 0$ | $12 \cdot 5$ | 159.8 | 1.7 |
|  | July . . | $466 \cdot 7$ | 319.3 | 25.0 | 45.0 | $117 \cdot 1$ | $65 \cdot 2$ | $54 \cdot 9$ | $12 \cdot 1$ | 145.6 | 1.8 |
|  | August | 464.7 | $327 \cdot 3$ | $28 \cdot 3$ | 52.8 | $120 \cdot 7$ | $60 \cdot 5$ | $53 \cdot 3$ | 11.7 | $134 \cdot 7$ | 2.7 |
|  | September. | $460 \cdot 5$ | 331.0 | $26 \cdot 5$ | 62.0 | $126 \cdot 1$ | $52 \cdot 1$ | $53 \cdot 1$ | $11 \cdot 2$ | $126 \cdot 8$ | 2.7 |
|  | October. . . | $460 \cdot 7$ | $336 \cdot 3$ | $27 \cdot 0$ | 71.2 | 129.6 | 48.9 | $49 \cdot 4$ | $10 \cdot 2$ | 121.7 | $2 \cdot 7$ |
|  | November | $445 \cdot 2$ | 328.5 | $27 \cdot 9$ | $72 \cdot 8$ | $130 \cdot 1$ | $45 \cdot 1$ | $43 \cdot 4$ | $9 \cdot 2$ | $114 \cdot 2$ | 2.5 |
|  | December | $426 \cdot 6$ | $320 \cdot 5$ | $27 \cdot 2$ | $75 \cdot 6$ | $129 \cdot 8$ | 41.9 | $37 \cdot 9$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | $103 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 5$ |
| 1943 | January. . | $425 \cdot 3$ | 323.5 | $27 \cdot 7$ | $78 \cdot 3$ | $130 \cdot 2$ | 38.9 | $39 \cdot 7$ | $8 \cdot 7$ | 99.7 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
|  | February. | 419.9 | 319.9 | $30 \cdot 0$ | $76 \cdot 9$ | 127.8 | $37 \cdot 7$ | 39.0 | $8 \cdot 5$ | 97.9 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
|  | March . . | 405.7 | 312.4 | $32 \cdot 2$ | $72 \cdot 5$ | 124.5 | $37 \cdot 5$ | $37 \cdot 7$ | $8 \cdot 0$ | $91 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
|  | April ... | 388.7 | 296.4 | 31.6 | 61.3 | 123.8 | $36 \cdot 2$ | $35 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | 89.9 | $2 \cdot 4$ |
|  | May... | $372 \cdot 3$ | $280 \cdot 3$ | 31.4 | 51.4 | $119 \cdot 1$ | $35 \cdot 6$ | $33 \cdot 7$ | $9 \cdot 1$ | $89 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 3$ |
|  | June. . . | $356 \cdot 1$ | $263 \cdot 1$ | $32 \cdot 2$ | $44 \cdot 9$ | $109 \cdot 8$ | $34 \cdot 7$ | $32 \cdot 6$ | $8 \cdot 9$ | $90 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 3$ |
|  | July ... | 347-1 | $247 \cdot 1$ | 31.9 | $38 \cdot 2$ | 103.9 | $34 \cdot 1$ | 29.6 | $9 \cdot 4$ | $96 \cdot 1$ | 3.9 |
|  | August | 351.4 | 244.4 | 31.8 | 37.8 | $102 \cdot 2$ | $33 \cdot 0$ | 29.6 | $10 \cdot 0$ | 101.0 | $6 \cdot 0$ |
|  | September. | $344 \cdot 8$ | 235.8 | 31.4 | $36 \cdot 9$ | 99.0 | 31.5 | $26 \cdot 6$ | $10 \cdot 4$ | 101.7 | $7 \cdot 3$ |
|  | October... | $335 \cdot 4$ | 224.9 | 31.8 | $34 \cdot 4$ | $94 \cdot 5$ | 29.4 | $25 \cdot 2$ | $9 \cdot 6$ | 101.6 | 8.9 |
|  | November. | $330 \cdot 5$ | 221.4 | 31.9 | $33 \cdot 2$ | 87.6 | 35.0 | $24 \cdot 7$ | 9.0 | $100 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 8$ |
|  | December | $316 \cdot 7$ | 215.6 | $30 \cdot 8$ | $34 \cdot 1$ | $78 \cdot 3$ | 40•1 | 23.9 | $8 \cdot 4$ | $91 \cdot 5$ | $9 \cdot 6$ |
| 1944 | January. | $317 \cdot 3$ | $213 \cdot 3$ | $30 \cdot 7$ | $35 \cdot 1$ | 71.9 | $45 \cdot 2$ | 22.4 | $8 \cdot 0$ | $94 \cdot 6$ | $9 \cdot 4$ |
|  | February. | $316 \cdot 8$ | $207 \cdot 7$ | 29.4 | $34 \cdot 4$ | 63.8 | 47.9 | $23 \cdot 1$ | $9 \cdot 1$ | $100 \cdot 5$ | $8 \cdot 6$ |
|  | March . | 306.3 | $190 \cdot 7$ | $27 \cdot 7$ | $32 \cdot 2$ | 53.8 | $46 \cdot 0$ | 21.9 | $9 \cdot 1$ | 107:7 | 7.9 |
|  | April ... | 295.6 | 175.6 | $25 \cdot 1$ | 31.2 | 47.9 | $42 \cdot 7$ | $20 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 4$ | 113.0 | $7 \cdot 0$ |
|  | May.... | $273 \cdot 4$ | $153 \cdot 1$ | $22 \cdot 2$ | 29.9 | 39.9 | $33 \cdot 7$ | $18 \cdot 8$ | $8 \cdot 6$ | 114.0 | $6 \cdot 3$ |
|  | June. . | $267 \cdot 5$ | $146 \cdot 2$ | $20 \cdot 5$ | $28 \cdot 9$ | 38.9 | 31.6 | $17 \cdot 6$ | $8 \cdot 7$ | 115.5 | $5 \cdot 8$ |
|  | July . . . | $249 \cdot 4$ | $134 \cdot 4$ | 19.3 | $26 \cdot 3$ | 32.9 | $31 \cdot 3$ | $16 \cdot 4$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | $110 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 7$ |
|  | August . . . | 231.5 | $133 \cdot 2$ | $18 \cdot 5$ | $24 \cdot 4$ | 31.6 | $36 \cdot 6$ | $14 \cdot 4$ | $7 \cdot 7$ | 93.7 | $4 \cdot 6$ |
|  | September. | $222 \cdot 1$ | $124 \cdot 2$ | $18 \cdot 5$ | 23.0 | 30.0 | $31 \cdot 5$ | $13 \cdot 3$ | 7.9 | $93 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 8$ |
|  | October... | $216 \cdot 5$ | 114.0 | $19 \cdot 2$ | 22.0 | $30 \cdot 4$ | $23 \cdot 1$ | 11.5 | 7.8 | $97 \cdot 6$ | 4.9 |
|  | November. | 201.9 | 105.0 | $18 \cdot 4$ | 21.0 | $28 \cdot 6$ | 21.0 | $9 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | 92.0 | 4.9 |
|  | December | $195 \cdot 0$ | $98 \cdot 6$ | $17 \cdot 6$ | $18 \cdot 9$ | $27 \cdot 0$ | $20 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 7$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | $91 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 0$ |
| 1945 | January... | 189.7 | $93 \cdot 8$ | $16 \cdot 3$ | $17 \cdot 6$ | 26.9 | $20 \cdot 3$ | $7 \cdot 2$ | 5.5 | $90 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 4$ |
|  | February. | $198 \cdot 2$ | $94 \cdot 5$ | $16 \cdot 4$ | 17.6 | $26 \cdot 5$ | 21.2 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 5.7 | $95 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 4$ |
|  | March . | $200 \cdot 1$ | 92.3 | $15 \cdot 1$ | 17.0 | 25.9 | $22 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | $94 \cdot 7$ | $13 \cdot 1$ |
|  | April .... | $207 \cdot 1$ | 91.0 | $15 \cdot 3$ | $16 \cdot 7$ | 25.6 | 21.5 | $5 \cdot 7$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | 99.6 | $16 \cdot 5$ |
|  | May. . | $218 \cdot 1$ | 91.9 | $15 \cdot 0$ | 15.9 | $25 \cdot 4$ | 23.0 | $5 \cdot 6$ | $7 \cdot 0$ | 105.7 | $20 \cdot 5$ |
|  | June. | 219.9 | 87.0 | 14.4 | 15.0 | $23 \cdot 3$ | 23.6 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 4$ | $106 \cdot 3$ | 26.6 |
|  | July . . . . . | $242 \cdot 5$ | $87 \cdot 4$ | $14 \cdot 6$ | 14.0 | $22 \cdot 8$ | $24 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 3$ | 122.8 | $32 \cdot 3$ |

[^6](2) Labour employed on licensed work sponsored by War Office, Air Ministry, Ministry of Aircraft Production and Ministry of Transport is included under "Civil Departments" before January 1943.
${ }^{( }{ }^{\text { }}$ ) Including repair of houses made uninhabitable by war damage ; salvage operations and war debris clearance ; and first aid repairs carried out by the Special Repair Service.

Training of civilians in Government training centres and emergency training establishments ${ }^{( }{ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 35

|  | Number in training |  | Number admitted to training |  | Number completed training |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | Males | Females ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | Males | Females ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |
|  | End of period |  | Weekly averages |  |  |  |
| 1940 3rd Quarter | 24,039 | - | 1,829 | - | 515 | - |
| 4th Quarter | 24,286 | - | 1,616 | - | 1,160 | - |
| 1941 1st Quarter . | 20,741 | 6,576 | 1,729 | 861 | 1,482 | 245 |
| 2nd Quarter | 28,256 | 10,231 | 2,200 | 1,147 | 1,099 | 644 |
| 3rd Quarter | 19,670 | 10,280 | 1,052 | 1,104 | 1,371 | 789 |
| 4th Quarter | 12,254 | 14,399 | 824 | 1,524 | 1,235 | 971 |
| 1942 1st Quarter | 9,283 | 12,041 | 695 | 1,362 | 800 | 1,345 |
| 2nd Quarter | 8,436 | 12,132 | 706 | 1,336 | 644 | 1,164 |
| 3rd Quarter | 6,140 | 12,073 | 513 | 1,318 | 575 | 1,156 |
| 4th Quarter | 5,780 | 11,940 | 447 | 1,146 | 396 | 1,022 |
| 1943 1st Quarter | 5,184 | 11,166 | 418 | 1,046 | 397 | 989 |
| 2nd Quarter | 4,521 | 9,512 | 395 | 937 | 394 | 943 |
| 3rd Quarter | 3,216 | 6,460 | 281 | 636 | 319 | 729 |
| 4th Quarter | 3,345 | 5,786 | 274 | 538 | 218 | 523 |
| 1944 1st Quarter | 3,172 | 3,796 | 253 | 308 | 203 | 417 |
| 2nd Quarter | 3,236 | 3,191 | 225 | 276 | 191 | 287 |
| 3rd Quarter | 2,654 | 1,985 | 187 | 170 | 187 | 215 |
| 4th Quarter | 2,634 | 953 | 189 | 78 | 153 | 142 |
| 1945 1st Quarter . | 2,596 | 443 | 167 | 37 | 129 | 71 |
| 2nd Quarter | 2,851 | 291 | 162 | 23 | 116 | 28 |
| 3rd Quarter | 3,498 | 270 | 190 | 19 | 101 | 18 |

(1) Excluding coal mining training centres.

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service
( ${ }^{1}$ ) Women were admitted to Government training centres in January 1941.

# Industrial stoppages( ${ }^{1}$ ) <br> Working days lost as a result of disputes 

TABLE 36
Thousands of days

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Working days lost through the stoppages which began in the year( ${ }^{2}$ ) | 1,354 | 941 | 1,077 | 1,530 | 1,832 | 3,696 | 2,847 |
| Analysis by number of workers involved : Under 100 | 90 | 66 | 82 | 66 | 82 | 105 | 151 |
| 100 and under 250 | 192 | 111 | 84 | 92 | 146 | 136 | 197 |
| 250 and under 500 | 308 | 111 | 151 | 129 | 214 | 252 | 205 |
| 500 and under 1,000 | 257 | 119 | 231 | 184 | 261 | 255 | 287 |
| 1,000 and under 2,500 | 280 | 309 | 229 | 459 | 338 | 392 | 391 |
| 2,500 and under 5,000 | 132 | 69 | 82 | 151 | 185 | 158 | 203 |
| 5,000 and upwards | 95 | 156 | 218 | 449 | 606 | 2,398 | 1,413 |
| Working days lost each year through all stoppages in progress( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analysis by industry : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries and services | 1,356 | 940 | 1,079 | 1,527 | 1,808 | 3,714 | 2,835 |
| Building and contracting | 131 | 73 | 36 | 29 | 25 | 7 | 5 |
| Mining and quarrying | 612 | 508 | 338 | 862 | 889 | 2,495 | 644 |
| Metals, engineering and shipbuilding . . . . . | 332 | 163 | 556 | 526 | 635 | 1,048 | 528 |
| Textiles | 100 | 77 | 36 | 26 | 17 | 47 | 10 |
| Clothing . | 13 | 40 | 16 | 19 | 7 | 5 | 68 |
| Transport and communications .......... | 56 | 13 | 54 | 35 | 181 | 85 | 1,491 |
| Other industries and services | 112 | 66 | 43 | 30 | 54 | 27 | 89 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Stoppages involving fewer than ten workers or lasting less than one day have been omitted except when the aggregate number of working days lost exceeded 100.

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ The figures relate to stoppages beginning in the years shown and the figures for working days lost include days lost in subsequent years where the stoppage extended into the following calendar year.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$This analysis shows the total working days lost within each year as a result of stoppages in progress in that year whether beginning in that or an earlier year.
III. SOGIAL CONDITIONS

Civilian deaths registered : Analysis by cause and age( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 37
United Kingdom : Males
Number

|  | $\underset{\operatorname{ages}\left({ }^{( }\right)}{\text {All }}$ | Age group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Under <br> 1 year | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | 55-64 | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
| Deaths from all causes other than violence (1-162, 199 and 200) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939........... | 277,627 | 21,880 | 4,588 6,355 | 2,141 2,506 | 1,584 1,672 | 6,146 6,265 | 8,285 8,978 | 12,646 14,384 | 25,738 $\mathbf{2 8} 900$ | 51,287 58,320 | 143,331 |
| 1941. | 285,352 | 24,697 | 6,610 | 2,448 | 1,535 | 5,788 | 7,895 | 13,571 | 25,794 | 52,080 | 144,929 |
| 1942. | 265,626 | 22,944 | 4,408 | 1,885 | 1,450 | 5,197 | 6,912 | 12,277 | 23,911 | 48,226 | 138,415 |
| 1943. | 275,509 | 23,542 | 4,235 | 1,853 | 1,364 | 4,922 | 6,431 | 12,442 | 24,945 | 49,418 | 146,357 |
| 1944. | 269,091 | 23,265 | 3,542 | 1,647 | 1,289 | 4,391 | 5,790 | 11,662 | 23,736 | 48,656 | 145,111 |
| 1945. | 270,291 | 21,740 | 3,477 | 1,422 | 1,151 | 4,115 | 5,636 | 11,174 | 23,783 | 48,956 | 148,833 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Scarlet fever (8) : } \\ & 1939 \ldots . . . . \end{aligned}$ | 146 | 7 | 54 | 29 | 15 | 17 | 6 | 10 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| 1940....... | 106 | 7 | 36 | 31 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| 1941. | 85 | 4 | 42 | 23 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 1942. | 61 | 3 | 18 | 20 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 4 | - | 2 | 3 |
| 1943. | 80 | 2 | 29 | 23 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| 1944. | 61 | 4 | 25 | 17 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| 1945. | 42 | 3 | 17 | 9 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Whooping cough (9) : 1939. | 773 | 469 | 281 | 19 |  | 2 | - | - | 2 |  |  |
| 1940. | 485 | 282 | 189 | 14 | - | , | - | 二 | - |  | - |
| 1941. | 1,353 | 759 | 548 | 41 | 2 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 1942.............. | 423 | 277 | 142 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |  |
| 1943. | 681 | 419 | 237 | 22 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - |  |  |
| 1944. | 597 | 412 | 168 | 14 | 1 | 1 | - |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 1945. | 384 | 251 | 124 | 7 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Diphtheria (10) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939.............. | 1,343 1,624 | 31 50 | 534 671 | 564 659 | 146 | 37 47 | 14 15 | 7 8 | 3 | 3 5 | 4 3 |
| 1941............... | 1,625 | 57 | 775 | 561 | 127 | 54 | 23 | 8 | 11 | 5 | 4 |
| 1942.............. | 1,073 | 34 | 457 | 404 | 103 | 43 | 13 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 1943.............. | 822 | 50 | 313 | 294 | 82 | 46 | 15 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 2 |
| 1944. | 560 | 29 | 220 | 201 | 63 | 24 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 6 |
| 1945............ | 410 | 14 | 166 | 141 | 42 | 21 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 2 |
| Tuberculosis of respiratory system (13) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939............. | 15,039 | 37 | 67 | 33 | 73 | 2,055 | 2,944 | 2,923 | 3,148 | 2,670 | 1,089 |
| 1940... | 15,865 | 36 | 74 | 40 | 75 | 2,098 | 3,183 | 3,238 | 3,243 | 2,773 | 1,105 |
| 1941. | 15,821 | 48 | 133 | 56 | 88 | 2,020 | 3,020 | 3,284 | 3,301 | 2,741 | 1,130 |
| 1942. | 14,227 | 49 | 105 | 43 | 74 | 1,852 | 2,566 | 2,912 | 2,968 | 2,531 | 1,127 |
| 1943. | 14,767 | 77 | 98 | 49 | 56 | 1,701 | 2,461 | 3,038 | 3,234 | 2,820 | 1,233 |
| 1944. | 13,870 | 60 | 103 | 44 | 62 | 1,615 | 2,301 | 2,749 | 3,005 | 2,654 | 1,277 |
| 1945.............. | 13,641 | 43 | 97 | 43 | 68 | 1,550 | 2,288 | 2,708 | 2,917 | 2,602 | 1,325 |

Civilian deaths registered: Analysis by cause and age( ${ }^{1}$ )(continued)
TABLE 37 (continued)
United Kingdom : Males
Number


Civilian deaths registered: Analysis by cause and age ${ }^{1}$ ) (continued)
TABLE 37 (continued)
United Kingdom : Males
Number

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { ages (²) } \end{gathered}$ | Age group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Under 1 year | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | 55-64 | $65 \text { and }$ over |
| Deaths by violence (163-198) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. | 18,918 | 495 | 726 | 672 | 450 | 2,116 | 2,379 | 2.157 | 2,478 | 3,119 | 4,325 |
| 1940 | 31,084 | 638 | 1,233 | 1,090 | 951 | 3,163 | 4,081 | 4,371 | 4,487 | 5,004 | 6,039 |
| 1941 | -30,941 | 722 | 1,342 | 1,351 | 1,182 | 3,132 | 3,706 | 4,601 | 4,412 | 4,822 | 5,650 |
| 1942 | 17,565 | 568 | 899 | 918 | 632 | 1,502 | 1,635 | 2,199 | 2,494 | 2,714 | 3,997 |
| 1943 | 15,710 | 612 | 787 | 918 | 595 | 1,263 | 1,282 | 1,955 | 2,218 | 2,396 | 3,679 |
| 1944 | 18.160 | 685 | 963 | 1,068 | 742 | 1,391 | 1,287 | 2,314 | 2,615 | 2,905 | 4,188 |
| 1945 | 14,283 | 630 | 842 | 915 | 616 | 1,156 | 980 | 1,572 | 1,905 | 2,108 | 3,553 |
| Suicides (163-164) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 3,667 | - | - | - | 2 | 198 | 417 | 520 | 715 | 1,000 | 815 |
| 1940 | 3,167 | - | - | - | 4 | 127 | 289 | 471 | 625 | 846 | 805 |
| 1941 | 2,568 | - | - |  | 5 | 109 | 237 | 406 | 475 | 647 | 689 |
| 1942 | 2,309 | - | - | - | 5 | 123 | 204 | 347 | 450 | 556 | 624 |
| 1943 | 2,421 | - | - | - | 5 | 109 | 198 | 404 | 487 | 575 | 643 |
| 1944 | 2,405 |  |  |  | 4 | 110 | 170 | 356 | 500 | 592 | 673 |
| 1945 | 2,429 | - | - | - | 6 | 84 | 179 | 342 | 511 | 572 | 735 |
| Deaths of civilians due to operations of war (197): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 ............ | 73 | $\overline{10}$ | $\overline{7}$ | $\overline{38}$ | $\overline{4}$ | 3 | 8 | 20 | 28 | 13 | 1 |
| 1940 | 11.851 | 102 | 412 | 388 | 463 | 1,463 | 1,992 | 2.079 | 1,894 | 1,731 | 1,320 |
| 1941 | 12,279 | 136 | 456 | 470 | 555 | 1,555 | 1.811 | 2.237 | 1,923 | 1,805 | 1,324 |
| 1942 | 10,852 | 114 | 383 | 387 | 456 | 1,344 | 1,587 | 2,013 | 1,724 | 1,652 | 1,192 |
| 1943 | 13,376 | 509 | 637 | 765 | 508 | 1,042 | 1,091 | 1,674 | 1,916 | 2,091 | 3,143 |
| 1944 | 16,155 | 600 555 | 820 | 909 | 654 | 1,215 | 1,154 | 2,090 | 2,367 | 2,624 | 3,721 |
| 1945 ............. | 12,421 | 555 | 706 | 781 | 518 | 999 | 836 | 1,364 | 1,651 | 1,869 | 3,142 |

[^7]Civilian deaths registered: Analysis by cause and age( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 38
United Kingdom : Females
Number

|  | $\underset{\operatorname{ages}\left({ }^{( }\right)}{\text {All }}$ | Age group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Under 1 year | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | 55-64 | 65 and over |
| Deaths from all causes other than violence (1-162, 199 and 200) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939............ | 274,745 | 17,165 | +4,034 | 1,960 | 1,637 1,696 | 7,182 | -9,702 | 12,580 | 21,936 | 44,680 | 158,934 |
| 1941. | 279,261 | 18,002 | 6,014 | 2,186 | 1,605 | 7,904 | 9,763 | 12,517 | 21,624 | 39,698 | 159,948 |
| 1942. | 257,771 | 16,824 | 3,815 | 1,691 | 1,390 | 7,168 | 9,105 | 11,758 | 20,060 | 37,272 | 148,687 |
| 1943. | 273,463 | 17,484 | 3,864 | 1,640 | 1,433 | 7,015 | 8,986 | 12,253 | 20,704 | 38,184 | 161,900 |
| 1944. | 260,910 | 17,226 | 3,095 | 1,447 | 1,240 | 6,416 | 8.152 | 11,155 | 19,479 | 36,319 | 156,381 |
| 1945.............. | 265,299 | 15,933 | 3,042 | 1,301 | 1,124 | 5,905 | 7,660 | 10,933 | 19,363 | 36,694 | 163,344 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Scarlet fever (8) : } \\ & 1939 . . . . . . \end{aligned}$ | 156 | 4 | 59 | 40 | 12 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940.. | 108 | 3 | 30 | 32 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 1941. | 83 | 4 | 35 | 13 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 3 | 3 |  | 1 |
| 1942. | 65 | 5 | 16 | 22 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 1943. | 82 | 3 | 25 | 23 | 7 | 5 | 11 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 1944. | 67 | 1 | 21 | 24 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1945. | 61 | 1 | 17 | 16 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Whooping cough (9) : 1939. | 965 | 523 | 413 | 23 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | 2 |  |
| 1940. | 531 | 255 | 253 | 21 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 1941. | 1,848 | 900 | 885 | 54 | 5 | - | - | 1 | - |  | 3 |
| 1942. | 532 | 309 | 209 | 12 | - | - |  | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 1943. | 851 731 | 469 | 360 259 | 20 | 1 | 1 | - | -1 |  |  | -1 |
| 1945. | 501 | 273 | 208 | 17 | , | 1 | 二 | 1 | - | - | - |
| Diphtheria (10) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939....... | 1,293 | 29 | 466 | 541 | 141 | 57 | 24 | 9 | 12 | 9 | 5 |
| 1940. | 1,641 | 34 | 637 | 650 | 187 | 57 | 26 | 24 | 10 | 11 | 5 |
| 1941. | 1,643 | 41 | 646 | 611 | 158 | 98 | 31 | 22 | 15 | 13 | 8 |
| 1942.............. | 1,111 | 29 | 415 | 414 | 106 | 67 | 27 | 21 | 14 | 11 | 7 |
| 1943. | 821 | 39 | 281 | 265 | 79 | 65 | 26 | 21 | 23 | 17 | 5 |
| 1944. | 592 | 21 | 227 | 197 | 52 | 33 | 21 | 15 | 7 | 10 | 9 |
| 1945. | 443 | 6 | 155 | 157 | 40 | 21 | 20 | 18 | 9 | 10 | 7 |
| Tuberculosis of respiratory system (13) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939............. | 10,705 | 18 | 57 | 40 | 163 | 3,138 | 2,969 | 1,791 | 1,165 | 828 | 536 |
| 1940. | 11,585 | 34 | 70 | 40 | 183 | 3,503 | 3,225 | 1,962 | 1,145 | 853 | 570 |
| 1941. | 11,583 | 49 | 107 | 46 | 198 | 3,594 | 3,223 | 1,877 | 1,125 | 844 | 520 |
| 1942. | 10,407 | 45 | 87 | 33 | 144 | 3,275 | 2,852 | 1,661 | 1,011 | 779 | 520 |
| 1943. | 10,077 | 46 | 96 | 46 | 150 | 3,041 | 2,754 | 1,645 | 1,019 | 767 | 513 |
| 1944. | 9,677 | 43 | 96 | 47 | 138 | 2,951 | 2,676 | 1,607 | 918 | 705 | 496 |
| 1945. | 9,653 | 44 | 106 | 52 | 127 | 2,813 | 2,701 | 1,643 | 970 | 656 | 541 |

Civilian deaths registered: Analysis by cause and age ${ }^{1}$ ) (continued)
United Kingdom : Females
Number

|  | $\underset{\text { ages } \left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)}{\text { All }}$ | Age group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Under 1 year | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | 55-64 | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
| Other forms of tuberculosis (14-22) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939............. | 2,415 | 160 | 454 | 216 | 191 | 488 | 300 | 183 | 142 | 132 | 149 |
| 1940. | 2,714 | 172 | 551 | 233 | 212 | 616 | 316 | 200 | 168 | 127 | 119 |
| 1941. | 3,098 | 174 | 749 | 311 | 226 | 700 | 290 | 221 | 154 | 133 | 140 |
| 1942. | 2,735 | 160 | 544 | 236 | 214 | 582 | 346 | 213 | 171 | 129 | 140 |
| 1943. | 2,734 | 155 | 564 | 260 | 206 | 623 | 292 | 201 | 149 | 118 | 166 |
| 1944. | 2,594 | 149 | 493 | 268 | 218 | 557 | 290 | 201 | 141 | 134 | 143 |
| 1945... | 2,442 | 157 | 506 | 251 | 213 | 500 | 230 | 182 | 137 | 119 | 147 |
| Influenza (33) : |  | 112 | 85 | 22 | 44 | 133 | 241 | 333 | 483 | 812 |  |
| 1990...... | 6,489 | 185 | 153 | 41 | 30 | 156 | 198 | 340 | 577 | 1,099 | 3,202 |
| 1941. | 4,060 | 155 | 75 | 34 | 20 | 87 | 116 | 178 | 343 | - 574 | 2,478 |
| 1942. | 1,830 | 85 | 62 | 15 | 13 | 52 | 68 | 111 | 155 | 259 | 1,010 |
| 1943. | 7,510 | 190 | 118 | 38 | 52 | 126 | 208 | 366 | 546 | 908 | 4.958 |
| 1944. | 2.157 | 107 | 47 | 16 | . 13 | 54 | 63 | 75 | 139 | 244 | 1,399 |
| 1945. | 1,461 | 71 | 44 | 8 | 5 | 24 | 34 | 59 | 114 | 214 | 888 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Measles (35) : } \\ 1939 \ldots . . \end{gathered}$ | 166 | 49 | 83 | 28 | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 2 | - |
| 1940.. | 663 | 200 | 365 | 62 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 5 |
| 1941. | 572 | 152 | 315 | 52 | 9 | 16 | 6 | 11 | 4 |  | 7 |
| 1942.............. | 332 | 94 | 186 | 37 | 5 | 5 | 3 | - | 1 | 1 | - |
| 1943. | 463 | 162 | 225 | 45 | 9 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 1944. | 148 | 55 | 75 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 | , |  | , |
| 1945.. | 405 | 131 | 214 | 32 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 7 |
| Bronchitis (106) : |  | 505 | 140 | 22 | 21 | 58 | 80 | 153 | 329 |  |  |
| 1939........ | 23,115 | 782 | 247 | 41 | 34 | 120 | 187 | 437 | 1,068 | 3,099 | 6,407 17,100 |
| 1941. | 16,984 | 869 | 218 | 27 | 20 | 108 | 123 | 259 | 1,731 | 1,904 | 12,725 |
| 1942. | 12,287 | 554 | 134 | 25 | 15 | 93 | 116 | 214 | 546 | 1,409 | 9,181 |
| 1943. | 15,123 | 626 | 141 | 20 | 18 | 81 | 130 | 306 | 631 | 1,625 | 11,545 |
| 1944. | 12,023 | 522 | 107 | 28 | 10 | 74 | 127 | 227 | 566 | 1,314 | 9,048 |
| 1945. | 13,281 | 496 | 109 | 24 | 11 | 71 | 107 | 249 | 577 | 1,628 | 10,009 |
| Pneumonia (107-109) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939............. 1940......... | 11,376 | 2,329 3,166 | 1,465 | 146 | 103 | 257 | 444 | 631 | 1,026 | 1,336 | 6,645 |
| 1941. | 13,828 | 3,289 | 1,266 | 159 | 83 | 264 | 385 | 554 | 829 | 1,451 | 5,548 |
| 1942. | 10,588 | 2,520 | 810 | 108 | 64 | 230 | 337 | 485 | 667 | 1,158 | 4,209 |
| 1943. | 13,089 | 3,022 | 849 | 114 | 85 | 275 | 405 | 573 | 816 | 1,402 | 5,548 |
| 1944. | 10,121 | 2,737 | 623 | 80 | 71 | 178 | 257 | 390 | 577 | 976 | 4,232 |
| 1945. | 10,218 | 2,808 | 586 | 69 | 54 | 165 | 233 | 361 | 541 | 986 | 4,415 |

## Civilian deaths registered: Analysis by cause and age ${ }^{(1)}$ (continued)

| TABLE 38 (continued) | United Kingdom : Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { ages( }{ }^{(1)} \end{gathered}$ | Age group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Under 1 year | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | 55-64 | 65 and over |
| Deaths by violence (163-198) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -9,485 | 384 | 432 | 288 | 132 | 478 | 605 | 677 | 935 | 1,219 | 4,335 |
| 1940. | 20,532 | 503 614 | 868 986 | 729 | 601 664 | 1,976 <br> 2008 | 2,102 | 2,145 2,015 | 2,452 2,255 | 2,700 2,414 | 6,456 <br> 5 |
| 1941. | 19,561 10,343 | 614 | 986 588 | 881 464 | 664 248 | 2,008 621 | 1,995 | 2,015 | 2,255 | 2,414 1,188 | 5,725 4,184 |
| 1943. | 9,443 | 431 | 531 | 397 | 264 | 522 | 635 | 828 | 890 | 1,054 | 3,891 |
| 1944. | 12,850 | 599 | 580 | 555 | 332 | 898 | 1,068 | 1,191 | 1,412 | 1,642 | 4,573 |
| 1945. | 9,360 | 520 | 538 | 406 | 196 | 464 | 606 | 747 | ${ }^{1} 914$ | 1,054 | 3,915 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940...... | 1,783 | - | - | - | 1 | 81 | 204 | 315 | 422 | 450 | 310 |
| 1941. | 1,484 | - | - | - | - | 59 | 219 | 249 | 350 | 365 | 242 |
| 1942.............. | 1,461 | - | - | - | 2 | 54 | 182 | 282 | 348 | 330 | 263 |
|  | 1,472 | - | - | - | , | 56 | 193 | 319 | 325 | 321 | 257 |
| 1944.............. | 1,387 | - | - | - | 1 | 50 | 169 | 276 | 306 | 313 | 272 |
| 1945.............. | 1,556 | - | - | - | 1 | 63 | 191 | 288 | 367 | 354 | 292 |
| Deaths of civilians due to operations of war (197):$\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940............. 1941.......... | 10,571 10,058 | 101 | 357 419 | 367 467 | 441 | 1,526 | 1,587 1,443 | 1,495 1,423 | 1,538 1,427 | 1,455 | 1,704 1,422 |
| 1942. | 1,779 | r 22 | 78 | 72 | 81 | 1, 211 | ${ }^{1} 225$ | 1,423 | 1,427 | 1,245 | 1,465 |
| 1943. | 1,486 | 16 | 56 | 69 | 106 | 176 | 165 | 219 | 205 | 202 | 272 |
| 1944. | 4,821 | 56 | 134 | 166 | 175 | 583 | 628 | 650 | 747 | 743 | 939 |
| 1945.. | 1,205 | 14 | 43 | 58 | 47 | 149 | 156 | 189 | 199 | 160 | 190 |

(1) The figures in brackets following each cause of death are the reference numbers to that particular Source : Registrars General cause in the Fifth Revision of the International List.
$\left({ }^{( }\right)$Including a small number of unstated age.

## Notifications of infectious diseases

TABLE 39
Number

|  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |

(1) Formal notifications of new cases only.
(2) Cases of acute infectious tuberculosis only.

Source : Registrars General for England and Wales and Northern Ireland and Department of Health for Scotland

Venereal disease
Cases dealt with at civilian treatment centres in Great Britain (1)
TABLE 40

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

[^8]
## National Health Insurance

(i) Entimated numbers entitled to benefits

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline TABLE 41 \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{End of year} \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Thousands} <br>
\hline \& 1939 \& 1940 \& 1941 \& 1942 \& 1943 \& 1944 \& 1945 <br>
\hline Total \& 22,049 \& 22,848 \& 23,632 \& 24,626 \& 25,133 \& 25,249 \& 25,135 <br>
\hline Males : \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Total \& 14,595 \& 15,122 \& 15,371 \& 15,705 \& 15,806 \& 15,819 \& 15,797 <br>
\hline Approved societies \& 13,063 \& 13,236 \& 13,323 \& 13,562 \& 13,592 \& 13,559 \& 13,518 <br>
\hline Navy and Army Fund . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \& 136 \& 425 \& 514 \& 554 \& 587 \& 605 \& 621 <br>
\hline Deposit contributors . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \& 144 \& 170 \& 198 \& 209 \& 206 \& 195 \& 172 <br>
\hline Exempt persons . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \& 7

1245 \& 1, 5 \& 3 \& 2 \& 2 \& 2 \& 2 <br>
\hline Over age 65 \& 1,245 \& 1,286 \& 1,333 \& 1,378 \& 1,419 \& 1,458 \& 1,484 <br>
\hline Females : \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Total \& 7,454 \& 7,726 \& 8,261 \& 8,921 \& 9,327 \& 9,430 \& 9,338 <br>
\hline Approved societies ... \& 6,944 \& 6,968 \& 7,401 \& 7,980 \& 8,320 \& 8,390 \& 8,288 <br>
\hline Navy and Army Fund . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \& -157 \& 14 \& 43 \& 64 \& 72 \& 73 \& 74 <br>
\hline Deposit contributors \& 157 \& 179 \& 208 \& 244 \& 273 \& 277 \& 258 <br>
\hline Exempt persons .... \& 6 \& 5 \& 3 \& 2 \& 2 \& 2 \& 1 <br>
\hline Over age 60 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \& 347( ${ }^{1}$ ) \& 560 \& 606 \& 631 \& 660 \& 688 \& 717 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Source : Ministry of National Insurance
(ii) Receipts, expenditure and accumulated funds

TABLE 41 (continued)
$\boldsymbol{f}$ thousand


[^9]Source : Ministry of National Insurance

# Unemployment Insurance <br> Great Britain 

(i) Persons insured

TABLE 42
In July of each year
Thousands

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 15,548 | 14,803 | 14,922 | 15,061 | 14,630 | 14,150 | 13,640 |
| General scheme ... | 14,838 | 14,158 | 14,292 | 14,406 | 13,945 | 13,465 | 12,965 |
| Agricultural scheme | 710 | 645 | 630 | 655 | 685 | 685 | 675 |

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service
(i) Receipts, expenditure and fund

| TABLE 42 (continued) Years ended 31 March |  |  |  |  |  |  | £ thousand |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1939/40 | 1940/41 | 1941/42 | 1942:43 | 1943/44 | 1944/45 | 1945;46 |
| Receipts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ......... | 68,543 | 71,480 | 78,941 | 80,306 | 80,159 | 77,797 | 89,834 |
| General scheme | 66,992 | 70,047 | 77,485 | 78,729 | 78,546 | 76,165 | 88,140 |
| Agricultural scheme | 1,551 | 1,433 | 1,456 | 1,577 | 1,613 | 1,632 | 1,694 |
| Contributions from : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employers and employees : | 43,969 | 46,479 | 50,803 | 50,501 | 49,068 | 46,604 | 45,208 |
| Agricultural scheme | ,996 | 930 | '907 | 960 | 956 | 959 | ,972 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General scheme | 22,032 | 23,233 | 25,396 | 25,250 | 24,534 | 23,301 | 26,633 |
| Agricultural scheme | 494 | 465 | 453 | 480 | 478 | 480 | 486 |
| Income from investments : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General scheme ..... | 61 | 38 | 1,96 | 2,137 | 4,942 | 6,253 | 8,234 |
| Other receipts : General scheme Agricultural scheme | 14 | 10 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 5 |
| Expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ... | 84,414 | 65,621 | 9,079 | 6,301 | 5,490 | 6,753 | 17,105 |
| General scheme ... | 83,346 | 64,992 | 8,710 | 6,021 | 5,242 | 6,491 | 16,765 |
| Agricultural scheme | 1,068 | 629 | 369 | 280 | 248 | 262 | 340 |
| Benefit, transitional payments and unemployment allowances : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General scheme : Direct ${ }_{\text {Association }}$........................ | 34,854 1,791 | 18,938 864 | 5,592 | 3,185 | $\begin{array}{r}2,600 \\ \hline 88\end{array}$ | 3,472 49 | $\begin{array}{r}12,374 \\ \hline 271\end{array}$ |
| Agricultural scheme : Direct. | '871 | 451 | 196 | 97 | 66 | 79 | 155 |
| Administrative expenses : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General scheme | 5,335 | 4,256 | 2,589 | 2,477 | 2,327 | 2,704 | 3,855 |
| Agricultural scheme . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 185 | 174 | 170 | 180 | 179 | 180 | 182 |
| Interest on advances and reduction of debt | 40,864 | 40,578 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other payments and refunds : General scheme | 502 | 356 | 316 | 280 | 277 | 266 | 265 |
| Agricultural scheme . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 12 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | , | 3 |
| Fund |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance of fund at end of period : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General scheme | 24,156 | 29,211 | 97,986 | 170,694 | 243,998 | 313,672 | 385,047 |
| Agricultural scheme | 3,254 | 4,058 | 5,145 | 6,442 | 7,807 | 9,177 | 10,531 |
| Investments (at cost) at end of period | 27,511 39 | 33,230 | 103,150 | 177,187 | 251,872 | 322,892 | 396,271 |
| Treasury advances outstanding | 39,354 | - | - | - | - |  | - |

${ }^{(1)}$ This figure relates to the war years when such contributions were in abeyance.
Source : Ministry of National Insurance

Pensions
TABLE 43
(i) Old age pensions payable from age 70


Source : Ministry of National Insurance and H.M. Customs and Excise
(ii) Persons insured and beneficiaries under the Widows', Orphans' and Old Age Pensions Act, 1936

TABLE 43 (continued) End of year Thousands

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estimated numbers insured : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 21,835 | 22,640 | 23,361 | 24,242 | 24,736 | 24,863 | 24,767 |
| Men | 14,635 | 15,188 | 15,380 | 15,622 | 15,683 | 15,714 | 15,693 |
| Women | 7,200 | 7,452 | 7,981 | 8,620 | 9,053 | 9,149 | 9,074 |
| Number of beneficiaries : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,016 | 2,349 | 2,423 | 2,467 | 2,507 | 2,544 | 2,585 |
| Widows : Contributory.... Non-contributory. | 664 179 | 699 161 | 743 144 | 765 130 | 789 117 | 811 104 | 829 93 |
| Children: Contributory .... | 282 3 | 274 1 | 261 | 249 | 241 | 234 | 225 |
| Pensioners under 70( ${ }^{(2)}$ : $\begin{aligned} & \text { Men.... } \\ & \text { Women }\end{aligned}$ | 551 337 | 566 648 | 586 689 | 601 722 | 613 747 | 622 773 | 634 804 |

( ${ }^{2}$ ) At the last Friday in March in each year.
(2) Men aged 65 and over; women aged 65 and over up to 30 June 1940 and 60 and over thereafter.

Source : Ministry of National
Insurance

# Pensions (continued) <br> (iii) Contributory pensions : Receipts, expenditure and accumulated funds 


${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote $\left(^{( }\right)$on page 45.
Source : Ministry of National Insurance

## War pensions, grants and allowances

(i) Expenditure

TABLE 44
Years ended 31 March
£ thousand

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 39,175 | 38,238 | 39,458 | 42,596 | 46,075 | 50,946 | 62,081 |
| Pensions, gratuities and allowances : <br> Total | 37,450 | 36,481 | 36,922 | 39,558 | 42,507 | 46,808 | 57,087 |
| Services : <br> 1914-18 war and earlier wars : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Officers, nurses and dependants. | 4,063 | 3,941 | 3,804 | 3,688 | 3,600 | 3,511 | 3,499 |
| Other ranks and dependants . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 33,387 | 32,475 | 31,602 | 30,548 | 29,803 | 29,007 | 29,387 |
| Officers, nurses and dependants . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 17 | 233 | 554 | 973 | 1,672 | 2,946 |
| Other ranks and dependants . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 15 | 524 | 2,530 | 5,500 | 9,310 | 16,659 |
| Mercantile marine : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Officers and dependants | - | 6 | 79 | 252 | 498 | 740 | 897 |
| Seamen and dependants | - | 12 | 116 | 336 | 610 | 777 | 947 |
| Civilians : <br> Men, women and dependants | - | 14 | 565 | 1,651 | 1,524 | 1,790 | 2,752 |
| Medical treatment to pensioners . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,007 | 983 | 1,295 | 1,405 | 1,658 | 1,957 | 2,415 |
| Miscellaneous | 32 | 27 | 30 | 72 | 83 | 163 | 305 |
| Administration : Local and central | 686 | 748 | 1,212 | 1,561 | 1,827 | 2,017 | 2,274 |

Source : Ministry of Pensions

## War pensions, grants and allowances (continued)

## (ii) Estimated number of beneficiaries

| At 31 March in each year |  |  |  |  |  |  | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| Total | 877,400 | 850,570 | 869,915 | 980,050 | 1,061,055 | 1,224,070 | 1,431,385 |
| Services <br> 1914-18 war and earlier wars : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 877,400 | 846,150 | 817,815 | 789,865 | 763,970 | 740,445 | 714,745 |
| Officers and dependants : Disabled officers .... | 21,520 | 21,140 | 20,690 | 20,265 | 19,850 | 19,475 | 19,095 |
| Widows....... | 7,700 | 7,590 | 7,465 | 7,335 | 7,190 | 7,060 | 6,945 |
| Adult dependants | 3,700 | 3,500 | 3,270 | 3,005 | 2,770 | 2,560 | 2,345 |
| Other ${ }^{( }$) $\ldots . . . . . .$. | 600 | 250 | 105 | 40 | 25 | 380 | 535 |
| Nurses and dependants : Disabled nurses | 885 | 870 | 865 | 845 | 830 | 810 | 800 |
| Dependants ..... | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 15 |
| Other ranks and dependants : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disabled other ranks | 404,685 | 395,675 | 387,100 | 378,395 | 370,360 | 361,605 | 352,725 |
| Widows. | 116,520 | 114,380 | 112,590 | 110,640 | 108,785 | 106,855 | 104,895 |
| Adult dependants | 196,730 | 183,000 | 171,040 | 159,110 | 148,425 | 136,865 | 125,790 |
| Other ${ }^{( }{ }^{1}$ ). | 125,040 | 119,725 | 114,670 | 110,210 | 105,715 | 104,820 | 101,600 |
| 1939-45 war : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Officers and dependants : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disabled officers | - | - | 100 | 755 | 1,455 | 3,030 | 5,630 |
| Widows.. | - | 100 | 1,225 | 2,810 | 4,625 | 7,515 | 10,950 |
| Adult dependants | - | 10 | 120 | 325 | 580 | 1,045 | 1,630 |
| Other ${ }^{1}$ )....... | - | 95 | 1,100 | 2,625 | 4,155 | 8,430 | 15,765 |
| Other ranks and dependants : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disabled other ranks | - | 20 | 5,840 | 35,905 | 64,440 | 116,110 | 177,920 |
| Widows......... | - | 1,285 | 8,050 | 18,670 | 30,030 | 46,210 | 69,260 |
| Adult dependants | - | 190 | 2,195 | 5,610 | 9,490 | 15,710 | 25,390 |
| Other ${ }^{(1)}$. . . . . . . . | - | 1,770 | 18,465 | 77,025 | 123,915 | 214,730 | 325,860 |
| Mercantile marine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Officers : ${ }_{\text {Disabled officers }}$ | - | - | 10 | 75 | 245 | 910 | 1,550 |
| Widows........ | - | 115 | 675 | 1,860 | 2,890 | 3,365 | 3,555 |
| Adult dependants |  | 15 | 125 | 370 | ,605 | , 835 | +900 |
| Other ${ }^{(1)}$. . . . . . | - | 135 | 665 | 1,770 | 2,580 | 3,700 | 4,570 |
| Seamen : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disabled seamen | - | - | 145 | 485 | 810 | 1,840 | 3,195 |
| Widows.. | - | 230 | 1,250 | 2,895 | 4,720 | 5,165 | 5,115 |
| Adult dependants | - | 30 | 315 | 900 | 1,545 | 2,045 | 2,190 |
| Other ${ }^{(1)}$ )......... | - | 385 | 1,775 | 4,580 | 7,170 | 9,155 | 9,725 |
| Civilians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disabled civilians | - | - | 185 | 8,675 | 11,200 | 13,695 | 18,465 |
| Widows. | - | 20 | 4,610 | 8,485 | 9,015 | 9,285 | 10,845 |
| Dependants | - | 2 | 330 | 1580 | 900 | 960 | 1,105 |
| Other ${ }^{( }$) . . . | - | 20 | 4,920 | 15,485 | 16,715 | 19,890 | 23,020 |

[^10]Source : Ministry of Pensions

Offences known to the police and persons proceeded against and found guilty
England and Wales
TABLE 45
Number

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All offences(1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons proceeded against | 745,148 | 863,749 | 879,692 | 759,763 | 623,972 | 554,035 | 517,543 |
| Persons found guilty..... | 695,814 | 803,721 | 802,999 | 689,238 | 569,825 | 500,488 | 467,700 |
| Indictable offences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offences known to police | 303,771 | 305,114 | 358,655 | 364,889 | 372,760 | 415,010 | 478,394 |
| Persons proceeded against | 86,645 | 99,017 | 118,746 | 118,295 | 115,508 | 118,849 | 128,733 |
| Persons found guilty : Total | 78.058 | 89,814 | 107,571 | 107,150 | 104,868 | 106,550 | 115,974 |
| Breaking and entering | 11,714 | 13,353 | 14,762 | 14,625 | 14,548 | 16,554 | 21,260 |
| Frauds and false pretences $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$ | 2,401 | 1,860 | 3,312 | 2,953 | 2,907 | 2,684 | 2,350 |
| Larceny. | 55,341 | 65,117 | 77,206 | 75,189 | 72,620 | 72,829 | 75,975 |
| Receiving | 2,591 | 4,060 | 6,238 | 6,597 | 6,051 | 6,331 | 7,014 |
| Sexual offences ........... | 2,214 | 1,987 | 2,510 | 2,971 | 3,392 | 3,078 | 3,228 |
| Violence against the person: Total. . | 1,708 | 1,445 | 1,589 | 1,622 | 1,846 | 1,898 | 2,459 |
| Murder . .... | 28 | 22 | 24 | 31 | 29 | 20 | 21 |
| Manslaughter | 61 | 63 | 64 | 85 | 62 | 80 | 101 |
| Wounding $\ldots$.................. | 1,413 | 1,177 | 1,259 | 1,250 | 1,370 | 1,404 | 1,869 |
| Other offences against the person Other offences ............... | 2,089 | 1,992 | 1,942 1,94 | 3,193 | 385 3,504 | 1,394 3,176 | 168 3,688 |
| Non-indictable offences( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons proceeded against | 597,117 | 424,392 | 474,590 | 406,934 | 313,673 | 291,096 | 330,692 |
| Persons found guilty : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 557,825 | 381,462 | 417,066 | 354,369 | 278,132 | 255,865 | 297,438 |
| Assaults | 9,959 | 9,847 | 10,079 | 9,605 | 10,571 | 10,785 | 11,390 |
| Betting and gaming( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) | 13,035 | 7,550 | 8,936 | 10,359 | 9,811 | 8,950 | 10,626 |
| Bye-laws and Police Regulations | 28,688 | 23,998 | 23,070 | 21,478 | 19,832 | 16,150 | 13,755 |
| Drunkenness and other offences under Intoxicating Liquor Laws | 54,812 | 48,863 | 43,778 | 29,778 | 29,314 | 24,910 | 22,188 |
| Education Acts ............. | 3,375 | 5,690 | 13,357 | 17,800 | 18,778 | 16,378 | 10,102 |
| Game Laws | 1,774 | 1,449 | 1,481 | 1,354 | 1,398 | 1,161 | 1,508 |
| Labour Laws | 5,883 | 2,754 | 1,792 | 1,878 | 2,220 | 1,943 | 1,774 |
| Malicious damage | 8,384 | 9,778 | 12,059 | 12,343 | 12,082 | 11,361 | 12,632 |
| Offences by prostitutes | 1,977 | 1,761 | 1,621 | 2,122 | 2,371 | 1,630 | 2,096 |
| Railway offences | 1,373 | 6.145 | 9,192 | 11,001 | 11,929 | 12,275 | 14,382 |
| Revenue Laws | 28,375 | 24,899 | 27,286 | 28,813 | 24,134 | 21,304 | 18,248 |
| Stealing ${ }_{\text {Traffic offences }}$ | 1,898 | 2,333 | 4,651 | 4,568 | 5,187 | 3,780 | 3,394 |
| Traffic offences ${ }^{\text {Vagrancy Acts }}{ }^{5}$ ) | 359,669 | 208,152 | 232,938 | 170,680 | 101,337 | 91,798 | 148,419 |
| Vagrancy Acts( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) $\ldots . . .$. | 4,986 | 3,294 | 2,587 | 2,977 | 3,028 | 3,060 | 3,482 |
| Offences against Defence Regulations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons proceeded against | 61,386 | 340,340 | 286,356 | 234,534 | 194,791 | 144,090 | 58,118 |
| Persons found guilty : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 59,931 | 332,445 | 278,362 | 227,719 | 186,825 | 138,073 | 54,288 |
| Lighting offences | 59,758 | 299,260 | 210,934 | 154,080 | 109,757 | 73,831 | 17,594 |
| Looting . . . . . . | - | 426 | 2,508 | 415 | 255 | 561 | 93 |
| Control of industry. | 20 | 5,624 | 13,543 | 22,832 | 30,071 | 24,237 | 17,472 |
| Control of employment | - | - | 275 | 4,114 | 12,583 | 10,124 | 7,597 |
| Strikes and lockouts Traffic offences .... |  | - | 50 | 582 | 1,284 | - | 125 |
| Traffic offences Other offences | 34 | 18,498 | 37,716 | 30,371 | 11,297 | 5,978 | 4,495 |
| Other offences | 119 | 8,637 | 13,336 | 15,325 | 21,578 | 23,342 | 6,912 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Including offences against Defence Regulations.
Source : Home Office
(2) Including offences in connection with bankruptcy.
(2) Excluding offences against Defence Regulations.
(9) Including gaming offences under the Vagrancy Acts.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Excluding gaming offences under the Vagrancy Acts.

Crimes and offences made known to the police and persons proceeded against, convicted or found guilty Scotland
TABLE 46
Number

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All crimes and offences( ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crimes and offences made known to police | 197,089 | 221,752 | 211,701 | 191,526 | 174.739 | 166,163 | 161,671 |
| Persons proceeded against ........... | 133,459 | 149,061 | 149,095 | 129,369 | 115,726 | 106,436 | 92,440 |
| Charge proved without finding of guilt | 5,815 | 6,061 | 5,237 | 5,006 | 4,621 | 4,799 | 4,872 |
| Persons convicted or found guilty. . . . . | 110.719 | 118,277 | 114,559 | 99,492 | 90,291 | 85,144 | 74,487 |
| Crimes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crimes made known to police . . . . . . . | 60,104 | 62,266 | 67,494 | 69,127 | 70,944 | 71,583 | 86,075 |
| Persons proceeded against ... | 22,086 | 25,140 | 27,119 | 27,440 | 26,917 | 25,741 | 28,109 |
| Charge proved without finding of guilt | 4,657 | 5,209 | 4,585 | 4,404 | 4,027 | 3,878 | 4,024 |
| Persons convicted or found guilty : Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 15,227 | 17,705 | 20,150 | 20,492 | 21,141 | 19,828 | 21,816 |
| Frauds and false pretences( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 1,403 | ,787 | 1,039 | 1,070 | 1,003 | ,915 | 975 |
| Housebreaking : . . . . . . . . . . | 2,228 | 2,613 | 2,890 | 3,306 | 3,737 | 3,567 | 4,933 |
| Malicious mischief | 2,372 | 3,089 | 3,244 | 3,328 | 3,188 | 3,181 | 3,735 |
| Reset (Receiving) | 220 | 447 | 574. | 609 | 576 | 692 | 735 |
| Sexual offences . | 361 | 336 | 378 | 453 | 433 | 391 | 479 |
| Theft ${ }^{(3)}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6,685 | 8,636 | 9,872 | 9,676 | 9,477 | 8,785 | 9,024 |
| Violence against the person : Total. . | 1,541 | 1,256 | 1,385 | 1,273 | 1,426 | 1,483 | 994 |
| Murder . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | - | - 13 | - | 1 3 | 4 |
| Culpable homicide . . . . . . . . . . . . | 21 | 13 | ${ }^{6}$ | 13 | 13 | 9 | 15 |
| Assaults . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,220 | 1,008 | 1,123 | 999 | 1,105 | 1,180 | 707 |
| Other crimes against the person .. | 300 | 235 | 256 | 261 | . 308 | 291 | 268 |
| Other crimes . . . . . . . . . . | 417 | 541 | 768 | 777 | 1,301 | 814 | $941^{\circ}$ |
| Miscellaneous offences( ${ }^{4}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offences made known to police | 136,985 | 100,866 | 99,423 | 86,602 | 72,970 | 64,716 | 65,801 |
| Persons proceeded against . . . . . . . . . | 111,373 | 88,297 | 87,934 | 74,958 | 64,262 | 58,136 | 56,597 |
| Charge proved without finding of guilt | 1,158 | 770 | 602 | 555 | 504 | 835 | 776 |
| Persons convicted or found guilty : Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95,492 | 65,930 | 61,549 | 53,003 | 46,061 | 43,864 | 45,701 |
| Betting and gaming | 3,348 | 1,749 | 1,972 | 2,183 | 1,861 | 1,838 | 1,644 |
| Breach of the peace . . . . . . . . . . . . | 16,019 | 13,275 | 12,662 | 12,265 | 12,393 | 11,617 | 11,802 |
| Drunkenness and other offences against the Intoxicating Liquor Laws | 13,929 | 12,345 | 9,646 | 6,150 | 5,179 | 3,569 | 2,777 1,779 |
| Education Acts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 132 | 146 | 825 | 1,495 | 2,065 | 2,082 | 1,779 182 |
| Game Laws. | 250 | 147 | 160 | 180 | 167 | 166 | 182 |
| Labour Laws | 596 | 353 | 251 | 304 | 263 | 216 | 177 |
| Police Regulations | 8,342 | 8,420 | 7,198 | 6,569 | 6,017 | 5,217 | 5,168 |
| Prostitution | 125 | 33 | 40 | 125 | 246 | 298 | 235 |
| Railway offences | 373 555 | 306 | 310 | 292 | 375 | 720 | 551 |
| Revenue Laws . | 555 | 326 | 319 | 208 | 246 | 231 | 264 |
| Road Acts(b) | 39,766 | 23,124 | 22,576 | 17,548 | 12,155 | 12,299 | 16,577 |
| Streets and buildings | 616 | 497 | 594 | 488 | 414 | 341 | 454 |
| Vagrancy Acts . . . . | 1,090 | 743 4.466 | 561 | 673 | 733 | 828 | 861 |
| Other offences | 10,351 | 4,466 | 4,435 | 4,523 | 3,947 | 4,442 | 3,230 |
| Ofiences against war legislation Offences made known to police | - | 58,620 | 44,784 | 35,797 | 30,825 | 29,864 | 9,795 |
| Persons proceeded against ... . | - | 35,624 | 34,042 | 26,971 | 24,547 | 22,559 | 7,734 |
| Charge proved without finding of guilt | - | 82 | 50 | 47 | 90 | 86 | 72 |
| Persons convicted or found guilty : Total | - | 34,642 | 32,860 | 25,997 | 23,089 | 21,452 | 6,970 |
| National Registration Act, 1939.... . | - | 96 | 271 | 473 | 322 | 1,214 | 274 |
| Defence Regulations : <br> Lights in buildings | - | 25,142 | 20,403 | 13,683 | 8,228 | 3,408 | . . |
| Lights on vehicles. | - | 6,148 | 5,234 | 3,602 | 3,288 | 2,982 | . |
| Other offences | - | 3,256 | 6,952 | 8,239 | 11,251 | 13,848 | . |

(1) Including offences against war legislation.
(2) Including offences in connection with bankruptcy.
(2) Including embezzlement.
(9) Excluding offences against war legislation.
(b) Including cases of "furious and reckless driving".

Source : Scottish Home Department

Offences known to the police and persons proceeded against and found guilty
Northern Ireland
TABLE 47
Number

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All offences( ${ }^{1}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons proceeded against | 44,109 | 49,076 | 55,746 | 52,955 | 54,047 | 54,522 | 44,815 |
| Persons found guilty................ | 40,498 | 46,017 | 52,634 | 49,307 | 50,178 | 50,813 | 41,908 |
| Indictable offences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offences known to police | 2,579 | 2,990 | 3,586 | 4,307 | 4,566 | 5,123 | 5,709 |
| Persons proceeded against | 2,249 | 2,810 | 2,861 | 3,412 | 3,518 | 3,266 | 3,157 |
| Persons found guilty : Total | 2,009 | 2,469 | 2,546 | 2,933 | 2,980 | 2,752 | 2,697 |
| Breaking and entering | 382 | 449 | 443 | 433 | 499 | 448 | 505 |
| Frauds and false pretences( ${ }^{2}$ ) ... | 58 | 43 | 73 | 82 | 70 | 65 | 65 |
| Larceny. | 1,286 | 1,627 | 1,644 | 1,879 | 1,873 | 1,764 | 1,643 |
| Receiving | 95 | 179 | 202 | 260 | 256 | 244 | 199 |
| Sexual offences | 26 | 20 | 24 | 31 | 28 | 31 | 43 |
| Violence against the person: Total | 63 | 34 | 52 | 76 | 81 | 77 | 62 |
| Murder | 1 | - | - | 7 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Manslaughter. | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 4 | $\frac{1}{5}$ |
| Wounding ............... | 12 | 7 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 15 | 5 |
| Other offences against the person | 46 | 23 | 40 | 62 | 73 | 54 | 55 |
| Other offences | 99 | 117 | 108 | 172 | 173 | 123 | 180 |
| Non-indictable offences( ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons proceeded against | 36,593 | 28,892 | 30,476 | 32,059 | 30,365 | 35,383 | 35,244 |
| Persons found guilty : Total $\ldots . . . . . .$. | 33,398 | 26,525 | 28,172 | 29,676 | 28,248 | 32.790 | 33,020 |
| Assaults | 33,391 | 26,569 | 28,141 | ,481 | ,661 | '505 | 621 |
| Betting and gaming( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) | 3,382 | 2,180 | 1,938 | 2,043 | 2,193 | 2.434 | 2,754 |
| Byelaws and Police Regulations | 1,755 | 1,415 | 1,398 | 1,641 | 1,796 | 2,306 | 2,522 |
| Drunkenness and other offences under Intoxicating Liquor Laws | 4,023 | 3,149 | 2,689 | 1,874 | 1,696 | 1,476 | 1,456 |
| Education Acts ................ | 1,265 | 1,527 | 1,705 | 1,856 | 2,585 | 2,654 | 2,040 |
| Game Laws | 68 | 66 | 56 | 64 | 24 | 2,61 | 77 |
| Labour Laws | 496 | 257 | 178 | 121 | 87 | 63 | 77 |
| Malicious damage | 289 | 267 | 333 | 391 | 485 | 476 | 496 |
| Offences by prostitutes | 27 | 2 | 15 | 171 | 185 | 129 | 156 |
| Railway offences | 49 | 55 | 26 | 146 | 208 | 182 | 94 |
| Revenue Laws | 1,287 | 1,084 | 874 | 1,121 | 1,589 | 1,811 | 1,135 |
| Stealing | 60 | 123 | 127 | 217 | 241 | 184 | 159 |
| Traffic offences | 17,637 | 13,917 | 15,020 | 15,733 | 13,957 | 16,634 | 18,816 |
| Vagrancy Acts ${ }^{5}$ ) ....... | 429 | 323 | 235 | 378 | ${ }^{386}$ | +467 | 353 |
| Wireless Telegraphy Acts Other offences | 6 | 17 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 8 |
| Other offences | 2,134 | 1,674 | 3,134 | 3,437 | 2,154 | 3,416 | 2,256 |
| Offences against Defence Regulations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offences known to police | 5,267 | 17,374 | 22.411 | 17,485 | 20,164 | 15,873 | 6.414 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lighting offences | 5,060 | 15,589 | 18,420 | 12,584 | 11,254 | 9,405 | 3,606 |
| Looting ..... | - | 1,434 | 153 3,343 | 4,114 | -7,696 | $\overline{5,866}$ | $\overline{2,585}$ |
| Other offences |  | 1,434 | 3,343 | 4,14 |  | 5,866 |  |

${ }^{(1)}$ Including offences against Defence Regulations.
Source : Ministry of Home Affairs
(2) Including offences in connection with bankruptcy.
(3) Excluding offences against Defence Regulations.
(9) Including gaming offences under the Vagrancy Acts.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{5}\right)$ Excluding gaming offences under the Vagrancy Acts.

Juvenile delinquency ${ }^{(1)}$
England and Wales
TABLE 48
Number

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Juveniles found guilty |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All offences | 53,106 | 66,080 | 72,483 | 66,522 | 68,049 | 68,069 | 73,620 |
| Indictable offences : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 30,835 | 42,187 | 43,594 | 38,549 | 38,763 | 40,554 | 43,503 |
| Larceny............................ | 21,476 | 29,545 | 29,698 | 25,291 | 25,378 | 25,931 | 26,443 |
| Breaking and entering . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 7,715 | 10,275 | 10,982 | 10,512 | 10,281 | 11,544 | 13,664 |
| Receiving . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 558 | 971 | 1,202 | 937 | 969 | 939 | 979 |
| Sexual offences | 495 | 465 | 540 | 503 | 621 | 594 | 636 |
| Frauds, etc. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | 138 | 163 | 167 | 135 | 130 | 94 |
| Violence against the person........... | 136 | 141 | 176 | 124 | 180 | 176 | 244 |
| Other offences . | 355 | 652 | 833 | 1,015 | 1,199 | 1,240 | 1,443 |
| Non-indictable offences : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total................................ . | 21,291 | 20,341 | 24,160 | 24,347 | 24,816 | 23,391 | 27,575 |
| Highway Acts | 8,376 | 5,766 | 5,826 | 5,184 | 4,421 | 4,532 | 8,109 |
| Police Regulations | 2,048 | 1,508 | 1,250 | 1,564 | 1,700 | 1,651 | 1,903 |
| Malicious damage . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5,091 | 6,776 | 8,530 | 9,068 | 8,497 | 8,113 | 8,717 |
| Railway offences | 2,110 | 1,793 | 1,949 | 2,274 | 3,252 | 3,249 | 3,361 |
| Stealing............................. . | 1,040 | 1,530 | 3,319 | 3,198 | 3,697 | 2,719 | 2,241 |
| Betting and gaming. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 602 | 866 | 1,131 | 878 | 777 | 499 | 439 |
| Other offences . | 2,024 | 2,102 | 2,155 | 2,181 | 2,472 | 2,628 | 2,805 |
| Offences against Defence Regulations : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total............................... . | 980 | 3,552 | 4,729 | 3,626 | 4,470 | 4,124 | 2,542 |
| Lighting offences . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 974 | 3,183 | 3,315 | 2,772 | 2,594 | 2,307 | 1,481 |
| Looting. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 220 | 946 | 137 | 118 | 150 | 25 |
| Control of industry.................. | - | 9 | 36 | 105 | 136 | 148 | 115 |
| Preservation of agricultural land ...... | - | 29 | 163 | 165 | 724 | 530 | 176 |
| Other offences . | 6 | 111 | 269 | 447 | 898 | 989 | 745 |

(I) Young persons under 17 years of age.

Source : Home Office

Juvenile delinquency( ${ }^{1}$ )
Scotland
TABLE 49
Number

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942. | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All crimes and offences( ${ }^{( }$) Charges proved without finding of guilt Juveniles found guilty ............... | 10,957 | 13,885 | 14,290 | 15,138 | 15,770 | 15,264 | 4,292 15,952 |
| Crimes Charges proved without finding of guilt Juveniles found guilty | 5,404 | 8,250 | 8,757 | 8,663 | 8,526 | 7,702 | 3,679 8,539 |
| Miscellaneous offences ${ }^{(3)}$ <br> Charges proved without finding of guilt <br> Juveniles found guilty $\qquad$ | 5,553 | 5.238 | 4,967 | 5,921 | 6,647 | 6,977 | 550 7,141 |
| Offences against war legislation Charges proved without finding of guilt Juveniles found guilty................ | 二 | 397 | 566 | 554 | 597 | 585 | 63 272 |

(1) Young persons under 17 years of age.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Including offences against war legislation.
${ }^{(2)}$ Excluding offences against war legislation.
Source : Scottish Home Department

Juvenile delinquency ${ }^{(1)}$
Northern Ireland
TABLE 50
Number

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Juveniles found guilty All offences .... | 1,706 | 1,971 | 1,826 | 1,888 | 2,032 | 2,234 | 2,069 |
| Indictable offences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ........................ | 717 | 1,126 | 906 | 929 | 898 | 811 | 701 |
| Larceny. | 455 | 781 | 598 | 608 | 554 | 516 | 417 |
| Breaking and entering | 206 | 281 | 252 | 243 | 222 | 209 | 186 |
| Receiving...... | 15 | 35 | 22 | 20 | 35 | 33 | 16 |
| Sexual offences | 6 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Frauds, etc. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - 5 | 7 | 4 | 3 | - | 3 | 2 |
| Violence against the person..... Other offences | 5 30 | -21 | -29 | - 51 | - 84 | 3 46 | 2 76 |
| Non-indictable offences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ....... | 960 | 814 | 817 | 882 | 1,001 | 1,275 | 1,329 |
| Highway Acts | 389 | 292 | 194 | 190 | 240 | 353 | 348 |
| Police Regulations | 351 | 282 | 241 | 230 | 237 | 432 | 497 |
| Malicious damage | 145 | 128 | 213 | 197 | 248 | 227 | 270 |
| Railway offences . | 12 20 | 13 52 | 8 89 | 49 144 | 58 136 | 76 110 | 85 |
| Betting and gaming | - | 1 | 4 | 3 | 9 | 11 | 18 |
| Other offences | 43 | 46 | 68 | 69 | 73 | 66 | 65 |
| Offences against Defence Regulations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 29 | 31 | 103 | 77 | 133 | 148 | 39 |
| Lighting offences | 29 | 26 | 33 | 58 | 53 | 54 | 18 |
| Looting ..................... | - | 5 | 43 27 | -19 | ${ }^{80}$ | -94 | 21 |

(1) Young persons under 16 years of age.

Source : Ministry of Home Affairs

## Prison population: Receptions and daily average population

TABLE 51
Number

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| England and Wales Receptions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 44,513 | 40,455 | 48,089 | 51,217 | 45,084 | 47,135 | 48,094 |
| Males | 39,766 | 34,202 | 42,101 | 43,938 | 37,343 | 38,530 | 40,713 |
| Females. | 4,747 | 6,253 | 5,988 | 7,279 | 7,741 | 8,605 | 7,381 |
| Committals on remand or for trial | 7,628 | 8,214 | 10,653 | 11,259 | 9,084 | 9,896 | 10,699 |
| Committals by civil process (non-payment of monies, etc.)(1) | 7,116 | 6,347 | 4,023 | 3,900 | 3,136 | 2,956 | 3,276 |
| Committals in default of payment of fines ................. | 7,139 | 4,474 | 3,510 | 3,702 | 4,031 | 3,737 | 3,302 |
| Sentences of imprisonment without the option of a fine( ${ }^{2}$ ). . . | 20,690 | 19,629 | 27,641 | 29,870 | 26,438 | 27,788 | 26,815 |
| Sentences of penal servitude ${ }^{( }{ }^{2}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 522 | 502 | 523 | 813 | 831 | 1,098 | 1,560 |
| Sentences of Borstal detention | 1,418 | 1,289 | 1,739 | 1,673 | 1,564 | 1,660 | 2,442 |
| Daily average population : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.............. | 10,326 | 9,377 | 10,634 | 12,400 | 12,790 | 12,915 | 14,708 |
| Unconvicted( ${ }^{3}$ ) | 1,034 | 1,781 | 1,450 | 1,440 | 1,281 | 1,333 | 1,433 |
| Convicted | 9,292 | 7,596 | 9,184 | 10,960 | 11,509 | 11,582 | 13,275 |
| Scotland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receptions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 13,953 | 13,251 | 12,143 | 11,397 | 11,085 | 10,884 | 12,360 |
| Males | 11,882 | 11,432 | 10,629 | 9,967 | 9,363 | 9,266 | 10,849 |
| Females. | 2,071 | 1,819 | 1,514 | 1,430 | 1,722 | 1,618 | 1,511 |
| Ordinary prisoners(') | 13,739 | 13,112 | 11,943 | 11,100 | 10,772 | 10,617 |  |
| Convicts(5) . . . . . . | $\begin{array}{r}13,739 \\ \hline 152\end{array}$ | 13,117 | 11,20 | - 29 | - 28 | 10,614 | -58 |
| Offenders sentenced to Borstal detention | 152 | 107 | 163 | 243 | 270 | 218 | 291 |
| Others | 29 | 14 | 17 | 25 | 15 | 15 | 18 |
| Daily average population. | 1,350 | 1,320 | 1,337 | 1,559 | 1,560 | 1,606 | 1,958 |
| Northern Ireland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receptions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,183 | 2,115 | 1,991 | 2,243 | 1,836 | 1,977 | 1,866 |
| Males | 1,743 | 1,699 | 1,676 | 1,828 | 1,378 | 1,517 | 1,502 |
| Females | 440 | 416 | 315 | 415 | 458 | 460 | 364 |
| Committals on remand or for trial | 272 | 263 | 508 | 683 | 507 | 513 | 605 |
| Committals by civil process (non-payment of monies, etc.)(1) | 34 | 14 | 18 | 22 | 19 | 27 | 29 |
| Committals in default of payment of fines | 985 | 920 | 354 | 282 | 273 | 257 | 259 |
| Sentences of imprisonment without the option of a fine( ${ }^{2}$ ). | 850 | 820 | 1,040 | 1,178 | 955 34 | 1,114 | 886 |
| Sentences of penal servitude( ${ }^{2}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10 | 51 | 27 | 39 | 34 | ${ }^{1} 13$ | 7 |
| Sentences of Borstal detention | 32 | 47 | 44 | 39 | 48 | 53 | 80 |
| Daily average population : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 373 | 363 | 445 | 550 | 499 | 516 | 490 |
| Unconvicted( ${ }^{(3)}$ | 21 | 31 | 28 | 29 | 36 | 21 | 26 |
| Convicted. | 352 | 332 | 417 | 521 | 463 | 495 | 464 |

(a) Including committals in default of sureties.
(2) Including sentences imposed by Courts Martial.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Prisoners on remand or awaiting trial and prisoners committed by civil process.
( ${ }^{4}$ ) Convicted and untried and forfeited and revoked licence-holders under the Penal Servitude Acts.
${ }^{(5)}$ New sentences of penal servitude and death.

Source : Prison Commission for England and Wales, Scottish Home Department and Ministry of Home Affairs, Northern Ireland

Divorce proceedings( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 52
Number

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) Excluding proceedings for judicial separation and for the restitution of conjugal rights.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ The increase in the number of proceedings during the years 1939 to 1945 is to some extent due to the introduction of new legislation which gave additional grounds for divorce.

Source : Lord Chancellor's Department (England and Wales), Scottish Home Department and High Court of Justice (Northern Ireland)

Number of houses built( ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ )
TABLE 53
Number

(1) Including flats, each flat being counted as one unit.
() The Scottish National Housing Companies, Scottish Special Housing Association and the Northern Ireland Housing Trust are included in the figures for local authorities, but other housing associations are included in the figures for private builders.
(') Accommodation for the families of police, prison staffs, defence services and other Government employees and, in Northern Ireland, houses built on behalf of the Irish Sailors' and Soldiers' Land Trust.
(9) Excluding houses in England and Wales having a rateable value exceeding $£ 78$ (or $£ 105$ in the Metropolitan Police District).
(b) Years ended 31 March, from 1934-35 to 1944-45 for England and Wales, and from 1934-35 to 1938-39 for Northern Ireland. Thereafter calendar years.

## Construction activity( ${ }^{1}$ ): Estimated value of work done

## Great Britain

| £ million |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of work | Description | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| Total |  | 425 | 470 | 425 | 350 | 290 | 290 |
| Military construction . . . . . . . . | Airfields, camps and training establishments, defence works, storage depots, etc. | 140 | 120 | 125 | 122 | 49 | 12 |
| Industrial facilities | Factories, warehouses and storage premises ............ | 80 | 76 | 65 | 46 | 29 | 25 |
| Civil defence ................ | Air raid precautions, public shelters, static water supplies, etc. | -• | 42 | 23 | 12 | 9 | - |
| Residential building........... | Construction of hostels and houses | . | 22 | 16 | 6 | 13 | 30 |
| Roads and streets . . . . . . . . . . . | Strengthening, widening and major maintenance | . | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Public and institutional buildings | Hospitals, schools, etc. | $\cdots$ | 6 | 6 | 9 | 6 | 5 |
| Public utilities ................ | Electricity, gas, water, sewerage, railways, ports, canals, tramways, etc. | . | 19 | 16 | 12 | 8 | 12 |
| Mining ....................... | Mines and opencast coal production. | . | - | 2 | 7 | 13 | 14 |
| Air raid damage . . . . . . . . . . . | Repairs, demolition and debris clearance | 6 | 63 | 61 | 50 | 58 | 113 |
| All other work | Including conversion, adaptation, maintenance and repair (other than war damage repair) of houses. | . | 120 | 108 | 83 | 102 | 77 |

[^11]
## IV. AGRICULTURE AND FOOD

Area of crops and grassland
Great Britain
TABLE 55

${ }^{(1)}$ Excluding rough grazings.
Source : Agricultural Department

## Area of crops and grassland

Northern Ireland
TABLE 56
Thousand acres

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1936-38 } \\ & \text { average } \end{aligned}$ | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crops and grass(1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.......... | 2,478 | 2,478 | 2,331 | 2,296 | 2,277 | 2,252 | 2,263 | 2,265 |
| Arable land | 1,097 | 1,036 | 1,143 | 1,249 | 1,323 | 1,341 | 1,337 | 1,318 |
| Permanent grassland..... | 1,382 | 1,442 | 1,188 | 1,047 | 955 | 910 | 926 | 947 |
| Tilage | 472 | 471 | 660 | 798 | 828 | 851 | 840 | 786 |
| Wheat | 6 | 3 | 12 | 18 | 12 | 14 | 5 | 2 |
| Barley . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3 | 3 | 18 | 18 | 15 | 14 | 16 | 14 |
| Oats. | 273 | 291 | 397 | 449 | 475 | 470 | 441 | 448 |
| Mixed corn . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | 5 | 15 | 17 | 15 | 9 | 7 |
| Rye (threshed)........... | 127 | 115 | - 137 | - 157 | - | 197 | 198 | 190 |
| Potatoes ............... | 127 | 115 | 137 | 157 | 187 | 197 | 198 | 190 |
| Beans ................ |  | $\overline{23}$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Turnips and swedes ... | 29 | 23 | 26 | 29 | 26 | 24 | 22 | 21 |
| Mangolds . . . . . . | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Flax for fibre (as straw) | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Fruit ................. | 8 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Vegetables | 8 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Other crops . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Temporary grassland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ................... | 625 | 565 | 483 | 451 | 495 | 491 | 497 | 532 |
| For hay. | 209 | 212 | 211 | 202 | 245 | 238 | 225 | 240 |
| For grazing | 416 | 353 | 272 | 249 | 250 | 252 | 272 | 291 |
| Permanent grassland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total................... | 1,382 | 1,442 | 1,188 | 1,047 | 955 | 910 | 926 | 947 |
| For hay. | 216 | 223 | 221 | 199 | 191 | 180 | 180 | 179 |
| For grazing . . . . . . . . . . | 1,165 | 1,218 | 968 | 848 | 764 | 730 | 746 | 769 |
| Rough grautags. . . . . . . . . . . | 533 | 534 | 644 | 659 | 670 | 700 | 707 | 706 |

( ${ }^{( }$) Excluding rough grazings.
Source : Ministry of Agriculture, Northern Ireland

## Estimated quantity of crops and grass harveated <br> Great Brttain

TABLE 57

|  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Source : Agricultural Departments
Estimated quantity of crops and grass harvested
TABLE 58
Northern Ireland

|  | 1936-38 average | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat | 6 | 3 | 13 | 18 | 11 | 12 | 4 | 2 |
| Barley | 3 | 3 | 15 | 17 | 14 | 13 | 15 | 12 |
| Oats | 264 | 270 | 378 | 432 | 428 | 394 | 379 | 383 |
| Mixed corn | - | - | 4 | 15 | 16 | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| Rye (grain) | $\overline{788}$ | - | - $\overline{030}$ | 1221 | 1231 | 11 | 1 | 119 |
| Potatoes . . . . | 788 | 864 | 1,030 | 1,221 | 1,231 | 1,285 | 1,070 | 1,089 |
| Fodder crops : Beans | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Turnips and swedes | 433 | 385 | 448 | 466 | 380 | 336 | 318 | 324 |
| Mangolds . . . . . | 17 | 19 | 29 | 30 | 22 | 20 | 17 | 16 |
| Straw: <br> Wheat | 8 | 4 | 15 | 23 | 14 | 16 | 6 | 2 |
| Barley | 3 | 4 | 18 | 19 | 16 | 15 | 19 | 15 |
| Oat . | 382 | 383 | 528 | 579 | 585 | 557 | 553 | 537 |
| Mixed corn. | - | 1 | 6 | 20 | 21 | 18 | 11 | 9 |
| Flax for fibre (as straw). | 43 | 42 | 93 | 180 | 146 | 187 | 249 | 161 |
| Fruit ................. | 23 | 27 | 25 | 28 | 35 | 13 | 54 | 7 |
| Vegetables | 15 | 13 | 21 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 35 | 29 |
| Hay from temporary grassland. | 339 | 315 | 338 | 314 | 387 | 400 | 344 | 352 |
| Hay from permanent grassland | 458 | 419 | 460 | 390 | 371 | 387 | 359 | 338 |

Source : Ministry of Agriculture, Northern Ireland

Estimated yield per acre
Great Britain
TABLE 59

|  | Unit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1936-38 } \\ & \text { average } \end{aligned}$ | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat | Cwts. | 17.7 | 18.6 | 18.1 | 17.8 | 20.4 | 19.9 | 19.5 | $19 \cdot 1$ |
| Barley | " | 16.4 | 17.6 | 16.5 | 15.5 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 17.7 | 19.0 |
| Oats. | " | 15.7 | $16 \cdot 2$ | 16.8 | $16 \cdot 1$ | $17 \cdot 1$ | 16.6 | 16.0 | 17.3 |
| Mixed corn | " | 15.8 | 17.2 | 17.2 | 16.1 | 17.0 | 15.7 | 16.5 | 16.8 |
| Rye (grain) | " | 12.5 | 13.7 | 12.6 | 13.2 | 15.4 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.6 |
| Potatoes. | Tons | 6.9 | $7 \cdot 4$ | 7.7 | 7.0 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 7.2 | 6.6 | 7.2 |
| Sugar beet | " | $8 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 3$ | 9.7 | 9.3 | $9 \cdot 3$ | 9.1 | 7.7 | 9.4 |
| Fodder crops : | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beans | Cwts. | $16 \cdot 3$ | 16.4 | 12.0 | 16.0 | 14.7 | 15.8 | 13.4 | $15 \cdot 7$ |
| Peas |  | $14 \cdot 6$ | 12.7 | 16.0 | $13 \cdot 3$ | 15.2 | 13.7 | 12.3 | 13.6 |
| Turnips and swedes | Tons | $14 \cdot 1$ | $14 \cdot 1$ | 14.4 | 14.3 | $15 \cdot 4$ | 14.5 | 14.9 | 15.1 |
| Mangolds | " | 18.0 | 18.9 | 18.5 | $19 \cdot 3$ | $20 \cdot 3$ | 20.4 | 18.1 | 21.3 |
| Straw: | Cwts. | $22 \cdot 3$ | 22.5 | 20.6 | 20.9 | 22.4 | 21.8 | 20.7 | $20 \cdot 3$ |
| Barley |  | $15 \cdot 5$ | $16 \cdot 6$ | 14.5 | 14.9 | 17.0 | 16.1 | $15 \cdot 2$ | 16.1 |
| Oat | ", | 20.8 | 20.9 | 19.0 | $20 \cdot 1$ | 20.8 | 19.9 | 19.1 | 19.8 |
| Hops | " | 13.5 | $15 \cdot 3$ | 14.5 | 14.5 | 14.2 | 14.9 | 13.0 | 14.1 |
| Mustard (seed) |  | 8.5 | 9.3 | 7.6 | 6.9 | 8.7 | 7.0 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 7.6 |
| Flax for fibre (as straw). | Tons | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.6 | $1 \cdot 6$ | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Hay from temporary grassland. | Cwts. | 26.9 | 26.9 | 27.3 | 27.7 | 28.8 | 29.0 | 25.5 | 29.7 |
| Hay from permanent grassland | " | $19 \cdot 2$ | 20.0 | 17.7 | 19.5 | 19.4 | $20 \cdot 2$ | $17 \cdot 2$ | 21.1 |

Source : Agricultural Departments

## Estimated yield per acre

Northern Ireland
TABLE 60

|  | Unit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1936-38 } \\ & \text { average } \end{aligned}$ | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat | Cwts. | $20 \cdot 7$ | $20 \cdot 4$ | 21.5 | $20 \cdot 6$ | $18 \cdot 5$ | $17 \cdot 6$ | 17.9 | $17 \cdot 5$ |
| Barley | " | $19 \cdot 0$ | $17 \cdot 8$ | $17 \cdot 0$ | $19 \cdot 6$ | $18 \cdot 1$ | 17.9 | $18 \cdot 4$ | $17 \cdot 4$ |
| Oats. | " | $19 \cdot 3$ | $18 \cdot 5$ | 19.0 | $19 \cdot 2$ | $18 \cdot 0$ | $16 \cdot 8$ | $17 \cdot 2$ | $17 \cdot 1$ |
| Mixed corn | $\cdots$ | - | $18 \cdot 5$ | $18 \cdot 7$ | $19 \cdot 1$ | $18 \cdot 5$ | $17 \cdot 7$ | $17 \cdot 9$ | $17 \cdot 7$ |
| Rye (grain) | ", | $12 \cdot 5$ | $13 \cdot 7$ | $12 \cdot 6$ | 13.2 | $15 \cdot 4$ | $14 \cdot 8$ | $14 \cdot 7$ | $14 \cdot 7$ |
| Potatoes . . | Tons | $6 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 8$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 7$ |
| Fodder crops : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beans | Cwts. | $16 \cdot 3$ | 16.4 | $12 \cdot 2$ | 15.9 | $14 \cdot 6$ | $15 \cdot 7$ | $13 \cdot 2$ | 15.6 |
| Peas . . . . . . . . . . |  | - | 16.4 | $\overline{16.9}$ | $13 \cdot 5$ | $15 \cdot 3$ | $13 \cdot 7$ | $12 \cdot 6$ | 13.6 |
| Turnips and swedes | Tons | 15.0 15.8 | 16.4 16.3 | 16.9 | $16 \cdot 3$ 15.3 | 14.8 | 14.2 | 14.5 | 15.2 |
| Mangolds Straw: | " | $15 \cdot 8$ | $16 \cdot 3$ | $17 \cdot 2$ | $15 \cdot 3$ | 14.0 | $14 \cdot 4$ | $14 \cdot 6$ | $14 \cdot 3$ |
| Wheat | Cwts. | $27 \cdot 8$ | 24.8 | 25.6 | $26 \cdot 7$ | 23.0 | $23 \cdot 3$ | $25 \cdot 4$ | $24 \cdot 7$ |
| Barley | " | $23 \cdot 5$ | $20 \cdot 5$ | $20 \cdot 5$ | $22 \cdot 1$ | $20 \cdot 7$ | 21.2 | 24.0 | 21.4 |
| Oat ..... | " | $27 \cdot 9$ | $26 \cdot 3$ | 26.6 | $25 \cdot 8$ | $24 \cdot 6$ | 23.7 | $25 \cdot 1$ | 24.0 |
| Mixed corn ........ |  | $\bar{\square}$ | $26 \cdot 3$ | 26.6 | 25.8 | $24 \cdot 6$ | 23.7 | $25 \cdot 1$ | 24.0 |
| Flax for fibre (as straw) | Tons | $2 \cdot 0$ | $2 \cdot 0$ | 2.0 | $2 \cdot 0$ | $2 \cdot 0$ | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Hay from temporary grassland. | Cwts. | $32 \cdot 4$ | 29.7 37.5 | 32.0 | $31 \cdot 1$ | 31.7 | $33 \cdot 6$ | $30 \cdot 5$ | 29.3 |
| Hay from permanent grassland | " | $42 \cdot 3$ | $37 \cdot 5$ | 41.7 | $39 \cdot 2$ | $38 \cdot 9$ | 42.9 | $39 \cdot 9$ | $37 \cdot 8$ |

## Number of cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry on agricultural holdings

Great Britain
TABLE 61
At June in each year
Thousands

|  | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 7,853 | 7,909 | 8,030 | 8,119 | 8,361 | 8,153 | 8,248 | 8,428 | 8,616 | 8,697 |
| Cows and heifers in milk | 2,596 | 2,583 | 2,606 | 2,628 | 2,647 | 2,667 | 2,587 | 2,674 | 2,686 | 2,673 |
| Cows in calf but not in milk | 461 | 450 | 429 | 447 | 455 | 489 | 545 | 596 | 605 | 576 |
| Heifers in calf with first calf. | 514 | 530 | 541 | 539 | 596 | 552 | 751 | 729 | 744 | 747 |
| Bulls being used for service .. | 101 | 104 | 106 | 109 | 110 | 111 | 120 | 126 | 127 | 129 |
| Other cattle : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two years old and over ..... | 1,109 | 1,117 | 1,099 | 1,144 | 1,214 | 1,056 | 1,086 | 1,092 | 1,188 | 1,311 |
| One year and under two Under one year | 1,490 | 1,535 | 1,649 | 1,575 | 1,667 | 1,577 | 1,646 | 1,654 | 1,674 | 1,628 |
| Sheep and lambs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 24,205 | 24,712 | 25,882 | 25,993 | 25,465 | 21,445 | 20,764 | 19,700 | 19,435 | 19,496 |
| Ewes for breeding | 10,548 | 10,606 | 10,406 | 10,572 | 10,309 | 8,865 | 8,520 | 7,899 | 7,820 | 7,916 |
| Rams for service | 327 | 338 | 296 | 305 | 298 | 249 | 246 | 237 | 235 | 234 |
| Other sheep : One year old and over | 2,315 | 2,120 | 3,825 | 3,451 | 3,734 | 3,407 | 2,982 | 3,109 | 3,167 | 3,218 |
| Under one year ..... | 11,015 | 11,649 | 11,355 | 11,664 | 11,125 | 8,924 | 9,016 | 8,454 | 8,213 | 8,127 |
| Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 4,040 | 3,883 | 3,822 | 3,767 | 3,631 | 2,207 | 1,872 | 1,571 | 1,631 | 1,903 |
| Sows for breeding | 512 | 487 | 463 | 479 | 426 | 216 | 221 | 162 | 226 | 218 |
| Boars for service | 37 | 35 | 33 | 33 | 30 | 18 | 18 | 15 | 19 | 19 |
| Other pigs : Five months old and over ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five months old and over ... |  | 3,361 |  | 1,677 | 1,567 | 633 933 |  | 573 515 | 582 | 651 |
| Under two months | $\}^{3,491}$ | 3,361 | 3,326 | 1,616 | 1781 | 408 | 406 | 307 | 377 | 386 |
| Poultry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 70,005 | 63,704 | 64,053 | 64,137 | 62,121 | 49,126 | 43,212 | 35,299 | 38,481 | 44,665 |
| Total fowls | 65,698 | 59,830 | 59,920 | 60,234 | 58,545 | 46,233 | 40,160 | 32,241 | 34,986 | 40,615 |
| Six months and over | 29,142 | 27,997 | 26,475 | 26,610 | 29,554 | 28,418 | 20,446 | 16,247 | 15,976 | 17,533 |
| Under six months ........... | 36,556 | 31,833 | 33,445 | 33,624 | 28,991 | 17,815 | 19,714 | 15,994 | 19,010 | 23,083 |
| Ducks ............ | 2,843 | 2,499 | 2,564 | 2,467 | 2,263 | 1,796 | 1,981 | 1,939 | 2,234 | 2,542 |
| Geese. | 661 | 577 | 634 | 611 | 608 | 620 | 648 | 707 | 779 | 866 |
| Turkeys........................ | 804 | 797 | 934 | 825 | 705 | 477 | 423 | 411 | 483 | 642 |

Number of cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry on agricultural holdings
Northern Ireland
TABLE 62
At June in each year
Thousands

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) Included with " other cattle ".
Source : Ministry of Agriculture, Northern Ireland

Horses grazed on agricultural land
TABLE 63
At June in each year
Thousands

|  | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Great Bittain } \\ & \text { Total ..... } \end{aligned}$ | 1,013 | 1,005 | 1,002 | 987 | 959 | 962 | 917 | 871 | 829 | 796 |
| Used for agricultural purposes (1) | 672 | 663 | 668 | 649 | 642 | 667 | 585 | 616 | 577 | 545 |
| Unbroken horses : One year old and over Under one year . . . . . | 108 57 | 114 | 122 60 | 131 57 | 126 50 | 114 | 105 39 | 90 37 | 87 36 | 87 34 |
| stallions being used for service | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Other (') | 171 | 162 | 148 | 146 | 136 | 136 | 184 | 125 | 126 | 127 |
| Northern Ireland Total $\qquad$ | 99 | 98 | 99 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 95 | 90 | 88 | 85 |
| Used for agricultural purposes (1) | 81 | 81 | 80 | 76 | 77 | 80 | 80 | 77 | 75 | 72 |
| Unbroken horses : <br> One year old and over (') <br> Under one year | 5 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 7 | 9 | 8 | 7 3 | 6 3 | 5 2 | 4 3 | 4 3 |
| Other ( ${ }^{(1)}$. . | 8 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 |

() Including mares kept for breeding.

Source : Agricultural Departments
() Including all other horses grazed on agricultural holdings exceeding one acre in Great Britain, or one quarter of an acre in Northern Ireland regardless of the use to which they are put.
${ }^{( }{ }^{3}$ ) Including stallions being used for service.

## Agricultural tractors, machines and implements in use( ${ }^{(1)}$

 Great BritainTABLE 64
Number

|  | 1942 <br> May | $\begin{gathered} 1944 \\ \text { April } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1946 \\ \text { January } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tractors: |  |  |  |
| Total | 116,830 | 173,370 | 203,420 |
| Tracklayers | 5,600 | 9,090 | 12,350 |
| Three and four-wheeled | 104,780 | 153,350 | 175,050 |
| Two-wheeled market garden type | 6,450 | 10,930 | 16,020 |
| Mouldboard ploughs : |  |  |  |
| Total . . . . . | 465,630 | 466,860 | 482,190 |
| Horse drawn | 353,180 | 312,710 | 303.240 |
| Tractor drawn | 112,450 | 154,150 | 178,950 |
| Disc harrows | 33,840 | 58,860 | 65,200 |
| Cultivators or grubbers | 161,690 | 191,410 | 247,790 |
| Toolbars . . . . . . | 14,340 | 23,100 | 33,710 |
| Corn drills ( ${ }^{(2)}$ ) ... | 101,550 | 108,640 | 115,510 |
| Mowing machines | 220,420 | 210,590 | 228,320 |
| Binders . . . . . . . . | 131,600 | 144,040 | 149,500 |
| Threshing machines . . . . . . | 13,150 | 13,630 | 14,960 |
| Combined harvester-threshers | 1,000 ${ }^{3}$ ) | 2,500 ${ }^{(3)}$ | 3,800 ( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ |
| Potato spinners | 37,030 | 53,460 | 59,470 |
| Milking machines | 29,510 | 37,790 | 48,290 |

(2) Owned by farmers, contractors, the agricultural executive committees and the Department

Source : Agricultural Departments
Including combined seed and fertilizer drills.
Estimated numbers in use at harvest.

Movement off farms of cereals, potatoes and sugar beet
TABLE 65
Weekly averages
Thousand tons

|  | Year | January* | February | March | April* | May | June | July* | August | September | October* | November | December |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cereals : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat( ${ }^{1}$ ) 1940.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941. | $18 \cdot 4$ | 20.0 | 19.5 | 18.3 | 12.4 12.2 | 10.0 | 6.5 | 2.0 | 21.8 4.3 | 31.3 31.0 | 34.0 | 33.0 | 31.0 |
| 1942. | 31.1 | $33 \cdot 2$ | 48.8 | 49.8 | 32.8 | $29 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 5$ | 1.8 | 8.8 | 36.8 | 41.4 | 43.5 | $40 \cdot 3$ |
| 1943. | 44.6 | 41.6 | 47.8 | 47.0 | 41.8 | $46 \cdot 8$ | 34.0 | 11.6 | 30.8 | $62 \cdot 3$ | 61.8 | 60.5 | 53.0** |
| 1944. | 47.9 | 64.0 | 67.0 | 70.0 | 58.8 | 57.8 | $38 \cdot 5$ | 14.0 | 38.0 | $49 \cdot 5$ | $43 \cdot 6$ | 39.5 | 37.0 |
| 1945. | 39.6 | $44 \cdot 4$ | $52 \cdot 5$ | $50 \cdot 5$ | 50.8 | 45.8 | $44 \cdot 5$ | 18.6 | 30.3 | 50.5 | $32 \cdot 2$ | 30.5 | 28.3 |
| Barley ( ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.2 | 2.0 | 21.8 |  | 28.3 |  |
| 1942. | 17.2 | 22.8 | 23.0 | 18.0 | 7.0 | 3.8 | $\because \cdot 3$ | 1.0 | 9.5 | 37.5 | 23.0 | $28 \cdot 3$ 29.0 | 30.0 33.3 |
| 1943. | 24.8 | $30 \cdot 4$ | $32 \cdot 3$ | $30 \cdot 0$ | 16.2 | 11.5 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 34.8 | $36 \cdot 3$ | 28.6 | 29.0 39.0 | 29.2******* |
| 1944. | 23.7 | $30 \cdot 2$ | 30.8 | 27.3 | 15.0 | $10 \cdot 3$ | 5.5 | 4.0 | 28.5 | $42 \cdot 0$ | $32 \cdot 6$ | 31.3 | $30 \cdot 5$ |
| 1945. | $32 \cdot 1$ | 28.6 | $35 \cdot 3$ | $35 \cdot 0$ | 22.8 | $14 \cdot 8$ | $9 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 8$ | $45 \cdot 8$ | 55.8 | 44.0 | 47.5 | $46 \cdot 3$ |
| Oats ${ }^{2}$ ) 1941 | 4.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.7 | $1 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | 7.8 | $8 \cdot 3$ |
| 1942. | 8.1 | 7.2 | $\ddot{8} 8$ | 9.5 | 7.0 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 6.8 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 5.5 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 13.3 | 13.0 |
| 1943. | 10.8 | 14.0 | $15 \cdot 5$ | 16.0 | 14.2 | 14.5 | 11.8 | $8 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | 8.8 | 9.0 | 9.8* |
| 1944. | 6.9 | 9.6 | 9.8 | 8.8 | 8.0 | $5 \cdot 8$ | 6.0 | 4.0 | $2 \cdot 8$ | 5.3 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 8.3 | 7.5 |
| 1945. | $6 \cdot 7$ | 5.6 | 6.5 | $5 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | 4.5 | $2 \cdot 8$ | 3.5 | 9.8 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 11.5 | 11.0 |
| Potatoes( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. | 63.9 | $67 \cdot 4$ | 72.0 | 68.5 | 72.2 | 54.8 | 38.0 | 54.4 | 53.5 | 60.5 | 69.8 | 72.8 | 80.5 |
| 1941. | $80 \cdot 4$ | $83 \cdot 6$ | 98.0 | $100 \cdot 5$ | 95.6 | 96.5 | 59.3 | 54.8 | 71.5 | 68.5 | $75 \cdot 4$ | 78.0 | 85.8 |
| 1942. | 97-1 | 87.6 | 121.3 | 112.3 | 88.6 | $90 \cdot 8$ | 94.0 | 98.8 | 81.3 | 92.3 | 91.2 | 102.3 | $110 \cdot 5$ |
| 1943. | 113.9 | 116.0 | 118.0 | 115.5 | $123 \cdot 6$ | 128.5 | 114.0 | 117.0 | 92.5 | 98.3 | 102.4 | 113.0 | 124.6* |
| 1944. | $122 \cdot 8$ | 139.8 | 141.0 | $140 \cdot 5$ | $142 \cdot 2$ | 110.0 | 113.3 | 107.0 | 103.0 | 116.0 | 114.2 | 123.3 | $120 \cdot 8$ |
| 1945. | 118.2 | 117.6 | 150.5 | 123.5 | 127.4 | 104.0 | 89.3 | $101 \cdot 2$ | 102.8 | 127.5 | 117.6 | 137.5 | 121.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.8 | 27.8 |  |  |
| 1940. | 9.6 | 12.8 | - | 二 | 二 | - |  |  |  | 0 | 31.5 | 34.3 | 33.8 |
| 1941. | $8 \cdot 1$ | 10.0 | - |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | 19.4 | 35.0 | 32.9 |
| 1942. | $9 \cdot 1$ | 18.2 | 0.7 | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | $22 \cdot 8$ | 35.9 | 31.7 |
| 1943. | 10.5 | 24.3 | 4.5 | - | - | - |  | - |  |  | 26.2 | 32.7 | 31.2* |
| 1944. | 7.5 | 14.4 | 0.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | $0 \cdot 3$ | 20.9 | 28.5 | 24.3 |
| 1945. | 8.6 | 13.9 | 0.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 27.0 | $33 \cdot 9$ | 26.9 |

${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ ) Receipts by flour millers.
Source : Ministry of Food
(2) For human consumption, processing and stock feeding under Ministry schemes.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Production of refined sugar from home-grown sugar beet.
(4) Year ended January 1940.

* Average of five weeks.

Animals purchased for slaughter( ${ }^{( }$)
TABLE 66
Weekly averages
Thousands

|  | Year | January* | February | March | April* | May | June | July* | August | Septem ber | October* | Novem ber | December |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cattle : Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1939 . .$. | 42.0 38.7 | 42.8 | 34.6 | 37.7 | $36 \cdot 7$ | 28.6 | 30.0 | 31.0 | 42.0 | 57.6 | $57 \cdot 1$ | 37.2 | 25.9 |
| 1941 ... | 36.8 | 36.1 | $41 \cdot 3$ | $36 \cdot 2$ | 34.2 | 34.2 | 31.7 | 33.8 | 40.4 | $36 \cdot 1$ | 39.9 | $46 \cdot 3$ | 32.5 |
| 1942 . $\cdot$ | 30.9 | 25.7 | $22 \cdot 3$ | 25.2 | 28.2 | 31.1 | 27.8 | $30 \cdot 6$ | 37.7 | 37.8 | 44.7 | $35 \cdot 2$ | 22.9 |
| 1943 .. | $30 \cdot 1$ | 21.4 | 23.6 | 28.4 | 33.8 | 39.5 | 33.6 | 30.6 | 37.9 | $32 \cdot 5$ | 34.2 | 28.8 | 20.0* |
| 1944 .. | 33.5 35.9 | 20.8 | $24 \cdot 3$ | 29.7 | 36.1 | 33.3 | 28.8 | $36 \cdot 4$ <br> 454 | 38.0 47.5 | 40.4 51.6 | $46 \cdot 8$ 49.3 | 39.5 44.9 | 23.6 |
| 1945 .. | 35.9 | 22.9 | 27.8 | 28.5 | $32 \cdot 1$ | 29.8 | 24.8 | $45 \cdot 4$ | 47.5 | 51.6 | $49 \cdot 3$ | 44.9 | 24.8 |
| Imported fat cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1939 .$. | 3.7 2.9 | 5.0 | $3 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 1.2 | $0 \cdot 3$ | $1 \cdot 3$ | 2.9 | $2 \cdot 8$ | 4.9 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 3.8 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| 1941 ... | 5.7 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 9.4 | 15.9 | 14.0 |
| 1942 .. | 3.8 | 9.3 | 3.0 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 0.7 | $0 \cdot 3$ | 1.7 | $6 \cdot 7$ | 5.9 | 5.0 | $4 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| 1943 .. | 1.5 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.8 | $0 \cdot 3$ | - | 1.7 | $3 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 0$ | 3.6 | 2.5 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 0.2** |
| 1944 .. | 2.2 | $\overline{0.8}$ | 0.9 | - | - | - | 0.6 | 4.9 | 4.0 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 3.5 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| 1945 .. | 3.3 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.2 | - | - | 1.6 | $7 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 3$ |
| Home fed cattle : Steers and heifers() Home-bred |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940 .. | 17.1 | $15 \cdot 1$ | 16.6 | 17.9 | 17.6 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 11.9 | 18.6 | $27 \cdot 1$ | 26.6 | 14.3 | 10.7 |
| 1941 .. | 16.0 | $16 \cdot 1$ | 19.5 | 17.0 | 16.7 | 18.0 | 16.0 | 13.5 | $18 \cdot 1$ | 16.3 | $16 \cdot 1$ | 15.9 | 9.4 |
| 1942 .. | 14.8 | $8 \cdot 4$ | 10.7 | 14.5 | 17.3 | 19.9 | $15 \cdot 6$ | 12.4 | 16.9 | 17.8 | 21.4 | 14.6 | 8.6 |
| 1943 . | 13.0 | $8 \cdot 1$ | 9.6 | 12.9 | $16 \cdot 5$ | 20.9 | $16 \cdot 1$ | 13.0 | 17.3 | 14.1 | 13.6 | 9.3 | $5.9 *$ |
|  | 13.3 14.5 | 7.0 | 9.2 | 12.7 | 16.8 | 17.9 | 12.4 | 13.9 | 15.7 | 15.9 | 17.6 | 13.5 | $6 \cdot 4$ |
| 1945 .. | 14.5 | 7.3 | 10.5 | 12.2 | $15 \cdot 1$ | $14 \cdot 3$ | $9 \cdot 3$ | 18.4 | 20.6 | 21.9 | 20.6 | 15.9 | 7.6 |
| Imported from Eire as stores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940 .. | $8 \cdot 4$ | 10.0 | 7.8 | 8.2 | $8 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | 10.0 | 13.4 | 12.3 | $6 \cdot 7$ | 4.7 |
| 1941 .. | 4.6 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 6.9 | $6 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | 3.3 | 3.9 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| 1942 .. | $3 \cdot 3$ | 1.0 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.4 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 5.7 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | 2.0 |
| 1943 .. | $5 \cdot 1$ | 2.5 | $3 \cdot 5$ | $6 \cdot 0$ | 8.5 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 7.2 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 4.3 | $3 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 1.3* |
| 1944. | 5.6 | 2.6 | 4.6 | $6 \cdot 7$ | 9.8 | 9.5 | 5.7 | 6.5 | 7.3 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 2.6 | 1.3 |
| 1945 .. | 5.6 | 2.5 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | 8.8 | 8.0 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 7.8 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 5.0 | $3 \cdot 2$ | 1.5 |
| Cows, bulls and others |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940 .. | 10.3 | 12.7 | 6.7 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 7.8 | $8 \cdot 6$ | $10 \cdot 1$ | $10 \cdot 6$ | 12.2 | $14 \cdot 1$ | 12.5 | $8 \cdot 5$ |
| 1941 .. | $10 \cdot 5$ | 10.5 | 10.8 | 9.9 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 8.8 | $12 \cdot 1$ | 12.5 | 9.7 | $12 \cdot 2$ | 12.5 | 8.1 |
| 1942 .. | 9.0 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 7.6 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 7.0 | 7.0 | $8 \cdot 1$ | 9.8 | 9.3 | 13.3 | 13.9 | 10.2 |
| 1943 .. | 10.5 | 10.0 | 9.1 | 8.7 | 8.5 | $8 \cdot 4$ | 8.6 | 9.0 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 10.5 | 14.4 | $16 \cdot 3$ | 12.6* |
| 1944. | 12.4 | 11.2 | $10 \cdot 5$ | $10 \cdot 3$ | 9.5 | 8.9 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 11.1 | 11.0 | 13.5 | 19.4 | 19.9 | 13.8 |
| 1945 .. | 12.5 | $12 \cdot 3$ | 12.2 | 10.0 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 9.8 | $12 \cdot 1$ | 12.0 | 14.6 | $19 \cdot 3$ | 19.5 | 12.4 |

Animals purchased for slaughter( ${ }^{1}$ ) (continued)
TABLE 66 (continued)
Weekly averages
Thousands

|  | Year | January* | February | March | April* | May | June | July* | August | Septem- ber | October* | November | Decem- ber |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calves |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939....... | 15.4 16.5 | $10 \cdot 4$ | 19.0 | 21.4 | 19.1 | 12.5 | 11.6 | 15.6 | $16 \cdot 1$ | 20.9 |  |  |  |
| 1941. | 20.3 | 18.7 | 22.6 | 27.4 27 | $28 \cdot 1$ | 12.2 | 119.6 | 15.6 20.2 | 17.2 | 20.9 17.3 | 21.6 18.6 | 15.9 16.0 | 14.4 13.6 |
| 1942. | 21.5 | $16 \cdot 3$ | 20.8 | 28.0 | 25.4 | 20.5 | 16.9 | 19.6 | 19.7 | 22.5 | 26.7 | 22.0 | 19.0 |
| 1943. | 25.5 | $23 \cdot 1$ | 26.8 | $36 \cdot 3$ | 31.7 | 23.2 | 17.6 | 17.6 | 20.0 | 26.0 | 31.3 | 29.4 | 23.6* |
| 1944 | 25.9 | 24.9 | 30.2 | 36.0 | 25.2 | 15.9 | 14.9 | 17.3 | $22 \cdot 1$ | 30.0 | $36 \cdot 6$ | 33.2 | $24 \cdot 2$ |
| 1945. | 26.9 | 28.7 | 34.4 | $36 \cdot 1$ | $25 \cdot 8$ | 16.7 | 14.0 | 17.6 | 21.3 | 31.0 | $38 \cdot 3$ | $32 \cdot 8$ | 25.0 |
| Sheep and lambs 1939. | $227 \cdot 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940........ | 212.5 | 154.4 | 168.6 | 158.7 | 94.3 | $100 \cdot 3$ | 152.3 | 242.6 | 288.1 | 328.8 | 376.1 | 294.5 | $186 \cdot 5$ |
| 1941. | 158.4 | $186 \cdot 7$ | 149.0 | 142.9 | 141.0 | 101.3 | 106.4 | 172.5 | 172.9 | $139 \cdot 3$ | 149.5 | $264 \cdot 8$ | $170 \cdot 1$ |
| 1942. | 152.5 | 169.9 | $145 \cdot 8$ | 142.4 | 126.8 | 86.7 | $70 \cdot 4$ | 113.8 | 142.6 | $145 \cdot 2$ | $223 \cdot 5$ | $266 \cdot 4$ | 190.6 |
| 1943. | $140 \cdot 7$ | 181.7 | 139.7 | 136.9 | 139.6 | 89.9 | 72.5 | 83.5 | 102.5 | 121.3 | 162.7 | 232.3 | $207 \cdot{ }^{*}$ |
| 1944. | 127.2 | 166.9 | 149.8 | 137.7 | 86.1 | 63.7 | 56.2 | 75.5 | 87.8 | 111.0 | 181.2 | 238.1 | 172.7 |
| 1945.. | 121.4 | 163.5 | 131.3 | 131.7 | $97 \cdot 2$ | 64.2 | 48.6 | 65.0 | 83.2 | $120 \cdot 3$ | $160 \cdot 7$ | 221.0 | 169.3 |
| Pigs ${ }^{(2)}$ : <br> Baconers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939.. | 41.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941. | 49.4 39.6 | 17.8 | 21.9 58.3 | 42.4 59.9 | 46.0 57.9 | 57.6 36.8 | 63.0 37.4 | 53.6 34.0 | 60.7 28.6 | 64.3 25.0 | $56 \cdot 1$ 25.1 | 59.4 26.4 | 56.8 27.5 |
| 1942. | 24.4 | 25.8 | 24.8 | 26.5 | 25.6 | 25.8 | 26.9 | 25.8 | 22.7 | 21.6 | 20.9 | 22.6 | 23.8 |
| 1943. | $22 \cdot 4$ | 23.4 | 22.0 | $24 \cdot 3$ | $26 \cdot 3$ | 26.7 | 27.0 | 25.8 | 21.8 | 19.4 | 17.7 | 17.6 | 17.1* |
| 1944. | 18.8 | $16 \cdot 4$ | 18.0 | 17.9 | 20.6 | 21.1 | 19.3 | $20 \cdot 5$ | 17.9 | 117.2 | 17.7 | 19.1 | 19.8 |
| 1945. | 25.9 | 20.4 | 25.0 | 27.0 | 29.6 | 29.2 | 29.4 | $33 \cdot 3$ | 25.2 | 124.0 | $22 \cdot 3$ | 22.7 | 21.9 |
| Porkers( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940... | $30 \cdot 6$ | 12.0 | 47.2 | 48.9 | 48.4 | 40.0 | $31 \cdot 1$ | 26.9 | 18.1 | 29.7 | 28.6 | 19.3 | 18.8 |
| 1941. | 12.9 | 22.5 | 25.2 | $26 \cdot 2$ | $26 \cdot 5$ | 14.5 | 10.6 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 3.6 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 3.6 |
| 1942. | 3.2 | $3 \cdot 7$ | 4.0 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 7$ | 2.5 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 4.0 |
| 1943. | 2.4 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 4.0 | 3.9 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 2.5 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.5* |
| 1944. | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.5 | $1 \cdot 8$ | 1.7 | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 2.4 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 2.6 | 3.5 |
| 1945. | 3.5 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 4.8 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | 2.0 | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 2.1 |
| Sows, boars and other( ${ }^{( }$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940....... | 9.5 | $5 \cdot 4$ | 10.2 | 14.2 | 13.2 | 9.9 | 8.7 | $8 \cdot 8$ | 9.2 | 11.0 | $7 \cdot 4$ | $8 \cdot 3$ | 7.9 |
| 1941....... | 5.0 | 8.3 | 9.6 | 8.6 | 8.9 | $5 \cdot 5$ | 4.5 | 3.6 1.7 | 2.6 | 2.0 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| 1943........ | 1.5 | 2.5 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 2.1 09 | $0.9 *$ |
| 1944. | 2.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.3 | 2.0 | 4.0 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 2.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 1945........ | 2.2 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | $2 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.5 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Great Britain only. Fat cattle, sheep and lambs sent from Eire and Northern Ireland are included.
Source : Ministry of Food Detailed records begin in January 1940 ; carlier figures are estimated.
( $)$ Including cow-heifers.
(2) Excluding pigs fattened by self suppliers.
(9) The number of pigs other than baconers slaughtered in 1939 was 3,011 thousand (weekly average, 57.9).

- Average of five weeks.


## Milk: Sales through the Marketing Schemes

| Monthly averages or calendar months |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Million gallons |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |
| Total sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. | 108.3 | $90 \cdot 1$ | 85.8 | $100 \cdot 0$ | 107.2 | $130 \cdot 3$ | 131.2 | 128.8 | 124.6 | 114.3 | 108.0 | 91.8 | 87.6 |
| 1940. | 102.3 | 85.0 | 82.6 | 93.6 | 99.6 | 129.3 | $127 \cdot 8$ | 121.3 | 118.0 | 101.2 | $95 \cdot 1$ | $85 \cdot 7$ | 87.7 |
| 1941. | 101.9 | 88.3 | 83.2 | 97.7 | $100 \cdot 3$ | 121.4 | 127.7 | 119.5 | $110 \cdot 9$ | 103.8 | $100 \cdot 5$ | 86.5 | 83.5 |
| 1942. | $105 \cdot 8$ | 83.8 | 79.1 | 95.5 | 104.3 | $130 \cdot 1$ | 137.4 | 129.3 | 119.4 | $109 \cdot 3$ | $102 \cdot 6$ | 89.5 | 88.8 |
| 1943. | 112.0 | 90.9 | $86 \cdot 6$ | $105 \cdot 1$ | 117.5 | 147.0 | $145 \cdot 6$ | 132.6 | 118.0 | 106.4 | 104.4 | $94 \cdot 2$ | 95.8 |
| 1944. | 114.8 | 99.3 | 97.4 | 112.2 | 122.2 | 152.6 | 142.8 | 129.3 | 116.6 | 104.9 | 105.0 | 96.3 | 99.4 |
| 1945. | 118.7 | 101.9 | 96.9 | $115 \cdot 8$ | 130.0 | $155 \cdot 3$ | 145.6 | 133.9 | 121.2 | 106.7 | 109.3 | 102.0 | 105.6 |
| Liquid sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939... | 72.0 | 73.2 | 68.4 | 74.8 | 71.7 | 75.6 | 74.2 | $74 \cdot 7$ | 72.1 | 67.6 | 70.2 | 69.4 | 71.5 |
| 1940........ | 78.1 | 73.2 | 70.0 | $74 \cdot 6$ | 74.4 | 77.6 | $77 \cdot 4$ | 77.9 | 80.9 | 80.1 | 83.9 | 82.9 | 84.2 |
| 1941. | 88.6 | 86.1 | 81.6 | 92.8 | $85 \cdot 1$ | 89.5 | 88.6 | 93.6 | 92.6 | 91.4 | 95.3 | $85 \cdot 1$ | 82.2 |
| 1942. | 92.9 | 82.7 | $76 \cdot 1$ | 87.7 | 90.0 | 97.4 | 101.7 | 105.0 | 100.9 | 98.2 | 99.1 | 88.5 | 87.0 |
| 1943. | 97.4 | 89.7 | 83.9 | 96.0 | 95.0 | 109.5 | $107 \cdot 1$ | 105.7 | 97.9 | 97.6 | $100 \cdot 2$ | 93.0 | 93.4 |
| 1944. | $100 \cdot 4$ | 95.7 | 91.1 | 98.0 | 95.9 | 113.2 | 110.7 | 105.0 | 101.4 | $100 \cdot 4$ | 103.1 | 95.2 | 95.4 |
| 1945. | 103.6 | 97.7 | 89.9 | 102.4 | 103.7 | 112.5 | 111.8 | 110.9 | 104.8 | $102 \cdot 5$ | 106.2 | 99.3 | $101 \cdot 1$ |
| Used for manufacture(1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939....... | $36 \cdot 3$ | 16.9 | 17.4 | 25.2 | 35.5 | 54.7 | 57.0 | $54 \cdot 1$ | 52.5 | 46.7 | 37.8 | 22.4 | $16 \cdot 1$ |
| 1940. | 24.2 | 11.8 | $12 \cdot 6$ | 19.0 | 25.2 | 51.7 | 50.4 | 43.4 | 37.1 | $21 \cdot 1$ | 11.2 | 2.8 | 3.5 |
| 1941. | 13.3 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1.6 | 4.9 | $15 \cdot 2$ | 31.9 | 39.1 | 25.9 | 18.3 | $12 \cdot 4$ | 5.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 1942....... | 12.9 | 1.1 | 3.0 | 7.8 | $14 \cdot 3$ | 32.7 | 35.7 | $24 \cdot 3$ | 18.5 | 11.1 | 3.5 | 1.0 | 1.8 |
| 1943. | 14.6 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 9.1 | 22.5 | 37.5 | 38.5 | 26.9 | 20.1 | 8.8 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 2.4 |
| 1944. | 14.4 | 3.6 | $6 \cdot 3$ | 14.2 | $26 \cdot 3$ | 39.4 | 32.1 | 24.3 | 15.2 | 4.5 | 1.9 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 4.0 |
| 1945.. | $15 \cdot 1$ | 4.2 | 7.0 | 13.4 | 26.3 | 42.8 | 33.8 | 23.0 | 16.4 | 4.2 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 2.7 | 4.5 |

(1) Manufacture into milk products together with the quantity used on farms for cheese-making.

Source : Ministry of Food

Processed food: Production( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 68

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flour milling : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat milled | 5,627(\%) | 5,973 | 6,067 4,600 | 5,326 4,394 | 5,026 |  | 5,716 |
| Flour produced | 1,744() | 4,391 | 4,600 | $\begin{array}{r}4,394 \\ \hline 905\end{array}$ | 4,866(\%) | 4,480( ${ }^{\text {825 }}$ ( | 4,106 |
| Oat milling : Oats milled by oatmeal millers | .. | .. | 219 | 314 | 449 | 396 | 321 |
| Oatmeal produced $\ldots$. O. . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 124 | 178 | 252 | 221 | 176 |
| Oilseeds and nuts processed | 1,596 | 1,618 | 1,370 | 1,448 | 1,264 | 1,292 | 1,336 |
| Crude oil produced ...... | , 515 | 622 | 578 | 599 | , 529 | , 538 | '570 |
| Oilcake and meal produced ........ | 1,082( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 969 | 766 | 810 | 671 | 715 | 735 |
| Vegetable oil consumption ( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$: Total disposals....... | .. | 787 | 819 | 768 | 696 | 745 | 782 |
|  | . | 475 | 517 | 447 | 425 | 456 | 475 |
| Total disposals .................... | .. | 185 | 152 | 127 | 104 | 73 | 121 |
|  | . | 157 | 128 | 108 | 86 | 55 | 93 |
| Production of home-killed meat ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ): | 1,180 | 1,072 | 902 | 772 | 754 | 783 | 812 |
| Beef | 602 | 557 | 523 | 453 | 445 | 487 | 517 |
| Veal | 23 | 25 | 28 | 28 | 33 | 32 | 34 |
| Mutton and lamb | 238 | 227 | 176 | 171 | 159 | 142 | 134 |
| Pork( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 201 | 155 | 74 | 29 | 27 | 30 | 34 |
|  | 116 | 108 | 101 | 91 | 90 | 92 | 93 |
| Production of bacon and ham(') ........ . Production of animal fats : | 199 | 207 | 174 | 121 | 123 | 139 | 149 |
| Lard ...i...... |  | 8 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Other edible fats. | . | 35 | 31 | 34 | 45 | 41 | 32 |
| Production of milk products : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter ${ }^{(8)}$ ( ${ }^{\text {Cheese }}$ ( $)$. | 43 | 16 32 | 8 30 | 10 20 | 29 | 10 | 8 |
| Condensed milk | 4 | 178 | 72 | 96 | 97 | 111 | 94 |
| Milk powder |  | 15 | 9 | 14 | 23 | 23 | 29 |
| Cream ......................... | 33 | 15 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sugar: production from home-grown sugar-beet (as refined sugar) | 487( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | 501 | 419 | 474 | 557 | 391 | 449 |
| Production of compound edible fats : Margarine | 226 | 359 | 419 | 406 | 392 | 399 | 406 |
| Compound cooking fat . . . . . . . . . . . | 132 | 159 | 145 | 62 | 53 | 32 | 85 |
| Production of other processed foods : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jam and marmalade | $220{ }^{(11)}$ | 226 | 245 | 299 | 324 | 303 | 273 |
| Syrup and treacle . . | 95(11) | 72 | 86 | 82 | 96 | 108 | 106 |
| Canned vegetables ..... | 160 | 190 | 209 | 195 | 177 | 192 | 204 |
| Canned and bottled fruit . . . . . . . | . | .. | 16 | 42 | 25 | ${ }^{6}$ | 10 |
| Canned meat . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 43 | 60 2 | 79 | 54 |
| Biscuits ............. | 300 | 330 | 361 | 358 | 278 | 272 | 261 |
| Breakfast cereals | .. |  | 45 | 47 | 45 | 47 | 47 |
| Chocolate confectionery. ............ | . | 173 | 187 | 162 | 145 | 148 | 127 |
| Sugar confectionery | $\cdots$ | 150 | 149 | 128 | 107 | 114 | 111 |
| Cocoa and drinking chocolate ....... | . | 19 | 26 | 29 | 24 | 27 | 28 |
| Pearl barley and barley products .... | 4 | 13 | 16 | 12 | 13 | 19 | 27 |

${ }^{1}$ () Figures for 1939 relate to the calendar year except where otherwise stated. From 1940 onwards figures are for periods of 52 weeks ( 53 weeks in 1943) except for condensed milk and milk powder.
${ }^{(2)}$ Year ended 31 July.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Including small quantities produced from barley, rye and oats.
(') Including castor cake which is unfit for animal feed.
${ }^{( }{ }^{5}$ As crude oil.
(9) Including production from fat cattle and fresh meat and offal imported from Eire.
(i) Including meat and offal produced by pig clubs, etc.
(5) Excluding farmhouse butter.
( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) Including farmhouse cheese.
( ${ }^{10}$ ) Year ended January 1940.
${ }^{11}$ ) Year ended 30 June.

Food and animal feeding stuffs: Consumption( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 69

( $)$ Figures relate to periods of 52 weeks ( 53 weeks in 1943) except for fresh, frozen and cured
Source : Ministry of Food fish, condensed and powdered milk and cocoa beans, the figures for which are for calendar years. (2) Excluding seed and chat potatoes.

Estimated food supplies per head of civilian population
TABLE 70
lb. per head per annum

|  | 1934-38 average | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cereal products and sugar : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flour | 194.5 | 208.6 | $237 \cdot 1$ | $226 \cdot 6$ | $230 \cdot 2$ | $233 \cdot 5$ | $240 \cdot 7$ |
| Rice | 4.4 | 6.6 | $6 \cdot 4$ | 3.5 | 2.9 | $3 \cdot 2$ | 0.9 |
| Sugar ( ${ }^{1}$ ) | 103.9 | 71.8 | 67.4 | 69.2 | 67.7 | 71.4 | 70.5 |
| Starch | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Oatmeal and flakes | 5.4 | 5.0 | 8.0 | $9 \cdot 8$ | 10.8 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 9.9 |
| Other breakfast cereals | 1.8 | 1.8 | $2 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 2.0 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 2$ |
| Meat and fish : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fresh and frozen meat | 91.4 | 87.9 | 71.7 | 69.2 | $66 \cdot 5$ | 73.7 | 69.6 |
| Offal | $7 \cdot 4$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 5$ | 5.6 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 5.6 |
| Canned corned meat | $2 \cdot 1$ | - | $0 \cdot 4$ | 2.4 | 3.3 | 0.1 | 3.5 |
| Other canned meat | 0.8 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 4.6 | $5 \cdot 8$ | 4.9 |
| Bacon and ham | $27 \cdot 3$ | 20.2 | 19.1 | 19.4 | 18.5 | 23.6 | $16 \cdot 8$ |
| Fresh, frozen and cured fish | 21.8 | 11.1 | 11.3 | $13 \cdot 1$ | 14.2 | 16.0 | $20 \cdot 2$ |
| Canned fish. | 3.6 | $5 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 4$ |
| Dairy products : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter ... | 24.8 | 14.0 | 10.2 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 8.5 |
| Condensed milk | 8.8 12.3 | 8.2 | 8.3 5.5 | 14.0 | 11.5 | 10.3 4.2 | 9.7 4.3 |
| Milk powder | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 3.1 | 3.5 |
| Eggs in shell. | 21.3 | 18.9 | 16.6 | 12.0 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 12.3 |
| Dried egg | - | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.1 | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | 3.0 |
| Frozen liquid egg | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 4$ | 1.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.5 | - |
| Fats : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Margarine | $8 \cdot 7$ | 15.4 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 17.0 | 17.8 | 17.1 |
| Lard and compound cooking fat | 9.3 | 9.1 | 10.0 | 11.9 | 11.8 | $12 \cdot 1$ | 10.1 |
| Other edible oils and fats | 8.2 | 7.5 | 6.7 | $6 \cdot 6$ | 5.5 | 5.5 | $5 \cdot 3$ |
| Fruit and vegetables : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dried fruit | 8.0 | 7.2 | 7.9 | 8.5 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 9.6 | $8 \cdot 1$ |
| Fresh citrus fruit | 28.5 | 20.4 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 7.1 | 14.8 |
| Fresh tomatoes | $10 \cdot 4$ | 8.2 | 6.9 | $8 \cdot 6$ | 8.9 | 8.2 | $9 \cdot 1$ |
| Canned and bottled fruit | 12.0 | 7.6 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| Jam and marmalade( ${ }^{( }$) | 0.1 |  | $0 \cdot 3$ |  | 2.0 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 1.0 |
| Potatoes .. | 176.0 | $166 \cdot 4$ | 188.2 | 224.9 | 248.8 | 274.6 | $260 \cdot 2$ |
| Canned vegetables ......... | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.5 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 0.2 | 1.4 |
| Dried peas, beans and lentils | $7 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | 5.0 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 7$ |
| Other foods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tea ..... | $9 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 6$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | 8.2 | 7.0 | $7 \cdot 4$ | $8 \cdot 2$ |
| Raw coffee | 0.7 | 1.2 5.8 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Cocoa beans | $4 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 3$ | 4.6 | $3 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 3$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Including sugar in all home-produced manufactured foods.
Source : Ministry of Food (2) Imported only.

## Arrivals of Lend-Lease foodstuffs from the United States of America( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)^{\mathbf{2}}$ )

TABLE 71
Thousand tons

|  | Total arrivals | Cereal products and sugar |  |  |  |  |  |  | Meat and fish |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Maize | Pulses | Rice | Soya beans, flour and grits | Other cereals and cereal products | Starchmaize | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sugar } \\ & \text { fefas } \\ & \text { refined } \\ & \text { sugar) } \end{aligned}$ | Fresh and frozen meat and offal | Canned meat | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bacon } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { ham } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Canned } \\ & \text { fish } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1941 April to December . . | 1,073 | 274 | 81 | - | 10 | 9 | 55 | - | - | 51 | 78 | 24 |
| 1942 | 1,427 | 98 | 27 | - | 20 | 12 | 90 | - | 33 | 170 | 114 | 64 |
| 1943 | 1,705 | 59 | 64 | 76 | 78 | 2 | 76 | 10 | 200 | 182 | 86 | 97 |
| 1944 | 1,280 | 21 | 57 | 6 | 20 | 2 | 51 | - | 289 | 22 | 92 | 12 |
| 1945(3). | 709 | 199 | 27 | 5 | 9 | 10 | 38 | - | 100 | - | 31 | 4 |
| 1941 2nd Quarter | 27 | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| 3rd Quarter | 382 | 61 | 46 | - | 5 | 1 | 24 | - | - | 20 | 34 | 7 |
| 4th Quarter | 664 | 213 | 30 | - | 5 | 8 | 31 | - | - | 31 | 43 | 17 |
| 1942 1st Quarter ........ | 405 | 23 | 3 | - | 5 | 12 | 12 | - | - | 27 | 16 | 31 |
| 2nd Quarter | 281 | - | 6 | - | 5 | - | 21 | - | 1 | 52 | 34 | 7 |
| 3rd Quarter | 403 | 40 | 6 | - | 7 | - | 37 | - | 23 | 54 | 46 | 6 |
| 4th Quarter. | 338 | 35 | 12 | - | 3 | -- | 20 | - | 9 | 37 | 18 | 20 |
| 1943 1st Quarter........ | 287 | - | 3 | 9 | 13 | - | 18 | - | 43 | 8 | 23 | 28 |
| 2nd Quarter . . . . . . . | 475 | 19 | 18 | 22 | 23 | 2 | 25 | 10 | 43 | 47 | 24 | 20 |
| 3rd Quarter . . . . . . . | 531 | 38 | 16 | 28 | 21 | - | 16 | - | 45 | 102 | 26 | 17 |
| 4th Quarter . . . . . . . | 412 | 2 | 27 | 17 | 21 | - | 17 | - | 69 | 25 | 13 | 32 |
| 1944 1st Quarter........ | 276 | - | 8 | 2 | 9 | - | 17 | - | 102 | 1 | 21 | 6 |
| 2nd Quarter . . . . . . . | 406 | 20 | 22 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 7 | - | 117 | 1 | 49 | - |
| 3rd Quarter . . . . . . . | 286 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 2 | - | 10 | - | 34 | 9 | 16 | 1 |
| 4th Quarter . . . . . . . | 312 | - | 14 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 17 | - | 36 | 11 | 6 | 5 |
| 1945 1st Quarter........ | 289 | 63 | 16 | - | 2 | 5 | 12 | - | 60 | - | 18 | - |
| 2nd Quarter . . . . . . . | 319 | 129 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 15 | - | 40 | - | 12 | 3 |
| 3rd Quarter . . . . . . . | 101 | 7 | 10 | - | - | 1 | 11 | -- | - | - | 1 | 1 |

Arrivals of Lend－Lease foodstuffs from the United States of America（ $\left.{ }^{\mathbf{1}}{ }^{(\mathbf{y}}\right)$（continued）
TABLE 71 （continued）
Thousand tons

（1）Figures refer to 52 －week years except for 1943，when there were 53 weeks．
（＇）In addition there were the following arrivals from other countries：－（thousand tons）

|  |  | $\frac{\text { Rice }}{\text { Brazil }}$ | Other oils and fats <br> Iceland | Raw sugar |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Granulated } \\ & \text { sugar } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { San } \\ \text { Domingo } \end{gathered}$ |  | Haiti | Cuba | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Porto } \\ & \text { Rico } \end{aligned}$ | Cuba | Java |
|  | 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter |  | 二 | - <br> 8 <br> 14 | 5 54 31 38 58 | $\frac{\overline{3}}{}$ | 二 | 二 | 二 | - 1 1 |
| 1943 | 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter | 8 -8 - | $\underset{8}{10}$ | 86 99 131 41 | $\frac{15}{8}$ | 101 <br> 88 <br> 345 | $\underset{\substack{105 \\ 82}}{\text {－}}$ | 二 | ＝ |
|  | 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter | 二 | 4 | 35 4 | － | 16 | 24 | 二 | 二 |

（2）To 30 September 1945．There were no arrivals in the fourth quarter of 1945.

## Losses of food and feeding-stufis at sea

TABLE 72
Monthly averages or calendar months
Thousand tons


[^12]Losses of food and feeding－atuffs at sea（continued）

| TABLE 72 （continued） |  |  | Monthly averages or calendar months |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Thousand tons |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total losses | Cereal products and sugar |  |  |  | Meat | $\underset{\text { products }}{\text { Dairy }}$ | Oilseeds， oils and fats | Fruit and veget－ables | Beverages |  | Other food |
|  |  |  | Total grains and pulses | Wheat | Animal feeding－ stuffs | Sugar |  |  |  |  | Tea | Other |  |
| 1943 | January | 15.4 | 10.3 | 9.7 | － | － | － | $\bar{\sim}$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | 0.5 | $\bar{\square}$ | － |  |
|  | February | 23.9 | $14 \cdot 1$ | 13.5 | － | － | $3 \cdot 3$ | 2.2 | － | 1.3 | $2 \cdot 4$ | － | 0.6 |
|  | March ． | 169.8 | $45 \cdot 4$ | 38.7 | － | 31.6 | 32．3 | 15.6 | 34.0 | 2.5 | $2 \cdot 4$ | 0.9 | 5.1 |
|  | April | 64.8 | 11.7 23 | 7.8 | － |  | 20.1 | $4 \cdot 7$ | $23 \cdot 1$ | 0.1 | 3.4 |  | 1.7 |
|  | May． | $48 \cdot 1$ | 23.7 | 21.2 | － | $2 \cdot 3$ | 1.4 | 0.1 | 18.3 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
|  | June． | 4.4 | 1.3 | 1.1 | － | － | 0.1 | 0.2 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 0.5 | － | － | 0.2 |
|  | July ．． | 13.6 2.0 | 5.7 0.2 | 5.7 | 二 | $\overline{0.9}$ | $\overline{0.3}$ | 0.5 0.5 | $7 \cdot 4$ | $\overline{0.1}$ | 二 | 二 | － |
|  | September | 10.1 | $4 \cdot 2$ | － | － | 0 | 3.6 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 0 | 1.2 | － | － |
|  | October． | 8.0 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | － | － | － | $0 \cdot 3$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | － | $2 \cdot 3$ | － | 0.2 |
|  | November | $\overline{11.3}$ | $\overline{1.2}$ | 二 | － | $2 \cdot 6$ | 二 | 0.8 | $\overline{6.7}$ | － | 二 | － | 二 |
| 1944 | January | $3 \cdot 4$ | － | － | － | － | $2 \cdot 4$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.3 | $0 \cdot 4$ | － | － | － |
|  | February． | $2 \cdot 1$ | － | － | － | － | － | 0 | 5 | $0 \cdot 1$ | － | 1.8 | 0.2 |
|  | March | 5.4 | － | － | － | T | － | － | $5 \cdot 4$ | － | － |  | － |
|  | April | $4 \cdot 1$ | － | 二 | 二 | $3 \cdot 9$ | 二 | － | － | － | 二 | $0 \cdot 2$ | － |
|  | May．．． | － | 二 | － | 二 | 二 | － | － | 二 | － | － | － |  |
|  | July ． | 1.0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 0.4 | － | 0.5 | － |
|  | August ． | 6.0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3.8 | － | 2.2 | － | － |
|  | September | 7 | － 0.5 | － | － | － | $\overline{2}$ | － | － | － | － | － | － |
|  | October．．． | 7.3 | 0.5 | － | － | － | $2 \cdot 2$ | － | 4.6 | － | － | － | － |
|  | November | $\overline{10.7}$ | 2.0 | $\overline{1.5}$ | 二 | 二 | 3.0 | 二 | $\overline{2.2}$ | $\overline{0.5}$ | － | 3.0 | － |
| 1945 | January | 11.2 | 11.2 | $10 \cdot 6$ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |
|  | February． | $\overline{0.9}$ | 二 | 二 | $\overline{0.6}$ | 二 | － | 二 | $\overline{0.3}$ | － | 二 | 二 | － |
|  | April ． | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
|  | May． | － |  |  | － |  | － |  | － | － | － | － | － |

## V. FUEL AND POWER

Coal : production, consumption and stocks


Coal : production, consumption and stocks (continued)
TABLE 73 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  |  | Production(1) |  |  | Consumption (including exports) |  |  | Stocks( ${ }^{1}$ ) (end of period) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Saleable mined coal | Opencast coal() | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Inland } \\ \text { consump- } \\ \text { tion() } \end{gathered}$ | Overseas shipments and bunkers( ${ }^{( }$) | Distributed | Opencast on sites of central stocking grounds | Colliery stocks held on pitbanks and in trucks( ${ }^{( }$) |
| 1943 | January | 3,995 | 3,967 | 28 | 4,107 | 3,974 | 133 | 17,800 |  | 3,009 |
|  | February. | 4,010 | 3,976 | 34 | 4,119 | 3,986 | 133 | 17,517 |  | 3,103 |
|  | March . | 4,020 | 3,964 | 56 | 4,038 | 3,899 | 139 | 17,377 |  | 3,043 |
|  | April | 3,726* | 3,657* | 69* | 3,821 | 3,656* | 165 | 17,284 |  | 2,932 |
|  | May. | 4,021 | 3,937 | 84 | 3,776 | 3,605 | 171 | 17,745 |  | 3,033 |
|  | June. | 3,684 | 3,606 | 78 | 3,556 | 3,378 | 178 | 18,264 |  | 3,003 |
|  | July | 3,801* | 3,682* | 119** | 3,500 | 3,324* | 176 | 19,434 |  | 2,973 |
|  | August | 3,287 | 3,166 | 121 | 3,276 | 3,156 | 120 | 19,510 |  | 2,957 |
|  | September | 3,931* | 3,808* | 123** | 3,669 | 3,491* | 178 | 20,283 |  | 2,976 |
|  | October... | 4,015 | 3,888 | 127 | 3,852 | 3,685 | 167 | 20,328 |  | 2,980 |
|  | December | 3,532* | 3,455* | 77* | 4,034 | 3,885* | 149 | 117,656 | 1,602 | 3,025 |
| 1944 | January | 3,793 | 3,705 | 88 | 4,049 | 3,906 | 143 | 16,047 | 1,716 | 3,041 |
|  | February. | 3,847 | 3,738 | 109 | 4,103 | 3,959 | 144 | 14,727 | 1,854 | 2,997 |
|  | March | 3,634* | 3,508* | 126** | 4,023 | 3,893* | 130 | 13,134 | 1,953 | 2,820 |
|  | April | 3,460 | 3,338 | 122 | 3,533 | 3,425 | 108 | 12,699 | 1,956 | 2,714 |
|  | May. | 3,969 | 3,772 | 197 | 3,666 | 3,569 | 97 | 13,643 | 1,526 | 2,713 |
|  | June. | 3,749* | 3,538* | 211* | 3,437 | 3,324* | 113 | 15,017 | 1,721 | 2,701 |
|  | July | 3,686 | 3,447 | 239 | 3,313 | 3,218 | 95 | 16,373 | 1,931 | 2,733 |
|  | August | 3,185 | 2,944 | 241 | 3,097 | 3,005 | 92 | 16,886 | 2,155 | 2,620 |
|  | September | 3,818* | 3,622* | 196* | 3,495 | 3,381* | 114 | 18,072 | 2,284 | 2,646 |
|  | October. | 3,876 | 3,680 | 196 | 3,753 | 3,648 | 105 | 18,457 | 2,327 | 2,648 |
|  | November | 3,911 | 3,744 | 167 | 4,011 | 3,887 | 124 | 18,017 | 2,323 | 2,602 |
|  | December | 3,538* | 3,425* | 113* | 3,994 | 3,864* | 130 | 16,031 | 2,324 | 2,552 |
| 1945 | January | 3,506 | 3,385 | 121 | 4,108 | 3,978 | 130 | 13,205 | 2,367 | 2,732 |
|  | February | 3,693 | 3,578 | 115 | 4,147 | 3,993 | 154 | 11,372 | 2,360 | 2,612 |
|  | March | 3,717* | 3,529* | 188* | 3,918 | 3,745* | 173 | 10,376 | 2,402 | 2,550 |
|  | April | 3,591 | 3,414 | 177 | 3,590 | 3,436 | 154 | 10,142 | 2,353 | 2,516 |
|  | May. | 3,161 | 3,010 | 151 | 3,333 | 3,186 | 147 | 10,079 | 2,197 | 2,394 |
|  |  | 3,778* | 3,599* | 179* | 3,463 | 3,293* | 170 | 11,562 | 1,917 | 2,374 |
|  | July | 3,386 | 3,222 | 164 | 3,201 | 3,033 | 168 | 12,644 | 1,640 | 2,401 |
|  | August | 2,501 | 2,363 | 138 | 2,877 | 2,716 | 161 | 12,058 | 1,358 | 2,286 |

(1) Great Britain.
${ }^{(3)}$ The opencast production figures have not been adjusted to allow for subsequent losses in stocking nor for some coal of inferior quality not included in the stock figures for the later periods.
() Including shipments to Northern Ireland. Up to December 1942, computed from figures for calendar months.
${ }^{(4)}$ Computed from figures for calendar months. The figures include bunkers for fishing vessels proceeding outside territorial waters, but exclude coastwise bunkers.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$A large proportion of the coal which was held by collieries in these years was of very inferior quality.

* Average of five weeks.

Coal: Inland consumption
Thousand tons
TABLE 74
|

Coal: Inland consumption (continued)
TABLE 74 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  | Public utility undertakings(1) |  |  | Coke ovens | Industrial consumers ${ }^{2}$ ) ( ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | Domestic() |  |  | Collieries( ${ }^{(2)}$ | Miscellaneous( ${ }^{2}$ ) ( ${ }^{(6)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gas | $\begin{gathered} \text { Elec- } \\ \text { tricity() } \end{gathered}$ | Railways |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Iron } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { steel } \end{aligned}$ | Engineering and other metal trades | Other industries | Miners' coal | Merchants' disposals(') |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | House coal | Anthra- cite and boiler fuel |  |  |
| 1943 January. | 457 | 478 | 293 | 415 | 226 | 128 | 578 | 96 | 770 | 42 | 229 | 262 |
| February | 446 | 463 | 300 | 416 | 238 | 132 | 570 | 98 | 783 | 42 | 235 | 263 |
| March . | 432 | 452 | 296 | 416 | 235 | 126 | 562 | 97 | 743 | 46 | 235 | 259 |
| *April | 396 | 408 | 285 | 408 | 223 | 101 | 531 | 85 | 713 | 41 | 222 | 243 |
| May . | 381 | 405 | 282 | 401 | 221 | 83 | 526 | 85 | 711 | 42 | 226 | 242 |
| June | 356 | 379 | 272 | 402 | 206 | 68 | 490 | 75 | 647 | 39 | 217 | 227 |
| *July | 351 | 377 | 277 | 390 | 190 | 52 | 472 | 74 | 656 | 38 | 214 | 223 |
| August | 346 | 367 | 268 | 383 | 187 | 58 | 450 | 67 | 584 | 32 | 202 | 212 |
| *September | 370 | 418 | 286 | 392 | 213 | 65 | 497 | 80 | 673 | 39 | 224 | 234 |
| October... | 396 | 453 | 292 | 395 | 219 | 81 | 556 | 84 | 699 | 40 | 223 | 247 |
| November. | 431 | 498 | 300 | 395 | 228 | 104 | 581 | 92 | 686 | 41 | 227 | 257 |
| *December | 457 | 521 | 296 | 395 | 220 | 115 | 581 | 94 | 686 | 41 | 219 | 260 |
| 1944 January | 451 | 525 | 302 | 395 | 218 | 115 | 577 | 100 | 654 | 45 | 226 | 298 |
| February. | 452 | 530 | 312 | 396 | 229 | 117 | 571 | 101 | 674 | 48 | 227 | 302 |
| *March. | 449 | 526 | 311 | 384 | 220 | 116 | 566 | 97 | 665 | 46 | 215 | 298 |
| April . | 386 | 437 | 295 | 363 | 193 | 80 | 502 | 86 | 579 | 39 | 203 | 262 |
| May. | 367 | 432 | 296 | 389 | 202 | 72 | 512 | 89 | 675 | 43 | 219 | 273 |
| *June. | 348 | 392 | 281 | 385 | 187 | 61 | 471 | 83 | 610 | 39 | 213 | 254 |
| July .. | 339 | 381 | 274 | 381 | 172 | 55 | 448 | 75 | 604 | 39 | 204 | 246 |
| August ... | 333 356 | 366 | 264 | 375 | 164 | 52 | 412 | 68 | 520 | 33 | 188 | 230 |
| *September | 356 | 427 | 282 | 383 | 190 | 62 | 464 | 80 | 628 | 40 | 211 | 258 |
| October... | 389 | 472 | 292 | 387 | 199 | 84 | 515 | 90 | 679 | 43 | 220 | 278 |
| ${ }^{\text {* }}$ Nocember . | 434 | 520 | 302 | 395 | 207 | 106 | 554 | 98 | 702 | 48 | 223 | 298 |
| ${ }^{*}$ December. | 462 | 528 | 297 | 396 | 198 | 111 | 547 | 95 | 674 | 46 | 214 | 296 |
| 1945 January.. | 490 | 587 | 303 | 390 | 197 | 129 | 561 | 101 | 669 | 46 | 216 | 289 |
| February | 479 | 544 | 308 | 392 | 211 | 122 | 548 | 107 | 720 | 51 | 221 | 290 |
| *March... | 434 | 479 | 308 | 390 | 199 | 100 | 527 | 99 | 677 | 48 | 213 | 271 |
| April | 393 | 424 | 290 | 389 | 185 | 76 | 495 | 89 | 601 | 45 | 200 | 249 |
| May... | 368 358 | 401 | 275 | 379 | 167 | 65 | 461 | 80 | 530 | 39 | 189 | 232 |
| *June. . | 358 | 398 | 287 | 390 | 184 | 59 | 483 | 86 | 561 | 43 | 204 | 240 |
| July . | 347 | 368 342 | 277 | 384 | 166 | 49 | 443 | 76 | 469 | 40 | 192 | 222 |
| August . | 341 | 342 | 252 | 359 | 142 | 42 | 381 | 61 | 400 | 32 | 165 | 199 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Excluding consumption of coal at waterworks, which amounts on an average to 8,000 tons per week.
() Undertakings with an annual consumption of 100 tons or more of coal and/or coke.
( ${ }^{2}$ ) Calculated from four-weekly or monthly figures until December 1942 ; from then onwards figures are on a four or five-week basis.
${ }^{(1)}$ Authorized electricity undertakings and railway and transport authorities only.
${ }^{(5)}$ Including disposals to shops, offices and other establishments, partly or entirely non-residential, with an annual consumption of less than 100 tons of coal and/or coke. Including landsale deliveries until December 1942.
${ }^{( }{ }^{\circ}$ ) Including shipments to Northern Ireland, and consumption by Service departments and at waterworks.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$In June 1942, a revised form of return was instituted, designed to cover all controlled premises, including industrial consumers with an annual consumption of less than 100 tons. On the old basis the figure for June 1942 was about 701,000 tons.

* Average of five weeks.

FUELAND POWER
Coal: Distributed stockes(1)
TABLE 75
End of period
Thousand tons


FUEL AND POWER
Coal: Distributed stocles ( ${ }^{1}$ (continued)

| TABLE 75 (continued) |  |  |  |  | End of period |  |  |  |  |  | Thousand tons |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Public utility undertakings |  |  |  | Coke ovens | Industrial consumers( ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | Merchants' stocks |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Govern- } \\ & \text { ment } \\ & \text { dumps } \end{aligned}$ | Miscellaneous(') |
|  | Gas | Water | Electricity | Railways |  | Iron and steel | Engincering and other metal trades | Other industries | House coal | Anthracite and boiler fuel |  |  |
|  | $\underbrace{\sim}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 January. |  |  | 3,558 | 1,038 | 555 | 698 | 986 | 3,265 | 1,701 | 240 | 1,843 | 1,282 |
| February |  |  | 3,581 | 1,098 | 564 | 651 | 940 | 3,155 | 1,646 | 223 | 1,888 | 1,291 |
| March . |  |  | 3,632 | 1,106 | 537 | 636 | 883 | 3,119 | 1,681 | 193 | 1,948 | 1,248 |
| April . |  |  | 3,691 | 1,105 | 511 | 641 | 862 | 3,138 | 1,608 | 174 | 2,010 | 1,209 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 3,813 | 1,176 | 556 | 654 | 897 | 3,248 | 1,617 | 162 | 2,065 | 1,214 |
| June |  |  | 3,924 | 1,231 | 520 | 678 | 933 | 3,374 | 1,676 | 151 | 2,130 | 1,242 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 4,071 | 1,343 | 540 | 734 | 982 | 3,656 | 1,808 | 148 | 2,241 | 1,367 |
| August . . . . . . . |  |  | 4,042 | 1,314 | 434 | 727 | 998 | 3,721 | 1,834 | 138 | 2,313 | 1,528 |
| September. . . . . |  |  | 4,105 | 1,380 | 477 | 740 | 980 | 3,962 | 1,940 | 134 | 2,392 | 1,546 |
| October. . . . . . . |  |  | 4,062 | 1,412 | 495 | 748 | 956 | 3,883 | 2,000 | 140 | 2,408 | 1,510 |
| November. |  |  | 3,839 | 1,449 | 503 | 724 | 860 | 3,672 | 2,022 | 153 | 2,405 | 1,450 |
| December |  |  | 3,305 | 1,401 | 454 | 650 | 706 | 3,171 | 1,664 | 143 | 2,389 | 1,451 |
| 1944 January. . . . . . . | 1,918 | 127 | 2,894 | 1,317 | 452 | 612 | 605 | 2,840 | 1,551 | 133 | 2,366 | 1,232 |
| February. . . . . . | 1,808 | 125 | 2,549 | 1,247 | 464 | 546 | 524 | 2,573 | 1,413 | 116 | 2,341 | 1,021 |
| March . . . . . . . | 1,698 | 121 | 2,242 | 1,109 | 450 | 461 | 453 | 2,167 | 1,165 | 87 | 2,311 | 870 |
| April . | 1,673 | 126 | 2,251 | 1,026 | 453 | 484 | 529 | 2,035 | , 971 | 96 | 2,262 | 793 |
| May. | 1,939 | 135 | 2,530 | 1,133 | 510 | 538 | 590 | 2,250 | 911 | 101 | 2,218 | 788 |
| June. | 2,214 | 138 | 2,898 | 1,202 | 519 | 623 | 681 | 2,671 | 1,014 | 110 | 2,202 | 745 |
| July . . | 2,470 | 146 | 3,244 | 1,252 | 537 | 663 | 785 | 3,027 | 1,159 | 124 | 2,197 | 769 |
| August ... | 2,492 | 146 | 3,449 | 1,151 | 414 | 673 | 842 | 3,220 | 1,305 | 123 | 2,195 | 876 |
| September. . . . . | 2,741 | 150 | 3,676 | 1,040 | 450 | 715 | 915 | 3,550 | 1,505 | 127 | 2,217 | 986 |
| October... | 2,893 | 150 | 3,794 | 1,009 | 484 | 732 | 900 | 3,626 | 1,532 | 130 | 2,221 | 986 |
| November. | 2,807 | 148 | 3,707 3,247 | 989 898 | 525 | 733 | 843 | 3,520 | 1,467 | 131 | 2,218 | 929 |
| December | 2,391 | 136 | 3,247 | 898 | 484 | 701 | 736 | 3,184 | 1,073 | 114 | 2,217 | 850 |
| 1945 January . . . . . . . | 1,815 | 125 | 2,574 | 734 | 401 | 619 | 570 | 2,688 | 734 | 105 | 2,114 | 726 |
| February | 1,406 | 114 | 2,212 | 580 | 423 | 558 | 481 | 2,383 | 562 | 98 | 1,914 | 641 |
| March . | 1,199 | 110 | 2,191 | 461 | 467 | 545 | 479 | 2,229 | 439 | 102 | 1,574 | 580 |
| April . . . . . . . . | 1,090 | 107 | 2,247 | 513 | 442 | 533 | 529 | 2,197 | 399 | 110 | 1,391 | 584 |
| May. . . . . . . . . | 1,038 | 106 | 2,322 | 510 | 363 | 524 | 550 | 2,215 | 417 | 111 | 1,289 | 634 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . | 1,278 | 113 | 2,789 | 543 | 445 | 567 | 629 | 2,533 | 717 | 121 | 1,097 | 730 |
| July . . . . . . . . . | 1,406 | 123 | 3,099 | 532 | 443 | 590 | 694 | 2,791 | 1,028 | 134 | 1,023 | 781 |
| August . . . . . . | 1,183 | 125 | 3,041 | 410 | 273 | 552 | 718 | 2,823 | 1,059 | 132 | 966 | 776 |

(9) Great Britain.
(2) Undertakings with an annual consumption of 100 tons or more of coal and/or coke.
(2) Including coal held by Service departments.
() From November 1941 coal held in wagons at the sidings of the gas, water and electricity undertakings and in barges alongside power stations is included. At the end of November the stocks in these categories were estimated to be 50,000 tons for gas and 55,000 tons for electricity.

Mined coal : Productivity
Weekly averages

|  | Number of wage-earners on colliery books | Average number of shifts worked per wage-earner on colliery books per week( ${ }^{2}$ ) | Average number of shifts possible per wage-earner on colliery books per week( ${ }^{(2)}$ | Absenteeism percentage overall( ${ }^{(2)}$ | Average output in tons per manshift worked( ${ }^{( }$) |  | Manshifts at the coal face as percentage of total ( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands |  |  |  | Overall | At the coal face |  |
| 1939. | 766 | 5.15 | 5.53 | 6.94 | $1 \cdot 14$ | 3.00 | 37.85 |
| 1940. | 749 | $5 \cdot 27$ | 5.75 | 8.26 | $1 \cdot 10$ | 2.97 | 37.04 |
| 1941. | 698 | 5.37 5 | 5.91 | 9.03 | 1.07 | 2.99 | 35.96 |
| 1942. | 709 | $5 \cdot 34$ | 5.96 | $10 \cdot 40$ | 1.05 | 2.91 | 35.94 |
| 1943. | 708() | $5 \cdot 12\left({ }^{(4)}\right.$ | 5.85( ${ }^{( }$ | 12.46( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 1.03 | 2.75 () | 37.48() |
| 1944. | 710 | 4.96 | 5.74 | 13.61 | 1.00 | 2.70 | 37.19 |
| 1945. | 709 | 4.73 | 5.65 | 16.31 | 1.00 | $2 \cdot 70$ | 36.96 |
| 1939 September | 748.6 | 5.36 | 5.77 | 7.08 | $1 \cdot 12$ | 2.98 | 37.57 |
| October | 755.2 | $5 \cdot 40$ | 5.80 | 6.92 | $1 \cdot 14$ | 3.02 | 37.74 |
| *November | 759.1 | 5.60 | 6.00 | 6.74 | 1.15 | 3.05 | 37.84 |
| December | 759.8 | 4.88 | $5 \cdot 24$ | 6.95 | $1 \cdot 13$ | 3.01 | 37.54 |
| 1940*January. . | 759.0 | $5 \cdot 17$ | 5.71 | 9.44 | $1 \cdot 12$ | 2.98 | 37.43 |
| February. | 760.4 | 5.22 | 5.87 | 11.16 | $1 \cdot 13$ | 3.04 | 37.33 |
| March | $762 \cdot 3$ | 5.01 | 5.51 | 9.15 7.35 | $1 \cdot 13$ | 3.03 | 37.13 37 |
| April .. | $763 \cdot 1$ | 5.70 | 6.15 | 7.35 | 1.15 | 3.07 | 37.58 |
| *May... | 763.3 | 5.62 | 6.08 | $7 \cdot 66$ | $1 \cdot 14$ | 3.03 | 37.55 |
| June. | 766.9 | 5.46 | 5.89 | 7.26 | $1 \cdot 11$ | 2.95 | 37.50 |
| *July .. | 761.1 | 5.41 | 5.84 | $7 \cdot 48$ | $1 \cdot 11$ | 2.99 | 36.97 |
| August | $757 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 14$ | 5.61 | 8.34 | 1.07 | 2.90 | 36.88 |
| September | 746.0 | 5.13 5.35 | 5.58 | 8.02 7.60 | 1.07 | 2.90 | 36.76 |
| - October... | 731.2 712.4 | 5.35 5.18 | 5.79 5.60 | 7.60 7.62 | 1.09 1.09 | 2.96 2.99 | 36.63 36.36 |
| December | 702.7 | 4.86 | $5 \cdot 30$ | 8.22 | 1.08 | 2.98 | 36.06 |
| 1941*January. . . | 698.9 | 5.29 | 5.85 | 9.49 | 1.08 | 2.99 | 36.26 |
| February.. | $694 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 29$ | 5.86 | 9.72 | 1.09 | 3.00 | 36.15 |
| March . | 692.0 | 5.31 | 5.87 | 9.57 | 1.09 | 3.02 | 35.99 |
| * April | 690.4 | 5.32 5.58 | 5.83 | 8.70 | 1.08 | 3.00 | 35.89 |
| May... | 690.2 | 5.58 | 6.11 | 8.73 | 1.08 | 3.02 | 35.78 |
| June. . . | $690 \cdot 6$ | 5.29 | 5.74 | 7.78 | 1.06 | 2.97 | 35.67 |
| *July ... | $692 \cdot 1$ | 5.55 | 6.02 5.30 | 7.87 | 1.07 | 3.00 | 35.85 |
| August | 697.3 $704 \cdot 0$ | 4.86 5.60 | $5 \cdot 30$ 6.16 | 8.25 9.16 | 1.06 1.08 | 2.98 2.98 | $35 \cdot 58$ 36.14 |
| -October. | 706.7 | 5.67 | 6.16 6.27 | 9.16 9.53 | 1.08 | 2.98 2.99 | $36 \cdot 14$ 36.13 |
| November | 707.5 | $5 \cdot 37$ | 5.94 | 9.66 | 1.08 | 2.99 | 36.17 |
| December | 707.9 | $5 \cdot 32$ | 5.90 | 9.76 | 1.06 | 2.96 | 35.93 |
| 1942*January. . | 707.5 | $5 \cdot 36$ | 6.09 | 11.94 | 1.05 | 2.92 | $36 \cdot 12$ |
| February. | 706.8 | 5.49 5.41 | 6.18 | 11.13 | 1.07 | 2.94 | $36 \cdot 26$ |
| March | 705.6 | 5.41 | 6.05 | 10.63 | 1.07 | 2.96 | 36.18 |
| * April ... | 706.0 | 5.25 | 5.81 5.64 | 9.59 | 1.05 | 2.92 | 35.92 |
| May...... | 707.9 | 5.07 5.52 | 5.64 | $10 \cdot 13$ | 1.04 | 2.91 | 35.86 |
| *July . | 709.6 | 5.46 | 6.04 | 9.62 | 1.05 | 2.92 | 35.82 358 |
| August | 701.7 | 4.64 | $5 \cdot 20$ | 10.80 | 1.02 | 2.87 | 35.45 |
| *September | 711.4 | 5.58 | 6.20 | 10.02 | 1.05 | 2.93 | 35.97 |
| October... | 711.0 | $5 \cdot 58$ | $6 \cdot 21$ | $10 \cdot 21$ | 1.06 | 2.95 | 36.01 |
| November <br> ${ }^{*}$ December | $\begin{aligned} & \left.712 \cdot 9()^{\prime}\right) \\ & 713.3 \end{aligned}$ | 5.39 5.35 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.02 \\ & 5.97 \end{aligned}$ | $10 \cdot 41$ 10.31 | 1.06 1.05 | 2.94 $\mathbf{2 . 9 0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35.95 \\ & 36.05 \end{aligned}$ |

## Mined coal: Productivity ( ${ }^{1}$ (continued)

TABLE 76 (continued)
Weekly averages

|  | Number of wage-carners on colliery books | Average number of shifts worked per wage-carner on colliery books per week(") | Average number of shifts possible per wage-carner on colliery books per week( ${ }^{(2)}$ | Absenteeism percentage overall( ${ }^{(1)}$ | Average output in tons per manshift worked ${ }^{\mathbf{3}}$ ) |  | Manshifts at the coal face as percentage of total( ${ }^{( }$) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Overall | At the coal face |  |
| 1943 January. | 714.1 | 5.33 | 6.07 | 12.32 | 1.04 | 2.78 | 37.48 |
| February | 713.7 | 5.33 | $6 \cdot 10$ | 12.53 | 1.04 | 2.78 | 37.61 |
| March . | 712.3 | 5.31 | 6.08 | 12.62 | 1.05 | 2.79 | 37.51 |
| *April | 711.0 | 5.01 | 5.71 | 12.23 | 1.03 | 2.75 | 37.29 |
| May. | $710 \cdot 3$ | 5.36 | 6.05 | 11.45 | 1.03 | 2.77 | 37.30 |
| June.. | 708.9 | 4.99 | 5.62 | 11.27 | 1.02 | 2.72 | 37.40 |
| *July . | $707 \cdot 1$ | 5.06 | 5.72 | 11.48 | 1.03 | 2.73 | 37.60 |
| August | 705.6 | 4.50 | $5 \cdot 13$ | 12.29 | 1.00 | 2.68 | 37.19 |
| *September | $704 \cdot 4$ | 5.25 | 6.00 | 12.49 | 1.03 | 2.73 | 37.63 |
| October... | 703.0 | 5.33 | 6.07 | 12.25 | 1.04 | 2.76 | 37.65 |
| November | 701.9 | 5.22 | 6.03 | 13.47 | 1.04 | 2.76 | 37.54 |
| *December. | 702.2 | 4.84 | 5.66 | 14.40 | 1.02 | 2.71 | 3744 |
| 1944 January... | 703.0 | $5 \cdot 22$ | 5.96 | 12.44 | 1.01 | 2.70 | 37.37 |
| February.. | 703.4 | 5.25 | 5.96 | 12.00 | 1.01 | 2.70 | 37.44 |
| *March.... | $704 \cdot 3$ | 4.95 | 5.67 | 12.68 | 1.01 | 2.70 | 37.20 |
| April ... | $706 \cdot 5$ | 4.76 | 5.44 | 12.44 | 0.99 | 2.67 | 37.23 |
| May.... | 709.8 | $5 \cdot 22$ | 5.98 | 12.67 | 1.02 | 2.72 | 37.38 |
| *June. . . | $713 \cdot 1$ | 4.94 | 5.67 | 12.89 | 1.01 | 2.71 | 37.05 |
| July ..... | 713.6 | 4.85 | 5.58 | 13.14 | 1.00 | 2.70 | 36.90 |
| August ... | 713.6 | $4 \cdot 26$ | 5.02 | 15.21 | 0.97 | 2.65 | 36.56 |
| *September | 713.8 713.4 | 5.04 5.08 | 5.94 5.97 | 15.14 14.86 | 1.01 | 2.70 | 37.23 |
| October... | $713 \cdot 4$ | 5.08 | 5.97 | 14.86 | 1.01 | 2.73 | 37.16 37 |
| * ${ }_{\text {November }}$ | 713.2 713.7 | 5.14 4.80 | 6.02 5.65 | 14.55 15.04 | 1.02 1.00 | 2.73 2.69 | 37.41 37.21 |
| *December. | 713.7 |  | $5 \cdot 65$ | 15.04 | 1.00 | 2.69 | $37 \cdot 21$ |
| 1945 January.. | $715 \cdot 6$ | 4.81 | 5.77 | 16.60 | 0.98 | 2.65 | 37.11 |
| February. | 716.9 | 4.98 | 5.95 | 16.40 | 1.00 | 2.69 | 37.20 |
| *March . | 717.4 | 4.92 | $5 \cdot 83$ | 15.55 | 1.00 | 2.70 | 37.09 |
| April. | $717 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 80$ | 5.68 | 15.46 | 0.99 | 2.68 | 37.03 |
| May.. | 716.0 | $4 \cdot 32$ | 5.09 | $15 \cdot 10$ | 0.97 | 2.65 | 36.77 |
| *June. . | 713.6 | 5.01 | 5.87 | 14.69 | 1.01 | 2.71 | 37.20 |
| July . ... | 709.3 | $4 \cdot 63$ | 5.49 | 15.78 | 0.98 | 2.67 | 36.77 |
| August . | $706 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 62$ | $4 \cdot 42$ | 18.00 | 0.92 | $2 \cdot 57$ | 35.98 |

${ }^{1}$ ) Great Britain.
Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power
${ }^{(2)}$ Up to and including 1942, the figures are obtained from returns collected by the Joint Accountants to the industry for the purpose of wages ascertainment.
(') The introduction of a revised form of return in November 1942 resulted in a net increase of about 1,250 in the total wage-earners.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{4}\right)$ Owing to the introduction of a revised form of return the figures are not comparable with those for previous years. On the old basis the figures for 1943 are : shifts worked, $5 \cdot 24$; shifts possible, 5.96 ; absenteeism percentage, 12.06 ; average output, 2.86 ; percentage of shifts at the coal face, 35-94.

* Average of five weeks.

FUEL AND POWER
Coke: Production, consumption and stocks
TABLE 77
Thousand tons

| - |  | Production( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) |  |  | Consumption |  |  | Stocks(1) (end of period) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | At coke ovens | $\begin{aligned} & \text { At } \\ & \text { gas- } \\ & \text { works } \end{aligned}$ | Total | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Inland } \\ \text { con- } \\ \text { sumption(n) } \end{array}$ | Overseas shipments(') | Total | At coke ovens | At gasworks |
| Anmoal totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 |  | 24,226 | 14.026 | 10.290 | 24.226 | 21,758 | 2,468 |  | 487 | 706 |
| 1940 |  | 25,268 | 15,351 | , 9,917 | 25.488 | 24,544 | ,944 | 2,731 | 441 | 532 |
| 1941 |  | 25,099 | 14.547 | 10,552 | 25,140 | 24.697 | 443 | 2,690 | 160 | 572 |
| 1942 |  | 26,104 | 14,900 | 11,204 | 26,100 | 25.819 | 281 | 2,694 | 183 | 453 |
| 1943 |  | 25,861 | 14.453 | 11,408 | 25.485 | 25.192 | 293 | 3,070 | 332 | 680 |
| 1944 |  | 25,576 | 14.081 | 11,495 | 26.546 | 26.433 | 113 | 2,100 | 82 | 290 |
| 1945 |  | 25,622 | 13,986 | 11.636 | 25,545 | 25,362 | 183 | 2,177 | 77 | 279 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 |  | 465 484 | 269 | 196 | 465 488 | 417 470 | 48 | 2731 | 487 | 706 532 |
| 1941 |  | 481 | 279 | 202 | 482 | 474 | 8 | 2,690 | 160 | 572 |
| 1942. |  | 501 | 286 | 215 | 501 | 495 | 6 | 2,694 | 183 | 453 |
| 1943. |  | 496 | 277 | 219 | 489 | 483 | 6 | 3,070 | 332 | 680 |
| 1944. |  | 489 | 269 | 220 | 508 | 506 | 2 | 2,100 | 82 | 290 |
| 1945. |  | 491 | 268 | 223 | 490 | 486 | 4 | 2,177 | 77 | 279 |
| 1939 | September | 429 | 271 | 158 | 473 | 424 | 49 | . . | 590 | 868 |
|  | October... | 463 | 286 |  |  | 440 |  |  |  | 811 |
|  | November | 488* | 293* | 195* | $512 *$ | 464* | 48 |  | 487 | 749 |
|  | December | 509 | 292 | 217 | 520 | 465 | 55 | . | 487 | 706 |
| 1940 | January | 535* | 295* | 240** | 586* | 543* | 43 | . | 400 | 540 |
|  | February. | 525 | 295 | 230 | 579 | 541 | 38 |  | 361 | 364 |
|  | March .. | 508 | 299 | 209 | 537 | 502 | 35 |  | 305 | 305 |
|  | April | 505 | 305 | 200 | 518 | 480 | 38 | .. | 266 | 291 |
|  | May. | 479* | 305* | 174* | 469* | 441* | 28 |  | 243 | 362 |
|  | June. | 468 | 302 | 166 | 449. | 440 | 9 |  | 243 | 438 |
|  | July August | $4{ }^{467}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{289}{ }^{298}$ | $167 *$ | 424* | 420* | 4 | $\cdots$ | 379 437 | 496 548 |
|  | September | 442 | 283 | 159 | 435 | 431 | 4 | $\cdots$ | 486 | 527 |
|  | October. | 451* | 282* | 169* | 447* | 443* | 4 | $\ldots$ | 517 | 515 |
|  | November | 468 | 284 | 184 | 481 | 475 | 6 |  | 463 | 516 |
|  | December | 485 | 279 | 206 | 487 | 481 | 6 | 2,731 | 441 | 532 |
| 1941 | January | 505* | 281* | 224* | 520* | 510* | 10 | .. | 428 | 450 |
|  | February | 505 | 278 | 227 | 527 | 518 | 4 | $\ldots$ | 423 | 370 |
|  | March | 496 | 278 |  | 517 |  | 11 |  | 381 | 313 |
|  | April | 481* | 276* | 205* | 500* | 490** | 10 | $\ldots$ | 303 | 274 |
|  | May. | 470 | 275 | 195 | 478 | 466 | 12 | . | 252 | 275 |
|  | June. | 457 | 278 | 179 | 447 | 434 | 13 |  | 227 | 325 |
|  | July .. | 445** | 276* | 179** | 434* | 424** | 10 | . | 198 | 388 433 |
|  | August | 450 | 274 | 176 | -444 | 437 | 7 | . | 160 | 433 |
|  | September | 462 | 278 | 184 | 449 | 443 | 6 | $\cdots$ | 143 | 484 |
|  | October... | ${ }_{509}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 282* | 198* | 462* | 455* | 7 | $\cdots$ | 141 | 557 |
|  | November | 509 515 | 285 | 224 229 | 507 501 | 501 496 | 5 | 2,690 | 148 160 | 544 572 |
| 1942 | January | 534* | 286* | 248* | 526* | 520* | 6 |  | 163 | 601 |
|  | February. | 541 | 288 | 253 | 563 | 559 | 4 | $\cdots$ | 154 | 515 |
|  | March . | 531 | 288 | 243 | 561 | 556 | 5 |  | 140 | 402 |
|  | April | 505* | 286* | 219** | 533* | 527* | 6 | . | 130 | 263 359 |
|  | May.. | 487 | 285 | 202 | 462 | 455 | 7 |  | 124 | 359 |
|  | June. . | $478{ }^{47}$ | 283 ${ }^{283}$ | $195{ }^{187}$ | 472** | $467{ }^{45}$ | 5 |  | 131 | 369 391 |
|  | August | 463 | 281 | 182 | 451 | 443 | 8 |  | 150 | 424 |
|  | September | 481* | 290* | 191** | 466* | 460* | 6 |  | 160 | 481 |
|  | October. . | 495 | 291 | 204 | 484 | 480 | 4 |  | 181 | 497 |
|  | November | 517 | 291 | 226 | 525 | 521 | 4 |  | 186 | 452 |
|  | December | 520* | 288* | 232* | 518* | 516* | 2 | 2,694 | 183 | 453 |

See footnotes on page 84.
Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power

Coke : Production, consumption and stocks(continued)
TABLE 77 (continued)
Thousand tons


# Coal tar products: Production 

Great Britain
TABLE 78

|  | Unit | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Road tar (including refined tar). | Thousand tons | 640 | 650 | ${ }_{6}^{696}$ | ${ }_{5}^{628}$ |
| Creosote/pitch mixture |  | 530 | 624 | 591 | 559 |
| Creosote oil | Thousand gallons | 64,000 | 49,000 | 55,000 | 60,000 |
| Pitch . . . . | Thousand tons | 467 | 380 | 404 | 412 |
| White naphthalene | " " | 7.6 | 9.0 | 7.4 | 7.4 |
| Hot-pressed naphthalene | " $\quad$ | 8.4 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 10.0 |
| Crude naphthalene |  | $15 \cdot 2$ | $14 \cdot 5$ | $14 \cdot 1$ | 14.9 |
| Pyridine bases | Thousand gallons | 157 | 137 | 132 | 132 |
| Natural phenol . .i.......... | Thousand tons | $8_{176} 8$ | 8.7 | 9.2 | 8.2 |
| Refined cresylic acid (all grades) | Thousand gallons | 6,176 ${ }_{1.9}$ | 7,242.4 | 7,056 $2 \cdot 5$ | 6,990 ${ }_{1.9}$ |
| Anthracene 40/50 per cent | Thousand tons | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | 1.9 |

Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power

## Gas: Production <br> Great Britain

TABLE 79

|  | Total gas available |  | Gas bought from coke ovens | Gas made |  |  |  | Materials used for gas making |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Coal gas | Water gas | Other gas | Coal | Gas oil |
|  | Million therms | Million cubic feet |  |  |  |  |  | Thousand tons |  |
| 1939. | 1,655 | 352,072 |  | 33,010 | 319,062 | 284,570 | 27,489 | 7,003 | 18,866 | 128.91 |
| 1940. | 1,579 | 343,440 | 36,883 | 306,557 | 268,781 | 30,192 | 7,584 | 17,983 | 152.21 |
| 1941. | 1,725 | 370,123 | 40,647 | 329,476 | 287,795 | 33,425 | 8,256 | 19,319 | 177.79 |
| 1942. | 1,813 | 388,755 | 45,693 | 343,062 | 296,363 | 38,097 | 8,602 | 20,634 | $200 \cdot 22$ |
| 1943. | 1,840 | 395,457 | 47,478 | 347,979 | 298,521 | 40,784 | 8,674 | 20,732 | 190.71 |
| 1944. | 1,948 | 414,342 | 49,188 | 365,154 | 296,600 | 60,424 | 8,130 | 20,620 | $353 \cdot 15$ |
| 1945. | 2,021 | 427,941 | 51,691 | 376,250 | 302,430 | 65,331 | 8,489 | 20,845 | 401.02 |

Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power
Gas: Sales
Great Britain
TABLE 80

|  | Total |  | Domestic | Industrial | Commercial |  |  | Public lighting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Shops, |  |  | Government |  |
|  | Million therms | Million cubic feet |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 310,386309,490329,204355,468 |  |  |  | - |  |
| 1939. | 1,528 | 320,228 |  |  |  |  |  | 9,842 |
| 1940. | 1,473 | 310,534 330,725 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,044 1,521 |
| 1942. | 1,672 | 357,137 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,669 |
| 1943. | 1,691 | 362,588 | 212,230 | 103,166 | 30,596 | 7,776 | 7,539 |  |
| 1944. | 1,770 | 379,641 | 228,818 | 96,330 | 34,978 | 8,860 | 8,789 | 1.866 |
| 1945. | 1,821 | 389,850 | 248,974 | 86,782 | 33,773 | 8,496 | 6,312 | 5,513 |

[^13]Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power

## Electricity: Production

Great Britain
TABLE 81

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Million units (million kilo-watt hours) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electricity generated : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tótal . . . . . . ......... | 27,733 | 29,976 | 33,577 | 36,903 | 38,217 | 39,649 | 38,611 |
| Authorised undertakings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public authorities | 14,340 12,069 | 15,971 12,802 | 17,977 | $\begin{array}{r}19,607 \\ 16,047 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 20,225 | 21,480 | -16,582 |
| Railway and transport authorities | 1,324 | 1,203 | 1,217 | 1,249 | 1,266 | 1,286 | 1,327 |
| Method of generation : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steam plant | 26,578 | 29,003 | 32,616 | 35,699 | 36,800 | 38,378 | 37,373 |
| Oil engines | 51 | 57 | 57 |  | 38 | 45 | 44 |
| Gas engines | 3 | ${ }^{3}$ | 8 | 102 | 2 | ${ }^{3}$ | 2 |
| Water power Destructor plant, waste heat, etc.. | 982 119 | 800 113 | 831 70 | 1,097 59 | 1,329 48 | 1,176 47 | 1,144 48 |
|  | Thousand tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials used : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal | 15,925 | 18,112 | 20,435 | 22,283 | 22,599 | 24,074 | 23,493 |
| Coke and coke breeze | 235 | 258 | 275 | 320 | 318 | 337 | 330 |
| Oil | 19 | 26 | 20 | 18 | 14 | 18 | 20 |

Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power

# Electricity: Sales ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}{ }^{\mathbf{~}}{ }^{\left({ }^{\mathbf{2}}\right)}$ <br> Great Britain 

TABLE 82
Million units

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 22,234 | 24,263 | 27,308 | 30,286 | 31,449 | 32,519 | 31.363 |
| Domestic and farm premises. | 5,936 | 6,228 | 6,637 | 6,720 | 6,709 | 7,835 | 8,805 |
| Shops, offices and other commercial premises | 3,117 | 2,997 | 3,266 | 3,256 | 3,062 | 3,510 | 3,482 |
| Factories and other industrial premises | 11,672 | 13,874 | 16,244 | 19,142 | 20,516 | 19,976 | 17,679 |
| Public lighting .................... | 248 | , 17 | , 18 | . 20 | , 20 | 129 | 161 |
| Traction ..... | 1,261 | 1,147 | 1,143 | 1.148 | 1,142 | 1,169 | 1,236 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Authorised electricity undertakings only.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ The figures, which are estimates only, are based on representative samples of the returns made to the Electricity Commissioners.

Arrivals of petroleum products
TABLE 83

|  |  | Total | Refined petroleum products |  |  |  |  |  | Crude and processoils oils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Aviation, motor and industrial spirit | White spirit | Kerosine | Gas/Diesel oils | Fuel oil | Lubricating oils |  |
| Anmal totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. |  | 11,381 | 3,592 | 64 | 999 | 1,367 | 3,235 | 578 | 1,546 |
| 1941. |  | 13,051 | 4,741 | 58 | 1,062 | 1,790 | 3,850 | 491 | 1,060 |
| 1942. |  | 10,232 | 4,083 | 103 | 856 | 1,364 | 2,407 | 565 | 854 |
| 1943. |  | 14,828 | 5,306 | 69 | 1,214 | 1,887 | 5,122 | 433 | 798 |
| 1944. |  | 20,176 | 9,417 | 111 | 1,334 | 2,210 | 5,336 | 575 | 1,194 |
| 1945. |  | 15,924 | 6,999 | 98 | 1,292 | 2,101 | 3,703 | 337 | 1,394 |
| Weekly averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941. |  | $250 \cdot 3$ | $90 \cdot 9$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | $20 \cdot 4$ | $34 \cdot 3$ | 73.9 | 9.4 | $20 \cdot 3$ |
| 1942. |  | $196 \cdot 2$ | 78.3 | 2.0 | $16 \cdot 4$ | $26 \cdot 1$ | $46 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 8$ | 16.4 |
| 1943. |  | 284.4 | 101.8 | 1.3 | 23.3 | $36 \cdot 2$ | 98.2 | 8.3 | $15 \cdot 3$ |
| 1944. |  | 385.9 | $180 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 25.5 | $42 \cdot 3$ | $102 \cdot 1$ | 11. | 22.8 |
| 1945. |  | $305 \cdot 4$ | 134.2 | 1.9 | 24.8 | $40 \cdot 3$ | 71.0 | $6 \cdot 5$ | 26.7 |
| 1939 | September. | 131.4 | 58.1 | - | 4.5 | 17.5 | 24.2 | 3.5 | 23.6 |
|  | * October. . | 128.6 | 57.2 | - | 3.7 | 20.6 | 29.9 | 8.7 | 8.5 |
|  | November. | $185 \cdot 5$ | 63.9 | - | $36 \cdot 2$ | 18.1 | 37-1 | 1.6 | 28.6 |
|  | December | $215 \cdot 4$ | 64.0 | 0.5 | $25 \cdot 1$ | $16 \cdot 2$ | $65 \cdot 9$ | 4.9 |  |
| 1940 | * January. | 216.3 | 88.9 | 0.8 | 14.6 | 19.5 | 53.0 | 12.9 | 26.6 |
|  | February | 192.7 | 59.8 | 1.8 | 8.2 | $16 \cdot 1$ | 56.5 | 6.0 | 44.3 |
|  | March . | $263 \cdot 3$ | 91.7 | 1.2 | 21.3 | 33.1 | 58.5 | 21.7 | $35 \cdot 8$ |
|  | *April | 221.3 | 76.7 | 1.0 | 19.8 | $36 \cdot 8$ 42.5 | 56.6 | 5.8 19.9 | 24.6 |
|  | May. | $286 \cdot 2$ | 99.9 | 2.2 | $15 \cdot 1$ | 42.5 | 64.6 | 19.9 | 42.0 |
|  | June. . | 326.5 | 91.1 | 1.1 | 21.5 | 30.3 | 94.9 | 15.8 | 71.8 |
|  | *July | 200.0 | 57.4 | 0.7 | 16.0 | 25.5 | 67.3 | 15.6 | 17.5 |
|  | August ... | 215.7 | 69.0 |  | 6.9 | 31.4 | $76 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | 260 |
|  | - September |  | 38.3 | 2.6 | $16 \cdot 8$ | 15.9 | $53 \cdot 2$ | 6.9 | 16.3 |
|  | October... | 132.9 | $46 \cdot 3$ 53 | 0.5 | 24.9 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 34.3 | 5.5 | 11.3 |
|  | November. | 218.2 | 53.5 | 1.9 | 32.3 | $23 \cdot 3$ | $76 \cdot 3$ | 8.1 | $22 \cdot 8$ |
|  | *December. | $180 \cdot 3$ | 48.2 | $0 \cdot 8$ | 28.4 | 26.3 | $47 \cdot 8$ | 7.9 | 20.9 |
| 1941 | January.. |  | 38.2 | - |  |  | 30.0 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 150 |
|  | February | 204.3 | 72.4 | - | 11.9 | 30.8 | 60.4 | 2.5 | 26.3 |
|  | *March .. | 1960 | 55.8 | -0 | 17.4 | 28.2 | $65 \cdot 4$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | 25.8 |
|  | April | 2300 | 71.3 89.5 | 0.9 | 6.9 | 34-1 | 81.2 | 10.4 | 25.2 |
|  | May... | 198.6 | 89.5 | - | 5.0 | $25 \cdot 4$ | 48.2 | 5.1 | 25.4 |
|  | *June. | 279.9 | 99.7 | 2.8 | 6.3 | $43 \cdot 1$ | 91.1 | 10.8 | $26 \cdot 1$ |
|  | July ... | $275 \cdot 2$ | 91.2 | 1.1 1.4 | 24.8 | $44 \cdot 7$ | 83.0 | 18.0 | 12.4 |
|  | August .. | $280 \cdot 1$ | 104.4 | 1.4 | 25.2 | 43.4 | $75 \cdot 1$ | $12 \cdot 1$ | 18.5 |
|  | *September | 367.9 298.9 | $136 \cdot 5$ 105.2 | 1.8 0.4 | 41.2 30.4 | 38.3 37.5 | 118.5 | 15.0 | 16.6 |
|  | November. | $270 \cdot 0$ | 112.9 | $2 \cdot 5$ | 35.7 | $43 \cdot 2$ | 60.5 | 4.4 | 25.1 10.8 |
|  | *December. | $280 \cdot 7$ | 108.0 | 1.9 | 27.8 | 38.1 | 68.9 | 19.4 | 16.6 |
| 1942 | January. | 207.8 | 78.9 | 1.7 | 19.4 | 48.4 | 39.5 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 13.1 |
|  | February | $239 \cdot 9$ | 99.9 | 1.4 | 19.7 | 29.5 | 60.7 | 9.7 | 19.0 |
|  | *March. | $140 \cdot 3$ | $67 \cdot 5$ | 1.6 | 14.8 | 6.1 | 24.0 | 15.6 | 10.7 |
|  | April . | 209.4 | $93 \cdot 1$ | 3.9 | 14.5 | 27.5 | 31.3 | 12.6 | 26.5 |
|  | May. | 119.8 | 49.9 | $-2$ | 8.7 | $17 \cdot 2$ | 19.7 | 13.9 | $10 \cdot 4$ |
|  | *June. | 163.1 | 71.1 | 2.7 | 9.9 | 24.1 | 25.2 | 12.7 | 17.4 |
|  | July | $234 \cdot 4$ | $92 \cdot 1$ | 4.9 | 23.6 | 28.5 | 57.4 | 10.5 | 174: |
|  | *August | $180 \cdot 6$ | 47.7 | $3 \cdot 1$ | $12 \cdot 1$ | 23.9 | 52.3 | 18.1 | 23.4 |
|  | September. | $268 \cdot 1$ | 96.8 | $2 \cdot 4$ | 32.5 | 30.8 | $85 \cdot 1$ | 2.9 | $17 \cdot 6$. |
|  | October... | 173.9 | $48 \cdot 4$ | 1.3 | $25 \cdot 3$ | 21.4 | 50.2 | 13.3 | 14.0 |
|  | - November | 197.5 | 72.0 | $0 \cdot 6$ | 9.3 12.9 | 34.4 | 57.8 | $7 \cdot 2$ | $16 \cdot 2$ |
|  | December | 253.0 | 139.0 | - | $12 \cdot 9$ | $27 \cdot 1$ | 58.5 | 4.7 | $10 \cdot 8$ |

Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power-

Arrivals of petroleum products (continued)

|  |  | Total | Refined petroleum products |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Crude } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { process } \\ & \text { oils } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Aviation, motor and industrial spirit | White spirit | Kerosine | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gas/Diesel } \\ & \text { oils } \end{aligned}$ | Fuel oil | Lubricating oils |  |
| 1943 | January. | 147.4 | 31.7 |  | - | 44.6 | 55.4 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 11.3 |
|  | February | $236 \cdot 6$ | 74.6 | 0.8 | $15 \cdot 5$ | 40.7 | 79.8 | $12 \cdot 6$ | 12.6 |
|  | *March.. | 197.7 | $60 \cdot 1$ | 1.2 | 23.3 | 22.6 | $70 \cdot 6$ | 4.4 | 15.5 |
|  | April. . | 278.4 | 84.7 | - | 37.9 | 40.8 | 88.9 | 6.5 | 19.6 |
|  | *May.. | 262.6 372.9 | 6770 | 1.8 | 18.8 | 44.9 52.4 | 104.7 | 8.0 | 17.4 |
|  | June. . | 372.9 | 122.7 | 1.1 | $34 \cdot 1$ | 52.4 | 144.0 | 6.2 | 12.4 |
|  | July . . | 408.8 | 143.4 | 3.5 | 28.3 | 36.0 | 167.5 | 9.2 | 20.9 |
|  | *August ... | $325 \cdot 8$ | 115.5 | 0.8 | 29.4 | $33 \cdot 8$ 54.2 | 113.9 | 9.3 | $23 \cdot 1$ |
|  | September. | 412.4 | 154.5 | 2.7 | $48 \cdot 4$ | 54.2 | 128.4 | 7.6 | 16.6 |
|  | October... | 297.9 | 156.2 | 2.0 1.4 | 19.1 15.1 | 19.1 23.2 | $80 \cdot 3$ | 11.1 | $10 \cdot 1$ |
|  | *November December | $269 \cdot 3$ $233 \cdot 2$ | 123.9 100.6 | 1.4 0.8 | $15 \cdot 1$ 11.6 | 23.2 28.0 | $86 \cdot 6$ 66.5 | 9.0 12.3 | $10 \cdot 1$ 13.4 |
| 1944 | *January. | 225.2 | 101.2 | 3.4 | 22.4 | $17 \cdot 1$ | $66 \cdot 2$ | 4.9 | 10.0 |
|  | February | 278.6 | 126.6 | 0.8 | 7.0 | $36 \cdot 4$ | $74 \cdot 1$ | 13.5 | 20.2 |
|  | March . | 348.9 | 167.9 | 2.7 | 17.0 | $30 \cdot 6$ | 87.7 | 5.0 | 38.0 |
|  | April | 427.0 | 199.2 | $6 \cdot 1$ | $17 \cdot 1$ | 55.9 | $107 \cdot 6$ | $12 \cdot 4$ | 28.7 |
|  | *May | 441.2 | 205.9 | 1.2 | 34.2 | 59.0 | 112.0 | 8.8 | $20 \cdot 1$ |
|  |  |  | 183.6 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 24.9 | 51.0 | 179.5 | 17.0 | 44.0 |
|  | *July . | 466.7 | 191.5 | 1.7 | $35 \cdot 4$ | 60.8 | $137 \cdot 1$ | 19.0 | 21.2 |
|  | August | 471.0 | 182.2 | 3.0 | 31.9 | 70.7 | $145 \cdot 1$ | 11.3 | 26.8 |
|  | September. |  | 267.9 | 2.1 | 44.7 | 41.6 |  | 15.6 | 22.7 |
|  | *October.. | $357 \cdot 1$ | 189.5 | 0.8 | 23.6 | 44.9 | 72.3 | 10.0 | 16.0 |
|  | November. | 341.2 | $189 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | $35 \cdot 4$ | 26.3 | 62.1 | 7.9 | 19.2 |
|  | December | 319.8 | $177 \cdot 3$ | 1.0 | 11.1 | $12 \cdot 7$ | 95.4 | 7.5 | 14.8 |
| 1945 | *January.. | 315.9 | $190 \cdot 4$ | 0.8 | $13 \cdot 1$ | 27.0 | 59.4 | 4.3 | 20.9 |
|  | February. | 258.0 | 138.4 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 5.2 | 21.7 | 56.8 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 26.6 |
|  | March . | 378.4 | 212.9 | 4.5 | 23.9 | 27.9 | 79.1 | 4.9 | 25.2 |
|  | *April | $365 \cdot 5$ | 204.3 | 1.7 | 11.4 | 39.1 55.9 | 80.7 | $7 \cdot 4$ | $20 \cdot 9$ |
|  | May. | 478.5 | 227.7 | 2.9 | 27.2 | 55.9 | 138.9 | 4.7 | 21.2 |
|  |  | 485.5 | 186.3 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 36.5 | 62.8 | 147.8 | 12.9 | $37 \cdot 1$ |
|  | *July . ${ }_{\text {August }}$ | $296 \cdot 0$ $205 \cdot 2$ | 115.4 49.7 | 1.0 3.8 | $30 \cdot 8$ 30.6 | $45 \cdot 2$ 55.9 | 74.8 42.0 | 8.0 6.0 | $20 \cdot 8$ 17.2 |
|  | August |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^14]Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power

FUELANDPOWER
Production of petroleum products from imported crude and process oils
TABLE 84
Thousand tons

|  | Total | Aviation, motor and industrial spirit | White spirit | Kerosine | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gas/Diesel } \\ \text { oils ( }) \end{gathered}$ | Fuel oil (\%) | Lubricating oils | Bitumen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Angual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. | 1,507 | 280 | $32 \cdot 3$ | $60 \cdot 9$ | 344 | 275 | 144 | 370 |
| 1941. | 1,023 | 186 | 19.4 | 29.8 | 242 | 97 | 109 | 339 |
| 1942. | 893 | 275 | 2.0 | 6.9 | 61 | 156 | 150 | 243 |
| 1943. | 835 | 306 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 3.8 | 59 | 105 | 189 | 172 |
| 1944. | 1,148 | 470 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 2.4 | 83 | 131 | 210 | 251 |
| 1945. | 1,249 | 438 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 117 | 167 | 242 | 278 |
| Weekly averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940.......... | 28.8 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 0.6 | 1.2 | 6.6 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 2.7 | 7.1 |
| 1941. | 19.6 | 3.6 | $0 \cdot 4$ | 0.6 | $4 \cdot 6$ | 1.8 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 5$ |
| 1942. | $17 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 3$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 0$ | 2.9 | $4 \cdot 6$ |
| 1943. | 16.0 | 5.9 | - | $0 \cdot 1$ | 1.1 | 2.0 | 3.6 | $3 \cdot 3$ |
| 1944. | 22.0 | 9.0 | 0.1 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 1.6 | 2.5 | $4 \cdot 0$ | 4.8 |
| 1945. | 24.0 | 8.4 | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 3.2 | $4 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 3$ |
| 1939 September |  |  |  | 1.2 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 11.0 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 9.5 |
| *October. . | $32 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | 0.4 | 1.4 | $3 \cdot 6$ | $9 \cdot 2$ | 4.9 | $6 \cdot 4$ |
| November. | 31.3 | 6.3 | 0.4 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 4.2 | 6.8 | 2.7 | 8.7 |
| December | $33 \cdot 5$ | 7.2 | $0 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 6$ | 2.9 | $7 \cdot 1$ |
| $1940{ }^{*}$ January . | $30 \cdot 3$ | 4.5 | 0.4 | 1.8 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 11.5 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 7$ |
| February | 28.5 | 5.9 | 0.7 | 1.4 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 8.1 | $3 \cdot 2$ | 5.1 |
| March | 28.4 | 4.9 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 4.0 | $7 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 4$ |
| *April | $25 \cdot 5$ | 3.7 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 4.6 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | 8.0 |
| May... | $27 \cdot 3$ 30.5 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 0.3 | 0.9 | 5.3 3.5 | 5.1 | 2.9 3.8 | 8.7 |
| June. . . | $30 \cdot 5$ | 5.0 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 7.3 | 3.8 | 8.7 |
| *July | 26.0 | 4.8 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 7.4 |
| August | 24.0 | 4.0 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 3.3 | 5.5 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 7.6 |
| *September | 22.2 | 3.8 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 2.6 | 6.0 | 1.9 | 6.7 8.4 |
| October... | 25.9 | 3.4 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 2.9 | $6 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | 8.4 |
| * November. | 20.9 19.8 | 3.5 2.7 | 0.5 0.7 | 0.9 1.0 | 2.5 | 4.4 | 2.8 | $6 \cdot 3$ 6.3 |
| *December. | 19.8 | 2.7 | 0.7 | 1.0 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 4.0 | 2.9 | $6 \cdot 3$ |
| 1941 January. . | 19.7 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 0.3 | 0.9 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 4.5 | 2.5 | $5 \cdot 1$ |
| February. | 19.9 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 1.1 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 5.8 | 2.4 | $6 \cdot 1$ |
| *March. | 26.9 | $3 \cdot 6$ | 0.5 | 1.1 | $3 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | 4.0 | 8.0 |
| April | 25.0 | 2.6 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 3.3 | 6.2 | 3.2 | 8.5 |
| *June. . . | 20.1 21.6 | 2.5 2.4 | 0.5 0.6 | 1.1 0.7 | 2.4 2.8 | 4.7 4.6 | 2.2 2.5 | 6.7 8.0 |
| June. .. | 21.6 19.0 | 2.4 | 0.6 0.5 | 0.7 0.5 | 2.8 2.3 | 4.6 4.2 | 2.5 | 8.0 6.6 |
| August ... | 16.0 | 1.5 | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.2 | 1.6 | 3.8 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 3$ |
| *September | 16.6 | 2.6 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 1.6 | 3.2 | 2.5 | $6 \cdot 2$ |
| October. . | 15.5 | 2.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 3.9 | 1.4 | $6 \cdot 3$ |
| * N Necember. | 14.6 14.3 | 2.6 3.4 | 0.2 0.2 | 0.2 0.1 | 1.1 1.2 | 3.6 3.5 | 1.1 0.9 | 5.8 5.0 |
| *December. | 14.3 | 3.4 | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 1.2 | 3.5 | 0.9 | 5.0 |
| 1942 January... | 12.5 | 3.4 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.2 | 0.9 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 3.9 |
| February... | 13.4 | $4 \cdot 5$ | - | $0 \cdot 2$ | 0.5 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 3.7 |
| *March... | $15 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | - | 0.2 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 5.1 |
| April . . | 14.9 13.4 | 3.2 3.1 | 二 | 0.1 0.3 | 0.4 0.7 | 3.0 2.7 | 3.4 | 4.8 |
| *June. | 15.9 | 3.1 4.3 | 二 | 0.3 0.3 | 0.7 1.0 | 2.7 2.8 | 2.0 2.1 | 4.6 |
| July | $15 \cdot 6$ | 5.1 | - | -1 | 0.5 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 4.7 |
| *August | 14.6 | 3.5 | - | 0.1 | 1.3 | 2.4 | $3 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| September. | 17.9 | $5 \cdot 4$ |  | - | 0.9 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 5.8 |
| October.... | 17.6 | 4.5 | 0.2 | - | 1.4 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 5.3 |
| ${ }^{\text {* }}$ Dovember | 17.5 16.0 | 3.6 3.4 | $\overline{0.2}$ | $\overline{0.1}$ | 1.6 1.6 | 2.8 2.0 | 5.0 4.6 | 4.5 4.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Production of petroleum products from imported crude and process oils (continued)
TABLE 84 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  | Total | Aviation, motor and industrial spirit | White spirit | Kerosine | Gas/Diesel oils( ${ }^{(1)}$ | Fuel oil() | Lubricating oils | Bitumen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1943 January . . | $15 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | - | - | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.8 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 3.6 |
| February.. | 13.7 | $4 \cdot 7$ | - | - | 0.9 | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 6$ |
| * March . . | $15 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | - | 0.3 | $1 \cdot 2$ | 1.9 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 8$ |
| April. | $12 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | - | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 2$ | 20 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| *May. | 11.7 | $2 \cdot 4$ | - |  | 0.7 | 1.9 | 3.9 | $2 \cdot 8$ |
| June. . . . . | $12 \cdot 3$ | 5.0 | - | - | 0.6 | 1.5 | $3 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| July . . . . | 140 | $5 \cdot 8$ | - | - | 0.7 | 1.7 | $2 \cdot 8$ | 3.0 |
| *August . . | 13.7 | $4 \cdot 1$ | - | - | 0.9 | 1.8 | $3 \cdot 7$ | $3 \cdot 2$ |
| September | 17.6 | $6 \cdot 2$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.7 | 2.6 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 8$ |
| October. . . | 17.6 | 5.9 | - | - | 1.0 | $2 \cdot 7$ | $3 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 3$ |
| *November | $17 \cdot 9$ | 5.8 | - | - | 0.9 | $2 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $3 \cdot 7$ |
| December | $19 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | - | - | 0.8 | 2.5 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 4.0 |
| 1944*January . . | $18 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 2$ | - | - | 0.7 | $2 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 7$ |
| February. | 20.0 | $7 \cdot 7$ | - | - | 10 | $2 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| March . . | 21.5 | 9.0 | - | - | $1 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 8$ |
| April . . . | 21.8 | $7 \cdot 7$ | - | - | 1.3 | $3 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | 4.9 |
| * May . . . | 22.0 | $7 \cdot 6$ | - | - | 0.9 | 3.4 | $4 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 5$ |
| June. . . . | 22.3 | $6 \cdot 7$ | - | -1 | $1 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $6 \cdot 1$ |
| *July . . | 24.0 | 9.0 | - | $0 \cdot 1$ | 1.2 | 3.8 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 8$ |
| August ... | 22.7 | $9 \cdot 1$ | - | -1 | 0.8 | 3.7 | $4 \cdot 2$ | 4.9 |
| September | $23 \cdot 2$ | $8 \cdot 9$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.9 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 3.0 | 5.9 |
| * October . | $20 \cdot 6$ | $8 \cdot 4$ | - | -1 | $0 \cdot 8$ | $3 \cdot 7$ | 3.8 | 3.9 |
| November | 19.8 | $7 \cdot 8$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.7 | $3 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| December | 20.5 | 9.6 | - | 1 | 0.9 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 3.4 | $3 \cdot 5$ |
| 1945*January . . | - $20 \cdot 6$ | $9 \cdot 0$ | - | -1 | 0.7 | 3.8 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 8$ |
| February. | 21.2 | $8 \cdot 6$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.8 | $3 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 3$ |
| March . | 21.2 | 7.9 | 0.1 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 1.2 | 3.5 | $3 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 1$ |
| *April . . | 22.0 | $8 \cdot 6$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | 1.4 | 3.5 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| May.... | 19.2 23.9 | 6.6 8.6 | , | $0 \cdot 1$ | 1.0 | 3.0 3.8 | 3.4 | $5 \cdot 1$ |
| - June. . . . . | 23.9 22.9 | $8 \cdot 6$ $9 \cdot 2$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ 0.1 | $1 \cdot 1$ 1.1 | 3.8 3.3 | $3 \cdot 6$ $4 \cdot 2$ | 6.7 5.0 |
| - July August | 22.9 23.4 | 9-2 | $\overline{0.1}$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | 3.3 3.8 | $4 \cdot 2$ $4 \cdot 1$ | 5.0 6.8 |
| August |  | 7.1 |  | - | 1.5 | 3.8 | 4.1 |  |

(1) The monthly figures are not revised to take account of inter-product transfers, blending,

Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power etc., and are therefore not fully comparable with the annual figures.
(2) Including the quantity of fuel oil consumed by refineries from their own production.

Average of five weeks.

FUELAND POWER
Production from indigenous materials of petroleum products and substitutes
TABLE 85
Thousand tons

|  | Total | Aviation, motor and industrial spirit() | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gas/Diesel } \\ \text { oils } \end{gathered}$ | Fuel oil( ${ }^{( }$) | Lubricating oils | Bitumen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anmual totals |  |  |  |  |  | 7.6 |
| 1940 | 639 | 401 | $72 \cdot 8$ | 158 | - | 7.7 |
| 1941 | 765 | 350 | 80.8 | 327 | 6 | 5.0 |
| 1942 | 1,009 | 380 | 96.7 | 520 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 4.0 |
| 1943 | 1,113 | 385 | 108.7 | 594 | $20 \cdot 5$ | 5.7 |
| 1944 | 1,089 | 401 | 97.8 | 564 | 20.1 | $3 \cdot 1$ |
| 1945 | 1,002 | 389 | 84.2 | 514 | 12.0 |  |
| Weekly averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940 | 12.2 | $7 \cdot 7$ | 1.4 | 3.0 | - | 0.1 |
| 1941 | 14.7 | $6 \cdot 7$ | 1.6 | 6.3 | 0 | 0.1 |
| 1942 | 19.4 21.3 | 7.3 7.4 | 1.9 2.1 | 10.0 11.4 | 0.1 0.4 | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| 1943 | 21.3 20.8 | 7.4 7.6 | 2.1 1.9 | 11.4 10.8 | 0.4 0.4 | 0.1 |
| 1945 | 19.2 | 7.5 | 1.6 | 9.8 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| 1939 September | 5.0 | $2 \cdot 6$ | $1 \cdot 2$ | 0.9 | - | $0 \cdot 3$ |
| * October | 7.4 | 4.8 | 1.2 | 1.3 | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| November . | $10 \cdot 5$ | 7.6 | 1.4 | $1 \cdot 4$ |  | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| December | 10.0 | 7.3 | 1.5 | $1 \cdot 1$ | - | 0.1 |
| 1940 *January. . | 9.0 | $6 \cdot 5$ | 1.3 | $1 \cdot 1$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| February | 9.9 | 6.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| * March | $10 \cdot 3$ | 7.8 9.1 | 1.4 1.2 | 1.1 1.8 | - | - |
| * April . | 12.1 13.5 | 9.1 9.4 | 1.2 1.5 | 1.8 2.4 | 二 | 0.2 |
| June . | 11.4 | 7.5 | 1.3 | 2.5 | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| *July | 12.7 | 6.9 | 1.6 | 4.0 |  | 0.2 |
| August.. | 12.9 | 7.4 | 1.4 | 3.9 | - | 0.2 |
| -September | 12.5 13.9 | 7.5 | 1.1 1.5 | 3.8 4.7 | - | 0.1 0.2 |
| November | 14.4 | 7.5 | 1.4 | $5 \cdot 3$ | - | $0 \cdot 2$ |
| * December | $13 \cdot 1$ | 6.9 | 1.3 | 4.8 | - | 0.1 |
| 1941 January. . | $13 \cdot 6$ | 6.9 | 1.5 | $5 \cdot 1$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| February | 13.9 | $6 \cdot 3$ | 1.7 | 5.8 | - | 0.1 |
| *March .. | $13 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 4$ | 1.4 | 5.3 | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| April . | 13.1 13.5 | $6 \cdot 3$ | 1.6 | 5.1 |  | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| May | 13.5 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 1.6 | 5.0 | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| *June | $13 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 8$ | 1.6 | $4 \cdot 6$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| July . | 12.9 | $6 \cdot 5$ | 1.6 | $4 \cdot 7$ |  | 0.1 |
| August ... | 14.7 | 6.7 | 1.5 | $6 \cdot 4$ | - | 0.1 |
| *September | $15 \cdot 3$ 17.2 | 5.8 7.2 | 1.8 1.6 | 7.6 8.3 | 二 | 0.1 0.1 |
| November | 18.1 | 7.0 | 1.8 | 9.2 | - | 0.1 |
| *December | 16.9 | 7.0 | 1.7 | $8 \cdot 1$ | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| 1942 January.. | 17.2 | 7.0 | 1.8 | 8.3 | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| February | 18.5 | 7.6 | 1.6 | 9.2 | - | 0.1 |
| *March | $19 \cdot 2$ | 7.7 | 1.6 | 9.8 |  | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| April . | $18 \cdot 3$ | 7.7 | 2.1 | 8.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| * June . . | 17.3 19.0 | 7.1 7.2 | 1.6 2.0 | 8.4 9.5 | 0.1 0.2 | 0.1 0.1 |
| July | 19.2 | 6.8 | 2.2 | 9.5 9.9 | 0.2 0.2 | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| * August | 17.4 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 2.0 | $8 \cdot 3$ | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| September | 20.9 | $6 \cdot 4$ | 2.0 | $12 \cdot 2$ | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| October .. | $20 \cdot 1$ | 6.7 | 1.5 | 11.2 | 0.6 | $0 \cdot \mathrm{r}$ |
| *November | 22.9 | 7.6 | 2.0 | $13 \cdot 1$ | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| December. | 20.0 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 1.6 | 11.3 | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 1$ |

FUELAND POWER
Production from indigenous materials of petroleum products and substitutes (continued)
TABLE 85 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  | Total | Aviation, motor and industrial spirit( ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gas/Diesel } \\ & \text { oils } \end{aligned}$ | Fuel oil( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lubricating } \\ \text { oils } \end{gathered}$ | Bitumen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1943 January.. | 21.8 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 1.7 | 12.7 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.1 |
| February | 23.8 | 7.4 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 13.9 | 0.1 | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| *March . | 22.4 | 7.5 | 2.2 | 11.9 | 0.8 | - |
| April | 19.5 | 7.3 | 1.9 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 0.2 |  |
| *May . | 21.2 | 7.7 | 2.0 | 11.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| June . | 20.2 | 7.3 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 10.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| July | 18.0 | 7.2 | 2.2 | 8.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| * August | 17.6 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 1.8 | 9.4 | 0.1 | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| September | 19.8 | 7.1 | 1.6 | $10 \cdot 6$ | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| October | 20.7 | 6.8 | 2.4 | $10 \cdot 9$ | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| * November | 23.6 | 7.7 | 2.2 | 13.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| December | 21.6 | 6.6 | 1.8 | 12.3 | 0.8 | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| 1944 *January. . | 22.5 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 1.8 | 13.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| February | 21.7 | 7.5 | 2.0 | 11.9 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| March . | 22.4 | 8.4 | 1.9 | 11.5 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| April | 19.6 | 7.7 | 1.8 | 9.1 | 0.9 | 0.1 |
| * May | 20.5 | 7.7 | 2.0 | 10.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| June | 20.7 | 7.7 | 2.0 | 10.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| * July . | 19.2 17.9 | 7.8 | 1.6 1.7 | 9.3 7.8 | 0.4 0.4 | 0.1 0.1 |
| August ... | 17.9 18.7 | 7.9 | 1.7 1.7 | 7.8 9.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 0.2 |
| - September | 18.7 21.2 | 7.2 | 1.7 1.7 | 9.5 11.4 | 0.1 0.6 | 0.2 |
| November | 24.5 | 8.3 | 1.9 | 13.6 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| December | 21.9 | 7.9 | 1.6 | 12.0 | 0.4 | - |
| 1945 *January... | 20.2 | 6.6 | 1.5 |  |  |  |
| February . | 20.7 | 7.5 | 1.7 | 11.2 | $0 \cdot 2$ | 0.1 |
| March .. | 21.5 19.3 | 7.4 | 1.8 | 11.8 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| - April | 19.3 16.7 | 7.5 | 1.4 | 10.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| May . | 16.7 | 7.1 7.5 | 1.3 | 8.0 | 0.3 |  |
| June ... | 17.3 15.0 | 7.5 6.3 | 1.7 1.5 | 7.9 6.7 | 0.1 0.4 | 0.1 |
| *July . ${ }^{\text {August }}$ | 15.0 13.3 | 6.3 5.8 | 1.5 1.0 | $6 \cdot 7$ 6.4 | $0 \cdot 4$ | 0.1 0.1 |

(1) Including white spirit and kerosine.

Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power
(2) Mainly tar oils.

Average of five weeks.

Deliveries into consumption of petroleum products
TABLE 86
Thousand tons

|  | Total | Aviation, motor and industrial spirit | White spirit | Kerosine | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gas/Diesel } \\ & \text { oils } \end{aligned}$ | Fuel oil( ${ }^{( }$) | Lubricating oils | Bitumen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ampoal totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. | 11,649 | 3,786 | 82 | 874 | 1,448 | 4,562 | 517 | 380 |
| 1941. | 12,326 | 4,433 | 90 | 943 | 1,547 | 4,318 | 647 | 348 |
| 1942. | 12,603 | 4,367 | 101 | 1,012 | 1,575 | 4,672 | 628 | 248 |
| 1943. | 13,204 | 5,069 | 93 | 1,067 | 1,510 | 4,696 | 592 | 177 |
| 1944. | 19,447 | 8,519 | 106 | 1,134 | 1,745 | 6,981 | 699 593 | 263 |
| 1945. | 15,358 | 5,992 | 113 | 1,263 | 1,786 | 5,408 | 553 | 243 |
| Weekly averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 222.8 | $72 \cdot 4$ | 1.5 | 16.7 | 27.7 | $87 \cdot 2$ | 10.0 | $7 \cdot 3$ |
| 1941. | 236.4 | 85.0 | 1.7 | $18 \cdot 1$ | 29.7 | 82.8 | 12.4 | $6 \cdot 7$ |
| 1942. | 241.7 | 83.8 | 1.9 | 19.4 | $30 \cdot 2$ | 89.6 | 12.0 | 4.8 |
| 1943. | 253.2 | 97.2 | 1.8 | 20.5 | 28.9 | 90.0 | 11.4 | 3.4 |
| 1944. | 371.9 | 162.9 | 2.0 | 21.7 | $33 \cdot 4$ | $133 \cdot 5$ | 13.4 | 5.0 |
| 1945. | 294.5 | 114.9 | 2.2 | 24.2 | $34 \cdot 2$ | 103.7 | $10 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 7$ |
|  | $266 \cdot 2$ | 97.8 | 1.6 | $16 \cdot 8$ | 32.6 | 89.0 | $17 \cdot 1$ | 11.3 |
|  | 199.3 | $62 \cdot 4$ | 0.7 | 15.2 | 24.9 | 71.8 | 15.6 | 8.7 |
|  | 201.7 | $64 \cdot 1$ 59.3 | 1.4 | 15.0 | 28.3 | 74.6 | 9.8 | 8.5 |
|  | 205.6 | 59.3 | 1.5 | 15.9 | 29.0 | $80 \cdot 4$ | $12 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 3$ |
| 1940*January | 207.2 | 58.2 | 1.6 | 22.5 | 32.0 | 78.0 | 9.9 | 5.0 |
|  | 208.1 | 59.1 | 1.2 | 19.7 | 33.0 | $80 \cdot 1$ | 9.7 | 5.3 |
| March | 209.4 | $64 \cdot 9$ | 1.4 | 17.2 | 29.6 | 79.9 | $9 \cdot 2$ | 7.2 |
| *April | $245 \cdot 8$ | 72.8 | 1.9 | 18.5 | 28.5 | $104 \cdot 3$ | 11.4 | 8.6 |
| May | 231.4 | 71.6 | $2 \cdot 4$ | 14.0 | 25.2 | 97.5 | 11.9 | 8.8 |
| June | 227.6 | 72.7 | 1.8 | 12.2 | 28.2 | 91.7 | 11.4 | 9.6 |
| -July | 214.3 | 77.3 | 1.9 | $12 \cdot 1$ | $26 \cdot 9$ | 79.7 | 8.9 | 7.5 |
| August | 213.4 | 76.8 | 1.4 | 14.7 | 27.6 | $76 \cdot 5$ | 9.1 | 7.3 |
| * September | $223 \cdot 5$ | 79.4 | 1.4 | 16.9 | 26.4 | 84.5 | $8 \cdot 1$ | 6.8 |
| October .. | 223.5 | 78.8 | 1.3 | $17 \cdot 8$ | 29.6 30.7 | 77.5 | $10 \cdot 4$ | 8.1 7.9 |
| - ${ }_{\text {Nocember }}$ | 226.5 | 76.4 77.2 | 1.6 1.4 | $16 \cdot 3$ 18.3 | 30.7 31.9 | 83.0 76.0 | 10.6 9.6 | 7.9 6.7 |
|  | 221.6 | 71.2 | 1.2 | 20.5 | $32 \cdot 8$ | 81.0 | 9.8 |  |
|  | 239.4 | 75.8 | 1.5 | 18.5 | 36.2 | 88.9 | 11.7 | 6.8 |
|  | $256 \cdot 1$ | 83.6 | 1.5 | 20.4 | 37.4 | $93 \cdot 4$ | 11.6 | $8 \cdot 2$ |
|  | 255.6 | 88.8 | 1.5 | 21.8 | 32.2 31.7 | 92.5 | $10 \cdot 5$ | 8.3 |
|  | 254.1 | 92.9 | 1.7 | 17.6 | 31.7 | 90.0 | 12.9 11.9 | 7.3 |
|  | 226.7 226.0 | 89.8 88.3 | 1.6 1.8 | 12.6 | 28.0 27.7 | $75 \cdot 4$ 74.4 | 11.9 13.5 | 7.4 7.3 |
|  | 226.0 222.7 | 88.3 87.4 | 1.8 1.7 | 13.0 14.8 | 27.7 24.9 | 74.4 75.0 | 13.5 12.2 | 7.3 6.7 |
|  | $234 \cdot 8$ | 90.7 | 1.9 | 18.7 | 28.1 | 76.8 | 12.2 | $6 \cdot 4$ |
|  | 231.2 | 84.6 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 21.6 | 28.7 | 74.8 | 13.2 | $6 \cdot 2$ |
|  | 236.6 | $83 \cdot 1$ | 2.2 | $20 \cdot 2$ | 30.7 | 82.6 | 11.9 | 5.9 |
|  | 225.0 | $80 \cdot 3$ | 1.9 | 17.9 | 29.8 | 78.6 | 11.7 | 4.8 |
| $1942 \begin{aligned} & \text { January.. } \\ & \text { February } \\ & \text { March } \\ & \text { April }\end{aligned}$ | 231.6 | $76 \cdot 1$ | 1.9 | 18.7 | 32.5 | 86.7 | 11.7 | 4.0 |
|  | 243.7 | $80 \cdot 8$ | 1.9 | 19.2 | 37.0 | 89.9 | $10 \cdot 8$ | 4.1 |
|  | 256.8 | $83 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 22.5 | $36 \cdot 3$ | 92.0 | $15 \cdot 2$ | 5.0 |
|  | 248.3 | 85.5 | 2.0 | 25.8 | 31.2 | 86.5 | 12.2 | 5.1 |
|  | 248.5 235.2 | 86.9 89.7 | 2.3 1.7 | 19.6 14.0 | 29.5 | 91.8 81.7 | 13.3 14.3 | 5.1 4.6 |
|  | 235.2 232.0 | 89.7 850 | 1.7 2.0 | 14.0 14.0 | 29.2 29.3 | $81 \cdot 7$ 86.2 | 14.3 10.8 | 4.6 |
|  | 232.9 | 83.9 | 1.9 | 17.5 | $30 \cdot 4$ | 84.1 | $10 \cdot 4$ | 4.7 |
|  | 245.4 | 87.5 | 1.9 | 20.8 | 30.8 | 88.7 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 5.6 |
|  | $265 \cdot 1$ | 87.2 | 2.0 | 23.3 | 33.6 | 101.9 | 11.7 | 5.4 |
|  | 232.7 222.9 | 83.0 75.4 | 2.0 1.7 | $20 \cdot 5$ 18.0 | $33 \cdot 3$ 29.9 | $76 \cdot 6$ 83.9 | 12.4 10.2 | 4.9 3.8 |
|  | 222.9 | 75.4 | 1.7 | 18.0 | 29.9 | 83.9 | $10 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 8$ |

Deliveries into consumption of petroleum products (continued)
TABLE 86 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  | Total | Aviation, motor and industrial spirit | White spirit | Kerosine | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gas/Diesel } \\ & \text { oils } \end{aligned}$ | Fuel oil ${ }^{1}$ ) | Lubricating oils | Bitumen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1943 January. | 228.9 | $74 \cdot 4$ | 1.7 | 19.0 | $32 \cdot 3$ | $87 \cdot 7$ | $10 \cdot 2$ | 3.6 |
| February | 236.3 | $82 \cdot 5$ | 1.6 | 20.0 | $32 \cdot 1$ | $85 \cdot 8$ | 10.5 | 3.8 |
| *March | 251.7 | 91.9 | 1.8 | 29.4 | 31.9 | 81.7 | 11.5 | 3.5 |
| April | 234.5 | 88.3 | 1.6 | $23 \cdot 2$ | 28.1 | $80 \cdot 6$ | 10.3 | $2 \cdot 4$ |
| * May | 249.3 | 96.5 | 1.8 | 17.0 | 29.7 | 88.8 | 12.6 | 2.9 |
| June | 259.8 | $100 \cdot 2$ | 1.6 | 14.4 | 29.4 | $100 \cdot 2$ | 11.5 | 2.5 |
| July | 231.2 | 98.0 | 1.9 | $16 \cdot 1$ | $27 \cdot 1$ | 74.6 | 10.9 | 2.6 |
| - August | 243.3 | 106.2 | 1.7 | 19.8 | $25 \cdot 8$ | $76 \cdot 4$ | $10 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 1$ |
| September | 259.2 | 109.5 | 1.9 | 22.5 | 29.9 | 79.6 | 11.8 | 4.0 |
| October . | 272.0 | $104 \cdot 6$ | 2.0 | 24.5 | 33.8 | 90.9 | 11.8 | $4 \cdot 4$ |
| - November | 281.8 | 104.4 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 21.1 | 34.4 | 102.7 | 12.7 | 4.4 |
| December | $276 \cdot 6$ | $105 \cdot 1$ | 1.6 | 18.4 | $35 \cdot 2$ | 101.5 | 11.3 | $3 \cdot 5$ |
| 1944*January . | $305 \cdot 1$ | 117.1 | 1.9 | 21.2 | 38.4 | 108.7 | 13.7 | $4 \cdot 1$ |
| February | $337 \cdot 1$ | 135.9 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 23.3 | 38.1 | 118.6 | 14.7 | $4 \cdot 4$ |
| March | 374.8 | 156.6 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 29.5 | $42 \cdot 1$ | 124.0 | $15 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 2$ |
| April | 386.4 | 164.5 | 2.0 | 26.7 | 38.3 | 134.9 | $15 \cdot 1$ | 4.9 |
| * May | 437.9 | 201.8 | $2 \cdot 2$ | $20 \cdot 9$ | 37.8 | 151.5 | 17.4 | $6 \cdot 3$ |
| June | 447.9 | 212.2 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 17.0 | $35 \cdot 8$ | $156 \cdot 2$ | 18.1 | $6 \cdot 3$ |
| *July . | 392.3 | 181.2 | 1.9 | 16.4 | 31.1 | 141.7 | 13.9 | $6 \cdot 1$ |
| August | 384.7 | 178.8 | 1.8 | $22 \cdot 3$ | 30.0 | 136.2 | 10.5 | 5.1 |
| September | 372.2 | $165 \cdot 9$ | 2.0 | 22.5 | 32.0 | 132.4 | 11.5 | 5.9 |
| * October . ${ }^{\text {November }}$ | 368.4 | 160.5 | 2.2 | 23.1 | 36.4 | $131 \cdot 4$ | 10.3 | 4.5 |
| November | $348 \cdot 6$ | $148 \cdot 1$ | 2.0 | 21.2 | 39.0 | 123.9 | $10 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 1$ |
| December | 329.5 | 137.9 | 1.9 | 18.5 | $36 \cdot 5$ | 120.1 | $11 \cdot 1$ | 3.5 |
| 1945*January. | 338.6 | $136 \cdot 9$ | 1.9 | 21.4 | 39.4 | $126 \cdot 8$ | 9.5 | 2.7 |
| February | 384.3 | 166.5 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $25 \cdot 2$ | 44.4 | 131.5 | 10.7 | 3.7 |
| March . | 411.5 | 186.4 | 2.9 | 38.4 | 39.5 | $126 \cdot 1$ | 13.0 | 5.2 |
| *April | $370 \cdot 0$ | 157.9 | 2.4 | $30 \cdot 2$ | $35 \cdot 1$ | 129.1 | $10 \cdot 6$ | 4.7 |
| May | 318.1 | 119.2 | 2.0 | 18.9 | $34 \cdot 7$ | 131.0 | 7.9 | $4 \cdot 4$ |
| June | 274.7 | 106.9 | 2.4 | 18.0 | 33.3 | 98.5 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 5.4 |
| *July ... | 258.2 | 103.3 | $2 \cdot 4$ | 19.5 | 32.3 | 84.0 | 10.6 | $6 \cdot 1$ |
| August | $233 \cdot 5$ | 85.9 | 1.8 | 22.4 | $33 \cdot 2$ | $76 \cdot 0$ | 8.9 | $5 \cdot 3$ |

[^15]Average of five weeks.

FUEL AND POWER
Deliveries into civilian consumption of motor spirit ( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 87

|  | Great Britain |  |  |  |  |  | Northern Ireland |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Private cars and motor cycles |  | Commercial vehicles | Industrial uses | Agricultural uses |  |
|  |  | Basic ration( ${ }^{2}$ ) | Supplementary ration |  |  |  |  |
| A nomal totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. . . . . | 2,939 | 359 | 464 | 1,696 | 314 | 106 | 56 |
| 1941. | 3,001 | 336 | 429 | 1.783 | 347 | 106 | 68 |
| 1942. | 2,501 | 116 | 357 | 1,640 | 286 | 102 | 67 |
| 1943. | 2,139 | 4 | 296 | 1,545 | 194 | 100 | 58 |
| 1944. | 2,264 | 5 | 323 | 1,605 | 215 | 116 | 57 |
| 1945. | 2,734 | 217 | 430 | 1,742 | 204 | 141 | 66 |
| Weekly averages(3) ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940....... . . . | 56.2 | $6 \cdot 9$ | $8 \cdot 9$ | $32 \cdot 4$ | 6.0 | $2 \cdot 0$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| 1941.. | $57 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | $34 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 7$ | 2.0 | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| 1942. | 48.0 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 6.8 | 31.5 | $5 \cdot 5$ | 2.0 | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| 1943. | 41.0 | $0 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | 29.6 | $3 \cdot 7$ | 1.9 | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| 1944. | $43 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | $30 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| 1945. | $52 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | 8-2 | $33 \cdot 4$ | 3.9 | $2 \cdot 7$ | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| 1940 January | $50 \cdot 6$ | $7 \cdot 8$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | 29.2 | 3.8 | $1 \cdot 7$ | 10 |
| February. | $52 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | $8 \cdot 4$ | $30 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| March | $55 \cdot 1$ | 7.0 | 9.0 | $32 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 1.0 |
| April . | 61.9 | 8.0 | $10 \cdot 4$ | 35.7 | $5 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| May... | 59.0 | $7 \cdot 6$ | 10.0 | 34.0 | $5 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| June. . | $53 \cdot 4$ | $7 \cdot 0$ | $9 \cdot 1$ | 29.9 | $5 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 1.0 |
| July . | $57 \cdot 6$ | $7 \cdot 6$ | 9.9 | 32.2 | $5 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1.2 |
| August .. | $56 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 0$ | $9 \cdot 4$ | 31.8 | $5 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| September | 55.2 | $6 \cdot 8$ | $9 \cdot 2$ | 31.4 | $5 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| October... | 57.9 | $7 \cdot 0$ | $9 \cdot 2$ | 33.8 | 5.7 5.5 | $2 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| November | 58.9 56.3 | 6.7 6.5 | 9.0 8.7 | 35.5 33.8 | 5.5 5.2 | $2 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| December | $56 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | $8 \cdot 7$ | $33 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| 1941 January . . | 54.8 | $6 \cdot 5$ | $8 \cdot 6$ | 32.8 | 5.0 | 1.9 | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| February. | $56 \cdot 5$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | 9.0 | $33 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 2$ |
| March | 58.2 | $6 \cdot 6$ | $9 \cdot 3$ | $34 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| April . | $61 \cdot 8$ | 7.4 | 9.4 | $37 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1.4 |
| May... | $63 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 6$ | $9 \cdot 7$ | $38 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $1 \cdot 5$ |
| June. . . | 57.9 | $7 \cdot 7$ | $8 \cdot 4$ | $34 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1.4 |
| July .- | 59.8 | 7.9 | $8 \cdot 7$ | $35 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1.4 |
| August . . . | $56 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | 8.0 | $34 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| September | 59.0 | $7 \cdot 6$ | $8 \cdot 4$ | $35 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1.4 |
| October. . | 55.5 | $3 \cdot 8$ | $8 \cdot 4$ | 35.9 | $5 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| November | 52.7 53.6 | 6.2 5.6 | $7 \cdot 6$ | 32.4 33.8 | $4 \cdot 5$ 4.7 | 2.0 1.9 | 1.3 |
| December | $53 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 6$ | $7 \cdot 6$ | $33 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | 1.9 | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| 1942 January .. | 50.8 | $5 \cdot 7$ | $7 \cdot 4$ | 31.3 | $4 \cdot 5$ | 1.9 | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| February. | $52 \cdot 3$ | 5.6 | $7 \cdot 6$ | $32 \cdot 1$ | 4.9 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| March . | $52 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 6$ | 7.6 | $32 \cdot 1$ | 4.9 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| April ... | $51 \cdot 1$ | 2.9 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 33.9 | $5 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 1.4 |
| May. . . . | $48 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | $6 \cdot 8$ | $32 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| June. . . . | $51 \cdot 1$ | 1.7 | $7 \cdot 6$ | $34 \cdot 8$ | 4.9 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 1.4 |
| July . . . | $47 \cdot 7$ | 1.6 | $7 \cdot 1$ | $32 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | 2.0 | 1.3 |
| August ... | 42.0 | 0.7 | $7 \cdot 1$ | $27 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 1.2 |
| September | $46 \cdot 4$ 46.2 | 0.6 0.6 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 32.2 32.1 | $4 \cdot 3$ $4 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 3$ 1.3 |
| October... | $46 \cdot 2$ $43 \cdot 7$ | 0.6 0.1 | $7 \cdot 1$ 6.8 | $32 \cdot 1$ $30 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 3$ $4 \cdot 2$ | 2.1 2.0 | 1.3 1.2 |
| December | $43 \cdot 5$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 7$ | $30 \cdot 9$ | 3.9 | 1.9 | 1.2 |

FUELAND POWER
Deliveries into civilian consumption of motor spirit ${ }^{(1)}$ (continued)
TABLE 87 (continued)
Thousand tons


FUEL AND POWER
Deliveries into consumption of fuel for diesel-engined road vehicles( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 88
Thousand tons


## FUELANDPOWER

Deliveries into consumption of fuel for diesel-engined road vehicles (continued)
TABLE 88 (continued)
Thousand tons

${ }^{(1)}$ The analysis of deliveries by consumer categories is based on total coupon issues.
Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power
${ }^{(2)}$ Based on calendar months.

Deliveries into consumption of gas, diesel and fuel oil
TABLE 89


Sce footnotes on page 100.
Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power

FUEL AND POWER
Deliveries into consumption of gas, diesel and fuel oil (continued)
TABLE 89 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  |  | Total | Bunkers | Inland |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Road vehicles( ${ }^{1}$ ) | Burning | Power | Manufacture | Petroleum industry | $\begin{gathered} \text { Government } \\ \text { depart- } \\ \text { ments(') } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1943 | January | 116.3 | 71.6 | 8.7 | 19.7 | $6 \cdot 0$ | 3.7 | 4.7 | 1.9 |
|  | February. . | 119.3 | 72.7 | 8.9 | 19.8 | $6 \cdot 6$ | 3.9 | 5.2 | $2 \cdot 2$ |
|  | March .. | $115 \cdot 4$ | 68.2 | 9.1 | 19.6 | 6.8 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 3$ |
|  | April | 109.6 | 69.7 | 8.5 | 16.5 | 6.0 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 3.8 | 2.0 |
|  | May. | 117.6 | 79.0 | 8.4 | 15.5 | 6.1 | 3.0 | $3 \cdot 8$ | 1.8 |
|  | June. | $130 \cdot 4$ | 91.4 | $8 \cdot 5$ | 14.9 | 6.0 | 37 | $3 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 2$ |
|  | July | $103 \cdot 4$ | $66 \cdot 4$ | 8.5 | 14.0 | 6.0 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 1.8 |
|  | August | 101.7 | $65 \cdot 6$ | 8.2 | 13.5 | $5 \cdot 6$ | 3.5 | $3 \cdot 4$ | 1.9 |
|  | September | 109.3 | 67.2 | 8.7 | 15.9 | $6 \cdot 5$ | 4.8 | 4.2 | 2.0 |
|  | October... | 121.9 139.5 | 76.1 | 8.5 | $15 \cdot 8$ | 6.4 | 8.5 | 4.6 | 2.0 |
|  | November | 1391.3 | $91 \cdot 4$ 91.4 | 9.1 9.0 | 18.6 19.6 | 6.7 | 7.2 8.3 | $4 \cdot 1$ 4.2 | 2.4 2.3 |
| 1944 | January | $143 \cdot 6$ | 93.9 | 8.8 | 19.1 | 6.5 | 8.6 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 3$ |
|  | February | 154.2 | $102 \cdot 4$ | 9.4 | $20 \cdot 3$ | 6.9 | 8.6 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 2$ |
|  | March . | 169.3 | 112.7 | 9.9 | $20 \cdot 2$ | 7.3 | 10.4 | 5.9 | 2.9 |
|  | April | 171.3 | 123.3 | 9.8 | $15 \cdot 5$ | $6 \cdot 4$ | 7.9 | 5.8 | $2 \cdot 6$ |
|  | May.... | 188.8 | 141.7 | 10.6 | $15 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 8$ | 7.6 | 4.6 | $2 \cdot 2$ |
|  | June. . | $192 \cdot 1$ | $147 \cdot 2$ | 10.5 | $14 \cdot 3$ | 6.8 | 6.6 | $4 \cdot 6$ | 2.1 |
|  | July | 169.1 | $130 \cdot 1$ | 9.1 | 12.6 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 1.5 |
|  | August | $170 \cdot 6$ | 131.5 | 9.2 | 12.4 | 6.0 | $5 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | 1.3 |
|  | September | 164.6 | 122.3 | $9 \cdot 3$ | 14.1 | $6 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 8$ | 4.8 | 1.0 |
|  | October... | 166.5 | 119.6 | $9 \cdot 3$ | 15.7 | $6 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 8$ | 5.2 | 1.6 |
|  | November | 163.5 | 113.5 | 9.7 | 17.6 | 6.9 | $9 \cdot 2$ | 4.8 | 1.8 |
|  | December | 156.1 | 110.0 | 8.9 | 16.5 | 6.0 | 8.2 | 4.9 | 1.6 |
| 1945 | January | 169.6 | 114.8 | 9.4 | $20 \cdot 3$ | 6.5 | 10.7 | 6.0 | 1.9 |
|  | February. | 174.7 | $120 \cdot 0$ | 9.9 | 19.0 | 7.0 | 10.9 | 5.7 | $2 \cdot 2$ |
|  | March . | 168.2 | 119.1 | 9.8 | 17.0 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 5.4 | 1.9 |
|  | April | 163.9 | 119.1 | 9.5 | 14.3 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 1.6 |
|  | May... | $167 \cdot 3$ | 123.3 | 9.7 | $14 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | 8.0 | 4.6 | 1.3 |
|  | June. . | 132.0 115.2 | 87.9 | 9.7 | 13.8 | $6 \cdot 4$ | $7 \cdot 3$ | 5.6 | 1.3 |
|  | July | 115.2 | 74.7 | 9.6 | 11.9 | $6 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | 5.0 | 1.0 |
|  | August ... | 111.7 | $71 \cdot 1$ | 9.7 | 11.5 | $6 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 3$ | 5.0 | 1.0 |

[^16] the same name in Table 86.

## VI. RAW MATERIALS

Iron ore and manganese ore

|  |  | Home iron ore |  |  |  |  | Imported iron ore |  |  |  |  | Manganese ore |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Production | Consump-tion( | Stocks (end of period) |  |  | Arrivals | Consumption |  | Stocks (end of period) |  | Consump-tion | Stocks (end of period) |
|  |  | Total |  | $\underset{\text { mines }}{\text { At }}$ | At blast furnaces and stee works | Total( ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | Blast furnaces( ${ }^{(2)}$ | Total | At blast <br> furnaces <br> and steel <br> works |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} \text { Arpual } \\ 1937 . \\ 1938 . \end{aligned}$ | totals ${ }^{3}$ ) |  | 14,215 | 13,943( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6,193(4) \\ & 4,632\left({ }^{( }\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,736 \\ & 4,380 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 1939. |  | 14,486 17,702 | 16,006 | 1,988 | 1,464 | 524 | 4008 | 4,712 | $4 \ddot{0} 6$ | $871 \cdot 1$ | 758.9 | 250 |  |
| 1941. |  | 18,974 | 17,826 | 2,475 | 1,200 | 1,275 | 2,241 | 2,085 | 1,596 | 736.4 882.3 752.3 | $855 \cdot 6$749.5 | 290 291 | 104. |
| 1942. |  | 19,906 | 18,692 | 2,451 | 1,302 | 1,149 | 1,935 | 2,061 | 1,564 | 752.3 |  | 291 | 104 115.8 94.3 |
| 1943. |  | 18,494 | 17,124 | 2,677 | 1,644 | 1,033 | 1,924 | 1,877 | 1,456 | 787.4 | 756.0 | 307 | 94.3 208.1 |
| 1944. |  | 15,472 | 14,908 | 2,216 | 1,532 | 684 | 2,148 | 2,433 | 2,070 | 515.9 | 482.2 | 375 | 117.2 |
| 1945. |  | 14,175 | 13,671 | 2,142 | 1,436 | 706 | 4,191 | 4,020 | 3,656 | $633 \cdot 8$ | 549.1 | 296 | $120 \cdot 5$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. |  | 279 340 | 308 | 1,988 | 1,464 | 524 1,196 | $86 \cdot 7$ | $90 \cdot 6$ | 78.0 | $871 \cdot 1$ | 758.9 | 4.8 | 104. |
| 1941. |  | 365 | 343 | 2,475 | 1, 1,280 | 1,275 | $43 \cdot 1$36.5 | 40.139.1 | 30.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 736 \cdot 4 \\ & 882 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $698 \cdot 5$ 855.6 | 5.6 |  |
| 1942. |  | 376 | 353 | 2,451 | 1,302 |  |  |  | 29.5 | 752.3 | 749.5 | 7.7 | 115.8 94.3 |
| 1943. |  | 355.8 | 329.3 | 2,677 |  | 1,033 | 37.041.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 36.0 \\ 46.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28.0 \\ & 39.8 \end{aligned}$ | $787 \cdot 4$ | 756.0 | 5.9 | 208.1 |
| 1944. |  | 297.6 | 286.7 | 2,216 | 1,532 | 684 |  |  |  | 515.9 | $482 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 2$ | 117.2 |
| 1945. |  | $272 \cdot 5$ | 262.9 | 2,142 | 1,436 | 706 | $80 \cdot 6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 \cdot 7 \\ & 77 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \cdot 8 \\ & 70 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $633 \cdot 8$ | $549 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | $120 \cdot 5$ |
| 1939 | October... | $\begin{aligned} & 322 \\ & 323^{*} \\ & 388 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 288 \\ & 289 * \\ & 286 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,947 \\ & 2,031 \\ & 1,988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,437 \\ & 1,461 \\ & 1,464 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 510 \\ & 570 \\ & 524 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124 \cdot 2 \\ & 116 \cdot 2 \\ & 115 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | .. | .. | 987871759 | 4.1. | $\cdots$ |
|  | November |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 759 | 6.0 |  |
| 1940 | January | 269** | 270* | 1,858 | 1,414 | 444511 | . | $\begin{aligned} & 119.5^{*} \\ & 116.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 103.0^{*} \\ & 101.2 \end{aligned}$ | 761.4745.8 | $703 \cdot 8$684.7 | 5.9* | 183166 |
|  | February | 293 | 267 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | 5.9 |  |
|  | March | 335 | 304 | 1,963 | 1,3981,399 | 565655 |  | 107.3103.6 | 91.087.3 | 780.0951.0 | 716.1853.6 | 5.05.2 | 166 |
|  | April | 363 | 327 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | May. | 365** | $335 *$ | 2,076 | 1,3731,371 | $\begin{aligned} & 703 \\ & 792 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 111.0^{*} \\ & 112.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95.4^{*} \\ & 99.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,077 \cdot 2 \\ & 1,179 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 979.7 \\ 1,104 \cdot 4 \end{array}$ | 5.3* | 141 |
|  | June. | 366 | 320 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  | $4 \cdot 6$ | 164171 |
|  | July | 363 | 317 | 2,263 | 1,359 | $\begin{array}{r} 792 \\ 904 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 97.7 | 86.368.2 | 1,040.4 | 1989.3$898 \cdot 1$ | 4.8 |  |
|  | August | 358* | 306* | 2,512 | 1,347 | 1,072 | $\cdots$ | 77.864.2 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 931 \cdot 2 \\ & 846.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 5.3* | 169 |
|  | September | 356 | 303 $307 *$ |  |  |  |  |  | 55.4 $52.7 *$ |  | 8812.3 | 6.6 5.5 | 159 |
|  | November | 343 | 318 | 2,601 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,390 \\ & 1,386 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,211 \\ & 1,196 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | 57.056.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \cdot 9 \\ & 47 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 749.2 \\ & 736.4 \end{aligned}$ | 717.3698.5 | 7.06.0 | 126104 |
|  | December | 337 | 323 | 2,582 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 | January | 326* | 329** | 2,444 | 1,347 | 1,0971,070 | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \cdot 6^{*} \\ & 30 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 49.9* } \\ & 39.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \cdot 0^{*} \\ & 30 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 638.4 \\ & 608.9 \end{aligned}$ | 598.8 | 5.8* 74.9 |  |
|  | February | 346 | 339 | 2,357 | 1,286 |  |  |  |  |  | 578.1 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 53.7 |
|  | March | 363 | 346 |  | 1,254 | 1,083 | 37.2 | 38.4 | 29.6 | $580 \cdot 1$ | 561.7 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 47.6 |
|  | April | 366* | 338* | 2,352 | 1,212 | 1,140 | 38.4* | 40.3* | 31-4* | 598.5 | 566.9 | 4.3* | 48.2 |
|  | May. | 368 | 339 | 2,361 | 1,167 | 1,193 | 61.9 | 37.0 | 28.4 | 707.6 | 678.7 | $3 \cdot 7$ | 62.4 |
|  | June. | 359 | 338 | 2,347 | 1,161 | 1,185 | 48.2 | 38.2 | 29.0 | $760 \cdot 5$ | 719.5 | 5.4 | $70 \cdot 4$ |
|  | July | 369* | 339** | 2,380 | 1,182 | 1,198 | 28.0 * | 37.9* | 28.9* | 761.3 | $725 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 8^{*}$ | $64 \cdot 3$ |
|  | August | 368 | 343 | 2,364 | 1,152 | 1,212 | 55.0 | 40.0 | 31.5 | 788.5 | 768.9 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 71.4 |
|  | September | 395 | 353 | 2,428 | 1,157 | 1,271 | 49.0 | 39.5 | $30 \cdot 1$ | 822.4 | 797.5 | 5.7 | $78 \cdot 3$ |
|  | October.. | $379 *$ | 352* | 2,462 | 1,156 | 1,306 | 49.2** | 39.8* | 29.9** | 876.0 | 828.6 | 6.2* | 94.5 |
|  | November | 379 | 350 353 | 2,497 | 1,170 | 1,327 | 44.8 | 41.5 | 31.3 | $881 \cdot 3$ | $853 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | 90.8 |
|  | December | 366 | 353 | 2,475 | 1,200 | 1,275 | 39.8 | $36 \cdot 4$ | 26.6 | $882 \cdot 3$ | $855 \cdot 6$ | $7 \cdot 4$ | $115 \cdot 8$ |

See footnotes on page 102.
Source : Ministry of Supply

${ }^{(1)}$ Raw and calcined ore as charged, except in the case of the figures of home iron ore in 1937 and 1938 which relate to raw and raw equivalent of calcined ore.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Including consumption in sinter plant.
(3) Production and consumption figures relate to calendar years for 1937, 1938 and 1939, to a period of 53 weeks for 1942 and to periods of 52 weeks for the remaining years.
${ }^{( }$( ) Including consumption of manganese ore. Excluding consumption in steel works. The average weekly consumption of both home and imported ore in steel works amounted to 15,300 tons in 1937 and 11,400 tons in 1938.

* Average of five weeks.

Pig iron
TABLE 91
Thousand tons


See footnotes on page 104.

Pig iron (continued)
TABLE 91 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  |  | Production |  |  | Consumption |  |  | Stocks (end of period) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ ) | Hematite | Basic | Total |  | Foundries, forges and iron works $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | -Total ${ }^{(2}$ ) | Blast furnaces | Steel works | Iron foundries |
| 1942 | January . | 140.9** | 16.0* | 101.7* | 153.1* | 120.3* | 32.8* | 1,414 | 469.6 | $470 \cdot 7$ | 257.3 |
|  | February | 139.6 | 16.2 | 99.5 | 159.1 | 125.4 | 33.7 | 1,381 | 454.6 | $455 \cdot 3$ | 261.9 |
|  | March . | 143.7 | 17.0 | 103.0 | $160 \cdot 7$ | 126.0 | $34 \cdot 7$ | 1,369 | $450 \cdot 1$ | $445 \cdot 1$ | $270 \cdot 5$ |
|  | April | 148.8** | 20.2* | 105.0* | 153.3* | 122.9** | 30.4* | 1,387 | $462 \cdot 1$ | 462.0 | 271.7 |
|  | May. | 149.8 | 20.0 | $107 \cdot 0$ | 153.0 | 119.6 | $33 \cdot 4$ | 1,410 | 484.5 | $483 \cdot 2$ | 271.2 |
|  | June. | 149.5 | $18 \cdot 3$ | 109.6 | 158.0 | 124.4 | 33.6 | 1,418 | 492.2 | 504.6 | 269.6 |
|  | July | 147.1** | 17.2* | 106.7* | 144.4** | 115.2** | 29.2* | 1,457 | 515.8 | 534.4 | 269.0 |
|  | August | $145 \cdot 4$ | 18.3 | $104 \cdot 3$ | 138.6 | 109.2 | 29.4 | 1,512 | 541.9 | 539.8 | 281.4 |
|  | September. | 149.2 | 18.5 | 106.6 | 152.9 | 119.0 | $33 \cdot 9$ | 1,520 | 551.8 | 538.1 | 277.0 |
|  | October.. | 147.5* | 18.0* | 107-1* | 153.8* | $121.5 *$ | 32.3* | 1,498 | 543.6 | 522.5 | 274.9 |
|  | November. | $145 \cdot 8$ | $20 \cdot 1$ | $105 \cdot 1$ | 158.0 | 123.0 | $35 \cdot 0$ | 1,465 | 535.4 | 502.6 | 268.6 |
|  | December. | 142.6* | 18.6* | 102.0* | 145.5* | 114.0* | 31.5* | 1,473 | 547.1 | $502 \cdot 3$ | 262.0 |
| 1943 | January. | $140 \cdot 3$ | 17.0 | $100 \cdot 2$ | 151.7 | 119.1 | 32.6 | 1,443 | 553.3 | 499.1 | 261.8 |
|  | February. | $140 \cdot 2$ | 16.8 | $100 \cdot 3$ | 157.7 | $124 \cdot 8$ | 32.9 | 1,415 | 536.0 | 482.7 | 268.2 |
|  | March . . | 143.4** | 16.9* | 102.6* | 158.3* | 124.7** | 33.6* | 1,356 | 519.3 | 464.7 | 266.6 |
|  | April | $136 \cdot 8$ | 17.0 | 99.1 | 149.0 | 117.0 | 32.0 | 1,334 | 503.7 | 463.0 | 274.5 |
|  | May. | 137.4 | 16.8 | 97.7 | 153.5 | $120 \cdot 2$ | 33.3 | 1,299 | $483 \cdot 1$ | 454.5 | 275.7 |
|  | June. | 136.3* | 16-2* | 95.9* | 147•6* | 117.9** | 29.7* | 1,287 | $477 \cdot 7$ | 451.4 | 271.9 |
|  | July . | 135.8 | 18.0 | 93.4 | 141.1 | 111.1 | 30.0 | 1,303 | $481 \cdot 1$ | 447.9 | $280 \cdot 5$ |
|  | August | 131.8 | 17.5 | 91.7 | 134.8 | $105 \cdot 7$ | 29.1 | 1,333 | 501.2 | 449.3 | 287.8 |
|  | September. | 137.7* | 18.0* | 95.4* | 152.9* | 120.9* | 32.0* | 1,284 | 495.3 | 411.0 | 281.9 |
|  | October. | 138.8 | 19.4 | 98.4 | 152.6 | 118.8 | $33 \cdot 8$ | 1,254 | $500 \cdot 2$ | 394.0 | $276 \cdot 2$ |
|  | November. | 142.5 | 20.9 | $100 \cdot 7$ | 153.5 | 119.5 | 34.0 | 1,219 | 493.0 | $370 \cdot 3$ | 273.3 |
|  | December . | 137.3* | 19.7* | 94.9* | 142.1* | 112.4* | 29.7* | 1,207 | $496 \cdot 8$ | 364.7 | $270 \cdot 6$ |
| 1944 | January. | 135.9 | 19.4 | 93.8 | 148.0 | 114.8 | 33.2 | 1,176 | $476 \cdot 3$ | 359.0 | 272.4 |
|  | February. | 137.7 | 19.7 | 97.3 | 153.0 | 119.5 | 33.5 | 1,136 | 437.8 | 358.8 | 284.3 |
|  | March . . | 127.1* | 19.2* | .88.5* | 145.0** | 112.9* | 32.1* | 1,071 | $375 \cdot 1$ | 349.7 | $300 \cdot 5$ |
|  | April | 122.2 | $19 \cdot 4$ | $85 \cdot 7$ | 137.7 | 108.0 | 29.7 | 1,049 | 337.2 | 359.6 | 303.3 |
|  | May. | 125.6 | $20 \cdot 1$ | 89.2 | 147.0 | 115.1 | 31.9 | 978 | 309.2 | 328.5 | 294.4 |
|  | June. | 126.6* | 19.6* | 91.4* | 139.2* | 112.0** | 27.2* | 921 | 287.9 | 322.0 | 267.2 |
|  | July . . | 124.7 | 19.6 | 91.0 | 127.1 | 99.4 | 27.7 | 919 | 299.6 | 328.3 | 247.7 |
|  | August | 123.2* | 19.7* | 88.6* | 126.2* | 102.0* | 24.2* | 927 | $319 \cdot 1$ | 334.8 | $230 \cdot 2$ |
|  | September. | $130 \cdot 7$ | 18.9 | $95 \cdot 1$ | $140 \cdot 5$ | 112.3 | 28.2 | 900 | 322.2 | 323.4 | 218.1 |
|  | October. | 133.3 | $17 \cdot 8$ | 97.0 | 142.1 | 112.7 | 29.4 | 886 | 316.6 | 330.3 | 205.4 |
|  | November. | 136.4* | 20.1* | 96.2* | 144.8** | 117.2* | 27.6* | 865 | 311.9 | 317.6 | 199.6 |
|  | December. | 132.7 | 19.2 | 93.0 | $133 \cdot 5$ | $107 \cdot 4$ | $26 \cdot 1$ | 896 | $342 \cdot 6$ | 317.0 | $200 \cdot 8$ |
| 1945 | January. | 127.2* | 19.5* | 87.8* | 130.2* | 104.9* | 25.3* | 929 | 373.4 | 317.9 | 193.3 |
|  | February. | 136.7 | 20.7 | 94.9 | $143 \cdot 1$ | 114.8 | 28.3 | 912 | 363.6 | 308.9 | 196.9 |
|  | March | 141.5 | 21.5 | $100 \cdot 2$ | 146.9 | 117.9 | 29.0 | 911 | 351.2 | 314.7 | $205 \cdot 3$ |
|  | April | 137.6 | 21.3 | 96.8 | 137.6 | 111.6 | $26 \cdot 0$ | 919 | 332.0 | 334.9 | $215 \cdot 3$ |
|  | May. | 128.2* | 20.0* | 87.1* | 123.4** | 100.1** | 23.3 * | 956 | 339.2 | $363 \cdot 3$ | 220.9 |
|  | June. | 133.0 | 20.2 | 89.9 | 135.5 | 107.3 | 28.2 | 952 | $339 \cdot 3$ | 370-1 | 216.2 |
|  | July | 134.8 | 19.5 | 91.0 | 125.3 | 99.2 | $26 \cdot 1$ | 986 | $375 \cdot 3$ | $365 \cdot 4$ | 224.6 |
|  | August | 125.2* | 20.2* | 81.6 | 113.5* | 92.5* | $21.0 *$ | 1,035 | 416.5 | 371.2 | 235.8 |

(1) Including production of blast furnace ferro-alloys and other qualities of pig iron.
${ }^{(2)}$ Including refined pig iron consumed in iron foundries.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Including stocks at wrought iron and refined iron works and Ministry of Supply stockyards.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$Production and consumption figures relate to calendar years for 1937, 1938 and 1939, to a period of 53 weeks for 1942 and to periods of 52 weeks for the remaining years.

* Average of five weeks.

Iron and steel scrap and steel ingots and castings


See footnotes on page 106.
Source : Ministry of Supply

Iron and steel scrap and steel ingots and castings (continued)
TABLE 92 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  |  | Iron and steel scrap |  |  |  |  | Steel ingots and castings <br> Production |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Receipts |  |  | Consumption( ${ }^{(1)}$ | Stocks( ${ }^{1}$ ) (end of period) |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Bought | Own |  |  | Total | Alloy |
| 1942 | January | 127.5* | $61.8 *$ | 65.7* | 132.5* | 661.9 | 234* | 24* |
|  | February | 138.2 | 67.7 | 70.5 | 141.8 | $646 \cdot 3$ | 247 | 28 |
|  | March . | 148.0 | $75 \cdot 3$ | 72.7 | 142.4 | $667 \cdot 1$ | 250 | 29 |
|  | April | 154.5* | 80.2* | 74.3* | 146.1** | 707.4 | 250** | 30** |
|  | May. | 152.8 | 79.3 | 73.5 | 143.9 | $743 \cdot 8$ | 244 | 28 |
|  | June. | 152.7 | 77.4 | 75.3 | $146 \cdot 1$ | 763.0 | 250 | 31 |
|  | July . | 143.9** | 72.5* | $71.4 *$ | 139.1* | 786.0 | 235* | 29** |
|  | August | 139.4 | 72.1 | 67.3 | 132.2 | 811.4 | 223 | 27 |
|  | September | 155.7. | ${ }_{80 \cdot 1 *}^{81 \cdot 2}$ | 74.5 | ${ }^{150.0}{ }^{154.0}$ | $830 \cdot 4$ $844 \cdot 3$ | 259 | 33. |
|  | November | 156.7 | $80 \cdot 1 *$ 79.6 | 76.6 76.6 | 154.0 156.1 | $844 \cdot 3$ $843 \cdot 5$ | 258 | $36 *$ 35 |
|  | December | 142.5* | 69.8* | 72.7* | 142-2* | 835.1 | 236* | 30* |
| 1943 | January | 145.9 | 71.9 | 74.0 | 150.8 | 813.9 789.3 | 249 | 31 35 |
|  | February | 156.0 161.8 | 77.7 80.9 | 78.3 80.9 | 161.0 $162.2 *$ | $789 \cdot 3$ 777.0 | 264 $267 *$ | 35 |
|  | April | 154.8 | $76 \cdot 8$ | 78.0 | 157.6 | 759.1 | 255 | 31 |
|  | May. | 156.8 | 78.1 | 78.7 | 161.9 | 733.7 | 261 | 33 |
|  | June. . | 150.8* | 75.1* | 75.7* | 151.7** | 712.0 | 249** | $30^{*}$ |
|  | July . | $140 \cdot 9$ | $70 \cdot 3$ | 70.6 | $140 \cdot 8$ | 709.6 | 234 | 25 |
|  | August | $130 \cdot 6$ | 64.7 | 65.9 | 136.6 | 682.8 | 224 | 28 |
|  | September | 154.2* | 73.8* | $80 \cdot{ }^{*}$ | 159.7* | 651.7 69.9 | 259* | 33** |
|  | October . | 155.9 | 75.7 | $80 \cdot 2$ 79 | 157.9 | 639.9 | 256 | 32 |
|  | November | 154.3 | 74.5 | 79.8 | 158.1 | 622.2 | 256 | 31 |
|  | December | 133.6* | 62.9* | 70.7* | 139.7* | 590.3 | 232* | 24* |
| 1944 | January | 142.0 | 67.5 | 74.5 | 148.0 | 559.4 | 242 | 26 |
|  | February. | 152.3 | 72.9 | 79.4 | 158.8 | 531.2 | 258 | 28 |
|  | March . | 153.1** | 76.6* | 76.5* | 149.9* | 549.3 | 244* | $25^{*}$ |
|  | April | 139.3 | $67 \cdot 6$ | 71.7 | 133.9 | 571.8 | 224 | 20 |
|  | May. | 147.0 | 70.9 | 76.1 | 148.7 $139.6 *$ | 563.2 578.3 | 245* | 24 |
|  | June. July | 143.6 129.9 | $70 \cdot 1 *$ 66.8 | $73 \cdot 5 *$ 63.1 | ${ }_{125.6 *}$ | 578.3 594.6 | 233* | 22* |
|  | August | 126.0* | $61.7 *$ | 64.3* | 126.3* | 594.0 | $210{ }^{*}$ | $2{ }^{*}$ |
|  | September | 141.2 | 69.4 | 71.8 | 143.7 | 574.9 | 236 | 22 |
|  | October | $146 \cdot 1$ | $72 \cdot 6$ | 73.5 | $146 \cdot 9$ | 568.1 | 239 | 20 |
|  | November | 145.6* | 72.7* | 72.9* | 147.8* | $552 \cdot 1$ | $244 *$ | 19** |
|  | December | 129.6 | $63 \cdot 5$ | $66 \cdot 1$ | 132.4 | 539.3 | 220 | 15 |
| 1945 | January | 121.6* | 58.7* | 62.9* | 131.7* | $490 \cdot 1$ | 216* | 15* |
|  | February | $146 \cdot 2$ | 73.1 | 73.1 | 148.4 | 487.3 | 241 | 17 |
|  | March . | 150.8 | 77.6 | 73.2 | 149.6 | $502 \cdot 1$ | 246 | 17 |
|  | April | 141.6 | 71.6 | 70.0 | $145 \cdot 5$ | 486.9 | 237 | 17 |
|  | May. | 130.2* | 68.1* | 62.1* | 129.3** | 494.9 | 211* | 14* |
|  | June. | 147.9 | 75.9 | 72.0 | 151.9 | 485.5 | 238 | 17 |
|  | July | 129.5 | 67.9 | 61.6 | $133 \cdot 3$ | $484 \cdot 3$ | 214 | 13 |
|  | August | 106.3* | 54.6* | $51.7 *$ | 110.6* | 472.6 | 186* | $10^{*}$ |
|  | September | 141.5 | 73.2 | 68.3 | $145 \cdot 2$ | $466 \cdot 9$ | 241 | 14 |

(1) At steal works and foundries.

* Averige of five weeks.

Source : Ministry of Supply

Semi-finished and finished iron and steel ${ }^{(1)}$
TABLE 93
Thousand tons

|  | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production of semi-fnished and finshed iron and steel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| Iron castings | - | - | -• | $\cdots$ | - | 2,769 | 2,444 | 2,468 | 2,408 | 2,150 | 1,971 |
| Wrought iron : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . . . . . . . | 346 | 424 | 462 | 317 | 355 | 302 | 278 | 275 | 257 | 226 | 193 |
| Forge production . . . . . . . . . . | 188 | 232 | 259 | 177 | 199 | 178 | 166 | 164 | 147 | 130 | 111 |
| Finishing mills production. . . | 158 | 192 | 203 | 140 | 156 | 124 | 112 | 111 | 110 | 96 | 82 |
| Semi-finished steel : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billets, blooms and slabs $\left.{ }^{(2}\right) . .$. . | 5,928 | 7,318 | 8,065 | 6,775 | . | - | 5,325 | 5,510 | 6,160 | 6,013 | 5,876 |
| Sheet bars and tinplate bars.... | 2,080 | 2,388 | 2,650 | 1,663 | . | . | 2,293 | 2,270 | 2,070 | 2,001 | 1,984 |
| Finished steel (principal products)( ${ }^{2}$ ): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bright steel bars. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 117 | 132 | 179 | 119 | 140 | 238 | 289 | 363 | 413 | 390 | 246 |
| Heavy rails and sleepers. | 442 | 547 | 518 | 491 | 395 | 247 | 215 | 260 | 292 | 337 | 400 |
| Heavy and medium plates . . | 1,101 | 1,431 | 1,624 | 1,372 | 1,430 | 1,612 | 1,582 | 1,589 | 1,723 | 1,602 | 1,394 |
| Armour and bullet proof plate. . | . . | . . | , |  | , 71 | . 64 | 1,80 | 145 | 1113 | - 99 | , 56 |
| Other heavy steel products.... | . . | . | . | 1,543 | 2,007 | 1,725 | 1,382 | 1,462 | 1,416 | 1,444 | 1,431 |
| Shell steel.. . . . . . . | . . | . . | . |  | 111 | . 636 | 1,029 | 1,073 | 702 | 543 | 313 |
| Light rolled products. |  |  |  | 2,251 | 2,909 | 3,416 | 3,217 | 3,387 | 3,387 | 3,273 | 2,907 |
| Cold rolled strip. . . . . | 91 1 | 114 | 130 | 2,273 | 2,110 | -154 | 3,263 | 3,387 | , 231 | 3,220 | 2,225 |
| Sheets coated and uncoated. | 1,097 | 1,163 | 1,272 | 816 | 1,649 | 1,257 | 1,263 | 1,185 | 1,169 | 1,137 | 1,076 |
| Tin, terne and black plates. | 708 | 815 | 958 | 610 | 919 | 977 | 720 | 678 | 532 | 521 | 512 |
| Tubes, pipes and fittings.. | 718 |  | 837 | $66.5{ }^{4}$ ) | 675 | 684 | 685 | 677 | 659 | 666 | 595 |
| Steel castings . . . . . . . . . | $115{ }^{4}$ ) | 145( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | $170\left(^{4}\right.$ | 142(4) | 159 | 227 | 248 | 338 | 365 | 355 | 285 |
| Steel forgings | 109 | 136 | 173 | $250{ }^{4}$ |  | 342 | 469 | 596 | 617 | 563 | 387 |
| Wire . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 442 |  | 562 | $500{ }^{(4)}$ | 583 | 648 | 642 | 694 | 644 | 639 | 537 |
| Tyres, wheels and axles. | 155 | 160 | 158 | 159 | 131 | 134 | 89 | 114 | 122 | 136 | 158 |
| Net deliveries of finished steel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - |  |  | 10,497 | 11,386 | 11,006 | 10,270 | 8,922 |
| Home produced( ${ }^{5}$ ) | . |  |  |  |  |  | 10,127 | 10,647 | 10,282 | 10,010 | 8,865 |
| Imported . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . |  | . | . | . |  | 371 | . 739 | , 724 | 261 | 8, 57 |
| Deliveries for home consumption | . | . | . | . | . | . |  | 11,086 | 10,860 | 10,044 | 8,136 |
| Stocks of steel( ${ }^{6}$ ) | -• | . | . | . | . | . | 2,754 | 2,179 | 2,171 | 1,684 | 1,224 |

(1) Production and consumption figures relate to calendar years for 1935 to 1939 inclusive,

Source : Ministry of Supply to a period of 53 weeks for 1942 and to periods of 52 weeks for the remaining years. Figures for stocks are for the end of the period in all cases.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$From 1941, excluding allov steel.
(2) Including material for further conversion.
(9) Estimated.
(5) Total United Kingdom production less deliveries to other steel firms for further conversion.
() Ingots, semi-finished and finished steel. Excluding stocks held by consumers.

Chrome ore and ferro-alloys


[^17]Non-ferrous metals


|  | Production |  | Consumption |  | Stocks (end of period) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Virgin aluminium | Secondary aluminium ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Virgin } \\ \text { aluminium( } \left.{ }^{\mathbf{z}}\right) \end{gathered}$ | Secondary aluminium | $\stackrel{\text { Virgin }}{\text { aluminium() }}$ | Secondary aluminium |
| Anmual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938 | 23.04 |  | 44.4 |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 24.96 |  | 78.0 |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| 1940 | 18.95 | 37.92 | $102 \cdot 3$ | $32 \cdot 17$ | 82 | $\because$ |
| 1941 | 22.67 | 53.17 | 116.8 | 49.04 | 82.0 | 14.4 |
| 1942 | $46 \cdot 78$ | 78.81 | 195.3 | 63.78 | 77.0 | $27 \cdot 5$ |
| 1943 | 55.66 | 93.48 | $208 \cdot 2$ | 85.49 | $130 \cdot 5$ | 31.0 |
| 1944 | $35 \cdot 47$ | 104.48 | $150 \cdot 1$ | 71.68 | $142 \cdot 4$ | $58 \cdot 7$ |
| 1945 | 31.90 | 81.00 | 99.1 | 51.24 | 92.3 | $92 \cdot 3$ |
| Monthly averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1938 \text {. . . . . . }$ | 1.92 | - | $3 \cdot 7$ | . | - | $\cdots$ |
| $1939 \text {. . . . . . }$ | 2.08 |  | $6 \cdot 5$ |  | . | . |
| 1940 | 1.58 | $3 \cdot 16$ | $8 \cdot 5$ | 2.68 | 09 | 19 |
| 1941 | 1.89 | $4 \cdot 43$ | 9.7 | 4.08 | 82.0 | $14 \cdot 4$ |
| 1942 . | 3.90 | $6 \cdot 56$ | $16 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 31$ | 77.0 | $27 \cdot 5$ |
| 1943 | $4 \cdot 64$ | $7 \cdot 79$ | $17 \cdot 3$ | $7 \cdot 12$ | $130 \cdot 5$ | 31.0 |
| 1944. | 2.96 | 8.71 | $12 \cdot 5$ | 5.97 | 142.4 | $58 \cdot 7$ |
| 1945 . | 2.66 | 6.75 | $8 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 27$ | 92.3 | $92 \cdot 3$ |
| 1939 October | . | . | $8 \cdot 5$ | 2.04 | - | - |
| November | . | . | 8.9 | $2 \cdot 19$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| December | . | . | $7 \cdot 4$ | 1.89 | . | . |
| 1940 January . | 1.57 | 2.85 | $7 \cdot 7$ | 1.87 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| February. | 0.84 | 2.53 | $7 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 63$ | . | . |
| March . | 1.27 | $2 \cdot 79$ | 7.9 | 2.02 | . | . |
| April . . | 1.61 | $3 \cdot 18$ | $8 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 26$ | . | . |
| May. . . . | 1.78 | $3 \cdot 24$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | 2.35 | . | . |
| June. . . . . | 1.21 0.87 | 2.89 3.68 | $7 \cdot 5$ | 1.96 | . | - |
| July . . . | 0.87 | $3 \cdot 68$ | $7 \cdot 4$ | 2.41 | . | - |
| August .. | $1 \cdot 22$ | $3 \cdot 30$ | $9 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 38$ | . | . . |
| September | 1.48 | $3 \cdot 17$ | $8 \cdot 3$ | 2.85 | . | . |
| October .. | 2.30 | $3 \cdot 47$ | $10 \cdot 2$ | 3.70 | . | . |
| November | 2.24 | 3.39 | 7.5 | 3.52 | . | . |
| December | $2 \cdot 56$ | $3 \cdot 43$ | $12 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 22$ | . | . |
| 1941 January . | 2.71 | 3.61 | 11.6 | $3 \cdot 83$ | - | $\cdots$ |
| February. | 1.94 | 3.78 | 11.3 | 3.56 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| March . . | 1.77 | $5 \cdot 16$ | $10 \cdot 9$ | $4 \cdot 17$ | $33 \cdot 1$ | $12 \cdot 8$ |
| April . . . | 1.77 | 4.45 | 10.4 | 3.92 | $43 \cdot 5$ | $14 \cdot 2$ |
| May.... | 1.92 | 4.90 | 9.3 | 4.03 | 48.3 | 15.4 |
| June. . . . | 1.52 | $4 \cdot 25$ | $7 \cdot 2$ | 3.97 | 54.4 | $15 \cdot 2$ |
| July . . . . | 0.95 | 4.66 | $5 \cdot 5$ | 3.29 | $66 \cdot 2$ | $15 \cdot 1$ |
| August ... | 1.24 | 3.79 | $6 \cdot 9$ | 3.09 | $67 \cdot 6$ | 14.9 |
| September | 1.67 | $4 \cdot 37$ | $12 \cdot 6$ | 3.75 | $63 \cdot 2$ | $14 \cdot 3$ |
| October . . | $2 \cdot 16$ | 4.81 | 11.3 | 5.46 | 67.0 | $14 \cdot 7$ |
| November | 2.31 | $4 \cdot 72$ | 7.3 | 4.75 | $72 \cdot 1$ | 14.0 |
| December | $2 \cdot 71$ | $4 \cdot 67$ | $12 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 22$ | $82 \cdot 0$ | 14.4 |
| 1942 January . | $4 \cdot 37$ | 5.44 | 19.0 | 4.85 | $78 \cdot 7$ | 14.9 |
| February. | 3.66 | 5.69 | 11.5 | $5 \cdot 02$ | $78 \cdot 3$ | 15.9 |
| March . . | 3.95 | 5.99 | $17 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 22$ | 81.7 | 16.7 |
| April | 4.09 | 5.92 | $16 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 33$ | $82 \cdot 0$ | 18.8 |
| May | 3.49 | 5.75 | $14 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 15$ | $86 \cdot 4$ | 18.8 |
| June. . . . | $3 \cdot 54$ | $6 \cdot 16$ | $17 \cdot 3$ | 5.47 | 88.6 | 19.9 |
| July . . . | $3 \cdot 22$ | $6 \cdot 63$ | $16 \cdot 6$ | 4.99 | 91.5 | 20.9 |
| August ... | 3.16 3.92 | 5.92 | 13.7 13.5 | $4 \cdot 32$ | $90 \cdot 6$ | 21.2 |
| September | 3.92 4.32 | 7.52 | 13.5 19.0 | 5.83 6.13 | 89.1 85.9 | 22.9 23.8 |
| October . . | 4.32 4.35 | 7.92 8.03 | 19.0 17.3 | 6.13 6.03 | $85 \cdot 9$ $81 \cdot 3$ | $23 \cdot 8$ $25 \cdot 2$ |
| Necember | $4 \cdot 35$ 4.71 | 8.03 7.84 | 17.3 19.7 | 6.03 5.44 | $81 \cdot 3$ $77 \cdot 0$ | $25 \cdot 2$ $27 \cdot 5$ |

Aluminium (continued)
TABLE 96 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  | Production |  | Consumption |  | Stocks (end of period) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Virgin aluminium | Secondary aluminium( ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Virgin } \\ \text { aluminium( }) \end{gathered}$ | Secondary aluminium | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Virgin } \\ & \text { aluminium ( }) \end{aligned}$ | Secondary aluminium |
| 1943 January. . | 4.84 | 7.05 | 20.2 | 5.80 | $72 \cdot 1$ | 28.1 |
| February. | 4.49 | 6.91 | 14.6 | $6 \cdot 20$ | 65.0 | 27.2 |
| March | 4.72 | 7.66 | $23 \cdot 2$ | 6.92 | $64 \cdot 8$ | 28.6 |
| April | 4.52 | 6.99 | 19.3 | 6.73 | 70.8 | 31.3 |
| May... | $4 \cdot 48$ | $7 \cdot 19$ | $15 \cdot 6$ | 6.55 | 78.4 | 31.5 |
| June... | 4.56 | $7 \cdot 17$ | 11.2 | 6.94 | $87 \cdot 4$ | $30 \cdot 5$ |
| July | 4.88 | $7 \cdot 46$ | 15.7 | 6.42 | 102.4 | 30.4 |
| August | $4 \cdot 50$ | 6.90 | $15 \cdot 1$ | 6.97 | 119.5 | 29.8 |
| September. | $4 \cdot 49$ | 8.68 | 14.8 | 8.00 | 125.0 | $30 \cdot 1$ |
| October... | 4.73 4.65 | 9.35 9.37 | 17.5 | 8.49 | 122.2 | 27.9 |
| December | $4 \cdot 80$ | 8.75 | 20.4 | 7.91 | 130.5 | 31.0 |
| 1944 January. | $4 \cdot 71$ | 10.13 | 17.3 | 8.76 | 131.3 | $32 \cdot 3$ |
| February. | $3 \cdot 48$ | 9.57 | 17.8 | 8.83 | 127.1 | $32 \cdot 4$ |
| March | $3 \cdot 25$ | 10.17 | 17.8 | $8 \cdot 17$ | 125.8 | $32 \cdot 1$ |
| April . | 2.45 | $7 \cdot 54$ | $16 \cdot 3$ | 5.59 | 126.4 | $33 \cdot 1$ |
| Maye.. | 2.47 | $8 \cdot 32$ | 14.7 | $6 \cdot 57$ | 130.0 | $36 \cdot 3$ |
| June. . July | 2.72 | $8 \cdot 42$ | 12.9 | $5 \cdot 38$ | 156.0 | 39.3 |
| July . ... | 2.61 | 8.53 | 12.7 | $5 \cdot 29$ | $146 \cdot 2$ | 42.7 |
| August ... | 2.84 | 7.53 | 7.5 | 4.95 | 142.2 | 45.0 |
| September. | 2.65 | 8.65 | 9.7 | $5 \cdot 22$ | 136.6 | 48.0 |
| October... | 2.66 | 8.90 | 7.0 | $4 \cdot 81$ | $148 \cdot 1$ | 51.0 |
| November. December | 3.54 3.09 | 9.28 | 9.1 7.1 | 4.47 3.64 | $145 \cdot 8$ $142 \cdot 4$ | 54.7 58.7 |
| 1945 January. . | 3.03 | 8.97 | 8.7 | 3.27 | $137 \cdot 3$ | $63 \cdot 3$ |
| February. | 2.74 | 7.71 | $9 \cdot 4$ | 3.05 | $130 \cdot 9$ | 66.7 |
| March | 2.96 | 7.67 | $9 \cdot 3$ | 3.77 | 124.7 | 73.7 |
| April ... May. | 2.66 | 6.53 | 8.7 | 4.06 | 119.6 | $76 \cdot 9$ |
| May.... | $2 \cdot 68$ | 6.15 | 10.2 | $3 \cdot 42$ | $112 \cdot 1$ | 79.7 |
| June. | 2.61 | $7 \cdot 36$ | 11.6 | $3 \cdot 30$ | $103 \cdot 3$ | 84.5 |
| July . . . . . | $2 \cdot 86$ | $6 \cdot 81$ | 4.8 7.9 | 3.88 3.06 | 101.8 | 87.0 9.5 |
| August ... | $2 \cdot 32$ | $5 \cdot 12$ | 7.9 | 3.06 | 96.9 | $90 \cdot 5$ |

[^18]Softwood and hardwood
TABLE 97

|  | Softwood ${ }^{1}$ ) |  |  |  |  | Hardwood( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Production ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | Consumption |  | Stocks (end of period) |  | Pro-duction ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | Consumption |  | Stocks (end of period) |  |
|  |  | Imported | Home grown ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\underset{\text { ported }}{\text { Im- }}$ | Home grown |  | Imported | Home grown | $\begin{gathered} \text { Im- } \\ \text { ported } \end{gathered}$ | Home grown |
|  | Thousand standards( ${ }^{3}$ ) |  |  |  |  | Million cubic feet |  |  |  |  |
| Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939... |  |  |  | 511.3 |  |  |  |  | 23.28 |  |
| 1940. | 177.59 | 709.16 | 161.43 | $685 \cdot 1$ | 12.86 | 22.32 | 25.46 | 22.11 | 18.78 | 1.31 |
| 1941. | $280 \cdot 43$ | $630 \cdot 26$ | 224.64 | 427.5 | 39.29 | 29.38 | 19.43 | 26.09 | 16.21 | 3.88 |
| 1942. | 297.91 | 478.36 | 279.64 | 292.9 | 53.73 | 41.40 | $16 \cdot 31$ | 38.46 | 10.54 | 6.42 |
| 1943. | 288.18 | 429.59 | 248.85 | $410 \cdot 7$ | 99.05 | 50.83 | $13 \cdot 13$ | 44.97 | 9.38 | 11.60 |
| 1944. | 196.08 | 604.89 | 252.91 | $330 \cdot 2$ | $42 \cdot 10$ | 46.97 | 11.18 | $47 \cdot 32$ | 14.74 | 11.12 |
| 1945. | $130 \cdot 17$ | 752.14 | 168.47 | $440 \cdot 5$ | 4.13 | 41.19 | 16.86 | $43 \cdot 43$ | 14.50 | 8.87 |
| Monthly averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. | 14.80 23.37 | 59.10 52.52 | 13.45 18.71 | 685.1 427.5 | 12.86 39.29 | 1.86 2.46 | 2.12 1.61 | 1.84 2.17 | 18.78 16.21 | 1.31 3.88 |
| 1942. | 24.82 | 39.86 | $23 \cdot 30$ | 292.9 | 53.73 | $3 \cdot 45$ | $1 \cdot 36$ | 3.21 | 10.54 | $6 \cdot 42$ |
| 1943. | 24.01 | 35.80 | 20.74 | $410 \cdot 7$ | 99.05 | $4 \cdot 24$ | 1.09 | 3.75 | 9.38 | 11.60 |
| 1944. | 16.34 | 50.41 | 21.08 | $330 \cdot 2$ | $42 \cdot 10$ | 3.91 | 0.93 | 3.94 | 14.74 | $11 \cdot 12$ |
| 1945. | 10.85 | 62.68 | 14.04 | $440 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 13$ | $3 \cdot 43$ | 1.41 | $3 \cdot 62$ | 14.50 | 8.87 |
| 1940 January | $5 \cdot 19$ | 69.32 | $4 \cdot 50$ | 511.6 | 10.22 | 1.25 | 3.23 | 1.22 | 18.81 |  |
| February | 5.92 | 67.27 | $6 \cdot 27$ | 479.8 | 10.45 | 1.27 | 3.07 | 1.50 | 17.51 | 1.42 |
| March | 8.44 | 62.35 | 7.81 | 474.7 | 10.44 | 1.58 | 2.96 | 1.62 | $16 \cdot 17$ | 1.39 |
| April | 11.62 | 83.23 | 10.91 | 455.4 | 10.57 | 1.92 | 2.95 | 1.83 | 14.96 | $1 \cdot 40$ |
| May | 15.07 | 76.06 | 13.91 | 448.5 | 10.63 | $2 \cdot 14$ | 2.63 | 2.23 | 14.40 | 1.33 |
| June | 17.17 | 75.74 | 14.34 | $450 \cdot 5$ | 10.81 | 2.01 | 3.00 | 1.91 | 13.70 | $1 \cdot 32$ |
| July | 18.31 | 46.23 | 15.26 | 490.6 | 11.02 | 2.11 | 2.11 | $2 \cdot 18$ | 14.11 | 1.26 |
| August | 20.24 | 47.22 | 24.09 | $560 \cdot 3$ | 11.17 | $2 \cdot 11$ | 0.87 | $2 \cdot 19$ | 15.85 | 1.21 |
| September | 19.90 | 35.08 | 17.90 | 623.9 | 11.67 | 1.99 | 1.86 | 1.95 | $15 \cdot 50$ | $1 \cdot 20$ |
| October... | 20.23 | 42.17 | 17.71 | 659.1 | $12 \cdot 16$ | 2.13 | $0 \cdot 48$ | 1.94 | 17.52 | 1.24 |
| November | 17.98 | 52.46 | 15.79 | 671.0 | 12.66 | 2.02 | 0.74 | 1.90 | 19.49 | 1.26 |
| December | 17.53 | 52.02 | 12.94 | $685 \cdot 1$ | 12.86 | 1.80 | 1.56 | 1.63 | 18.78 | 1.31 |
| 1941 January | 16.80 | 43.74 | 15.04 | 707.4 | 13.02 | 1.88 | 1.06 | 1.74 | 19.62 | 1.36 |
| February.. | 16.66 | $48 \cdot 29$ | 14.59 | 684.9 | 13.56 | 1.87 | 1.12 | 1.72 | 19.97 | 1.41 |
| March | 20.03 | 74.14 | 16.13 | 648.2 | 14.32 | $2 \cdot 10$ | 2.36 | 1.89 | 18.91 | 1.50 |
| April | 21.52 | 49.21 | 18.30 | 637.5 | 15.31 | 2.24 | 1.51 | 2.04 | 18.22 | 1.59 |
| May. | 24.77 | 42.78 | 19.76 | 618.4 | $18 \cdot 12$ | 2.54 | $2 \cdot 16$ | 2.33 | 17.28 | 1.65 |
| June. | 24.28 | 58.35 | 18.87 | 584.6 | 21.23 | 2.39 | 1.53 | 2.42 | 14.94 | 1.69 |
| July | 26.54 | 56.92 | 20.93 | 564.2 | 27.49 | 2.74 | $1 \cdot 37$ | 2.48 | 15.58 | 3.05 |
| August | 25.64 | 53.42 | 19.81 | 535.1 | 31.24 | 2.56 | 1.71 | 2.29 | $15 \cdot 10$ | 3.20 |
| September | 26.92 | 50.81 | 17.31 | 485.2 | 39.02 | 2.85 | 1.72 | 1.84 | 18.21 | 4.07 |
| October... | 27.45 | 55.56 | 22.16 | 473.8 | 42.33 | 2.86 | 1.71 | 2.59 | $16 \cdot 44$ | 3.71 |
| November | 24.71 | 47.56 | 20.46 | 454.2 | 44.86 | 2.72 | 1.72 | 3.08 | $16 \cdot 10$ | $3 \cdot 21$ |
| December | $25 \cdot 13$ | 49.48 | 21.31 | 427.5 | 39.29 | $2 \cdot 66$ | 1.46 | 1.60 | 16.21 | 3.88 |
| 1942 January | 18.07 | 50.56 | 21.95 | 383.5 | 35.41 | $2 \cdot 40$ | 1.41 | 2.40 | 15.06 | $3 \cdot 88$ |
| February. | 19.62 | 40.45 | 15.97 | 349.7 | 39.06 | 2.54 | $1 \cdot 26$ | 2.08 | 14.73 | $4 \cdot 33$ |
| March | 22.12 | 50.30 | 19.01 | 305.9 | 42.17 | 2.94 | 1.44 | 2.60 | 14.55 | $4 \cdot 68$ |
| April . | 26.39 | 41.08 | 22.52 | $270 \cdot 4$ | 46.03 | 3.23 | 1.56 | 3.09 | 13.92 | 4.82 |
| May. | 26.66 | 35.14 | 25.01 | 241.2 | 47.68 | 3.54 | 1.21 | 3.19 | 14.00 | $5 \cdot 16$ |
| June. | 27.53 | 40.09 | 28.14 | 226.3 | 47.08 | 3.71 | 1.48 | 3.56 | 13.26 | 5.31 |
| July | 28.94 | 37.64 | 27.11 | 235.0 | $46 \cdot 49$ | 3.90 | 1.32 | 3.31 | 12.99 | 5.75 |
| August | 26.60 | 34.54 | 25.91 | 236.2 | 45.76 | 3.54 | 1.34 | 3.54 | 12.68 | 5.49 |
| September | 27.32 | 38.26 | 23.74 | $243 \cdot 7$ | 49.34 | 4.00 | 1.43 | 3.49 | 11.99 | 6.00 |
| October... | $26 \cdot 90$ | 38.70 | 25.01 | 263.2 | 51.23 | $4 \cdot 25$ | 1.43 | 3.91 | 11.58 | $6 \cdot 34$ |
| November | 24.42 | 34.42 | 24.28 | 266.0 | 51.37 | 3.79 | $1 \cdot 27$ | 3.83 | 11.03 | $6 \cdot 30$ |
| December | 23.35 | 37-19 | 21.00 | 292.9 | 53.73 | $3 \cdot 57$ | $1 \cdot 17$ | $3 \cdot 46$ | 10.54 | $6 \cdot 42$ |


|  |  | Softwood(1) |  |  |  |  | Hardwood() |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Production ${ }^{(2)}$ | Consumption |  | Stocks (end of period) |  | Pro-duction ${ }^{(2)}$ | Consumption |  | Stocks (end of period) |  |
|  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Im- } \\ \text { ported }}}{ }$ | Home grown $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\mathrm{Im}_{\text {ported }}$ | Home grown | $\begin{gathered} \text { Im- } \\ \text { ported } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Home } \\ & \text { grown(²) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Im- } \\ \text { ported } \end{gathered}$ | Home grown |
|  |  | Thousand standards( ${ }^{(3)}$ | Million cubic feet |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 | January |  | 22.29 | 34.99 | 21.72 | $290 \cdot 9$ | 54.30 | 3.66 | 1.29 | 3.32 | 9.81 | 6.75 |
|  | February | 23.45 | 33.14 | 18.07 | $280 \cdot 3$ | 59.99 | $3 \cdot 81$ | 1.22 | 3.04 | 9.14 | 7.50 |
|  | March | 27.50 | 38.71 | 24.15 | 255.6 | 69.34 | $4 \cdot 39$ | 1.24 | 2.77 | 8.81 | 9.37 |
|  | April | 25.81 | 32.35 | 20.73 | 246.6 | 74.41 | 4.56 | $1 \cdot 14$ | 4.06 | 8.42 | 9.86 |
|  | May. | 25.75 | 33.72 | 22.93 | $254 \cdot 3$ | 77.23 | $4 \cdot 57$ | 1.05 | $4 \cdot 28$ | 8.20 | $10 \cdot 15$ |
|  | June. | 25.65 | 34.06 | 20.13 | 273.8 | 82.75 | 4.56 | $1 \cdot 16$ | $3 \cdot 47$ | 7.96 | 11.23 |
|  | July | 25.47 | $35 \cdot 16$ | 20.24 | 298.3 | 87.67 | 4.51 | 1.02 | $4 \cdot 41$ | 8.24 | 11.17 |
|  | August | 26.02 | 32.43 | $20 \cdot 10$ | 321.3 | 93.59 | 3.92 | 1.09 | $3 \cdot 58$ | $8 \cdot 62$ | 11.51 |
|  | September | 26.57 | 33.78 | 20.49 | 371.7 | 99.66 | 4.63 | 1.12 | 4.05 | 9.18 | $12 \cdot 10$ |
|  | October... | 21.87 | 37.34 | 22.92 | 396.2 | 98.62 | $4 \cdot 30$ | 1.07 | 4.05 | 8.88 | 11.60 |
|  | November | 19.16 | 42.87 | 18.45 | 389.9 | 99.33 | $4 \cdot 20$ | 1.00 | $4 \cdot 19$ | 9.08 | 11.60 |
|  | December | 18.63 | 41.03 | 18.91 | $410 \cdot 7$ | 99.05 | $3 \cdot 72$ | 0.78 | 3.73 | 9.38 | 11.60 |
| 1944 | January | 18.21 | 37.58 | 19.47 | 398.0 | 97.79 | 3.78 | 0.73 | $3 \cdot 81$ | 9.20 | 11.57 |
|  | February. | 18.26 | 47.82 | 20.82 | 378.5 | 95.23 | 4.04 | 0.87 | 3.91 | $9 \cdot 20$ | 11.71 |
|  | March | 19.55 | 55.88 | 22.11 | 347.6 | 92.67 | $4 \cdot 35$ | 0.94 | $4 \cdot 28$ | 9.36 | 11.78 |
|  | April | $17 \cdot 11$ | 54.67 | 19.73 | $326 \cdot 1$ | 90.05 | $3 \cdot 75$ | 0.88 | 3.77 | 9.65 | 11.75 |
|  | May. | 18.44 | 50.17 | 24.76 | 317.4 | 83.73 | $4 \cdot 20$ | 0.98 | 4.53 | 10.02 | 11.43 |
|  | June. | $17 \cdot 10$ | 54.03 | 24.95 | 305.6 | 75.88 | $4 \cdot 20$ | 1.14 | $4 \cdot 57$ | $10 \cdot 40$ | 11.06 |
|  | July | 14.54 | 53.60 | 21.34 | 276.7 | 69.07 | 3.91 | 0.88 | $3 \cdot 85$ | 10.62 | 11.06 |
|  | August | 15.41 | 53.36 | 20.71 | 254.2 | 63.66 | $3 \cdot 63$ | 0.74 | $3 \cdot 54$ | 11.74 | 11.08 |
|  | September | 15.74 | 47.73 | 21.33 | 273.5 | 58.06 | 3.97 | 0.91 | $3 \cdot 65$ | 12.66 | 11.39 |
|  | October... | 15.66 | 48.67 | 22.10 | 295.7 | 51.62 | 3.96 | 1.21 | $4 \cdot 13$ | 13.88 | 11.22 |
|  | November | 13.94 | 51.26 | 19.31 | 328.4 | $46 \cdot 25$ | $3 \cdot 88$ | 1.28 | 3.93 | 14.58 | 11.18 |
|  | December | 12.13 | $50 \cdot 12$ | $16 \cdot 27$ | $330 \cdot 2$ | $42 \cdot 10$ | $3 \cdot 30$ | $0 \cdot 62$ | $3 \cdot 35$ | 14.74 | 11-12 |
| 1945 | January | 9.42 | 55.86 | 17.74 | 324.4 | 35.66 | $3 \cdot 25$ | 1.66 | 3.64 | 14.23 | 10.97 |
|  | February | $10 \cdot 52$ | 56.84 | 15.95 | $290 \cdot 2$ | 28.69 | 3.33 | 1.11 | $3 \cdot 70$ | 14.23 | 10.38 |
|  | March | 13.40 | 54.75 | 15.66 | $273 \cdot 1$ | 26.48 | 3.77 | $1 \cdot 33$ | $4 \cdot 18$ | 14.08 | 10.19 |
|  | April . | 12.67 | 54.96 | 15.81 | 241.2 | 23.29 | $3 \cdot 53$ | 1.27 | 3.83 | 13.95 | 9.67 |
|  | May. | 12.05 | 60.38 | $15 \cdot 80$ | 228.9 | 19.97 | 3.62 | 1.23 | 3.72 | 13.83 | 9.46 |
|  | June. | 12.24 | 59.57 | 16.31 | 228.5 | 15.47 | 3.75 | 1.46 | 3.76 | 13.89 | 9.56 |
|  | July | 10.44 | 67.58 | 14.85 | 259.4 | 12.00 | $3 \cdot 55$ | 1.41 | 3.96 | 14.42 | 9.40 |
|  | August | 9.74 | 54.98 | 12.60 | 325.9 | $8 \cdot 19$ | 3.08 | 1.34 | $3 \cdot 41$ | 14.85 | 8.83 |

() Excluding sleepers of all kinds except in figures for production before 1942.
( ${ }^{()}$In the figures for production after 1941 and in all figures for consumption of home-grown timber an allowance of 10 per cent. (softwood) and 5 per cent. (hardwood) has been made for conversion to square edged material.
(2) Standards of 165 cubic feet.

Pitwood and plywood
TABLE 98

|  | Production of pitwood |  |  |  |  | Con-sumption of sawn and round pitwood | Stocks of sawn and pitwood (end of period) | Plywood |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sawn |  | Round |  |  |  | Constructional |  |  | Technical |
|  | Total | Trade | Home <br> Timber <br> Production <br> Department | Trade | Home <br> Timber Production Department |  |  | Production | Con-sumption | Stocks (end of period) | Production |
|  | Thousand standards(1) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Million square feet |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Annual totals } \\ \text { 1939...... } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 537.6 |  |  |  | 9.96 |
| 1940....... | 597.49 | 132.40 | 4.16 | 305.62 | 155.31 | 895.99 | 658.9 | 4 4.42 | 107.44 | 141:0 | 24.00 |
| 1941 | 573.85 | 138.85 | 29.69 | 221.65 | 183.66 | 833.52 | $450 \cdot 4$ | 3.61 | $167 \cdot 27$ | $110 \cdot 1$ | 52.44 |
| 1942 | 636.77 | 141.61 | 49.64 | 229.54 | 215.98 | 803.58 | 286.7 | 7.31 | 167.60 | 43.0 | 65.76 |
| 1943 | 720.56 | $146 \cdot 62$ | 47.87 | 243.57 | 282.50 | 720.43 | 332.6 | $4 \cdot 21$ | 121.01 | 192.0 | 63.84 |
| 1944. | 602.33 | $153 \cdot 18$ | 51.47 | 184.21 | 213.47 | 737.34 | 251.1 | 4.23 | 304.22 | 190.9 | 68.28 |
| 1945. | 504.24 | 142.81 | 41.24 | 137.26 | 182.93 | 683.24 | 268.6 | 43.08 | 377.76 | $166 \cdot 3$ | 32.28 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. | 49.79 | 11.03 | 0.35 | 25.47 | 12.94 | 74.67 | 658.9 | 0.37 | 9.0 | 141.0 | 2.00 4.37 |
| 1941. | 47.82 | 11.57 | 2.47 | 18.47 | 15.31 | 69.46 | $450 \cdot 4$ | 0.30 | 13.9 | $110 \cdot 1$ | 4.37 |
| 1942. | 53.07 | 11.80 | $4 \cdot 14$ | 19.13 | 18.00 | 66.97 | 286.7 | 0.61 | 14.0 | 43.0 | 5.48 |
| 1943. | 60.05 | 12.22 | 3.99 | $20 \cdot 30$ | 23.54 | 60.04 | 332.6 | 0.35 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 192.0 | $5 \cdot 32$ |
| 1944. | 50.20 | 12.77 | $4 \cdot 29$ | 15.35 | 17.79 | 61.45 | 251.1 | 0.35 | 25.4 | 190.9 | 5.69 |
| 1945. | 42.02 | 11.90 | $3 \cdot 44$ | 11.44 | 15-24 | 56.94 | 268.6 | 3.59 | 31.5 | $166 \cdot 3$ | 2.69 |
| 1940 January. | 21.27 | 6.71 | - | 12.38 | $2 \cdot 18$ | 77.95 | 498.5 | .. | 6.92 | . | . |
| February | 25.96 | 8.08 | - | 14.12 | 3.76 | $70 \cdot 49$ | 475.0 | . | 11.61 | . | . |
| March | $36 \cdot 19$ | 9.79 | - | 21.23 | $5 \cdot 17$ | 85.21 | 441.7 |  | 13.19 |  |  |
| April | 42.25 | 10.08 | - 01 | 23.90 | 8.27 | 71.14 | 429.5 | . | 11.86 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |
| May. | 56.04 | 12.74 | 0.01 | 31.16 | 12.14 | 92.56 | 407.9 | . | 9.81 9.87 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| June. | 63.85 | 12.32 | $0 \cdot 10$ | 32.91 | 18.52 | $76 \cdot 48$ | $432 \cdot 4$ |  | 9.87 |  |  |
| July . | 63.89 | 12.48 | 0.20 | 33.44 | 17.77 | 81.50 | $456 \cdot 1$ | . | 9.84 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| August | 73.65 | 13.55 | 0.61 | 38.50 | 20.99 | 77.98 | 547.9 | . | 9.00 | . | $\cdots$ |
| September | 64.75 | 12.29 | 0.63 | 31.47 | 20.35 | 66.30 | $603 \cdot 2$ |  | 3.63 |  |  |
| October. | $61 \cdot 50$ $44 \cdot 15$ | 12.49 11.22 | 0.80 0.91 | 28.92 18.41 | 19.29 13.61 | 74.01 61.43 | 636.7 652.1 | $\because$ | 5.67 7.24 |  |  |
| December. | 43.99 | 10.65 | 0.90 | 19.17 | 13.27 | 60.94 | 658.9 | $\cdots$ | 8.81 | 141:0 |  |
| 1941 January | 34.27 | 7.75 | 1.02 | 13.89 | 11.61 | 59.86 | 651.0 | . | 11.85 | 163.7 | . |
| February | 33.55 | 7.77 | 1.12 | 13.17 | 11.49 | 62.20 | 648.7 |  | 11.43 | 171.6 |  |
| March.. | 48.85 | 9.98 | 1.33 | 20.48 | 17.06 | 62.23 | 648.6 | $\cdots$ | 14.22 | 178.4 | $\cdots$ |
| April | 44.44 | $10 \cdot 60$ | 1.39 | 17.07 | 15.38 | 64.46 | 628.5 | . | 19.06 | $168 \cdot 4$ |  |
| May. | 47.32 | 11.50 | 1.40 | 20.69 | 13.73 | 71.70 | 580.6 |  | 13.05 | $170 \cdot 8$ |  |
| June. | $49 \cdot 50$ | 12.16 | 1.83 | 19.96 | 15.55 | 76.24 | 559.5 |  | 12.37 | $173 \cdot 7$ |  |
| July | 52.87 | 12.74 | 2.34 | 19.99 | 17.80 | 69.02 | 543.7 |  | 6.73 | 178.1 |  |
| August | 56.47 | 12.47 | 2.77 | 21.45 | 19.78 | 71.49 | 528.8 |  | 16.29 | 163.1 |  |
| September. | 56.23 | 14.07 | 2.92 | 21.78 | 17.46 | 72.00 | $522 \cdot 1$ |  | 14.93 | 148.3 |  |
| October... | 56.39 | 14.12 | 3.74 | 21.06 | 17.47 | 81.28 | 499.6 |  | 12.97 | 138.7 |  |
| November. | 48.29 45.68 | 12.59 13.10 | 5.48 4.35 | 15.18 16.94 | 15.04 11.29 | 73.13 69.92 | 475.6 $450 \cdot 4$ | $\cdots$ | 18.14 16.24 | $123 \cdot 7$ $110 \cdot 1$ |  |
|  | 45.68 | $13 \cdot 10$ | $4 \cdot 35$ | 16.94 | 11.29 | 69.92 | $450 \cdot 4$ | . |  | $110 \cdot 1$ | $\cdots$ |

[^19]Pitwood and plywood (continued)
TABLE 98 (continued)

|  |  | Production of pitwood |  |  |  |  |  | Stocks of sawn and round pit(end of period) | Plywood |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Sawn |  | Round |  |  |  | Constructional |  |  | Technical |
|  |  | Total | Trade | Home <br> Timber <br> Production <br> Depart- <br> ment | Trade | Home <br> Timber <br> Production <br> Department |  |  | Production | Con-sumption | Stocks (end of period) | Production |
|  |  | Thousand standards(1) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Million square feet |  |  |  |
| 1942 | January. | 37.65 | 9.52 | 4.72 | 13.69 | 9.72 | 72.19 | 414.1 | 0.32 | 22.94 | 84.4 | .. |
|  | February | 38.21 | 9.67 | $3 \cdot 58$ | 13.85 | 11.11 | 65.80 | 386.9 | 0.32 | 17.14 | $67 \cdot 1$ |  |
|  | March.. | $45 \cdot 13$ | 11.39 | 4.58 | 15.95 | $13 \cdot 21$ | $66 \cdot 80$ | $365 \cdot 3$ | 0.51 | 21.56 | 49.8 |  |
|  | April | 53.88 | $12 \cdot 15$ | $4 \cdot 19$ | 18.55 | 18.99 | 69.06 | 351.2 | 0.56 | 18.08 | $40 \cdot 7$ |  |
|  | May. | 58.04 | 12.80 | $4 \cdot 80$ | 20.04 | 20.40 | 67.69 | $340 \cdot 8$ | 0.39 | 9.98 | $41 \cdot 1$ |  |
|  |  | 60.88 | 13.90 | $3 \cdot 33$ | 22.85 | 20.80 | 67.13 | $334 \cdot 8$ | 0.93 | $10 \cdot 49$ | 43.9 |  |
|  | July | 59.47 | 12.03 | 3.37 3.56 | 22.17 | 21.90 | 69.67 | 328.0 | 0.61 | 12.04 | 47.7 |  |
|  | August | 56.82 | 12.53 | $3 \cdot 56$ | 20.98 | 19.75 | 60.63 | 324.2 | 0.52 | 12.24 | $40 \cdot 8$ |  |
|  | September. | 62.84 | 13.23 | 4.84 | $22.21{ }^{\text {. }}$ | 22.56 | 66.22 | $320 \cdot 3$ | 0.81 | 13.84 | $43 \cdot 3$ |  |
|  | November. | 60.85 53.17 | 11.33 | 4.84 | 18.81 | 18.19 18.19 | 66.31 | 296.4 | 0.75 0.85 | 10.66 9.73 | 46.7 45.2 |  |
|  | December . | 50.33 | 10.81 | $3 \cdot 50$ | 18.29 | 17.73 | 60.57 | 286.7 | 0.69 | 8.90 | 43.0 | $\ldots$ |
| 1943 | January. | $44 \cdot 47$ | 9.74 | 3.51 | 15.37 | 15.85 | 56.46 | $290 \cdot 3$ | 0.50 | 9.20 | $42 \cdot 3$ |  |
|  | February | 49.44 | 11.03 | 3.44 | 16.99 | 17.98 | 57.48 | $290 \cdot 2$ | 0.53 | 7.89 | 46.8 | $\cdots$ |
|  | March | 66.72 | 11.45 | 3.78 | $23 \cdot 10$ | 28.39 | 62.32 | $293 \cdot 1$ | 0.59 | 9.75 | 51.6 | . |
|  | April | 67.35 | 12.55 | 3.51 | 23.61 | 27.68 | 55.53 | 303.3 | 0.29 | $10 \cdot 60$ | 55.9 |  |
|  | May. | 64.66 | 13.04 | 4.51 | 20.45 | 26.66 | 60.31 | $307 \cdot 0$ | 0.33 | 7.72 | 68.8 | . |
|  | June. | 69.52 68.87 | 13.24 12.59 | 4.76 4.36 | 21.97 23.85 | 29.55 28.07 | 60.62 63.82 | 313.5 317.7 | 0.27 0.34 | 8.70 9.18 | 78.5 94.2 | $\ldots$ |
|  | July . | 68.87 | 12.59 | $4 \cdot 36$ | 23.85 | 28.07 | 63.82 | 317.7 | 0.34 | 9.18 9.99 | 94.2 |  |
|  | August ... | 62.59 65.34 | 12.48 | 3.84 <br> 3.65 | 20.92 | 25.35 | 54.09 | 326.9 331.3 | 0.14 | 9.99 | 112.2 |  |
|  | September | $65 \cdot 34$ 61.75 | $13 \cdot 41$ 13.23 | 3.65 4.42 | 22.07 21.57 | $26 \cdot 21$ 22.53 | 65.04 62.03 | $331 \cdot 3$ $336 \cdot 1$ | 0.45 0.25 | 7.84 12.99 | 126.2 |  |
|  | November. | 52.86 | 12.22 | 4.52 | 17.88 | 18.24 | 61.02 | 331.7 | 0.27 | 12.82 12.82 | 173.7 |  |
|  | December . | 47.00 | 11.64 | $3 \cdot 57$ | $15 \cdot 80$ | 15.99 | 61.72 | 332.6 | 0.25 | 14.34 | 192.0 | $\cdots$ |
| 1944 | January. | 45.98 | 11.62 | 4.50 | 14.57 | 15.29 | 53.46 | 326.4 | $0 \cdot 19$ | 14.50 | 217.5 |  |
|  | February | 50.88 | $12 \cdot 11$ | 3.82 | 14.90 | 20.05 | 63.74 | 322.4 | $0 \cdot 17$ | 19.17 | 237.1 |  |
|  | March | 57.47 | $14 \cdot 10$ | $4 \cdot 22$ | 17.61 | 21.54 | 62.82 | 319.5 | $0 \cdot 20$ | 22.93 | 247.6 | $\cdots$ |
|  | April | 50.96 57.17 | 12.63 | 5.00 | 16.18 | 17.15 | 56.92 | 314.4 | 0.22 | 17.91 | $268 \cdot 8$ |  |
|  | May. | 57.17 | 13.36 | 4.91 | 18.86 | 20.04 | 65.56 | 312.0 | $0 \cdot 15$ | 21.63 | 284.9 |  |
|  | June. | 54.78 | 14.07 | $4 \cdot 82$ | 18.16 | 17.73 | 64.39 | 301.0 | 0.21 | 24.02 | 285.7 | $\cdots$ |
|  | July. | 52.42 | 12.33 | 4.05 | 16.74 | 19.30 | 60.96 | 291.0 | 0.09 | 23.24 | 272.2 |  |
|  | August | 55.10 | 13.27 | $4 \cdot 38$ | 15.61 | 21.84 | 58.62 | 290.7 | 0.12 | 22.02 | 266.2 |  |
|  | September | 50.40 | 13.39 | $4 \cdot 50$ | 15.39 | 17.12 | 63.54 | 284.0 | 0.16 | 28.62 | 253.8 |  |
|  | October.. | 47.55 | 12.76 | $4 \cdot 16$ | 14.66 | 15.97 | 62.71 | 281.1 | 0.53 | 37.56 | $234 \cdot 9$ |  |
|  | November | 43.03 | $12 \cdot 11$ | $4 \cdot 27$ | 11.44 | 15.21 | $64 \cdot 11$ | 269.6 | $1 \cdot 14$ | 41.66 | $206 \cdot 5$ |  |
|  | December | $36 \cdot 60$ | 11.43 | 2.84 | 10.10 | 12.23 | 60.49 | 251.1 | 1.06 | 30.96 | $190 \cdot 9$ |  |
| 1945 | January. | 27.73 | 8.32 | 2.20 | 7.58 | 9.63 | 53.32 | 226.1 | 1.68 | 38.5 | 176.8 | 5.50 |
|  | February | 35.92 | 9.69 | 3.39 | $9 \cdot 10$ | 13.74 | 64.62 | 198.3 | $2 \cdot 42$ | $35 \cdot 4$ | 159.4 | 4.34 |
|  | March . | 49.01 | 12.49 | $3 \cdot 57$ | 13.46 | 19.49 | 59.17 | 195.0 | 2.88 | $40 \cdot 2$ | 142.3 | $5 \cdot 16$ |
|  | April | 49.44 | 12.52 | $4 \cdot 21$ | 13.65 | 19.06 | 58.31 | 186.5 | $2 \cdot 37$ | 31.9 | $130 \cdot 8$ | 4.30 |
|  | May. | 44.42 | 12.31 | $3 \cdot 41$ | 12.52 | 16.18 | 53.19 | $182 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 18$ | 29.9 | 123.0 | 4.20 |
|  | June. | 50.74 | 13.40 | $4 \cdot 33$ | 13.38 | 19.63 | 58.66 | $180 \cdot 0$ | 3.47 | 31.1 | 124.3 | 3.29 |
|  | July | 47-19 | 12.61 | 3.86 | $13 \cdot 10$ | 17.62 | 56.46 | 183.7 | $3 \cdot 35$ | 26.9 | 133.4 | 3.59 |
|  | August | 39.01 | 11.34 | $2 \cdot 61$ | 11.05 | 14.01 | 46.81 | 197.9 | $3 \cdot 46$ | 24.0 | $136 \cdot 2$ | 1.94 |

${ }^{1}$ ) Gothenburg standards of 180 piled cubic feet.

Hides, skins and finished leather
TABLE 99
Production and consumption : calendar years Stocks: end of year
Thousand tons

(2) Wet.

Source : Board of Trade
${ }^{(2)}$ Wet, dry and dry salted cattle and buffalo hides.
$\left.{ }^{(3}\right) \mathrm{Kips}$ and calfskins are included in the figures for "cattle hides."
${ }^{4}$ ) Leathers sold by weight.
${ }^{(5)}$ Leathers sold by area.

Rubber
TABLE 100
Thousand tons


See footnotes on page 118.

Rubber (continued)
TABLE 100 (contirued)
Thousand tons

|  | Waste( ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  | Reclaimed( ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  | Natural (including latex) ${ }^{2}$ ) |  | Synthetic( ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Production( ${ }^{6}$ ) | Con- sumption ( ${ }^{5}$ ) | Stocks (end of period) | Production | Consumption ( ${ }^{\circ}$ (.) | Stocks (end of period) | $\underset{\substack{\text { Con- } \\ \text { sumption }}}{\text { (.) }}$ | Stocks (end of period) | Consumption | Stocks (end of period) |
| 1943 January | 1.13 | 0.74 | 59.7 | 0.59 | 0.73 | 11.09 | 1.49 | 59.2 | 0.02 | 0.82 |
| February | $2 \cdot 57$ | 0.75 | 65.8 | 0.61 | 0.75 | 11.36 | 1.56 | 58.9 | 0.02 | 0.78 |
| March | 2.18* | 0.75* | $72 \cdot 6$ | 0.59* | $0.78 *$ | 11.47 | 1.56* | 59.0 | 0.02* | 0.89 |
| April | 2.00 | 0.80 | 77.4 | $0 \cdot 69$ | 0.72 | 11.70 | 1.38 | 59.5 | 0.02 | $1 \cdot 17$ |
| May | 2.02 | 0.90 | 81.8 | 0.78 | 0.85 | 11.44 | 1.58 | 57.3 | 0.03 | 1.27 |
| June | 1.83* | 0.83* | 86.8 | $0.71 *$ | 0.85* | $10 \cdot 65$ | 1.42* | 56.5 | 0.03* | 1.60 |
| July | 2.06 | 0.81 | 91.8 | 0.74 | 0.80 | 10.49 | $1 \cdot 35$ | 54.6 | 0.03 | 2.25 |
| August | $1 \cdot 21$ | 0.86 | 93.2 | $0 \cdot 66$ | 0.74 | $10 \cdot 10$ | 1.27 | 56.4 | 0.05 | 2.64 |
| September | $2.15{ }^{*}$ | $0.96 *$ | 99.1 | 0.75* | $0.91 *$ | 9.12 | 1.54* | 57.4 | 0.08* | 3.73 |
| October... | 2.60 2.00 | 0.97 1.04 | 105.8 109.7 | 0.81 0.88 | 0.88 0.87 | 8.35 8.36 | 1.52 1.52 | 56.9 | 0.09 0.16 | 5.78 6.39 |
| December | 1.68* | 0.91* | 113.5 | 0.65* | 0.77* | 88 | 1.25* | $60 \cdot 3$ | 0.26* | 8.06 |
| 1944 January | 1.93 | 1.08 | 116.9 | 0.64 | 0.60 | 7.43 | 1.23 | 58.1 | 0.38 | 8.06 |
| February | $2 \cdot 28$ | $1 \cdot 12$ | 121.6 | $0 \cdot 65$ | 0.61 | $7 \cdot 60$ | 1.20 | 60.0 | 0.53 | 14.58 |
| March | 2.01* | 1.01* | 126.6 | 0.60* | 0.59* | 7.74 | 1-11* | 58.1 | 0.62* | 18.91 |
| April | 2.03 | 0.94 | 131.0 | $0 \cdot 64$ | 0.52 | 8.54 | 0.98 | 58.5 | 0.63 | 27.35 |
| May | $2 \cdot 44$ | 1.04 | 136.6 | 0.63 | 0.57 | 9.68 | $1 \cdot 13$ | 55.8 | 0.76 | 31.96 |
| June | 1.49* | 0.85* | 139.7 | 0.56* | 0.56* | 9.69 | 0.93* | 54.2 | 0.78* | 41.86 |
| July ... | $\left.1 \cdot 19{ }^{( }\right)$ | $0.24{ }^{\circ}$ () | 96.8(\%) | 0.54 | 0.51 | 9.92 | 0.95 | 53.4 | 0.86 | 52.72 54.11 |
| August .... | 1.07 | ${ }_{0}^{0.11}$ | $100 \cdot 7$ | 0.43 | 0.45 | 9.84 | 0.65 | 54.1 | 0.73 | 54.11 |
| September | ${ }_{1}^{1.37}$ | $0.22 *$ 0.35 | $105 \cdot 2$ 109.2 | ${ }_{0}^{0.44 *}$ | 0.48* | 9.68 9.53 | $0.82 *$ 0.90 | 52.7 51.6 | ${ }_{\text {0.96* }}^{1.11}$ | 52.63 54.41 |
| November | 1.45 | 0.30 0.30 | 113.8 105.2 | 0.50 | 0.62 | 9.06 9.06 | 0.98 0.85 | 51.6 49.6 | $1 \cdot 11$ 1.16 | 54.41 58.86 |
| December | 0.71* | 0.18* | 116.5 | 0.38* | 0.37* | $9 \cdot 12$ | 0.71 * | 47.4 | 1.45* | 55.08 |
| 1945 January | 0.89 | 0.28 | 118.6 | 0.43 | 0.62 | 8.36 | 0.67 | $46 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 19$ | 54.15 |
| February | 0.83 | 0.36 | $120 \cdot 5$ | $0 \cdot 42$ | 0.51 | 7.98 | 0.80 | $44 \cdot 1$ | 1.28 | 54.85 |
| March | 0.95* | 0.60* | 122.2 | 0.40* | 0.55* | 7.27 | 0.74* | $42 \cdot 1$ | 1.25* | 49.69 |
| April . | $1 \cdot 18$ | 0.44 | 125.2 | $0 \cdot 40$ | 0.50 | 6.89 | 0.63 | 41.2 | $1 \cdot 18$ | 45.05 |
| May | $1 \cdot 24$ | 0.31 | 128.9 | $0 \cdot 37$ | $0 \cdot 50$ | 6.40 | 0.83 | 38.7 | 1.08 | 40.76 |
| June | 1.09* | 0.18* | 133.5 | 0.39* | 0.59* | $5 \cdot 42$ | 0.60* | 38.2 | 1.34* | 35.31 |
| July | 1.24 | 0.38 | 136.9 | 0.44 | 0.55 | 4.95 | 0.49 | 37.0 | 1.24 | 32.41 |
| August | 0.99 | $0 \cdot 26$ | 139.8 | $0 \cdot 36$ | 0.51 | $4 \cdot 36$ | $0 \cdot 55$ | 39.6 | 1.20 | $35 \cdot 73$ |

[^20]Chemicals
TABLE 101
Production and consumption : calendar years Stocks : end of year


[^21]Source : Board of Trade

Fertilizers, ammonia and molasses
TABLE 102
Production and consumption : calendar years( ${ }^{1}$ ) Stocks: end of period
Thousand tons

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nitrogenous fertilizers (nitrogen content)( ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production . | . | 123.4 | 133.5 | 144.6 | 170•8 | $210 \cdot 7$ | $186 \cdot 3$ |
| Total disposals |  | 127.0 | 132.5 | 171.9 | 177.3 | $194 \cdot 3$ | $215 \cdot 5$ |
| Home consumption |  | $77 \cdot 1$ | 127.7 | 168.0 | 171.0 | 181.5 | 172.1 |
| Stocks ............................. |  | $24.0{ }^{5}$ ) | 41.0 | 20.5 | 26.8 | 51.8 | 34.5 |
| Total phosphatic fertilizers ( $\mathrm{P}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ content) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption | 162.4 | 194.7 | 232.7 | 287.4 | 302.6 | 343.8 | $345 \cdot 5$ |
| Stocks . . . . . | 19.4 | $14 \cdot 1$ | 8.8 | 10.9 | 20.8 | 23.2 | 15.5 |
| Superphosphate ( $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ content) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production. | 63.2 | 83.0 | 118.9 | 144.9 | 148.0 | 175.9 | $184 \cdot 8$ |
| Consumption | 68.9 | $86 \cdot 8$ | 121.4 | 144.1 | 144.3 | $175 \cdot 4$ | 186.7 |
| Stocks...... | $10 \cdot 6$ | 6.8 | $5 \cdot 5$ | 7.7 | 13.6 | 14-1 | 12-1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption | 56.3 | 71.6 | $72 \cdot 6$ | 72.6 | 77.3 | $62 \cdot 4$ | 67.8 |
| Stocks ...... | $4 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | $1 \cdot 2$ | 0.7 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 0.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production... | $15 \cdot 6$ | 12.0 12.3 | 9.3 9.3 | 6.3 6.1 | 3.6 3.8 | 10.6 10.6 | 20.5 19.7 |
| Stocks...... |  |  | 9, | $0 \cdot 2$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption | 20.7 | 24.0 | 29.5 | $64 \cdot 6$ | 77.2 | 95.3 | 71.3 |
| Stocks . . . . | 4.0 | 2.7 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | 6.0 | 1.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption. |  |  | 48.0 | 60.0 | 72.9 | 103.7 | 115.0 3.6 |
| Stocks ....... |  |  |  | 21.0 | 7.0 | 18.8 | $3 \cdot 6$ |
| Compound fertilizers(') ${ }^{\text {( })}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.. | $600 \cdot 0{ }^{(3)}$ | $739 \cdot 1$ $714 \cdot 1$ | 773.9 804.7 | 952.2 929.5 | $1.077 \cdot 8$ $1,051 \cdot 2$ | $1,185 \cdot 5$ $1,147 \cdot 5$ | 1,181.2 |
| Stocks..... | 30.0(5) | 55.0 | 24.2 | 46.9 | 71.0 | +105.2 | 92.8 |
| Phosphate rock( ${ }^{(6)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption | 183.9 | 490.1 78.8 | 534.5 344.3 | 624.5 35.4 | 599.3 240.7 | $649 \cdot 8$ 250.7 | 753.9 160.1 |
| Ammonia(?) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production |  | $190 \cdot 8$ | 253.4 | 276.4 | $339 \cdot 1$ | 313.9 | $300 \cdot 6$ |
| Consumption |  |  | 253.4 | $276 \cdot 2$ | 336.6 | $315 \cdot 8$ | 301.7 |
| Stocks |  | $2 \cdot 9$ | 2.0 | $5 \cdot 6\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | 7.6 | $5 \cdot 7$ | 5.0 |
| Molasses( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cane | \} $111 \cdot 6\left({ }^{(10}\right)$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}50 \cdot 2 \\ 135 \cdot 0\end{array}\right.$ | 109.4 | 99-5 | 52.3 | $247 \cdot 8$ | 99.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Distilling |  | 882.9 526.9 | 802.9 550.4 | 594.9 332.8 | 347.8 116.3 | $709 \cdot 1$ | 541.6 315.6 |
| Cattle food |  |  | 162.0 | 128.2 | 122.4 | 104.4 | 120.0 |
| Other uses |  |  | $90 \cdot 5$ | 133.9 | 109.2 | 112.8 | 106.0 |
| Stocks | $426 \cdot 2$ | $370 \cdot 1$ | 419.0 | 351.9 | $292 \cdot 1$ | 316.2 | 317.6 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Years ended 30 June, except for phosphate rock, ammonia and molasses.
( ${ }^{2}$ ) For agricultural uses only except in the figures for total disposals which include exports of ammonium sulphate for all purposes.
(2) Agricultural potash.
( ${ }^{()}$Total weight of product. Excluding concentrated compound fertilizers. The nitrogen, $\mathrm{P}_{\mathbf{2}} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ and, for consumption, $\mathrm{K}_{\mathbf{2}} \mathrm{O}$ content are included under appropriate headings above.
(『) Estimated.
() For agricultural and industrial purposes.
(7) Excluding ammonia produced in by-product factories and converted directly into ammorium sulphate.
${ }^{(8)}$ Including consumers' stocks.
(9) In terms of blackstrap containing 52 per cent. sugars.
$\left({ }^{(0)}\right.$ Year ended 30 September.

Plastics and materials for plastics


Plastice and materials for plastics (continued)

| TABLE 103 (continued) | tion and | : calen | Stocks : |  | Tons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| Collulose acetate sheet, rods, tubes and film |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production | 2,335 | 2;718 | 3,059 | 2,623 | 1,133 |
| Total disposals | 2,255 | 2,772 | 2,941 | 2,573 | 1,279 |
| Home consumption ........... | 1,938 | 2,041 | 2,928 | 2,571 | 1,215 |
| Stocks ........... | 323 | 212 | 244 | 277 | 131 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production | 1,463 | 2,507 | 3,796 | 4,718 | 1,832 |
| Total disposals .............. | 1,182 | 2,594 | 3,629 | 4,370 | 1,851 |
| Home consumption ........... | 1,011 | 1,102 | 2,764 | 3,407 | 1,798 |
| Stocks ....................... | 358 | 260 | 424 | 772 | 753 |
| Celluloid |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ${ }_{\text {Total }}$ | 1,719 1,723 | 1,531 | 1,486 | 1,572 1,450 | 1,976 |
| Home consumption | 1,019 | 1,518 | 1,501 | 1,331 | 1,391 |
| Stocks .......... | 281 | 165 | 112 | 234 | 353 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption ............. | .. | . | 3,875 | 5,892 | 5,122 |
| Stocks ..... | $\ldots$ | . | 1,118 | 1,834 | 4.227 |
| Polyvinyl chloride (plasticised) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption Stocks | $\cdots$ |  | 894 | 10,051 | 8,736 $\mathbf{8 7 8}$ |
| Casein plastic materials |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ... | 1,480 | 1,724 | 1,523 | 1,433 | 2,051 |
| Total disposals ... | 2,018 | 1,851 | 1,566 | 1,443 | 1,899 |
| Home consumption | 1,801 | 1,735 139 | 1,530 96 | 1,370 86 | 1,421 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laminated material( ${ }^{( }$) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production . ................. | . |  | 7,672 | 8,474 | 5,929 |
| Consumption ............... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 7,422 | 8,446 | 5,895 |
| Stocks ........................ |  |  |  |  |  |

() Excluding consumers' stocks.

Source: Board of Trade
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Sheet, rod, tube and other forms.

Paper and paper-making materials
TABLE 104 Production and consumption : periods of 52 weeks( ${ }^{1}$ ) Stocks: end of period

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& 1939 \& 1940 \& 1941 \& 1942 \& 1943 \& 1944 \& 1945 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Paper-making materials other than woodpulp \\
Total (paper equivalent) Consumption Stocks
\end{tabular} \& \(\cdots\) \& \(\cdots\) \& 943.5
125.5 \& 931.0
176.1 \& 861.8
148.5 \& 828.1
125.2 \& 770.9
90.7 \\
\hline Puipwood, wood waste and chlppings Consumption Stocks \& 193.4
104.2 \& 159.6
81.2 \& 127.6
38.7 \& 154.2
66.0 \& 196.3
54.0 \& 166.5
47.2 \& 137.3
21.4 \\
\hline Straw for paper-making Consumption Stocks \& \(\cdots\) \& \(9 \cdot 2\) \& 141.4
57.4 \& 248.3
36.1 \& 301.9
24.0 \& 327.5
16.2 \& 352.9
14.2 \\
\hline Rags, waste ropes, etc. Consumption Stocks \(\qquad\) \& 93.6
37.2 \& 107.6
55.9 \& 148.2
52.0 \& \(130 \cdot 3\)
47.3 \& 114.9
47.6 \& 116.6
41.1 \& 117.6
38.2 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Esparto } \\
\& \text { Consumption } \\
\& \text { Stocks } . . . . .
\end{aligned}
\] \& 259.5
26.7 \& 102.4
19.9 \& 18.4
3.5 \& 2.7
0.7 \& 0.5
1.1 \& 0.9
0.3 \& 0.2
0.1 \\
\hline Waste paper Consumption Stocks .... \& 665.6
65.0 \& 751.4
114.9 \& 867.4
61.8 \& 818.6
122.2 \& \(711 \cdot 1\)
\(101 \cdot 8\) \& \(675 \cdot 2\)
86.4 \& \(623 \cdot 1\)
\(61 \cdot 1\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Woodpulp \\
For paper-making( \({ }^{2}\) ) : \\
Consumption Stocks
\end{tabular} \& \(1,514.8\)
410.5 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 891 \cdot 9 \\
\& 148.3
\end{aligned}
\] \& 454.0
73.3 \& 373.0
171.6 \& \(320 \cdot 2\)
192.8 \& \(400 \cdot 0\)
150.6 \& 526.4
291.7 \\
\hline For other purposes(') : Consumption Stocks \(\qquad\) \& \(\cdots\) \& \(30 \cdot 5\) \& 60.6
6.9 \& 40.7
8.8 \& 39.7
21.5 \& 50.1
19.6 \& 54.2
38.7 \\
\hline Neweprint Production Consumption Stocks \& \(800 \cdot 0\)
\(1,201.2\)
261.5 \& 296.0
506.3
213.0 \& 150.0
302.4
181.4 \& 139.7
251.1
133.5 \& 129.4
252.6
102.1 \& \(151 \cdot 1\)
\(286 \cdot 2\)
110.6 \& 161.6
309.2
154.1 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Other paper and board \\
Production : Total \\
Paper : Total
\end{tabular} \& \(1,830 \cdot 8\)
\(1,245 \cdot 3\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,497.9 \\ \hline 916.1\end{array}\) \& \(1,233.8\)
716.2 \& \(1,147.8\)
652.4 \& \(1,032.0\)
604.5 \& \(1,073.2\)
655.4 \& \(1,139.3\)
711.8
325 \\
\hline Printing and writing paper Greaseproof, glazed transparent and vegetable parchment \& 741.8

25.2 \& 437.9
26.2 \& 281.9
22.7 \& 267.6
18.1 \& 258.2
12.8 \& $300 \cdot 2$
15.4 \& 325.6
18.6 <br>
\hline Tissue paper : Ciligarette .... \& 5.6 \& 56.9 \& 62.7 \& 6.6 \& 6.1 \& 6.4 \& 18.7 <br>
\hline Other. Other packing and wrapping \& $10 \cdot 1$ \& 8.6 \& 11.5 \& 16.9 \& 20.8 \& 23.7 \& 28.0 <br>
\hline paper \& 369.7 \& $314 \cdot 1$ \& 298.6 \& 267.2 \& $232 \cdot 8$ \& $243 \cdot 4$ \& $267 \cdot 6$ <br>
\hline Other paper . . . . . . . . . . . . \& 92.9 \& 123.4 \& 94.8 \& 76.0 \& 73.8 \& $66 \cdot 3$ \& $65 \cdot 3$ <br>
\hline Board : Total ........... \& $585 \cdot 5$ \& 581.8 \& 517.6 \& 495.4 \& 427.5 \& 417.8 \& 427.5 <br>
\hline Boards for packaging
Boot and shoe board \& $486 \cdot 3$ \& 464.6 \& $407 \cdot 8$ \& $413 \cdot 2$ \& 352.2 \& $341 \cdot 5$ \& $347 \cdot 7$ <br>
\hline Boot and shoe board \& 13.5 \& 14.9 \& $13 \cdot 1$ \& 11.9 \& 11.7 \& $10 \cdot 1$ \& 10.5 <br>
\hline Roofing felt ... \& 36.9 \& 31.4 \& 36.2 \& 21.5 \& 15.5 \& $18 \cdot 1$ \& 23.2 <br>
\hline Building boards \& 29.6 \& 32.4 \& 31.4 \& 24.4 \& 25.6 \& 21.6 \& 21.4 <br>
\hline Other board .. \& 19.2 \& 38.5 \& 29.1 \& 24.4 \& 22.5 \& $26 \cdot 5$ \& 24.7 <br>
\hline Consumption \& 2,678.0 \& 2,007.6 \& 1,412.9 \& 1,194.0 \& 1,102.7 \& 1,170.9 \& 1,278.8 <br>
\hline Stocks ...... \& 388.8 \& 323.8 \& 221.8 \& $246 \cdot 1$ \& 223.0 \& 185.2 \& 221.4 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

(1) 53 weeks for newsprint in 1944 and for other materials in 1945.

Source : Board of Trade
(2) Including manufacture of cellulose wadding.
(3) For the manufacture of rayon and of transparent cellulose film.

Raw cotton, cotton waste and cotton linters
TABLE 105


Raw cotton, cotton waste and cotton linters (continued)
TABLE 105 (continued)
Thousand tons

|  |  | Raw cotton |  |  | Cotton waste ( ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  | Cotton linters |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Home consumption |  | Stocks (end of period) | Production ( ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\underset{\text { consumption }}{\text { Home }}$ | Stocks (end of period) | Home consump-tion$\left({ }^{( }\right)$ tion ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | Stocks(end ofperiod) period |
|  |  | Cotton spinning | Other uses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 | January. | 6.8* | 0.84* | 277 | 0.98 | 1-47* | 43.53 | 0.54 | 14.75 |
|  | February | $7 \cdot 1$ | 0.83 | 247 | $1 \cdot 11$ | 1.70 | 41.80 | 0.56 | 14.05 |
|  | March .. | 7.2* | $0.61 *$ | 218 | $1 \cdot 12$ | 1.83* | 41.96 | 0.60 | 12.16 |
|  | April . | $6 \cdot 5$ | 0.64 | 202 | 1.00 | 1.71 | 39.58 | 0.53 | 10.05 |
|  | May.. | 7.4 | $0 \cdot 63$ | 191 | 1.06 | 1.64 | 36.93 | 0.50 | 7.54 |
|  |  | 6.7* | 0.42* | 220 | 1.09 | 1.38* | 37.00 | 0.59 | 6.01 |
|  | July | 7.3 | 0.43 | 261 | 1.04 | 1.37 | 35.85 | 0.50 | 5.44 |
|  | August | $6 \cdot 6$ | 0.42 | 292 | 1.00 | 1.23 | 43.04 | 0.57 | $13 \cdot 10$ |
|  | September. | 7.0* | $0 \cdot 33^{*}$ | 317 | 1.09 | 1.35 | 46.89 | 0.58 | 12.80 |
|  | October... | 7.6 | 0.44 0.38 | 317 328 | 1.09 1.06 | ${ }_{1}^{1.21 *}$ | 47.40 47.91 | 0.64 0.60 | 17.02 19.04 |
|  | December | 6.1* | 0.34* | 349 | 1.01 | 1.13* | 47.36 | 0.54 | 19.73 |
| 1944 | January. | $6 \cdot 8$ | 0.30 | 344 | 0.96 | 1.21 | 49.82 | 0.63 | 19.59 |
|  | February. | 7.0 | 0.28 | 367 | 1.05 | 1.27 | 49.70 | 0.66 | 17.76 |
|  | March | 7.4* | 0.32* | 360 | 1.15 | 1.25* | 52.04 | $0 \cdot 67$ | $15 \cdot 78$ |
|  | April. | 6.6 | 0.26 | 372 | 0.96 | 1.21 | 51.02 | $0 \cdot 62$ | 15.49 |
|  | May.. | $6.9 *$ | $0.25 *$ | 365 350 | 1.09 | $1.20 *$ | 50.36 <br> 9.49 | 0.62 | 15.76 |
|  | June. | $6 \cdot 8$ | $0 \cdot 25$ | 350 | 1.06 | 1.40 | 49.49 | 0.68 | 12.84 |
|  | July ... | 6.7 5.9 | 0.24 | 331 | 0.90 | 1.29 | 49.54 | 0.53 | 12.75 |
|  | August | 5.9* | $0 \cdot 20 *$ | 327 | 0.94 | 1.21** | 48.09 | 0.59 | 15.64 |
|  | September. | 6.6 7.0 | 0.24 0.26 | 313 <br> 303 | 0.98 1.00 | 1.36 1.47 | 48.38 47.77 | 0.73 0.58 | 15.92 |
|  | November. | 6.5* | 0.21* | 336 | 1.01 | 1.44 | 47.81 | 0.70 | 16.91 |
|  | December | 5.7 | $0 \cdot 20$ | 350 | 0.87 | 1-19* | 48.04 | 0.65 | 19.41 |
| 1945 | January. | 5.9* | 0.46* | 346 | 0.89 | 1.23* | 47.71 | 0.68 | 19.32 |
|  | February. | 6.3 | 1.88 | 331 | 1.02 | 1.36 | 48.19 | 0.71 | 23.56 |
|  | March | 6.0 | 0.59 | 332 | 0.95 | 1.37 | 48.57 | 0.66 | 24-22 |
|  | April . | $6 \cdot 1$ | 0.69 | 339 | 0.92 | 1.36 | 49.73 | 0.67 | 24.05 |
|  | May. | 5.5* | 0.56* | 354 | 0.90 | 1.16* | 49.76 | 0.65 | 22.32 |
|  | June. | $6 \cdot 3$ | 0.64 | 376 | 0.96 | 1.46 | 49.54 | 0.70 | 21.50 |
|  | July . | 5.8 4.8 | 0.39 0.49 | 375 411 | 0.82 0.78 | 1.27 1.05 | 47.21 48.09 | 0.59 0.48 | 22.64 $\mathbf{2 2} 76$ |
|  | August |  |  |  |  | 1.05 |  |  |  |

(1) From January 1941 including cleaning waste.
(2) Computed from figures relating to calendar months.
( ${ }^{(2)}$ Estimated.

- Average of five weeks.

Cotton yarn
TABLE 106


[^22]RAW MATERIALS
Cotton yarn (continued)
TABLE 106 (continued)

|  |  | Cotton yarn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Production of cotton waste yarns | Consumption by weavers of cotton yarn |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Production(1) |  |  | Deliveries |  |  |  |  |  |  | Spindles |
|  |  | Total | American type | $\underset{\text { type }}{\text { Egyptian }}$ | Total | Government Departments | Industrial uses | Civilian home trade | Export trade |  |  |  |
|  |  | Million lb. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Millions |
| 1943 | January | 13.25* | 9.53* | 3.72* | 14.81 | $4 \cdot 57$ | $5 \cdot 23$ | 2.62 | 2.39 | 1.16* | 11.36* | 18.96* |
|  | February. | 13.77 | 9.87 | 3.90 | 15.65 | $4 \cdot 63$ | 5.56 | 2.90 | $2 \cdot 56$ | 1.22 | 11.96 | 18.79 |
|  | March . | 13.88** | 9.95* | 3.93* | 15.71* | 4.62* | 5.98* | $2.70 *$ | 2.41* | 1.21* | 12.15* | 18.74* |
|  | April | 12.42 | 8.92 | $3 \cdot 50$ | 15.19 | $4 \cdot 44$ | 5.61 | 2.79 | 2.35 | $1 \cdot 12$ | 11.06 | 18.69 |
|  | May. | 14.23 | 10.17 | 4.06 | 15.14 | $4 \cdot 19$ | $5 \cdot 63$ | 3.02 | 2.30 | 1.25 | 12.30 | 18.89 |
|  | June. | 13.05* | 9.39* | 3.66* | 14.84* | 4.08* | 5.30* | 3.18* | 2.28* | 1.14* | 11.49* | 17.92* |
|  | July | $14 \cdot 11$ | 10.05 | 4.06 | 15.43 | $4 \cdot 20$ | 5.57 | 3.23 | 2.43 | $1 \cdot 23$ | $10 \cdot 46$ | 17.74 |
|  | August | 12.73 | 8.96 | 3.77 | 14.55 | 3.83 | 5.17 | 2.92 | $2 \cdot 63$ | $1 \cdot 12$ | 11.62 | 16.73 |
|  | September | 13.76* | 9.86* | 3.90* | 15.28* | $3.96{ }^{*}$ | 5.73* | 2.61* | 2.98* | 1.26 | ${ }^{11} \cdot 56^{*}$ | 18.05* |
|  | October... | 14.62 | 10.36 | 4.26 | 16.54 | 4.24 | 5.83 | $3 \cdot 14$ | 3.33 3.53 | 1.32* | 12.37 | 18.38 |
|  | November | 13.66 | 9.68 | 3.98 | 16.00 | 4.02 | 5.86 | 2.59 | $3 \cdot 53$ | $1 \cdot 28$ | 11.96 | 18.19 |
|  | December | 11.76* | 8.24* | 3.52* | 13.93* | 3.52* | 5.07* | 2.38* | 2.96* | 1-14* | 10.42* | 17.37* |
| 1944 | January | 13.03 | 9.30 | 3.73 | 15.60* | 4.40* | 5.47* | 2.70* | 3.03* | 1.28 | $11 \cdot 11$ | 17.91 |
|  | February | 13.42 | 9.53 | 3.89 | 15.72 | 4.47 | 5.58 | 2.56 | $3 \cdot 11$ | 1.31 | 11.37 | $18 \cdot 12$ |
|  | March . | 14.14* | 9.97* | 4.17* | 16.32* | $4 \cdot 7{ }^{*}$ | 5.79* | $2 \cdot 60^{*}$ | 3-23* | 1.36* | 11.25* | 18.17* |
|  | April | 12.65 | 8.95 | 3.70 | 14.54 | $4 \cdot 20$ | 5.10 | 2.34 | 2.90 | 1.21 | $10 \cdot 66$ | 17.91 |
|  | May. | ${ }^{13.26 *}$ | 9.31* | 3.95* | 15.95 | 4.51 | 5.58 | 2.65 | 3.21 | 1.25* | 10.83* | 17.79** |
|  | June. | 13.19 | 9.36 9.18 | 3.83 3.76 | 14.20* | 4.06* | 4.98* | 2.30* | 2.86* | 1.32 | 11.37 9.24 | 16.88 |
|  | July . | 12.94 | 9.18 | 3.76 3.50 | 14.68 | 4.20 | 5.29 | 2.30 | 2.89 | 1.17 | 9.24 | 16.50 |
|  | August ... | 11.28* | 7.78* | 3.50* | 13.49 | 3.71 | 4.82 | 2.08 | $2 \cdot 88$ | 1.18* | 10.25* | 15.39** |
|  | September | 12.75 | 9.00 | 3.75 | 13.68* | $3.73 *$ | $5.00 *$ | $2 \cdot 15 *$ | $2 \cdot 80 *$ | 1.24 | 10.33 | 17.07 |
|  | October. | 13.42 | $9 \cdot 37$ | 4.05 | 15.33 | $4 \cdot 27$ | 5.47 | 2.42 | $3 \cdot 17$ | 1.30 | 11.33 | 17.28 |
|  | November | 12.60* | 8.84* | 3.76* | 14.41 | 3.74 | $5 \cdot 23$ | $2 \cdot 42$ | 3.02 | 1-26* | 10.70* | 17.38* |
|  | December | 10.96 | $7 \cdot 62$ | $3 \cdot 34$ | 12.95* | 3-30* | 4.72* | 2-19* | 2.74* | $1 \cdot 12$ | 9.71 | 17.14 |
| 1945 | January | 11.40* | 8.01* | 3.39* | 13.39 | $3 \cdot 62$ | 4.80 | $2 \cdot 16$ | 2.81 | 1.17* | 9.59* | 16.67* |
|  | February. | 12.08 | $8 \cdot 47$ | 3.61 | 13.38 | $3 \cdot 40$ | 4.83 | $2 \cdot 22$ | 2.93 | 1.23 | 10.37 | 16.91 |
|  | March | 11.61 | $8 \cdot 16$ | 3.45 | 13.48* | 3.29** | 4.77* | 2.39* | 3.03* | $1 \cdot 16$ | 10.07 | $17 \cdot 19$ |
|  | April | 11.88 | 8.32 | $3 \cdot 56$ | 13.39 | 3.36 | 4.80 | 2.37 | 2.86 | 1.19 | ${ }^{10 \cdot 10}$ | 17.25 17.40 |
|  | May. | 10.55* | 7.27* | 3.28* | 11.96 | 3.01 | $4 \cdot 18$ | 2.10 | 2.67 | 1.03* | 9.05* | 17.40* |
|  | June. | 12.26 | 8.68 | $3 \cdot 58$ | 14.17* | 3.90* | 4.89* | $2.50 *$ | 2.88* | 1.26 | 10.69 | 16.66 |
|  | July | 11.22 | 7.82 | $3 \cdot 40$ | 13.29 | $3 \cdot 13$ | 4.86 | $2 \cdot 18$ | $3 \cdot 12$ | $1 \cdot 11$ | 8.56 | 16.03 $15.45 *$ |
|  | August | 9.41* | 6.46* | 2.95* | 10.86 | $2 \cdot 48$ | $3 \cdot 90$ | 2.01 | $2 \cdot 47$ | 1.00* | 8.51* | 15.45* |

[^23]Rayon, rayon yarn and woven fabrics
TABLE 107


Rayon, rayon yarn and woven fabrice (continued)
TABLE 107 (continued)

|  |  | Production |  |  |  |  | Consumptionof rayonyarn | $\begin{gathered} \text { Looms } \\ \text { running } \left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Rayon |  | Spun rayon and mixture yarns (including waste) | Woven fabrics |  |  |  |
|  |  | Continuous filament yarn (single) | Staple fibre |  | Cotton | Rayon and mixtures |  |  |
|  |  | Million lb. |  |  | Million linear yards |  | Million lb. | Thousands |
| 1943 | January .. | 5.91 | 4.62 | 0.67* | 34.0* | 5.4* | 1.42* | $230 \cdot 2$ |
|  | February.. | 5.73 | 4.06 | 0.73 | 35.7 | 5.7 | 1.46 | $230 \cdot 1$ |
|  | March ... | 6.47 | $4 \cdot 57$ | 0.77* | 36.1* | 5.7* | 1.48* | 231.3 |
|  | April | 5.84 | 4.17 | 0.69 | 32.7 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 1.36 | 231.3 |
|  | May.... | 6.10 | 4.58 | 0.78 | 36.2 | 5.8 | 1.48 | 234.2 |
|  | June..... | 5.88 | 4.06 | 0.70 * | 33.8* | $5 \cdot 4 *$ | 1.32* | 227.2 |
|  | July . ..... | 6.00 4.85 | 4.65 3.29 | 0.77 0.73 | 29.2 34.0 | 5.0 5.3 | 1.25 1.28 | 196.3 |
|  | August ... | 4.85 6.32 | 3.29 4.67 | 0.73 $0.76 *$ | 34.0 32.9 | $5 \cdot 3$ $5 \cdot 3$ 5. | 1.28 $1.28 *$ | 219.4 227.6 |
|  | October... | 6.15 | 4.60 | 0.76 0.79 | 336.1 | $5 \cdot 3$ 5.7 | 1.41 | 230.7 |
|  | November | 6.87 | 4.85 | 0.73 | 34.7 | 5.6 | $1 \cdot 37$ | 227.6 |
|  | December | 5.92 | 4.20 | $0.63^{*}$ | 29.9* | 4.9** | 1-21* | 215.0 |
| 1944 | January | 6.37 | 4.55 | 0.70 | $33 \cdot 2$ | 5.4 | 1.37 | 225.8 |
|  | February.. | $6 \cdot 40$ | 4.92 | 0.72 | $34 \cdot 3$ | 5.6 | 1.47 | 225.7 |
|  | March ... | 6.89 | 4.93 | $0.74 *$ | 33.3* | 5.7* | 1-49* | 227.5 |
|  | April . | 5.61 6.53 | 4.06 | 0.67 | 31.5 31 | 5.3 5.4 S. | 1.41 | 227.1 |
|  | May... | 6.53 6.71 | 4.82 4.48 | 0.70* | $32.2 *$ 33.4 | $5.4 *$ 5.8 | 1.41* | 221.0 |
|  | July | 6.76 | 5.05 | 0.63 | 36.4 26.2 |  | ${ }_{1} 1.31$ | 224.0 217.3 |
|  | August | 5.48 | 3.58 | 0.60 * | 30.5* | 5.4** | 1.38* | 222.1 |
|  | September | 6.53 | 4.99 | 0.64 | 29.8 | 5.6 | 1.49 | 223.5 |
|  | October... | $7 \cdot 12$ | 4.83 | 0.69 | 33.6 |  | 1.63 | 226.4 |
|  | November December | 6.98 6.24 | 4.92 3.91 | ${ }_{\text {O }}^{0.64} 0$ | 32.5* 29.4 | $6 \cdot 2 *$ $5 \cdot 5$ | $1.60 *$ 1.45 | 224.7 208.3 |
|  | December | $6 \cdot 24$ | 3.91 | 0.57 | 29.4 | $5 \cdot 5$ | 1.45 | $208 \cdot 3$ |
| 1945 | January .. | 7.08 | 5.26 | 0.61* | 29.3* | 5.7* |  | 211.3 |
|  | February.. | 6.89 | 4.73 | 0.63 | 31.6 | 6.3 | 1.66 | 218.2 |
|  | March ... | 7.60 6.63 | 4.96 4.28 | 0.59 0.62 | 30.6 31.0 | 6.2 | 1.62 | 216.5 |
|  | April | 6.63 | 4.28 | 0.62 | 31.0 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 1.62 | 220.0 |
|  | May... | 6.14 7.47 | 3.91 4.73 | $0.57 *$ | 27.9** | 5.4* | 1.42* | 218.5 |
|  | June...... | 7.47 7.96 | 4.73 5.09 | 0.63 0.57 | $32 \cdot 1$ $25 \cdot 3$ | 6.4 5.2 | 1.69 1.40 | 218.7 214.6 |
|  | August ... | 5.63 | 3.00 | 0.51 * | 26.1* | 5-2* | 1-40* | 216.6 |

( ) Up to December 1943, weekly averages; from January 1944, number running at end of period. Annual figures for 1944 and 1945 are monthly averages.
( $)$ Million square yards.

- Average of five weeks.

Wool and silk
TABLE 108
Production and consumption : calendar years( ${ }^{( }$)
Stocks : end of period

|  | Unit | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wool |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw wool : <br> Production : Actual weight, mainly greasy Estimated clean weight . . ... | Million lb. " | 107 66 | 110 | 111 69 | 127 91 | 112 80 | 101 72 | 89 62 | 84 59 | 81 58 |
| Consumption( ${ }^{( }$) : Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 536 | 381 | 333 | 269 | 258 | 331 |
| Home................. | " | $\ldots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 481 | 365 | 329 | 269 | 257 | 272 |
| Export................. | " | $\ldots$ | . |  | 11 | 16 | 4 | 26 | 1 | 11 |
| Stacesport ............ | " | . | $\cdots$ |  | 44 | $\overline{406}$ |  | 284 | 436 | 48 |
|  | " | . | . | 342 | 378 | 406 | 367 | 284 | 436 | 453 |
| Wool tops : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ : | Million |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ Merino . | lb. | 278.5 141.5 |  | $\cdots$ | 334.9 $171.1(8)$ | $236 \cdot 3(b)$ $118.7\left({ }^{\text {c }}\right.$ | 206.4(6) | 152.3 80.8 | 133.6 83.5 | 135.3 85.3 |
| Crossbred................................. | " | 124.0 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 151.9 (b) | $108.6{ }^{(5)}$ | 85.8(5) | 66.8 | 83.9 46.9 | 846.4 |
| Hair. . | " | 13.0 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 11.9 (6) | 9.0 (5) | $4.4{ }^{(5)}$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $3 \cdot 2$ | 3.6 |
| Worsted yarn (wool content) : Production. | " | 224.2( ${ }^{\circ}$ | . | . | . | . | $152 \cdot 3$ | $130 \cdot 5$ | 123.1 | 126.9 |
| Woven wool fabrics (excluding blankets) : Production. | Mn. linear yds. | 316.7 | . | . | $\cdots$ | . | . | 236.4() | 194.5 | $193 \cdot 1$ |
| Blankets : Production ................... | " | . | . | . | - | $\cdots$ | . | 34.4() | 29.7 | 28.4 |
| Sill |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw silk : <br> Consumption <br> Stocks | Thousand lb. " | 5,832 | 5,493 | $\cdots$ | 2,062 | 1,982 | 1,625 | 393 452 | $\begin{aligned} & 345 \\ & 578 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 332 \\ 804 \end{array}$ |
| Silk noils : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ... | " | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | . | 300 | 345 | 262 | 280 | 202 |
| Consumption . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |  | 1,551 | 625 488 | 194 | 63 | 397 |
| Stocks ................................. | " | . | . | . | 445 | 406 | 488 | 630 | 797 | 609 |

[^24]Jute, flax and hemps
TABLE 109
Production and consumption : calendar years(1) Stocks : end of year
Thousand tons

${ }^{(1)}$ Raw jute figures for 1942 and 1944 are for periods of 53 weeks and those for other years for
Source : Board of Trade periods of 52 weeks.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)^{2}$ Including home produced goods from Control stocks.
${ }^{(2)}$ Including from April 1944 imports from Eire.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$Including exports of Indian hemp amounting to 5.33 thousand tons.

Losses of raw materials at sea ( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 110
Monthly averages or calendar months
Thousand tons

|  |  | Total | Iron ore, iron and steel and allied materials | Nonferrous metals and ores | Textiles | Timber | Hides, skins, etc. | Paper and papermaking materials | Materials for sulphuric acid and fertilizers | Miscellaneous |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1941. 1942 1943. 1944. |  | 75.1 48.8 35.8 4.5 | 49.1 16.2 18.1 0.8 | 5.4 6.7 6.2 1.0 | 3.4 7.5 2.6 0.6 | 4.3 6.4 2.5 0.8 | 1.0 1.5 0.9 0.2 | 3.4 2.4 0.7 | 5.8 4.1 2.6 0.7 | 2.7 4.0 2.2 0.4 |
| 1941 | January. | 88.4 | 54.4 | 15.5 | 3.0 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.6 | $6 \cdot 4$ |
|  | February | 126.5 | 96.3 | 1.0 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 8.3 | $2 \cdot 8$ | 1.7 | 6.9 | $3 \cdot 3$ |
|  | March | 141.2 | 96.4 | 10.8 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 1.5 | 4.4 | 13.0 | 3.9 | $6 \cdot 1$ |
|  | April | 89.1 | $50 \cdot 1$ | 2.0 | $6 \cdot 9$ | 10.6 | 1.0 | $3 \cdot 5$ | 12.7 | $2 \cdot 3$ |
|  | May. | 56.8 | $30 \cdot 5$ | 8.2 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 0.8 | 0.2 | 11.2 | - | 5.8 |
|  | June. | 69.5 | 57.4 | 7.0 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.4 | - | - |
|  | July . | 57.2 | $43 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | - | - | $2 \cdot 2$ | - | $2 \cdot 1$ |
|  | August .. | 21.1 | 18.4 | - | - | 0.3 | 1.0 | - |  | 1.4 |
|  | September. | 93.5 | 48.7 | 10.3 | 7.2 | 15.7 | - | 0.9 | 17.9 |  |
|  | October... | 89.3 | 52.5 | 3.2 | $7 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | 0.3 | 1.2 | 19.6 | 2.5 |
|  | November | $34 \cdot 0$ | 23.8 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | $0 \cdot 3$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | - | 1.5 |
|  | December. | 34.8 | 17.0 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.0 | - | 4.6 | 8.2 | 1.4 |
| 1942 | January. | 18.9 | 6.4 | 1.0 | $0 \cdot 2$ | 1.8 | 0.1 | 0.5 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $3 \cdot 5$ |
|  | February. | $25 \cdot 2$ | 8.5 | $5 \cdot 2$ | 2.6 | 2.6 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 3.6 | 1.2 |
|  | March . | $40 \cdot 4$ | 13.0 | $6 \cdot 3$ | 5.2 | 5.6 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.5 | $7 \cdot 2$ |
|  | April | 49.0 | 15.9 | 4.8 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 1.4 | 0.2 | 3.0 | $15 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 2$ |
|  | May. | 30.7 | 12.0 | 6.2 | 1.0 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | 4.7 |  | 1.3 |
|  | June. | 29.5 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 8.0 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 8.9 | - | - | 2.0 | $4 \cdot 4$ |
|  | July .. | 10.4 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 3.6 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 2.0 |
|  | August | 94.5 | $26 \cdot 5$ | 16.6 | 14.3 | 10.2 | 3.8 | $4 \cdot 8$ | 11.2 | 7.1 |
|  | September | 63.7 | 26.2 | 6.9 | 11.6 | $10 \cdot 4$ | 2.2 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 5.2 |
|  | October. . | 79.7 | 28.5 | 5.9 | $15 \cdot 5$ | 8.2 | 5.1 | $7 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | 5.0 |
|  | November | 117.8 | 44.4 | 13.4 | 20.6 | 19.1 | 3.8 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 5.9 | $5 \cdot 5$ |
|  | December. | 26.6 | 8.5 | $5 \cdot 2$ | 6.0 | 2.4 | 0.6 | - | 0.2 | 3.7 |
| 1943 | January.. | 29.8 | 17.2 | - | - | 0.6 | . | 3.5 | 8.0 | 0.5 |
|  | February. | $34 \cdot 3$ | 16.9 | 4.0 | 0.2 | 7.9 |  | 1.0 |  | 4.3 |
|  | March ... | 144.1 | 90.8 | 28.6 | 4.0 | 9.5 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | $8 \cdot 1$ |
|  | April | 76.7 | 26.8 | 14.9 | 6.0 | 7.7 | $3 \cdot 4$ | 1.1 | 12.9 | 3.9 |
|  | May. | 56.7 | 28.0 | 8.2 | 10.3 | 3.0 | $4 \cdot 1$ |  | 0.6 | 2.5 |
|  | June. | 11.0 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 3.6 | 1.0 | 0.3 | - | 0.1 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 0.8 |
|  | July . | 3.2 | 0.6 | - | 1.6 | $0 \cdot 1$ | - | 0.2 | - | 0.7 |
|  | August | 25.0 | 13.9 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 0.4 |  | 0.7 | $\overline{-1}$ | 0.9 |
|  | September | 7.5 | - |  | 0.5 | 0.5 | 2.9 | -1 | 0.1 | $3 \cdot 5$ |
|  | October... November | 16.0 14.2 | 14.2 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 3.0 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 4.0 | - |
|  | December. | $13 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | 0.6 | $\overline{0.5}$ | 0.1 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 0.8 |
| 1944 | January. | $1 \cdot 2$ | - | 1.0 |  | 0.2 | - | - |  |  |
|  | February. | $6 \cdot 4$ | 0.2 | - | 0.9 | - | - | - | $3 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
|  | March... | 1.8 | - | -- | - | 1.2 | - | - | 0.5 | $0 \cdot 1$ |
|  | April. | $9 \cdot 3$ | 1.2 | - | - | 3.5 | - | $\overline{0.2}$ | 4.6 | -10 |
|  | May.. | 1.2 8.7 | $\overline{8.7}$ | - | $\ldots$ | .. | - | $0 \cdot 2$ | - | 1.0 |
|  | June. . | 8.7 6.0 | 8.7 | $2 \cdot 5$ | 0.5 | - | $2 \cdot 6$ | - | - | 0.3 |
|  | August | 6.0 | - | 5.5 |  | - | 26 | -- | - | 0.5 |
|  | September | 3.4 | - | . | - | $3 \cdot 4$ | - | - | - | - |
|  | October... | $0 \cdot 7$ | - | - | - | - | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 0.3 |
|  | November | 5.4 | - | - | $5 \cdot 3$ | - | - | - | - | 0.1 |
|  | December. | $4 \cdot 1$ | - | 2.5 |  | $1 \cdot 1$ | - | - | - | 0.5 |
| 1945 | January. | 5.7 | 5.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | February. | 5.7 | $5 \cdot 7$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | March .. | 9.0 | - | 0.6 | - | 8.4 | - | - | -- | - |
|  | April ...... | 0.5 | - | 0.4 | - | - | $0 \cdot 1$ | - | - | - |

${ }^{(1)}$ Before October 1941 the coverage was not complete and the figures given are partly estimated.

# VII. PRODUCTION 

Shipbuilding
Naval vessele: Major combat( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 111
Number and displacement in thousand tons


[^25]Shipbuilding
Naval veasels : Ocean and coastal convoy vessels, mosquito craft and landing craft( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 112
Number and displacement in thousand tons

(1) See footnote ( ${ }^{1}$ ) to Table 111.

Source: Admiralty
(2) Year ended 31 March 1937.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$Including three vessels of 3,420 tons deep displacement.
(') Including the following A.A. escorts. each of 1,400 tons S.D. : April, 1 ; May, 2 ; June, 2 ; July, 2.

## Shipbuilding

Merchant vessels built in the United Kingdom(1)
TABLE 113
Vessels of $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ gross tons and over
Thousand gross tons

|  |  | Total |  |  | 100-1,599 gross tons |  |  | 1,600 gross tons and over |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Laid down | Under construction end of period | Completed ${ }^{(2)}$ | Laid down | Under construction end of period | Completed | Non-tankers |  |  | Tankers |  |  |
|  |  | Laid down |  |  |  |  |  | Under construction end of period | Completed | Laid down | Under construction end of period | Completed |
| 1940. |  |  | 1,073 | 1,184 | 810 | 31 | 31 | 38 | 811 | 836 | 741 | 231 | 317 | 31 |
| 1941. |  | 1,201 | 1,229 | 1,156 | 32 | 25 | 38 | 898 | 887 | 847 | 271 | 317 | 271 |
| 1942. |  | 1,345 | 1,271 | 1,301 | 38 | 29 | 34 | 1,076 | 1,007 | 956 | 230 | 235 | 312 |
| 1943. |  | 990 | 1,062 | 1,204 | 35 | 32 | 32 | 743 | 791 | 959 | 212 | 239 | 208 |
| 1944. |  | 941 | 990 | 1,014 | 74 | 47 | 59 | 665 | 677 | 779 | 202 | 266 | 175 |
| 1940 | 4th Quarter | 279 | 1,184 | 219 | 7 | 31 | 10 | 206 | 836 | 184 | 66 | 317 | 24 |
| 1941 | 1st Quarter | 271 | 1,236 | 219 | 6 | 28 | 9 | 180 | 858 | 158 | 85 | 349 | 53 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 279 | 1,263 | 252 | 10 | 31 | 7 | 209 | 871 | 196 | 60 | 361 | 48 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 330 | 1,266 | 327 | 10 | 32 | 9 | 258 | 892 | 237 | 62 | 341 | 82 |
|  | 4th Quarter | 321 | 1,229 | 358 | 6 | 25 | 13 | 251 | 887 | 256 | 64 | 317 | 88 |
| 1942 | 1st Quarter | 277 | 1,234 | 272 | 13 | 30 | 8 | 208 | 873 | 222 | 58 | 333 | 42 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 353 | 1,253 | 334 | 10 | 31 | 9 | 286 | 920 | 239 | 57 | 304 | 86 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 390 | 1,337 | 306 | 6 | 27 | 10 | 318 | 1,035 | 203 | 65 | 276 |  |
|  | 4th Quarter | 325 | 1,271 | 389 | 9 | 29 | 7 | 264 | 1,007 | 292 | 50 | 235 | 91 |
| 1943 | 1st Quarter | 262 | 1,304 | 229 | 6 | 27 | 8 | 189 | 1,007 | 189 | 67 | 269 | 32 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 266 | 1,264 | 306 | 5 | 20 | 12 | 217 | 998 | 226 | 44 | 245 | 68 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 254 | 1,285 | 233 | 8 | 22 | 6 | 189 | 980 | 207 | 57 | 282 | 20 |
|  | 4th Quarter | 208 | 1,062 | 431 | 16 | 32 | 6 | 148 | 791 | 337 | 44 | 239 | 88 |
| 1944 | 1st Quarter | 223 | 1,078 | 207 | 21 | 43 | 10 | 174 | 817 | 148 | 28 | 218 | 49 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 215 | 1,054 | 239 | 17 | 43 | 17 | 164 | 783 | 198 | 34 | 228 | 24 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 245 | 1,082 | 217 | 14 | 46 | 11 | 153 | 769 | 167 | 78 | 267 | 39 |
|  | 4th Quarter | 258 | +990 | 350 | 22 | 47 | 21 | 174 | 677 | $266\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 62 | 266 | 63 |
| 1945 | 1st Quarter | 225 | 1,077 | 138 | 29 | 63 | 13 | 145 | 717 | 105 | 51 | 297 | 20 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 362 | 1,216 | 223 | 23 | 66 | 20 | 251 | 840 | 128 | 88 | 310 | 75 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 269 | 1,334 | 151 | 11 | 60 | 17 | 168 | 908 | 100 | 90 | 366 | 34 |

(1) This table does not incorporate certain revisions which have been made to figures since the end of the war as the revisions cannot be made in the full detail required by this table. In addition to vessels built in the United Kingdom, the following vessels were built on British account in the Commonwealth and United States of America :-

|  | Number | Thousand gross tons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1941 : Total | 11 | 77.3 |
| Canada | 1 | 7.2 |
| Hong Kong | 5 | 34.3 |
| United States of America | 5 | 35.9 |
| 1942: Total ................... | 56 | 401.8 |
| Canada .............. | 1 | 7.2 394.6 |
| United States of America | 55 | $394 \cdot 6$ |

${ }^{(2}$ ) Including merchant-type vessels built for the Navy as follows: In 19414,000 gross tons non-tanker (all of 100-1,599 gross tons) ; 20,000 gross tons tanker (all of over 1,600 gross tons) ; in 19428,000 gross tons non-tanker (all of 100-1,599 gross tons); and in 1943 1,000 gross tons tanker and 63,000 gross tons non-tanker.
${ }^{(3)}$ Including two suction dredgers of 3,944 and 1,747 gross tons.

# Shipbuilding <br> Merchant vessels built in the United Kingdom <br> Non-tankers of $\mathbf{x}, 600$ gross tons and over ( ${ }^{1}$ ) 

TABLE 114
Thousand gross tons

${ }^{(1)}$ In addition to the classes of vessel shown below, passenger liners of 98,000 gross tons were
Source: Admiralty completed in 1940.
${ }^{(2)}$ These vessels are mostly of about 7,000 gross tons and 10,000 deadweight tons.
(3) Including dredgers from May 1943.
(4) Including four vessels totalling 56,800 gross tons handed over to the Royal Navy.
${ }^{(5)}$ Including one cable ship.

## PRODUCTION

Merchant vessels undergoing or awaiting repair in United Kingdom ports
TABLE 115
Vessels of $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ gross tons and over, British and foreign
Thousand gross tons


[^26]Vessels of 100 gross tons and over, British and foreign
Thousand gross tons

${ }^{1}$ ) Figures for two weeks have been omitted as unreliable on account of disorganisation following air raids.

* Average of five weeks.

Munitions
Index of Ministry of Supply mumitions production(1)
TABLE 117
Average September to December $1939=100$

|  |  | Guns, small arms and instruments |  |  |  | Amm | unition | Small ammu nition | $\begin{gathered} \text { Propel- } \\ \text { lants } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { high } \\ \text { explo- } \\ \text { sives } \end{gathered}$ | Ar-mouredfightingve-hicles | Wheeled vehicles | Signal | Radar and search light | Engineer and trans-portation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Shells and bombs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Guns | Small arms | Instruments | Filled | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Empty } \\ \text { compo- } \\ \text { nents } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | September-December . . |  |  |  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 1940 | 1st Quarter | 106 | 104 | 116 | 105 | 120 | 153 | 214 | 96 | 128 | 242 | 112 | 102 | 224 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 185 | 184 | 186 | 188 | 194 | 213 | 336 | 147 | 247 | 337 | 167 | 89 | 318 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 212 | 222 | 165 | 253 | 214 | 298 | 358 | 161 | 324 | 343 | 180 | 124 | 391 |
|  | 4th Quarter | 207 | 214 | 143 | 293 | 263 | 374 | 356 | 186 | 361 | 290 | 199 | 139 | 383 |
| 1941 | 1st Quarter | 242 | 259 | 141 | 352 | 322 | 459 | 499 | 202 | 533 | 290 | 210 | 153 | 370 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 270 | 301 | 149 | 332 | 426 | 549 | 701 | 246 | 689 | 299 | 222 | 136 | 380 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 332 | 375 | 197 | 365 | 560 | 612 | 911 | 338 | 1,010 | 302 | 244 | 121 | 427 |
|  | 4th Quarter | 441 | 487 | 302 | 442 | 717 | 769 | 1,198 | 423 | 1,336 | 328 | 269 | 174 | 443 |
| 1942 | 1st Quarter | 541 | 557 | 477 | 528 | 815 | 920 | 1,832 | 478 | 1,597 | 323 | 347 | 165 | 459 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 668 | 654 | 688 | 601 | 983 | 1,052 | 2,331 | 553 | 1,772 | 354 | 433 | 181 | 539 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 701 | 646 | 812 | 645 | 1,009 | 1,037 | 2,679 | 513 | 1,727 | 341 | 523 | 198 | 593 |
|  | 4th Quarter | 797 | 744 | 907 | 715 | 1,051 | 1,175 | 3,648 | 573 | 1,702 | 361 | 644 | 184 | 735 |
| 1943 | 1st Quarter | 857 | 778 | 1,026 | 773 | 986 | 994 | 4,010 | 529 | 1,787 | 342 | 688 | 139 | 796 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 825 | 708 | 1,059 | 803 | 774 | 769 | 4,676 | 533 | 1,807 | 344 | 748 | 120 | 900 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 689 | 589 | 867 | 721 | 574 | 519 | 5,000 | 483 | 1,596 | 319 | 841 | 123 | 1,030 |
|  | 4th Quarter | 637 | 505 | 886 | 695 | 544 | 487 | 5,427 | 467 | 1,494 | 338 | 980 | 165 | 1,276 |
| 1944 | 1st Quarter | 557 | 443 | 732 | 688 | 498 | 429 | 5,142 | 450 | 1,577 | 320 | 927 | 142 | 1,851 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 457 | 335 | 671 | 564 | 501 | 418 | 4,766 | 451 | 1,276 | 316 | 918 | 132 | 1,841 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 385 | 291 | 584 | 389 | 529 | 394 | 4,188 | 480 | .. | 280 | 670 | 94 | 1,547 |
|  | 4th Quarter | 313 | 193 | 502 | 489 | 624 | 397 | 4,331 | 513 | . | 333 | 713 | 90 | 1,300 |
| 1945 | 1st Quarter | 263 | 164 | 392 | 464 | 634 | 461 | 3,254 | 585 | . | 328 | 745 | 78 | 1,159 |
|  | 2nd Quarter | 166 | 108 | 202 | 372 | 561 | 436 | 1,686 | 545 | .. | 314 | 662 | 36 | 1,071 |
|  | 3rd Quarter | 99 | 57 | 128 | 241 | 185 | 211 | 473 | 157 | .. | 284 | 452 | 16 | 815 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Ministry of Supply production in the United Kingdom only.
Source : Ministry of Supply

Munitions
Artillery equipments and instruments and tank and anti-tank gana ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 118
Number

(1) The figures for artillery equipments relate to mountings.

Source : Ministry of Supply
(2) Excluding A.A./C.A. dual purpose equipments.
(3) Including A.A./C.A. dual purpose equipments.
(4) Excluding A.F.V. machine guns.
(5) Year ended 31 March.
${ }^{( }$) In addition there was an extensive reconditioning and conversion programme in operation immediately before the outbreak of war.

## Munitions

Naval guns(1)
TABLE 119
Number

(1) Excluding 20 mm . guns.

# Aircraft and light guns 

Munitions

TABLE 120
Number


Munitions
Other weapons
TABLE 121
Number

|  | Projectors |  |  | P．I．A．T． | Flame throwers | Bomb throwers | Smoke dischargers | Mortars |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U．P．and Rocket | Livens | Northover |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1937 April－December． | － | － | －－ | － | － | － | 二 | － |
| 1938. | － | 6 | － | － | － | － | \} $3,443\{$ | 158 |
| 1939 | 6,369 | 12，150 | 二 | 二 | 554 | － | \} 3,443 \｛ | 2，822 |
| 1941 | 1，881 | 11，847 | 19，171 | － | 1，445 | 2，384 | 10，229 | 21，725 |
| 1942 | 5，711 | 790 | 1，829 | 7，908 |  | 10，773 | 10，429 | 29，162 |
| 1943 | 1，264 | － | － | 98，326 | 4，326 | 10，504 | 31,196 15,378 | 17，121 |
| 1944 | 844 | － | － | 9，067 | 6，412 | 3，460 | 15，378 | 19，046 |
| 1939 September－December．． | － | 673 | － | － | － | － | 756 | 1，317 |
| 1940 1st Quarter | － | 481 | ．－ | － | － | － | ． | 1，363 |
| 2nd Quarter | 1051 | 220 | － | － | 二 | － | ． | 2，111 |
| 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter | 5，051 | 5，602 $\mathbf{6 , 1 1 2}$ | 二 | － | 554 | 二 |  | 1,742 2,343 |
| 1941 1st Quarter | 1，719 | 6，759 | 3，963 | － | 1，299 | 128 | 1，551 | 2，505 |
| 2nd Quarter | 29 | 3，586 | 4，472 | － | 143 | 439 | 2，500 | 2，104 |
| 3rd Quarter | 1 | 1，126 | 3，850 | － | 3 | 620 | 3，209 | 5，195 |
| 4th Quarter ．．．．．．．． | 132 | 376 | 6，886 | － | － | 1，197 | 2，969 | 11，921 |
| 1942 1st Quarter | 1，381 | 63 | 1，678 | － | 1 | 1，742 | 827 | 14，099 |
| 2nd Quarter | 2，048 | 526 | 151 | － | － | 2,113 | 1，223 | 7，013 |
| 3rd Quarter ．．．．．．．． | 534 | 201 | － | 377 | － | 2，905 | 1，519 | 3，201 |
| 4th Quarter ．．．．．．．． | 1，748 | － | － | 7，531 | － | 4，013 | 6，860 | 4，849 |
| 1943 1st Quarter | 968 | － | － | 30，612 | 21 | 4，060 | 14，321 | 6，932 |
| 2nd Quarter | 296 | － | － | 33，614 | 562 | 3，164 | 11，594 | 5，439 |
| 3rd Quarter | － | － | － | 22，279 | 1，395 | 1，970 | 3，164 | 2，788 |
| 4th Quarter | － | － | － | 11，821 | 2，348 | 1，310 | 2，117 | 1，962 |
| 1944 1st Quarter | 83 | － | － | 8，737 | 2，380 | 1，176 | 2，318 | 6，620 |
| 2nd Quarter | 76 | － | － | 330 | 3，005 | 326 | 2，849 | 6，021 |
| 3rd Quarter ${ }^{\text {4th }}$ Quarter $\ldots . . . .$. | 637 | － | － | － | 448 | 1，113 | 4，833 | 4，903 |
| 4th Quarter ．．．．．．．． | 48 | － | － | － | 579 | 845 | 5，378 | 1，502 |
| 1945 1st Quarter | 36 | － | －－ | － | 501 | 905 | 4，017 | 2，371 |
| 2nd Quarter 3 ．．．．．．． | 64 | 二 | － | 二 | 589 301 | 682 274 | 1，707 | 1，697 |
| 3rd Quarter ．．．．．．．．． | 2 | － | － | － | 301 | 274 | 574 | 1，447 |

（1）Year ended 31 March．
Source ：Ministry of Supply

Munitions
Small arms(1)
TABLE 122
Number

(1) All services.
(2) 7.92 mm . Besa, 15 mm . Besa and $\cdot 303$-in. and $\cdot 5$-in Vickers.
(c) Year ended 31 March.

## Munitions

# Filled ammunition: Army ${ }^{(1)}$ 

TABLE 123
Thousands

(1) Despatches ex factory. Before September 1939 figures are for unfilled ammunition.

Source : Ministry of Supply
(2) Year ended 31 March.
${ }^{(3)}$ In addition 58 thousand rounds were produced in 1942 and 139 thousand in 1943 for which no quarterly figures are available.
(9) In addition 349 thousand rounds were produced during the years 1941 to 1943 which cannot be allocated to individual years.

## Munitions

Filled ammunition: Naval and aircraft
TABLE 124

|  |  | Naval(1) |  |  |  | Aircraft bombs( ${ }^{( }$) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Shell | Depth charges | Mine and minecharge cases | Torpedoes | H.E., A.P. and A.S. |  |  |  | Incendiary | Smoke |
|  |  | Total |  |  |  | H.E. | A.P. and A.S. |  |  |
|  |  | Thousands |  |  | Number | Weight filled | Weight of explosive | Weight filled |  |  |  |
|  |  | Short tons |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1936/39(3) |  |  |  |  | 2,781(4) | .. | . | . | . ${ }^{(5)}$ | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | -• |
| 1940 |  |  |  |  | 939 | 51,093 | 6,389 | 41,252 | 9,841 | . | - |
| 1941 |  | 5,674.0 | $87 \cdot 7$ | $62 \cdot 5$ | 1,926 | 147,848 | 34,149 | 132,487 | 15,361 |  | $\bar{\square}$ |
| 1942 |  | 7,154•8 | 55.9 | $40 \cdot 6$ | 3,883 | 211,048 | 73,610 | 184,250 | 26,798 | 52,373 | 483 |
| 1943 |  | 6,505•8 | 101.3 | $35 \cdot 3$ | 7,288 | 223,807 | 104,844 | 204,746 | 19,061 | 102,138 | 3,858 |
| 1944 |  | 3,607.6 | $110 \cdot 2$ | 13.0 | 6,825 | 309,366 | 168,248 | 307,978 | 1,388 | 106,740 | 4,166 |
| 1939 September-December |  | . | . | . | 362 | 5,055 | 1,078 | 3,864 | 1,191 | - | - |
| 1940 | 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter | $\begin{aligned} & 1,304 \cdot 3 \\ & 1,353 \cdot 2 \\ & 1,462 \cdot 5 \\ & 1,554 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.0 \\ 24.8 \\ 33.0 \\ 20.9 \end{array}$ | . | 231 | 5,504 | . | 4,673 | 831 | $\cdots$ | - |
|  |  |  |  | . | 241 | 11,303 | . | 8,043 | 3,260 | . | - |
|  |  |  |  | . | 194 | 13,120 | . | 10,687 | 2,433 | . | -- |
|  |  |  |  |  | 273 | 21,166 |  | 17,849 | 3,317 | . | - |
| 1941 | 1st Quarter |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 40 \cdot 8 \\ 16 \cdot 1 \\ 1 \cdot 4 \\ 4 \cdot 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 350 \\ & 411 \\ & 505 \\ & 560 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,673 \\ & 45,020 \\ & 37,641 \\ & 38,514 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,179 \\ 8,562 \\ 8,764 \\ 12,644 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,794 \\ & 41,365 \\ & 32,842 \\ & 34,486 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,879 \\ & 3,655 \\ & 4,799 \\ & 4,028 \end{aligned}$ | - | - |
|  | 2nd Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | - |
|  | 3rd Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | - |
|  | 4th Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | - |
| 1942 | 1st Quarter | $\begin{aligned} & 1,586 \cdot 4 \\ & 1,832 \cdot 3 \\ & 1,901 \cdot 8 \\ & 1,834 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9 \cdot 5 \\ 11 \cdot 4 \\ 13 \cdot 1 \\ 21.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.9 \\ 11 \cdot 1 \\ 14.9 \\ 8.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 711 \\ 864 \\ 985 \\ 1,323 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39,959 \\ & 48,309 \\ & 58,218 \\ & 64,562 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | 34,946 | 5,013 | $\cdots$ | $\overline{0}$ |
|  | 2nd Quarter |  |  |  |  |  | . | 41,848 | 6,461 | . . | 160 |
|  | 3rd Quarter |  |  |  |  |  | . . | 51,137 | 7,081 | - | 183 |
|  | 4th Quarter |  |  |  |  |  | . | 56,319 | 8,243 | . | 140 |
| 1943 | 1st Quarter | $\begin{aligned} & 1,683 \cdot 1 \\ & 1,604 \cdot 1 \\ & 1,760 \cdot 6 \\ & 1,458 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \cdot 2 \\ & 21.6 \\ & 28 \cdot 6 \\ & 35 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.0 \\ 9.7 \\ 6.1 \\ 3.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,490 \\ & 1,830 \\ & 2,030 \\ & 1,938 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,601 \\ & 38,511 \\ & 53,342 \\ & 81,353 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,717 \\ & 15,963 \\ & 25,585 \\ & 42,579 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41,401 \\ & 32,930 \\ & 50,570 \\ & 79,845 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,200 \\ & \mathbf{5 , 5 8 1} \\ & \mathbf{2 , 7 7 2} \\ & 1,508 \end{aligned}$ | . | 404 |
|  | 2nd Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 600 |
|  | 3rd Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 783 |
|  | 4th Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,071 |
| 1944 | 1st Quarter | $\begin{array}{r} 853 \cdot 0 \\ 1,000 \cdot 9 \\ 1,012 \cdot 1 \\ 741 \cdot 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \cdot 5 \\ & 27 \cdot 7 \\ & 30 \cdot 2 \\ & 30 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 3.4 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 5.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,097 \\ & 1,574 \\ & 1,715 \\ & 1,439 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71,453 \\ & 71,880 \\ & 74,871 \\ & 91,162 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39,490 \\ & 41,237 \\ & 40,774 \\ & 46,747 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70,795 \\ & 71,202 \\ & 74,846 \\ & 91,135 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 658 \\ 678 \\ 25 \\ 27 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32,977 \\ & 33,045 \\ & 25,646 \\ & 15,072 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,638 \\ 1,626 \\ 891 \\ 11 \end{array}$ |
|  | 2nd Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3rd Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4th Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter | 475.4 | 29.4 | $8 \cdot 2$ | 1,143 | 103,640 | 52,290 | 103,580 | 60 | 5,710 | 45 |
|  |  | $403 \cdot 4$ | $23 \cdot 1$ | $15 \cdot 6$ | 575 | 90,703 | 44,470 | 90,693 | 10 | 3,402 | 582 |
|  |  | $170 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 7$ | $0 \cdot 8$ | 401 | 50,155 | 20,542 | 50,145 | 10 | - | 423 |

(1) Factory output from December 1941

Source : Admiralty and Ministry of Supply
(2) Despatches ex factory
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$April 1936 to August 1939.
(') Unfilled shell.
${ }^{(6)}$ Estimated weight filled under the Rearmament Programme to 31 May 1939 was 57,000 tons.

## Munitions

Rocket ammunition, small arms and $\mathbf{2 0} \mathrm{mm}$. ammunition, propellants and high explosives( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 125

${ }^{(1)}$ All Services.
Source : Admiralty and Ministry of Supply
() Deliveries ex factory.
(2) Including motor rockets aircraft.
(c) Including 7.92 mm . and 9 mm .
(5) Excluding small quantities of aluminium powder produced before October 1943 and a small quantity of picric acid produced in 1941.
( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) Year ended 31 March.

## Munitions

## Armoured fighting vehicles

TABLE 126

$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Including special purpose tanks and self-propelled artillery on tank chassis.
Source : Ministry of Supply
${ }^{(2)}$ Weight in action.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Year ended 31 March.

Munitions
Wheeled vehicles( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 127
Number


[^27]Source : Ministry of Supply

(1) For War Office only.

Source : Ministry of Supply
(ग) April 1936 to August 1939.

## Munitions

Engincer stores
TABLE 129

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

() Assault, reconnaissance and storm boats and motor tugs.
(2) April 1936 to August 1939.


## Aircraft

Prodaction by structure weight
TABLE 131
Million $\mathrm{lb}_{\text {. }}$


Source : Ministry of Supply

| TABLE 132Aircraft <br> Isdex of aircraft productioa(²) <br> January $1942=1,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December |
| 1939... | 181 | 238 | 278 | 234 | 285 | 279 | 282 | 248 | 335 | 323 | 341 | 277 |
| 1940........ | 333 | 300 | 373 | 463 | 569 | 736 | 735 | 731 | 581 | 609 | 635 | 563 |
| 1941........ | 527 | 748 | 807 | 721 | 810 | 792 | 808 | 857 | 930 | 915 | 897 | 829 |
| 1942....... | 1,000 | 958 | 1,046 | 1,129 | 1,190 | 1,175 | 1,236 | 1,139 | 1,348 | 1,425 | 1,277 | 1,282 |
| 1943. | 1,369 | 1,452 | 1,597 | 1,510 | 1,701 | 1,562 | 1,504 | 1,507 | 1,744 | 1,732 | 1,726 | 1,636 |
| 1944. | 1,852 | 1,823 | 2,081 | 1,808 | 1,922 | 1,926 | 1,630 | 1,725 | 1,800 | 1,762 | 1,673 | 1,285 |
| 1945....... | 1,199 | 1,600 | 1,598 | 1,158 | 1,036 | 1,083 | 995 | 704 |  |  |  |  |

(1) Based on airframe structure weight and man-hours per airframe.

Source : Ministry of Supply Figures for the years immediately preceding the war were as follows : 1935 (year), 18 ; 1936 (year), 40 ; 1937 (year), 66 ; 1938-1st Quarter, 71 ; 2nd Quarter, 73 ; 3rd Quarter, 96 ; 4th Quarter, 138.

## Aircraft

Aircraft undergoing and awaiting repair and repaired
TABLE 133


Aircraft
Aircraft engines : Production, imports and sepairs
TABLE 134


Source : Ministry of Supply

## Aircraft <br> Arrivale in United Kingdom from North America(l)

TABLE 135
Number


${ }^{(1)}$ Arrivals on pre-war contracts are excluded. Between September 1939 and February 1940
Source : Ministry of Supply 214 such aircraft despatched from the United States arrived in the United Kingdom. These were general reconnaissance aircraft and trainers.

## Aircraft

Arrivals overseas diroct from the United States( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 136
Number


[^28]
## Machine tools, welding sets and electric motors: Deliveries

TABLE 137

|  | Unit | 1935 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Machine tools( ${ }^{1}$ ) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metal-working .................. | Thousands Value $£$ million | 6.1 | 95.8 33.5 | $76 \cdot 2$ 31.3 | 59.1 25.8 | 47.5 20.7 |
| Wood-working ................. | Thousands |  | 9.0 | 11.3 | 10.7 | 9.4 |
| Wood working | Value $£$ million | 0.6 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Engineers' small tools() | " | . | 35.8 | $42 \cdot 4$ | 40.2 | 23.3 |
| Welding sets : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arc | Thousands Value £ million | 0.22() | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 8.6 1.47 | 6.6 1.20 |
| Resistance | Thousands |  | $\cdots$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | 2.5 |
| Electric motors 1-300 horse-power : | Value $£$ million | . | . | 0.73 | 0.51 | 0.59 |
|  | " | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.5 \\ & 6.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.2 \\ & 7.7 \end{aligned}$ | 12.5 |

(1) Excluding, except in 1935, machine tools of low value.

Source : Ministry of Supply
(2) From January 1943 the figures include roller box tools, and from January 1944 they include balancing and testing machines.
(') Including resistance.

Agricultural machinery: Production
TABLE 138
Number

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tractors : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 10,679 | 15,733 | 19,316 | 24,401 | 27,056 | 25,059 | 23,022 | 23,296 |
| Tracklayers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full and half track | 198 | 30 211 | 19 327 | - 339 | 48 411 | 87 440 | 133 557 | 45 630 |
| Three-and four-wheeled | 9,981 | 14,632 | 17,906 | 22,168 | 24,099 | 21,595 | 18,716 | 17,455 |
| Two-wheeled market-garden type( ${ }^{1}$ ) | 452 | 860 | 1,064 | 1,894 | 2,498 | 2,937 | 3,616 | 5,166 |
| Mouldboard ploughs : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 12,580 | 16,665 | 23,172 | 24,657 | 21,414 | 19,246 | 23,701 | 30,227 |
| Horse-drawn . | 7,424 | 9,541 | 14,492 | 14,162 | 12,485 | 10,939 | 13,963 | 17,345 |
| Tractor-drawn | 5,156 | 7,124 | 8,680 | 10,495 | 8,929 | 8,307 | 9,738 | 12,882 |
| Disc harrows | 1,260 | 2,108 | 3,905 | 5,696 | 8,343 | 9,791 | 10,521 | 12,940 |
| Cultivators or grubbers | 6,405 | 7,668 | 11,087 | 16,763 | 9,878 | 11,485 | 11,710 | 9,642 |
| Toolbars | 1,342 | 1,734 | 2,296 | 3,417 | 4,358 | 5,144 | 7,244 | 7,773 |
| Corn drills(') | 352 | 664 | 1,567 | 1,452 | 1,262 | 1,176 | 1,353 | 1,743 |
| Mowing machines | 4,641 | 5,587 | 7,087 | 5,896 | 5,910 | 5,611 | 5,802 | 6,297 |
| Binders . | 687 | 708 | 954 | 1,010 | 798 | 1,567 | 2,957 | 2,722 |
| Threshing machines | 486 | 489 | 842 | -998 | 1,149 | 1,149 | 1,160 | 1,083 |
| Potato spinners . . | 1,496 | 1,253 | 2,108 | 5,226 | 7,534 | 9,831 | 5,586 | 6,021 |
| Milking machines | .. | . | .. | .. | 4,582 | 5,623 | 4,888 | 4,807 |

[^29]Source : Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

Locomotives and motor vehicles: Production
TABLE 139

|  | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steam locomotives( ${ }^{(1)}$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Main line types .................... | 272 | 234 | 350 | 797 | 1,050 | 754 |
| Industrial types() | 84 | 110 | 110 | 58 | 45 | 43 |
| Motor vehicles : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public service vehicles : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | - | 164 | 1,260 | 2,217 | 2,017 | 2,914 |
| Single deck buses . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 1 | 624 | 1,172 | 606 | 791 |
| Double deck buses | - | 163 | 636 | 1,045 | 1,411 | 2,123 |
| Other heavy type vehicles(') : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 112,531 | 124,574 | 136,079 | 125,496 | 111,234 | 99,709 |
| For the Services | 112,345 | 109,522 | 108,928 | 104,308 | 90,333 | 60,385 |
| For other users( ${ }^{( }$) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 186 | 15,052 | 27,151 | 21,188 | 20,901 | 39,324 |
| Light cars and vans( ${ }^{( }$) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 21,338 | 20,692 | 23,183 | 21,605 | 19,704 | 36,782 |
| For the Services | 21,232 | 17,324 . | 15,963 | 17,306 | 12,511 | 9,197 |
| For other users(') | 106 | 3,368 | 7,220 | 4,299 | 7,193 | 27,585 |
|  | Thousands |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor cycles : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 70.0 | 73.0 | 77.0 | 81.7 | $77 \cdot 4$ | 50.0 |
| For the Services ................... | 68.5 | 70.8 | 75.1 | 78.6 | 74.6 | 42.6 |
| For other users( ${ }^{( }$) ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.9 | $3 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | 7.4 |

(1) Production by the railway companies and by private makers.
(v) Including shunters for docks.
(2) Goods vehicles of 15 cwt . and over and passenger cars of over 16 horse-power.
(9) For Government Departments and other essential users.
() Goods vehicles of under 15 cwt . and passenger cars of 16 horse-power and less.
(9) Estimated.

Source : Ministry of Transport and Ministry of Supply

TABLE 140

|  | Unit | 1935 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Woven cloth for clothing Woven wool cloth : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ........... | Mn. sq. yds. | $\cdots$ | 173 | 162 | 159 | 166 |
| Utility | " | $\ldots$ | 128 | 119 | 104 | 133 |
| Non-utility .......... | " | . | 45(1) | 43 | 55 | 33 |
| Woven non-wool cloth : Total |  |  | 371 | 454 | 404 | 403 |
| Utility ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | " | .. | 299 | 358 | 336 | 330 |
| Non-utility | " | . | 72( ${ }^{(2)}$ | 96 | 68 | 73 |
| Wool hand-knitting yarn | Million lb. | . | . | 8.7 | 9.4 | 11.1 |
| Household tertiles Blankets(') : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wool ....... | Millions | $6 \cdot 49$ | . | 2.26 | 2.70 | 3.80 |
| Cotton | " | .. | . | 4.40 | 4.76 | 5.02 |
| Sheets .... | " | . | $\cdots$ | 3.00 5.82 | 3.87 | 7.06 |
| Pillowcases Towels : | " | . | . | 5.82 | $7 \cdot 56$ | 10.78 |
| Hand and bath | " | $\cdots$ | .. | 18.5 | $15 \cdot 1$ | 12.5 |
| Other. | " | .. | . | 14.7 | $10 \cdot 7$ | 9.8 |
| Hosiery |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's and youths': Socks and stockings ... | Mn. pairs | 90(*) | $35 \cdot 4$ | $33 \cdot 4$ | $20 \cdot 1$ | 23.9 |
| Pullovers and cardigans | Millions | .. | 1.8 | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 2.8 |
| Vests ........... | " | .. | 8.4 10.1 | $10 \cdot 9$ 13.9 | 8.4 9.1 | 8.8 9.6 |
| Women's and maids' : | " |  | $10 \cdot 1$ | 13.9 | $9 \cdot 1$ | 9.6 |
| Stockings and socks | Mn. pairs | $280\left({ }^{(4)}{ }^{(3)}\right.$ | $160 \cdot 4$ | $140 \cdot 6$ | 131.3 | $134 \cdot 2$ |
| Jumpers and cardigans. | Millions |  | 6.6 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 6.2 |
| Vests .... | " | . | 19.6 | 17.8 | 15.8 | $17 \cdot 1$ |
| Children's : | Mn. pairs | $90\left({ }^{( }\right)\left({ }^{( }\right)$ | 51.0 | 66.0 | 61.8 | 61.7 |
| Underwear ....... | Mn. pieces |  | 23.2 | 31.4 | 26.9 | 26.8 |
| Footwear(') |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total production for all uses .... | Mn. pairs | 132.5 | 108.2 | $102 \cdot 7$ | 99.7 | 99.8 |
| Production for home civilian use : Total....................$~$ |  | 129.0 | $90 \cdot 3$ | 89.4 | $87 \cdot 4$ | $87 \cdot 7$ |
| Leather uppers: | " |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | " | 105.0 | 74.7 | 75.5 | $74 \cdot 1$ | 73.7 |
| Men's . ${ }^{\text {Women's. }}$ | " | 29.3 | $16 \cdot 7$ | 14.7 | 12.6 | 12.9 |
| Women's. | " | 46.4 29.3 | 31.2 26.9 | 29.6 31.2 | 28.1 33.3 | 28.2 32.6 |
| Fabric uppers | " | 5 | 56 5.9 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 4.4 |
| Slippers .............. | " | 18.4 | 9.7 | 9.0 | 9.2 | $9 \cdot 6$ |

[^30]Source : Board of Trade
${ }^{(2)}$ Total for 5 months converted to yearly rate.
${ }^{(3)}$ Including cot size.
(4) Approximate figure for 1937.
${ }^{(5)}$ Stockings only.
(9) Including women's and maids' socks.
(7) Excluding rubber footwear.

## Pottery, hollow-ware and brushes

Production and aupplies for home civilian ase
Millions

|  | 1943 |  | 1944 |  | 1945 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Production | For home civilian use | Production | For home civilian use | Production | For home civilian use |
| Pottery |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cups, mugs and beakers | 138.7 | 108.9 | 125.9 | 94.9 | 108.8 | $80 \cdot 2$ |
| Saucers and small plates | 83.8 | 52.8 | $80 \cdot 1$ | 49.4 | 78.9 | $47 \cdot 1$ |
| Large plates . . . . . | 53.7 | 25.1 | 51.2 | 26.8 | 46.7 | 23.9 |
| Teapots and coffee pots. | 8.7(1) | 7.3(1) | 8.8 | 7.4 | $8 \cdot 1$ | 6.4 |
| Cooking ware (all types) | 4•1() | $3 \cdot 6{ }^{(2)}$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| Hollow-ware |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kettles | $5 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | 7.6 | 7.2 |
| Saucepans and stewpans | 11.7 | 10.9 | 13.3 | 12.6 | 18.0 | 16.9 |
| Dustbins . . | $1 \cdot 18$ | 0.71 | 1.11 | 0.97 | 1.47 | $1 \cdot 37$ |
| Bruches and brooms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Household type. | 45.9 | 34.7(3) | $43 \cdot 3$ | 32.4 | 43.6 | 35.6 |
| Paint and paste . . . . . | 17.9 | 10.5() | 17.2 | 10.8 | $20 \cdot 1$ | 14.2 |
| Toilet | 38.0 | $22.9\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 38.1 | 23.9 | 43.2 | 28.0 |

(1) Coffee pots included from March 1943 only.

Source : Board of Trade
(2) Until February 1943 including pie and baking dishes only.
( ${ }^{( }$) First three months of 1943 include exports.

## VIII. EXTERNAL TRADE

## Value and volume of the external trade of the United Kingdom( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$

TABLE 142

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value ( $£$ million) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total imports. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 920 | 886 | 1,152 | 1,145 | 997 | 1,234 | 1,309 | 1,104 |
| Retained imports............................... | 858 | 840 | 1,126 | 1,132 | 992 | 1,228 | 1,294 | 1,053 |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of United Kingdom produce and manufactures | 471 | 440 | 411 | 365 | 271 | 234 | 266 | 399 |
| Re-exports . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 62 | 46 | 26 | 13 | 5 | 6 | 15 | 51 |
| Volume index ${ }^{(2)}$ : $(1938=100)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retained imports : |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| Total............................................ . | 100 | 97 | 94 | 82 | 70 | 77 | 80 | 62 |
| Food, drink and tobacco. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | 94 | 78 | 72 | 73 | 78 | 74 | 60 |
| Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured | 100 | 98 | 105 | 62 | 63 | 59 | 61 | 60 |
| Articles wholly or mainly manufactured.......... | 100 | 100 | 112 | 121 | 72 | 94 | 102 | 62 |
| Exports : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | 94 | 72 | 56 | 36 | 29 | 31 | 46 |
| Articles wholly or mainly manufactured : Total | 100 | 94 | 76 | 62 | 40 | 31 | 35 | 45 |
| Textiles. | 100 | 101 | 80 | 69 | 55 | 36 | 36 | 41 |
| Metals........................................ | 100 | 87 | 65 | 47 | 29 | 23 | 29 | 42 |
| Other. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | 100 | 91 | 83 | 46 | 41 | 42 | 55 |

${ }^{1}$ ) The figures for 1942 to 1945 exclude imports, exports and re-exports of munitions.
Source : Board of Trade
(2) Quantities revalued at 1938 prices and expressed as a percentage of the value of imports or exports in 1938.

## Value of retained imports <br> Analysis by classes and groupe

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. Food, drink and tobacco |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 417.8 | 387-5 | $412 \cdot 3$ | 419.4 | $433 \cdot 7$ | 5110 | 510.4 | 464-1 |
| A. Grain and flour | 72.9 | 54.5 | $93 \cdot 3$ | 89.6 | 53.5 | 66.0 | 64.3 | $76 \cdot 7$ |
| B. Feeding-stuffs for animals | 11.4 | $8 \cdot 9$ | $8 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | 0.8 | $0 \cdot 2$ | 1.5 | 2.9 |
| C. Animals, living, for food . | 9.2 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 7-1 | $13 \cdot 1$ | 11.4 | 11.6 | 12.6 |
| D. Meat. . . . . . | $90 \cdot 1$ | $92 \cdot 8$ | $96 \cdot 8$ | 118.7 | 148.8 | 166.8 | 161.7 | $107 \cdot 8$ |
| E. Dairy produce. | $79 \cdot 3$ | $75 \cdot 3$ | $62 \cdot 2$ | $66 \cdot 3$ | 84.4 | 85.3 | 91.1 | 75.7 |
| F. Fresh fruit and vegetables | $36 \cdot 3$ | $33 \cdot 8$ | $26 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | 5.4 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | 15.9 |
| G. Beverages and cocoa preparations | 40.4 | $34 \cdot 9$ | $40 \cdot 3$ | 41.1 | $36 \cdot 3$ | 49.9 | $49 \cdot 3$ | 48.7 |
| H. Other food . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 55.7 | $63 \cdot 6$ | 64.9 | 71.8 | 70.9 | $87 \cdot 5$ | $90 \cdot 1$ | 72.0 |
| I. Tobacco.. | 22.5 | $12 \cdot 7$ | $8 \cdot 7$ | 17.9 | $20 \cdot 5$ | $41 \cdot 6$ | $32 \cdot 6$ | 51.8 |
| II. Raw materials and articles mainly ummanufactured |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 218.0 | $216 \cdot 5$ | $326 \cdot 3$ | $224 \cdot 7$ | 236-1 | $262 \cdot 7$ | $278 \cdot 3$ | 279.9 |
| B. Other non-metalliferous mining and quarry products . . . . . | $4 \cdot 6$ | 5.0 | $7 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | 7.0 | 10.4 | 10.0 | 7.8 |
| C. Iron ore and scrap . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 11.2 | 9.7 | $16 \cdot 6$ | $14 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 7$ | 7.9 | 9.3 | $15 \cdot 4$ |
| D. Non-ferrous metalliferous ores and scrap | $15 \cdot 4$ | $17 \cdot 3$ | 24.4 | $22 \cdot 4$ | $24 \cdot 6$ | $26 \cdot 5$ | $20 \cdot 7$ | 19.5 |
| E. Wood and timber. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $42 \cdot 6$ | $36 \cdot 9$ | 37.7 | 24.8 | $20 \cdot 4$ | $32 \cdot 6$ | 35.9 | 45.7 |
| F. Raw cotton and cotton waste . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 28.3 | 33.0 | 49.8 | $35 \cdot 8$ | 52.6 | $53 \cdot 7$ | 42.0 | $46 \cdot 5$ |
| G. Wool, raw and waste, and woollen rags . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $30 \cdot 1$ | 31.8 | $62 \cdot 5$ | 21.9 | $27 \cdot 4$ | 19.0 | $35 \cdot 7$ | 29.2 |
| H. Silk, raw and waste, and artificial silk waste. . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.0 | 2.5 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 1.4 | 0.7 | 10 | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| I. Other textile materials. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $9 \cdot 3$ | $11 \cdot 1$ | $18 \cdot 2$ | $8 \cdot 4$ | 10.0 | $10 \cdot 8$ | 10.7 | 11.2 |
| J. Seeds and nuts for oil, oils, fats, resins and gums . . . . . . . | 30.0 | $30 \cdot 4$ | 44.4 | 39.5 | 39.8 | $55 \cdot 3$ | 53.4 | $46 \cdot 1$ |
| K. Hides and skins, undressed . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\begin{array}{r}8 \cdot 7 \\ \hline 17.7\end{array}$ | 7.7 | $12 \cdot 1$ | $8 \cdot 3$ | 12.4 | $10 \cdot 4$ | 11.5 | $14 \cdot 2$ |
| L. Paper-making materials . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 17.7 -18 | 16.4 | $14 \cdot 4$ | $8 \cdot 6$ | 11.6 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 10.0 | $17 \cdot 1$ |
| M. Rubber. | -8.8 -9.3 | 5.9 | $22 \cdot 6$ | 21.0 | 9.1 | $13 \cdot 1$ | 24.9 | $10 \cdot 8$ |
| Other Class II. | 9.3 | $8 \cdot 8$ | 11.9 | 11.9 | 12.8 | 118 | $12 \cdot 3$ | $14 \cdot 3$ |
| III. Articles wholly or mainly monufactured |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 215.2 | 228.9 | 381.5 | $480 \cdot 4$ | 308.9 | $438 \cdot 8$ | $474 \cdot 7$ | 289.7 |
| B. Pottery, glass, abrasives, etc. | $7 \cdot 1$ | 4.9 | $1 \cdot 3$ | $1 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | 2.0 | $0 \cdot 7$ | 0.7 |
| C. Iron and steel and manufactures thereof. . . | $14 \cdot 6$ | $18 \cdot 5$ | 48.1 | 69.0 | 47.0 | 58.9 | 32.9 | $6 \cdot 2$ |
| D. Non-ferrous metals and manufactures thereof | 31.8 | 36.0 | 58.8 | 56.6 | $60 \cdot 3$ | 83.7 | 65.7 | $16 \cdot 6$ |
| E. Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments | $6 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | 9.2 | 13.9 | $10 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 8$ |
| F. Electrical goods and apparatus . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.0 | 2.7 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | 23.9 | $18 \cdot 7$ |
| G. Machinery . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $20 \cdot 3$ | 22.4 | $38 \cdot 5$ | 49.6 | $32 \cdot 3$ | $40 \cdot 6$ | $39 \cdot 4$ | $18 \cdot 3$ |
| H. Manufactures of wood and timber | $6 \cdot 1$ | 4.9 | 3.9 | $2 \cdot 5$ | 2.4 | $6 \cdot 5$ | 8.5 | 13.7 |
| I. Cotton yarns and manufactures .. | 2.9 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 2.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.8 |
| L. Manufactures of other textile materials | $4 \cdot 5$ | 6.9 | $16 \cdot 1$ | 4.2 | 5.7 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 10.2 | $7 \cdot 4$ |
| M. Apparel . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $7 \cdot 6$ | 5.3 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | $5 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 8$ |
| O. Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours | $13 \cdot 1$ | 15.4 | 16.9 | 15.4 | $18 \cdot 8$ | 22.0 | 23.7 | $18 \cdot 6$ |
| P. Oils, fats and resins, manufactured. | 43.0 | $44 \cdot 7$ | -70.7 | 93.0 | $100 \cdot 3$ | $152 \cdot 5$ | $220 \cdot 4$ | 142.8 |
| Q. Leather and manufactures thereof | $5 \cdot 5$ | 7.2 15.6 | 8.4 16.3 | 3.6 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 4$ |
| R. Paper, cardboard, etc. | 14.8 | 15.6 | $16 \cdot 3$ 46.3 | 5.0 106.2 | 4.6 | 4.6 16.3 | 6.4 | 11.5 |
| S. Vehicles (including locomotives, ships and aircraft) Other Class III | $4 \cdot 7$ 29.9 | 8.9 28.2 | 16.3 -44.4 | $106 \cdot 2$ 64.1 | 5.7 11.3 | 16.3 15.9 | 7.9 12.0 | 5.4 13.0 |
| IV. Antmals not for food | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 0.8 | 2.9 | $2 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | 3.9 |
| V. Parcel post | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 0$ | $3 \cdot 8$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | $10 \cdot 7$ | $13 \cdot 1$ | $27 \cdot 6$ | $15 \cdot 1$ |

EXTERNALTRADE
Value of exports of the produce and manufactures of the United Kingdom
Analysis by clagses and groupa
TABLE 144
£ million

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Food, drink and tobacco |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 35.9 | 35.7 | 33.4 | 27.8 | 18.4 | 19.0 | 22.9 | 55.7 |
| A. Grain and flour | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 2.0 |
| D. Meat. | 1.2 | $1 \cdot 2$ | 0.7 | 0.3 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 2$ | 0.4 |
| E. Dairy produce | $1 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | 0.9 | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.3 | 0.6 | 2.9 |
| G. Beverages and cocoa preparations. | 13.8 | 15.9 | 19.6 | 17.0 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 10.7 | 15.2 |
| I. Tobacco | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.8 | $5 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | 5.2 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 12.1 |
| Other food | 13.2 | 11.3 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 4.4 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 5.0 | $23 \cdot 1$ |
| II. Raw materials and articles mainly ummanufactured |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 57.0 | 54.5 | $36 \cdot 2$ | 15.7 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 9.4 | $8 \cdot 1$ | $15 \cdot 1$ |
| A. Coal | 37.4 | 38.3 | 25.3 | 8.0 | 6.0 | $6 \cdot 4$ | 5.0 | 6.6 |
| B. Other non-metalliferous mining and quarry products. | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.2 | $0 \cdot 8$ | 0.6 | 0.5 | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| D. Non-ferrous metalliferous ores and scrap. | 2.3 | 1.6 | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| G. Wool, raw and waste, and woollen rags ....... | $6 \cdot 3$ | 4.7 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 2.8 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.7 |
| J. Seeds and nuts for oil, oils, fats, resins and gums | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.3 |
| K. Hides and skins, undressed. | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1-1 | 1.0 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.0 |
| L. Paper-making materials. | 1.2 4.7 | 0.9 4.8 | 0.3 3.1 | 0.2 2.2 | 1.5 |  | 1.4 | 0.2 3.6 |
| III. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $365 \cdot 2$ | $338 \cdot 1$ | $334 \cdot 1$ | $316 \cdot 1$ | 236.6 | 201.4 | 229.9 | 306.8 |
| A. Coke and manufactured fuel. | $3 \cdot 3$ | 4.0 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| B. Pottery, glass, abrasives, etc. | 9.6 | 9.4 | 11.5 | 13.5 | 11.4 | $9 \cdot 0$ | 9.5 | 13.0 |
| C. Iron and steel and manufactures thereof | 41.7 | 32.9 | 31.2 | 19.0 | 9.9 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 8.6 | $20 \cdot 9$ |
| D. Non-ferrous metals and manufactures thereof. | 12.3 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 12.1 |
| E. Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments | 9.0 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 9.1 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 7.7 | 10.0 |
| F. Electrical goods and apparatus | $13 \cdot 6$ | 11.3 | 13.2 | 11.4 | 11.2 | $11 \cdot 1$ | 12.6 | 13.8 |
| G. Machinery. | 57.2 | 47.0 | 36.2 | 30.9. | 29.9 | 27.9 | 40.9 | $46 \cdot 2$ |
| H. Manufactures of wood and timber | 1.2 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 0.8 | 0.5 | $0 \cdot 4$ | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| I. Cotton yarns and manufactures... | 49.7 | 49.1 | 49.3 | 44.7 | $40 \cdot 1$ | 34.2 | $37 \cdot 1$ | 42.7 |
| J. Woollen and worsted yarns and manufactures | 26.8 | 26.7 | 28.7 | 29.8 | $25 \cdot 1$ | 18.5 | $15 \cdot 3$ | 21.6 |
| K. Silk and artificial silk yarns and manufactures. | 5.5 | 5.9 | $8 \cdot 7$ | 11.8 | 16.4 | 12.7 | 16.4 | 17.3 |
| L. Manufactures of other textile materials | 10.7 | $11 \cdot 1$ | 12.4 | $9 \cdot 6$ | 8.9 | $6 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 1$ |
| M. Apparel | 8.5 | $8 \cdot 3$ | 7.5 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 11.2 |
| N. Footwear. | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 5.4 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.2 |
| O. Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours | 22.2 | 22.7 | 27.6 | 25.0 | 24.0 | 27.9 | 29.4 | 38.2 |
| P. Oils, fats and resins, manufactured | 5.4 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 3.0 | 2.2 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 3.0 |
| Q. Leather and manufactures thereof. | 3.9 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 3.7 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.8 |
| R. Paper, cardboard, etc. | $6 \cdot 9$ | $6 \cdot 7$ | 9.8 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 5.0 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | 5.2 |
| S. Vehicles (including locomotives, ships and aircraft) | $45 \cdot 1$ | 40.0 | 31.5 | $35 \cdot 7$ | 9.2 | 8.8 | 13.4 | 20.2 |
| T. Rubber manufactures . $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 0.8 | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| U. Miscellaneous articles wholly or mainly manufactured | 28.8 | 28.4 | 31.4 | 39.4 | 15.9 | 13.4 | $16 \cdot 3$ | 19.8 |
| IV. Animals not for food | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.7 |
| V. Parcel post | 12.0 | $10 \cdot 5$ | 6.7 | 5.5 | 5.8 | $3 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | 210 |

Value of imports
Analysis by source
TABLE 145
£ million

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total British countries(1) Foreign countries | $\begin{aligned} & 919 \cdot 5 \\ & 371.5 \\ & 548.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 885 \cdot 5 \\ & 358 \cdot 1 \\ & 527 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,152 \cdot 1 \\ 548 \cdot 5 \\ 603 \cdot 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,145 \cdot 1 \\ 515 \cdot 0 \\ 630 \cdot 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 996 \cdot 7 \\ & 456 \cdot 3 \\ & 540 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,233 \cdot 9 \\ 479 \cdot 8 \\ 754 \cdot 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,309 \cdot 3 \\ 517 \cdot 2 \\ 792 \cdot 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,103 \cdot 7 \\ 522.6 \\ 581 \cdot 1 \end{array}$ |
| France and Northern Europe .... Rest of Europe | 262.2 46.0 | $240 \cdot 6$ 42.7 | 109.0 40.8 | 46.0 18.4 | 49.7 17.1 | 42.7 17.3 | 52.2 29.8 | 98.7 31.1 |
| Africa | 63.4 | 68.7 | 95.7 | 86.6 | $102 \cdot 4$ | $106 \cdot 4$ | 122.5 | 101.4 |
| India and Western Asia Rest of Asia | $\begin{aligned} & 79 \cdot 4 \\ & 44 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76.5 \\ & 38.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 101 \cdot 6 \\ 63.4 \end{array}$ | 75.2 50.3 | 73.2 14.5 | 88.1 0.3 | 91.6 0.6 | 90.4 3.2 |
| Oceania. <br> North America <br> Central America and West Indies <br> South America | 120.7 199.3 34.7 69.6 | 105.6 199.4 34.3 78.9 | 154.0 428.3 46.2 113.1 | 103.6 602.8 71.9 90.3 | 100.4 505.0 49.5 84.9 | 82.4 739.4 58.0 99.3 | 98.0 745.7 54.6 114.3 | 111.4 526.8 50.7 90.0 |
| Argentine Republic. | 38.5 | 46.8 | 61.4 | 52.2 | 49.4 | 58.3 | $80 \cdot 7$ | 47.6 |
| Australia. . | 71.8 | 62.0 | 96.8 | 46.4 | 40.0 | 32.7 | 45.9 | 50.5 |
| Belgium | 18.6 | 18.8 | 9.4 | 14. | 16.2 | 17.9 | 2.8 | 3.1 21.4 |
| Brazil | 7.7 | 8.8 | 16.8 | 14.2 | 16.2 | 17.9 | 18.0 | 21.4 |
| Canada .............. | 78.7 12.4 | 80.0 10.7 | 147.1 12.4 | 190.8 12.0 | 150.2 9.6 | $200 \cdot 2$ 25.1 | 18.0 16.2 | 199.9 |
| Ceylon and Dependencies Denmark including Faree Islands | 12.4 37.9 | $10 \cdot 7$ 36.4 | 12.4 11.4 | 12.0 0.7 | 9.6 0.6 | 25.1 0.5 | 16.2 0.5 | $15 \cdot 2$ 8.2 |
| Dutch East Indies . | $6 \cdot 4$ | 5.9 | $15 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 5$ | 3.8 | - | - | - |
| Dutch West Indies | 14.7 | 13.9 | 25.2 | 50.5 | $35 \cdot 1$ | 28.7 | 25.0 | 21.0 |
| Egypt | 11.6 | $12 \cdot 1$ | 13.4 | 9.0 | 15.6 | 11.0 | $13 \cdot 1$ | 13.9 |
| Eire | 23.0 | 25.3 | 31.7 | $32 \cdot 1$ | 34.0 | 28.4 | $30 \cdot 8$ | 35.0 |
| Finland | 19.3 23.6 | $14 \cdot 6$ | 14.7 | 0.1 | -0.1 | - | 0.1 | 4.4 |
| France... ${ }^{\text {Germany }}$ ) | $33 \cdot 6$ $30 \cdot 1$ | 19.4 | 14.7 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.1 | - | 0.1 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| India . | 49.9 | 48.5 | 72.9 | 57.3 | $60 \cdot 1$ | 59.8 | 69.3 | 66.8 |
| Burma | 6.0 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 7.2 | 9.2 | 2.7 | $0 \cdot 1$ |  | - |
| Malaya (British)( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) | 12.2 | 9.9 | 20.2 | $20 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | - | - | 2.0 |
| Netherlands ${ }^{\text {New }}$ Zealand .... | 29.3 46.9 | $30 \cdot 2$ 41.8 | 11.8 55.8 | $\overline{56.4}$ | $\overline{60.3}$ | 49.8 | 52.2 | 1.3 60.9 |
| Nigeria (including Cameroons under British mandate) | 6.3 | 71.8 7.2 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 60.3 18.2 | 18.7 | 52.2 21.1 | 17.5 |
| Northern Rhodesia .............. | $4 \cdot 11$ | 6.0 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 10.5 | 12.5 | $13 \cdot 6$ | 6.3 |
| Soviet Union . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 19.5 24.5 | 8.2 25.6 | 1.3 10.2 | 1.1 1.3 | 3.2 0.4 | 1.8 0.7 | 2.2 0.9 | 3.8 22.4 |
| United States of America | 118.0 | 117.3 | 275.3 | 409.0 | 352.6 | 5352 | 532.5 | 320.8 |
| Union of South Africa . | 14.6 | 15.9 | 23.3 | 15.9 | 16.6 | 12.3 | 14.3 | 14.5 |

()) Including protectorates, mandated territories and territories under condominium.

Source : Board of Trade
(1) Including Austria in 1939 and 1945.
() Straits Settlements and Dependencies (including Labuan) and Federated and Unfederated Malay States.

## Value of exports of the produce and manufactures of the United Kingdom

Analyais by destination
TABLE 146

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total British countries( ${ }^{( }$) Foreign countries | $\begin{aligned} & 470 \cdot 8 \\ & 234 \cdot 8 \\ & 236 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 439.5 \\ & 216.6 \\ & 222.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 411 \cdot 2 \\ & 247 \cdot 4 \\ & 163 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 365 \cdot 4 \\ & 232 \cdot 2 \\ & 133 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | 271.3 1750 96.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 233 \cdot 5 \\ 149.2 \\ 84 \cdot 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 266 \cdot 3 \\ 169.8 \\ 96 \cdot 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 399.3 \\ & 213.9 \\ & 185.4 \end{aligned}$ |
| France and Northern Europe . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 140.0 | 132.9 | 69.3 | 47.0 | 34.5 | $24 \cdot 2$ | $46 \cdot 4$ | 120.2 |
| Africa | $73 \cdot 6$ | 68.5 | 69.0 | $70 \cdot 4$ | 60.9 | 56.7 | 65.9 | 83.4 |
| India and Western Asia Rest of Asia | 48.2 29.9 | 41.4 26.7 | 44.5 28.4 | $40 \cdot 4$ 27.2 | 31.8 4.1 | 25.3 1.2 | 35.9 1.2 | 52.9 3.3 |
| Oceania................ | 58.2 44.0 | 48.8 51.9 | $63 \cdot 3$ 66.3 | 53.1 70.9 | $45 \cdot 1$ 49.9 | $40 \cdot 1$ $43 \cdot 1$ | 46.6 41.2 | 49.6 42.7 |
| Indies <br> South America | $10 \cdot 5$ $34 \cdot 2$ | 9.1 34.5 | 9.9 $34 \cdot 5$ | 9.6 $\mathbf{2 7 . 3}$ | 8.9 24.6 | 8.2 21.3 | 6.7 10.1 | 8.7 15.9 |
| Argentine Republic. | 19.3 | $20 \cdot 4$ | 17.8 | 15.5 | 13.3 | 9.6 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 4$ |
| Australia. | 38.2 | 32.3 | $46 \cdot 3$ | 38.0 | $32 \cdot 3$ | 26.9 | $32 \cdot 1$ | $35 \cdot 2$ |
| Belgium | 8.2 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 3.0 | - | 0.4 | - | 0.9 | 310 |
| Brazil | $5 \cdot 2$ | 4.6 | 5.0 | 3.5 | $3 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 3.4 |
| Canada | 22.5 | 22.4 | 32.2 | 38.4 | 25.5 | 23.2 | 21.8 | 23.7 |
| Ceylon and Dependencies | 3.5 | $3 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.0 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 5.8 |
| Islands .............. | 15.8 | 17.6 | $4 \cdot 6$ | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 2.9 |
| Dutch East Indies | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 7.6 | 1.7 | 1.3 | -1.4 |  |
| Egypt ........... | 0.6 8.7 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 9.4 9.0 | 1.1 8.8 | 1.3 4.5 | 5.9 | 11.3 |
| Eire | 20.3 | 22.9 | 23.2 | 19.0 | 17.9 | 11.5 | 11.9 | 18.6 |
| Finland | 5.5 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 4.0 | - | - | - |  | $0 \cdot 3$ |
| France. | $15 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 6$ | $16 \cdot 4$ | - | - | - | $6 \cdot 8$ | 25.7 |
|  | 20.5 33.8 | 12.3 29.7 | $33 \cdot 3$ | 31.6 | 22.3 |  | 23.5 | 23.8 |
| Murma $\ldots$................... | 23.6 | 29.9 | 33.3 3.2 | 31.6 3.5 | 22.3 0.6 | $17 \cdot 6$ | 23.5 | 33.1 1.2 |
| Malaya (British)( ${ }^{2}$ ) . . . . . . | 11.1 | 10.3 | 11.7 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 1.0 |  |  | 0.9 |
| Netherlands ........... | $13 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | . |  | 0.3 | 0.5 | 5.9 |
| Now Zealand | 19.2 | 16.0 | 16.5 | 14.8 | 12.6 | 12.9 | 14.2 | 14.0 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Nigeria (including Came- } \\ \text { roons under } \begin{array}{c} \text { British } \\ \text { mandate) } \end{array} . . . . . . . . . \end{gathered}$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.6 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | 7.5 | 7.5 |
| Northern Rhodesia . . . . | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Soviet Union ......... | 6.5 11.7 | 4.6 14.1 | 0.5 4.8 | 23.4 0.7 | 9.9 0.5 | 9.8 0.5 | 23.9 0.3 | 16.3 2.7 |
| United States of America | 20.5 | 28.4 | 33.0 | 31.8 | 23.8 | 19.5 | 18.9 | 18.6 |
| Union of South Africa .. | 39.5 | $36 \cdot 2$ | 38.2 | 39.2 | 31.5 | 21.7 | 24.8 | $35 \cdot 7$ |

(1) Including protectorates, mandated territories and territories under condominium.

Source : Board of Trade
(3) Straits Settlements and Dependencies (including Labuan) and Federated and Unfederated Malay States.

Quantity of imports
Principal articles of food, drink and tobacco imported
TABLE 147

|  | Unit | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat | Mn. tons | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 3.5 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | 3.6 |
| Barley | Th. tons | 993.8 | 687.0 | $457 \cdot 3$ | 63.8 | - | - | - | 101.8 |
| Maize | Mn . tons | 2.9 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Rice. | Th. tons | 133.7 | $143 \cdot 2$ | 191.3 | 178.6 | 53.4 | 131.1 | 41.9 | $25 \cdot 2$ |
| Peas and beans, not fresh | " | 145.1 | 135.1 | $146 \cdot 7$ | 157.9 | 48.1 | 69.5 | 71.5 | 66.1 |
| Wheat meal and flour | " | $383 \cdot 8$ | 366.7 | $577 \cdot 4$ | $707 \cdot 9$ | 374.4 | 717.5 | 791.5 | $542 \cdot 8$ |
| Feeding-stuffs for animals | Mn. tons | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | - | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Cattle, living, for food | Thous. | $646 \cdot 7$ | 705.8 | $560 \cdot 3$ | 287.8 | 547.8 | $409 \cdot 4$ | $401 \cdot 6$ | $447 \cdot 5$ |
| Meat : <br> Other than tinned or canned : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beef ................... | Th. tons | 613.3 | 610.4 | 566.4 | 551.5 | 489.7 | 321.4 | 352.2 | 207.5 |
| Veal | " | 17.4 | 17.9 | 11.9 | 9.0 | 5.6 | 13.4 | 16.3 | 14.9 |
| Mutton | " | 82.5 874.4 | 69.0 | 124.2 | 51.0 | 57.3 | 58.3 | 102.1 | 111.9 |
| Lamb | " | $274 \cdot 4$ | $270 \cdot 1$ | 291.6 | 282.9 | 326.0 | 371.0 | $282 \cdot 8$ | $266 \cdot 0$ |
| Bacon and ham ........... |  | 376.6 | 394.8 60.3 | 238.6 68.6 | 274.2 | $326 \cdot 0$ 108.4 | 334.5 | 399.8 389.4 | $243 \cdot 5$ |
| Pork and other pig products | " | 70.7 | 60.3 | 68.6 | 93.3 | 108.4 | $225 \cdot 2$ | 389.4 | 201.7 |
| Tinned and canned meat of all descriptions | " | 72.9 | 102.9 | $123 \cdot 3$ | 230.9 | 281.9 | 298.0 | 213.5 | $97 \cdot 4$ |
| Poultry and game, dead (including tinned and canned) ..... | " | 23.5 | 21.8 | 11.6 | $10 \cdot 3$ | $13 \cdot 1$ | 10.7 | 12.0 | 9.7 |
| Dairy products : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter . | " | $475 \cdot 9$ | $436 \cdot 8$ | 264.4 | 218.1 | $134 \cdot 3$ | 151.6 | 153.2 | $190 \cdot 1$ |
| Cheese. | " | 146.4 | $142 \cdot 3$ | $156 \cdot 2$ | 203.4 | $315 \cdot 2$ | 207.0 | 251.9 | 191.2 |
| Eggs in shell ........ | " | $191 \cdot 0$ | $195 \cdot 4$ | 102.7 | 61.3 | 23.3 | $15 \cdot 8$ | $23 \cdot 1$ | $47 \cdot 6$ |
| Eggs dried whole (1) | " | 0.3 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.4 | 7.5 | 56.0 | 73.4 | 80.0 | 24.4 |
| Condensed milk | " | 81.7 | 70.0 | 70.4 | 139.7 | 192.0 | 137.3 | 93.2 | $65 \cdot 4$ |
| Milk powder | " | $17 \cdot 8$ | $15 \cdot 1$ | 15.8 | 26.6 | 65.0 | $81 \cdot 1$ | 83.0 | 30.0 |
| Fruit, fresh or raw : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apples....................... | " | 353.4 305.0 | 234.2 287.6 | 92.0 | 16.2 | 20.6 | 8.0 | 20.1 | $30 \cdot 3$ |
| Oranges | ", | 538.3 | 563.3 | 413.1 | 84.2 | 104.7 | 45.3 | 165.7 | 305.9 |
| Other fresh fruit | " | $280 \cdot 3$ | 236.2 | 92.7 | 10.1 | 1.0 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 18.9 | 54.0 |
| Nuts used as fruit | " | 70.6 | 59.9 | $35 \cdot 9$ | 4.0 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 8.9 | $5 \cdot 4$ |
| Vegetables, fresh : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Potatoes | " | 146.2 | 146.2 | 104.9 | 28.5 | 18.0 | $6 \cdot 7$ | 8.1 | 7.9 |
| Onions | " | 228.6 | 249.3 | 138.8 | 9.9 | 5.0 | 0.1 | 27.9 | $46 \cdot 2$ |
| Tomatoes . . . . | " | 143.3 | 142.0 | 58.2 | 1.8 | -0.7 | - | -0.6 | 7.4 |
| Other fresh vegetables | " | 50.5 | 43.9 | 10.3 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| Cocoa, raw................... | " | 131.5 | 128.8 | $120 \cdot 2$ | 148.8 | 164.4 | 172.2 | 145.3 | $95 \cdot 3$ |
| Coffee, not kiln dried, roasted or ground ${ }^{( }{ }^{1}$ ) | " | 13.9 | 26.3 | 55.4 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 22.2 | 39.9 | 37.6 | $42 \cdot 3$ |
|  |  | 205.6 | 158.1 | 171.8 | 209.9 | 154.3 | 206.1 | 189.8 | $170 \cdot 9$ |
| Wine( ${ }^{(1)}$ | Mn. galls. | 15.4 | 16.8 | 14.6 | $1 \cdot 8$ | 0.9 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.3 | $3 \cdot 8$ |
| Fish (not of British taking) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fresh or frozen. | Th. tons | 81.8 | 97.6 | 163.6 | 144.6 | $162 \cdot 1$ | 175.9 | 209.3 | 229.1 |
| Canned ...... | " | $77 \cdot 1$ | 84.8 | 97.7 | 79.6 | 135.6 | 148.6 | 62.7 | 38.7 |
| Fruit, dried : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Currants and raisins ......... | " | 136.0 | 148.2 | 87.4 | 133.2 | 89.2 | 109.4 | 164.8 | 89.1 |
| Plums, prunes and prunellos... | " | 23.9 | 18.8 | $16 \cdot 7$ | 33.9 | 54.0 | 44.9 | 38.9 | 9.9 |
| Fruit tinned or bottled in syrup . . | " | 199.9 | 255.1 | 126.3 | 21.6 | 6.6 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 22.2 | $13 \cdot 1$ |
| Dates......................... | " | 21.9 | 18.0 | $15 \cdot 1$ | 25.1 | 38.0 | 10.4 | 26.7 | 40.3 |
| Edible oils and fats, refined Lard |  | 72.0 | 79.6 | 34.7 | 96.6 | 218.5 | 218.4 | 189.2 | 90.7 |
| Others |  | 65.6 | 51.6 | $43 \cdot 6$ | 39.8 | 34.0 | $42 \cdot 3$ | $50 \cdot 1$ | 19.4 |
| Sugar, unrefined ................ | Mn. tons | 2.4 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 1.4 | 1.6 | 0.8 | $1 \cdot 4$ | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Tobacco, unmanufactured. . . . . . | Mn. lb. | $344 \cdot 9$ | 211.5 | $141 \cdot 4$ | 213.7 | 264.9 | $354 \cdot 1$ | 229.9 | 368.8 |

(I) Retained imports.

Source : Board of Trade

TABLE 148

|  | Unit | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asbestos, raw and fibre | Th. tons | 50.9 | $54 \cdot 8$ | 87.8 | 50.4 | $66 \cdot 6$ | 53.3 | 69.5 | 66.7 |
| Magnesite |  | 57.1 | 48.5 | 89.0 | $80 \cdot 3$ | 28.6 | 55.9 | 22.5 | 3.9 |
| Mica, slabs and splittings( ${ }^{(1)}$ | " | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.5 |
| Sulphur .................. | " | 131.5 | $160 \cdot 2$ | $217 \cdot 1$ | 293.6 | 125.0 | 268.9 | 197.2 | 198.2 |
| Iron ore, other than manganiferous. Iron and steel scrap | Mn. tons | 5.1 0.6 | 5.2 0.6 | 4.5 0.9 | 2.3 0.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 4.1 0.2 |
| Bauxite | Th. tons | 249.6 | $302 \cdot 1$ | 112.4 | 87.2 | $47 \cdot 8$ | 241.8 | $172 \cdot 1$ | 162.6 |
| Chromium ore (chromite or chrome iron ore). | " | $37 \cdot 6$ | $50 \cdot 6$ | $87 \cdot 6$ | 56.0 | 99.6 | $36 \cdot 6$ | 93.8 | 50.4 |
| Copper ore (including regulus and matte) and precipitate and cement copper ; nickel ore, concentrates and matte. . . |  | 29.6 | $34 \cdot 1$ | 32.7 | 27.7 | $26 \cdot 5$ | 20.3 | $21 \cdot 8$ | 19.4 |
| Cryolite .............................. | " | $5 \cdot 3$ | 4.7 | 1.3 | $3 \cdot 6$ | 4.9 | 1.6 | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| Manganese ore | " | 192.7 | 325.0 | $247 \cdot 1$ | 314.2 | 421.2 | 444.6 | 315.3 | 314.9 |
| Molybdenum ore | " | 1.9 | 4.9 | 2.4 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | 0.5 | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| Tin ore and concentrates | " | 55.5 | 54.0 | 83.9 | 65.5 | 43.9 | 52.0 | 32.9 | 44.9 |
| Tungsten (including tin-tungsten ores). . | " | 10.9 | 9.9 | $13 \cdot 4$ | 12.6 | 7.6 | 6.6 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 3.7 |
| Vanadium ores (lead vanadate)........ | " |  |  |  |  | 2.6 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 1.3 |
| Zinc ore and concentrates ............ | " | $157 \cdot 3$ | $177 \cdot 5$ | $226 \cdot 2$ | 201.5 | 142.7 | $97 \cdot 1$ | 179.0 | $156 \cdot 6$ |
| Timber : Softwoods : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sawn, not further prepared | standards | 1.5 | $1 \cdot 2$ | 0.7 | 0.5 | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| Planed or dressed, excluding boxboards | Th. standards | 297.9 | 317.9 | 141.0 | $17 \cdot 8$ | $12 \cdot 3$ | 39.7 | 54.8 | 56.6 |
| Hardwoods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hewn . | Mn . cu. ft. | $4 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | 3.5 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 4.9 | 4.8 |
| Sawn, not further prepared |  | $30 \cdot 7$ | $27 \cdot 3$ | 21.4 | $10 \cdot 4$ | $8 \cdot 7$ | $8 \cdot 3$ | 11.3 | 11.4 |
| Pitprops | Th. standards | 821.7 | $634 \cdot 1$ | $433 \cdot 2$ | 74.9 | 11.4 | $28 \cdot 3$ | 74.4 | 193.5 |
| Sleepers. |  | 117.2 | $69 \cdot 6$ | $13 \cdot 1$ | 25.0 | 41.7 | 14.7 | 51.0 | $60 \cdot 7$ |
| Veneers | Th. tons | $12 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 9$ | $16 \cdot 6$ | $17 \cdot 6$ | 25.4 | 44.6 | 31.5 | 13.8 |
| Cotton, raw (except linters)( ${ }^{1}$ ) | " | $518 \cdot 3$ | 552.4 | $627 \cdot 8$ | 364-1 | 525.9 | $440 \cdot 8$ | $360 \cdot 3$ | 385.7 |
| Wool, raw : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sheep's and lambs'(1) | Mn. lb. | 624.6 | 703.5 | 1,005 • 3 | $330 \cdot 3$ | 411.4 | 269.5 | 508.5 | 428.4 |
| Other. | " | $9 \cdot 1$ | 12.0 | 15.1 | 5.5 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 1.9 | $9 \cdot 1$ |
| Silk, raw | " | $5 \cdot 3$ | 4.4 | $5 \cdot 5$ | $1 \cdot 6$ | 0.3 | 0.4 | $0 \cdot 5$ | 0.6 |
| Flax (excluding tow or codilla). | Th. tons | $40 \cdot 7$ | $46 \cdot 2$ | 17.3 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 9$ | $12 \cdot 2$ | 12.9 | 17.7 |
| Hemp (excluding tow or codilla) | ," | $80 \cdot 5$ | $100 \cdot 4$ | 152.9 | 101.8 | 88.7 | $70 \cdot 1$ | $97 \cdot 3$ | 83.0 |
| Jute, raw ${ }^{1}$ )..................... | ", | $160 \cdot 2$ | 142.0 | 192.0 | 94.8 | $106 \cdot 1$ | $103 \cdot 1$ | $82 \cdot 8$ | 86.6 |
| Seeds, nuts and kernels for expressing oil | Mn . tons | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.5 | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| Gums and resins( ${ }^{1}$ ) . | Th. tons | $90 \cdot 6$ | $106 \cdot 2$ | $96 \cdot 3$ | 54.9 | $70 \cdot 8$ | $82 \cdot 5$ | $33 \cdot 1$ | $67 \cdot 3$ |
| Oils, fats and greases : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tallow, technical | " | $24 \cdot 3$ | 23.8 | 43.2 | 28.6 | 34.7 | 18.7 | $30 \cdot 4$ | $20 \cdot 9$ |
| Whale oil unrefined .... . . . . . . . . . . | " | 225.7 | 251.9 | 212.4 | $61 \cdot 4$ | 58.3 | 23.4 | $8 \cdot 1$ | $46 \cdot 2$ |
| Other fish oil, unrefined including liver oil | " | 21.3 | 16.4 | $36 \cdot 5$ | $37 \cdot 1$ | 33.6 | 29.0 | $35 \cdot 6$ | $18 \cdot 9$ |
| Crude petroleum | Mn. galls. | 568.0 | 541.4 | $375 \cdot 4$ | $234 \cdot 3$ | 141.9 | 126.5 | $164 \cdot 1$ | 227.7 |
| Vegetable oils, other than essential ${ }^{(1)}$. . | Th. tons | 210.1 | $246 \cdot 2$ | 201.7 | 231.4 | 217.8 | $233 \cdot 5$ | $200 \cdot 6$ | 153.0 |
| Hides and skins, undressed : Cattle hides and calfskins : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wet ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | $41 \cdot 3$ | 49.9 | $80 \cdot 5$ | 57.1 | 79.5 | $60 \cdot 6$ | 84.8 | 76.6 |
| Dry and dry salted(1) | ", | 19.0 | $23 \cdot 8$ | 27.9 | 22.4 | $23 \cdot 1$ | $15 \cdot 3$ | 12.8 | 14.0 |
| Sheep and lamb skins( ${ }^{1}$ ). | , | $17 \cdot 4$ | 18.0 | 25.9 | $10 \cdot 1$ | $14 \cdot 5$ | 12.4 | 16.0 | 17.0 |
| Fur skins, undressed, except rabbit .. | ", | 3.8 | 2.5 | 1.5 | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.1 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 1.0 |
| Rubber, raw, including crepe and latex( ${ }^{1}$ ) | " | 132.0 | 69.2 | 199.8 | 168.0 | $66 \cdot 5$ | 69.5 | 33.9 | 36.4 |
| Synthetic rubber ..................... | " | $410 \cdot 5$ | 462.5 | 413.5 | 0.1 799.2 | $0 \cdot 9$ | 9.7 | 91.1 675.8 | $27 \cdot 6$ |
| Mineral phosphate of lime ............ | " | 410.5 | 462.5 | 413.5 | 799.2 | $287 \cdot 3$ | $788 \cdot 8$ | $675 \cdot 8$ | 642.7 |

Quantity of imports
Princtpal imports of articles wholly or mainly manufactured
TABLE 149

|  | Unit | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iron and steel : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pig iron | Th. tons | $395 \cdot 1$ | $354 \cdot 4$ | $676 \cdot 0$ | $971 \cdot 5$ | $356 \cdot 2$ | $361 \cdot 8$ | 285.0 | 107.9 |
| Ferro-alloys : Total | " | $47 \cdot 6$ | $72 \cdot 6$ | $94 \cdot 2$ | 99.9 | $67 \cdot 4$ | $135 \cdot 0$ | $55 \cdot 6$ | $46 \cdot 9$ |
| Ferro-chromium | " | $10 \cdot 5$ | $14 \cdot 7$ | $19 \cdot 6$ | $27 \cdot 3$ | $17 \cdot 1$ | $28 \cdot 3$ | $11 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 2$ |
| Ferro-manganese refined. | " | $2 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | - |
| Other ferro-manganese and spiegeleisen | " | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.2 | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 2$ | 1.6 | - | $\overline{32}$ |
| Ferro-silicon . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $24 \cdot 6$ | $36 \cdot 3$ | 55.2 | 49.0 | $38 \cdot 3$ | 88.4 | $34 \cdot 6$ | $32 \cdot 2$ |
| Silico-manganese | " | $9 \cdot 2$ | $16 \cdot 5$ | 14.7 | 21.0 | $7 \cdot 7$ | 11.8 | $8 \cdot 7$ | $10 \cdot 9$ |
| Ingots and semi-finished steel : Total . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $373 \cdot 5$ | $830 \cdot 4$ | 2,072-2 | 2,296•0 | 1,599.0 | 1,463•1 | 998.9 | 116.6 |
| Steel ingots (non-alloy) . . . . . . . . . | " | $22 \cdot 6$ | $23 \cdot 5$ | $488 \cdot 2$ | $561 \cdot 5$ | $480 \cdot 4$ | $498 \cdot 1$ | 297.9 | $36 \cdot 4$ |
| Steel blooms, billets and slabs (nonalloy) | " | $315 \cdot 0$ | 369.9 | 1,254•3 | 1,362-3 | 884-2 | $845 \cdot 8$ | $693 \cdot 5$ | $79 \cdot 7$ |
| Sheet bars and tinplate bars (nonalloy) | " | 33.9 | 433.9 | $262 \cdot 6$ | $209 \cdot 5$ | $25 \cdot 6$ | 28.0 | $1 \cdot 7$ | - |
| Finished steel and wrought iron : Total | " | $459 \cdot 4$ | $509 \cdot 1$ | $795 \cdot 2$ | $761 \cdot 2$ | $472 \cdot 3$ | $834 \cdot 5$ | $394 \cdot 2$ | $32 \cdot 8$ |
| Wire rods (non-alloy) . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $60 \cdot 0$ | $66 \cdot 3$ | $150 \cdot 6$ | $118 \cdot 2$ | $118 \cdot 3$ | $132 \cdot 3$ | 90.8 | 17.8 |
| Plates and sheets (uncoated) ...... | " | 71.6 | $88 \cdot 5$ | $196 \cdot 1$ | $180 \cdot 1$ | $24 \cdot 1$ | 319.1 | $136 \cdot 4$ | 1.7 |
| Iron and steel manufactures . . . . . . . . | ", | $68 \cdot 7$ | $54 \cdot 8$ | $51 \cdot 5$ | $48 \cdot 7$ | $14 \cdot 5$ | 19.9 | $30 \cdot 5$ | $9 \cdot 2$ |
| Aluminium and aluminium alloy ingots, blocks, slabs, billets, etc.() . . . . . . . . . | " | 410 | 57.7 | $66 \cdot 1$ | $132 \cdot 7$ | 131.6 | 213.0 | 149.7 | $21 \cdot 1$ |
| Copper, unwrought, including rough( ${ }^{1}$ ). . | " | 259.6 | $307 \cdot 6$ | $472 \cdot 8$ | $449 \cdot 4$ | 441.0 | $494 \cdot 8$ | 451.5 | $143 \cdot 7$ |
| Lead, unwrought ${ }^{1}$ ). . | " | $382 \cdot 1$ | $334 \cdot 3$ | $336 \cdot 5$ | $139 \cdot 3$ | $235 \cdot 5$ | 226.5 | 224.9 | $165 \cdot 4$ |
| Magnesium : ..... | " | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 10 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 33.6 | $20 \cdot 4$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| Nickel and nickel alloys( ${ }^{1}$ ). | " | $9 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 7$ | $11 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | 5.0 | $3 \cdot 5$ | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| Zinc or spelter, unwrought . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $165 \cdot 0$ | $167 \cdot 3$ | $204 \cdot 6$ | $209 \cdot 8$ | 211.7 | $187 \cdot 6$ | $119 \cdot 3$ | $97 \cdot 1$ |
| Watches, complete and complete movements | Millions | $8 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $1 \cdot 8$ | 1.0 | $0 \cdot 5$ | 0.6 | 0.9 | $1 \cdot 2$ |
| Wireless apparatus and valves . . . . . | £ million | $0 \cdot 8$ | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.6 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $16 \cdot 4$ | $12 \cdot 3$ |
| Other electrical goods and apparatus. . . . | " | 2.4 | 1.8 | $3 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 9$ | $7 \cdot 5$ | $6 \cdot 4$ |
| Machinery : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Th. tons | 8.2 | $10 \cdot 5$ | $21 \cdot 8$ | 29.5 | $25 \cdot 1$ | $30 \cdot 6$ | 19.6 | $17 \cdot 6$ |
| Machine tools, new, complete | " | 23.9 85.4 | $30 \cdot 4$ 67.9 | $72 \cdot 1$ 33.8 | $77 \cdot 5$ 19.1 | $41 \cdot 2$ 18.1 | $39 \cdot 5$ $47 \cdot 3$ | 15.0 101.8 | $6 \cdot 5$ 35.6 |
| Other machinery and parts . . | " | 85.4 | 67.9 | $33 \cdot 8$ | 19•1 | $18 \cdot 1$ | $47 \cdot 3$ | 101.8 | $35 \cdot 6$ |
| Wood and timber manufactures : Plywood | Mn. cu. ft. | $10 \cdot 9$ | $8 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | $8 \cdot 4$ |
| Other... | £ million | 2.9 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $1 \cdot 2$ | 0.6 | 0.6 | $0 \cdot 7$ | 0.9 | $6 \cdot 8$ |
| Cotton yarns and manufactures : Woven piece goods( ${ }^{1}$ ) | Mn. sq. yds. | $45 \cdot 7$ | $30 \cdot 3$ | $26 \cdot 5$ | $16 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 2$ | $34 \cdot 2$ | $17 \cdot 4$ | $12 \cdot 8$ |
| Jute manufactures : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Piece goods . . . | Th. tons | 55.2 | 56.0 | 90.0 | $34 \cdot 1$ | 37.2 | 25.8 | $67 \cdot 0$ | $43 \cdot 3$ |
| Sacks and bags. | " | $39 \cdot 6$ | $84 \cdot 1$ | $131 \cdot 5$ | $28 \cdot 5$ | 39.0 | $35 \cdot 7$ | $42 \cdot 9$ | 29.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gloves. | Mn. doz. prs. | 1.7 | 1.4 | $0 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 2$ |
| Hosiery | £ million | $2 \cdot 5$ | 1.7 | 0.4 | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | 1.0 | $0 \cdot 8$ |
| Footwear . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Mn. doz. prs. | $1 \cdot 5$ | 1.6 | 1.0 | $0 \cdot 7$ | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | . . | $0 \cdot 1$ |

) Retained imports.
Source : Board of Trade

Quantity of imports (continued)
Primcipal imports of articies wholly or mainly manufactured
TABLE 149 (continued)

| 1 | Unit | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Superphosphates | Th. tons | 14.4 | 15.4 | - | $30 \cdot 7$ | $73 \cdot 3$ | $134 \cdot 1$ | $60 \cdot 9$ | 70-7 |
| Potassium chloride |  | $89 \cdot 2$ | 119.0 | $77 \cdot 1$ | $87 \cdot 6$ | $110 \cdot 1$ | $144 \cdot 3$ | $213 \cdot 8$ | $165 \cdot 6$ |
| Drugs and medicines | £ million | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | $1 \cdot 3$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | 0.8 | $2 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 3$ |
| Dyes and dyestuffs (including extracts for tanning) | Th. tons | 53.8 | $75 \cdot 5$ | $92 \cdot 6$ | 68.7 | $71 \cdot 3$ | 67.6 | $72 \cdot 5$ | $68 \cdot 5$ |
| Essential oils, other than turpentine. . . . . | " | $2 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | $1 \cdot 5$ | 1.2 | 0.6 | $1 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 1$ |
| Petroleum refined : Kerosene . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Mn. galls. | $206 \cdot 4$ | 208.0 | $272 \cdot 6$ | 291.6 | $235 \cdot 2$ | 330.9 | $367 \cdot 3$ | 342-1 |
| Motor and other spirit | " | 1,474•8 | 1,390.5 | 1,098.5 | 1,435•1 | 1,278.3 | 1,689•1 | 2,921.9 | 2,151-1 |
| Lubricating oil( ${ }^{1}$ ). . | " | 103.9 | $97 \cdot 9$ | $150 \cdot 1$ | $122 \cdot 4$ | $135 \cdot 6$ | $105 \cdot 4$ | $139 \cdot 1$ | $75 \cdot 5$ |
| Gas oil . . . . . . | " | 157.9 | 181.4 | $204 \cdot 1$ | $262 \cdot 5$ | $267 \cdot 1$ | $428 \cdot 2$ | $617 \cdot 5$ | 482.0 |
| Fuel oil and diesel oil |  | $687 \cdot 3$ | $574 \cdot 5$ | $926 \cdot 0$ | 1,115.7 | $727 \cdot 2$ | 1,316-2 | 1,334.9 | 1,009-4 |
| Paraffin wax | Th. 'tons | $40 \cdot 5$ | 43.6 | 67.0 | +156.5 | 59.1 | 1,3178 | 1,38.6 | 1, $33 \cdot 4$ |
| Leather, undressed : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cattle hides and calf hides( ${ }^{1}$ ) | " | 14.8 | 23.5 | $27 \cdot 7$ | $14 \cdot 3$ | $13 \cdot 7$ | 23.4 | $12 \cdot 6$ | $8 \cdot 8$ |
| Skin leather( ${ }^{(1)}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $4 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | 2.8 | $2 \cdot 5$ | 4.0 |
| Leather, dressed | " | 4.0 | $4 \cdot 7$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | $0 \cdot 7$ | $0 \cdot 5$ |
| Newsprint in rolls | " | $446 \cdot 3$ | 423.1 | $238 \cdot 6$ | 121.9 | $66 \cdot 9$ | 95.4 | $135 \cdot 2$ | $186 \cdot 1$ |
| Packing and wrapping paper | " | 202.0 | 255.7 | $125 \cdot 5$ | 9.9 | 11.3 | 11.2 | $13 \cdot 7$ | $33 \cdot 4$ |
| Boards . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $360 \cdot 2$ | 379.7 | $275 \cdot 3$ | 54.3 | 61.5 | $30 \cdot 4$ | 42.0 | 101.8 |
| Other paper | " | $62 \cdot 2$ | $70 \cdot 2$ | $38 \cdot 8$ | $7 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | $9 \cdot 3$ | 18.0 |
| Motor vehicles complete and chassis for motor vehicles( ${ }^{(1)}$ | Thousands | $10 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 6$ | $10 \cdot 0$ | $25 \cdot 5$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | $-0.3{ }^{3}$ ) | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| Tractors | " | 2.9 | $5 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | 11.2 | 7.8 | $6 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 4$ |
| Rubber tyres and tubes | Millions | 0.5 | 0.6 | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | 0.5 | 1.7 | $2 \cdot 4$ | $1 \cdot 8$ |
| Books, printed( ${ }^{(3)}$ | Th. tons | $16 \cdot 1$ | $12 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | 1.9 | $2 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 6$ |
| Starch, not for food | " | $242 \cdot 1$ | $200 \cdot 0$ | $201 \cdot 7$ | $80 \cdot 4$ | $56 \cdot 3$ | $39 \cdot 3$ | 24.6 | 31.8 |
| Animals not for food |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cows and heifers for breeding | Thousands | 71.6 | 81.0 | $82 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 4$ | $78 \cdot 7$ | $45 \cdot 0$ | $42 \cdot 4$ | 42.9 |
| Horses and ponies( ${ }^{1}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $9 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 7$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | 8.0 | $6 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | $13 \cdot 5$ |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$Retained imports.
Source : Board of Trade
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ And other printed matter for reading purposes (other than music), manuscripts and typescripts.
(3) Re-exports exceeded imports.

Quantity of exports of the produce and manufactures of the United Kingdom
Principal articles exported
TABLE 150

|  | Unit | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Food, difint and tobacco |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat, meal and flour | Th. tons | $106 \cdot 3$ | $80 \cdot 8$ | $14 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 0$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | $26 \cdot 9$ |
| Beer. | Th. bulk barrels | $281 \cdot 3$ | 284.0 | $266 \cdot 8$ | 225.6 | $94 \cdot 8$ | 107.0 | $77 \cdot 6$ | $130 \cdot 4$ |
| Spirits, home made. . | Mn. proof gallons | $9 \cdot 1$ | $10 \cdot 5$ | $12 \cdot 4$ | 9.5 | $7 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 3$ |
| Fish : Fresh or frozen | Th. tons | 53.8 | 29.6 | 1.3 | -0.0 | - | - 0 | - | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| Cured, salted or canned. | " | 165.0 | 71.3 | 23.0 | 0.9 | 4.0 | 0.2 | - | 10-1 |
| Sugar, refined, including candy . . . . . . . . . | " | $362 \cdot 1$ | $314 \cdot 3$ | 16.9 | $44 \cdot 4$ | 25.7 | 3.7 | $8 \cdot 3$ | 79.9 |
| Cigarettes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Mn. ${ }^{\text {lb }}$. | $26 \cdot 5$ | $25 \cdot 1$ | 22.2 | $24 \cdot 6$ | 15.0 | 17.0 | $16 \cdot 3$ | 34.0 |
| Raw materials and articles mainly umanofactured |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal | Mn. tons | 35.9 | 36.9 | 19.6 | $5 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 3$ |
| Bunker coal( ${ }^{1}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $10 \cdot 5$ | 9.6 | $7 \cdot 0$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | $3 \cdot 1$ |
| Wool, raw, sheep's and lambs' : British wool | Mn.lb. | $30 \cdot 1$ | 25.9 | 12.4 | 20.9 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $0 \cdot 7$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | 11.4 |
| Imported wool treated in United Kingdom | " | $12 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 0$ | 2.8 | 0.2 | - | - | - | 2.9 |
| Wool waste . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $16 \cdot 8$ | $13 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 6$ | 1.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.0 |
| Artificial silk waste. | " | 19.9 | $37 \cdot 3$ | $17 \cdot 2$ | $20 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | $6 \cdot 8$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | $16 \cdot 3$ |
| Oils, vegetable, other than essential | Th. tons | 75.0 | $36 \cdot 6$ | 11.7 | 3.9 | 0.9 | $0 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 2$ | 4.0 |
| Tar and pitch.................... . | " | $504 \cdot 3$ | $463 \cdot 5$ | $398 \cdot 0$ | $32 \cdot 0$ | $77 \cdot 7$ | 82.0 | 79.0 | $197 \cdot 5$ |
| Articles wholly or mainly manufactured |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pig iron and ferro-alloys | " | $100 \cdot 7$ | 69.1 | 25.4 | 20.6 | 186 | 167.7 | 3.3 | 34-1 |
| Ingots and semi-finished steel | " | $22 \cdot 1$ | $10 \cdot 7$ | $10 \cdot 5$ | 0.5 | $1 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | 0.8 | $2 \cdot 2$ |
| Finished steel and wrought iron. . . . . . . . . | " | 1,338.3 | 1,138.5 | 817.5 | 347.0 | 175.0 | 73.6 | $156 \cdot 5$ | $463 \cdot 4$ |
| Copper and copper manufactures . . . . . . . | " | 32.4 | 28.2 | 20.4 | 20.9 | 9.7 | 5.7 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 19.4 |
| Brass and alloys of copper other than nickel | " | $21 \cdot 6$ | $20 \cdot 1$ | 12.9 | $9 \cdot 2$ | $8 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 0$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | $13 \cdot 1$ |
| Machinery : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural machinery | " |  | 7.0 | $6 \cdot 7$ | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.0 | $5 \cdot 2$ | $15 \cdot 8$ |
| Boilers and boiler house plant . . . . . . . . | " | 56.0 | 42.0 | 22.7 | $21 \cdot 8$ | $15 \cdot 4$ | $12 \cdot 3$ | 20.0 | $22 \cdot 6$ |
| Cranes, hoists, etc. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $19 \cdot 2$ | $16 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 9$ | 5.2 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | 5.7 | 8.2 |
| Electrical machinery . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $44 \cdot 6$ | $33 \cdot 7$ | $29 \cdot 1$ | $25 \cdot 7$ | $23 \cdot 7$ | $28 \cdot 5$ | 57.8 | 56.8 |
| Machine tools, metal-working and parts | " | $24 \cdot 1$ | $27 \cdot 5$ | 11.4 | $7 \cdot 3$ | $20 \cdot 3$ | $12 \cdot 7$ | $32 \cdot 3$ | 19.8 |
| Mining machinery . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | 25.6 | $27 \cdot 1$ | $18 \cdot 9$ | $10 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | 5.2 |
| Prime movers. . | " | 28.6 | 22.4 | $16 \cdot 1$ | $9 \cdot 5$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | $6 \cdot 9$ | $7 \cdot 0$ | 11.5 |
| Pumps. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | $8 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 8$ | 4.9 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 1$ |
| Sewing machines and parts . . . . . . . . . . . | " | 11.7 | $14 \cdot 7$ | 9.6 | $5 \cdot 2$ | 1.7 | $0 \cdot 7$ | 1.2 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| Textile machinery . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | 70.8 151.9 | 47.5 | $34 \cdot 1$ | $27 \cdot 4$ | 19.2 | 13.0 | $14 \cdot 3$ | 16.8 |
| Other machinery and parts . . . . . . . . . . . | " | 151.9 | 114.9 | $85 \cdot 8$ | $64 \cdot 3$ | 51.8 | $45 \cdot 3$ | $40 \cdot 4$ | $60 \cdot 5$ |
| Cotton yarns and manufactures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton yarns . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Mn. lb. | 123.0 | $113 \cdot 7$ | $66 \cdot 7$ | 28.9 | $18 \cdot 8$ | $19 \cdot 2$ | 19.6 | $16 \cdot 1$ |
| Cotton woven piece goods . . . . . . . . . . . | Mn . sq. yds. | 1,368.5 | $1,373 \cdot 2$ $14 \cdot 3$ | 952.8 14.6 | 764.6 13.6 | $467 \cdot 5$ 14.2 | $359 \cdot 1$ 13.3 | 415.6 12.0 | 423.9 13.8 |
| Finished thread for sewing, etc. . . . . . . . | Mn. lb. | $13 \cdot 5$ | $14 \cdot 3$ | $14 \cdot 6$ | $13 \cdot 6$ | 14-2 | $13 \cdot 3$ | $12 \cdot 0$ | $13 \cdot 8$ |
| Woollen and worsted yarns and manufactures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wool tops | " | $32 \cdot 5$ | $33 \cdot 8$ | $28 \cdot 2$ | $16 \cdot 2$ | 11.7 | $8 \cdot 2$ | 5.0 | $16 \cdot 1$ |
| Woollen and worsted yarns. . . . . . . . . . . |  | $27 \cdot 8$ | $26 \cdot 3$ | $14 \cdot 4$ | $11 \cdot 4$ | $9 \cdot 4$ | $7 \cdot 9$ | $7 \cdot 6$ | 7.9 |
| Woollen and worsted woven tissues( ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ )... | Mn. sq. yds. | $90 \cdot 4$ | $93 \cdot 3$ | $82 \cdot 1$ | $86 \cdot 2$ | 73.0 | $44 \cdot 2$ | $34 \cdot 2$ | 40.6 |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ Coal shipped for the use of steamers, etc., engaged in the foreign trade (including fishing
vessels). This item is not an "export" and the value is accordingly excluded from the total of exports shown in Tables 142, 144 and 146.
${ }^{( }{ }^{\text {( }) ~ E x c l u d i n g ~ " ~ t i s s u e s ~ w h o l l y ~ o f ~ m o h a i r, ~ a l p a c a ~ a n d ~ c a s h m e r e ~ ", ~ " ~ d a m a s k s, ~ t a p e s t r i e s, ~ b r o c a d e s ~}$ and the like ", "wool and mohair plushes and other pile fabrics" and "flannels and delaines ".

## EXTERNALTRADE

Quantity of exports of the produce and manufactures of the United Kingdom (continued)

## Principal articles exported

TABLE 150 (continued)

|  | Unit | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Articles wholly or mainly manufactured (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Artificial silk : Yarns Tissues(1) |  | 8.0 60.7 | 6.9 72.8 | 15.0 83.3 | 20.2 88.1 | $16 \cdot 3$ 114.3 | 13.8 75.0 | 15.6 90.2 | $14 \cdot 2$ 93 |
| Cordage and cordage manufactures of hemp, cotton, etc. | Th. tons | $21 \cdot 4$ | $20 \cdot 1$ | 15.0 | $9 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | 14.7 | $8 \cdot 7$ | 11.5 |
| Linen and hemp manufactures : Piece goods | Mn. sq. yds. | 51.8 | $67 \cdot 4$ | $45 \cdot 4$ | $27 \cdot 8$ | 22.6 | 10.5 | 6.2 | $8 \cdot 8$ |
| Jute manufactures, other than cordage . . . . | Th. tons | 74.8 | 62.4 | 39.0 | 23.7 | 13.0 | $8 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 3$ |
| Footwear, wholly or mainly of leather .... | Th. doz. prs. | 374.0 | $335 \cdot 1$ | $263 \cdot 8$ | 454.5 | $181 \cdot 6$ | 89.5 | $82 \cdot 3$ | 218.7 |
| Chemical manufactures and products : Ammonium sulphate | Th. tons | $313 \cdot 4$ | 286.2 | $166 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 2$ | 39.2 | $6 \cdot 1$ | $133 \cdot 1$ | 252.3 |
| Copper sulphate .................... | " | $30 \cdot 9$ | 31.8 | 34.4 | 31.3 | 24.8 | 35.5 | $20 \cdot 3$ | 44.3 |
| Disinfectants and insecticides | " | 18.9 | 20.4 | $23 \cdot 6$ | $19 \cdot 1$ | 15.9 | 21.6 | $15 \cdot 4$ | $23 \cdot 7$ |
| Sodium compounds | " | $356 \cdot 5$ | $450 \cdot 4$ | 479.0 | 441.1 | $470 \cdot 7$ | 413.6 | $345 \cdot 3$ | 442.6 |
| Dyes and dyestuffs.. | " | 14.8 | $15 \cdot 8$ | 13.0 | $10 \cdot 3$ | 10.0 | $10 \cdot 4$ | $7 \cdot 3$ | 9.2 |
| Petroleum, refined : Lubricating oil. Other sorts | Mn. galls. | 17.5 116.2 | $16 \cdot 4$ 99.2 | $4 \cdot 7$ 13.6 | 3.3 2.3 | 1.6 | 0.9 0.2 | 1.4 5.9 | 4.0 1.1 |
| Soap | Th. tons | 36.7 | $37 \cdot 3$ | $33 \cdot 2$ | $30 \cdot 3$ | 3.4 | 4.0 | 9.0 | $40 \cdot 4$ |
| Paper and board : <br> Printing paper, not coated. . . . . . . . . . . . <br> All other paper and board | Th. tons | $\begin{aligned} & 94 \cdot 7 \\ & 81 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \cdot 5 \\ & 85 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40 \cdot 4 \\ 108 \cdot 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \cdot 3 \\ & 62 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \cdot 1 \\ 31 \cdot 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \cdot 3 \\ 23 \cdot 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4.7 \\ 21.5 \end{array}$ | 8.3 26.9 |
| Railway equipment : <br> Carriages, wagons, trucks and parts thereof | " | $56 \cdot 5$ | 27.4 | $9 \cdot 1$ | 11.0 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 7.8 | $8 \cdot 5$ | 11.8 |
| Road vehicles : Motor cars, new | Thousands | $44 \cdot 1$ | 43.2 | 20.7 | 3.8 | 0.1 | - | - | 2.0 |
| Commercial vehicles, new : Tractors. |  | 7.0 | 4.8 | $2 \cdot 8$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.5 | $1 \cdot 8$ | 5.5 |
| Others ${ }^{2}$ ). |  | 3.4 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 3.9 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 3.7 | 5.4 |
| Chassis for motor vehicles with engines.. | " | 35.0 | 31.9 | $15 \cdot 4$ | 1.0 | $\bigcirc$ | - | 0.2 | 1.3 |
| Motor cycles and tri-cars.............. | " | $19 \cdot 8$ | 18.9 | 14.4 | $5 \cdot 2$ | 0.8 | 0.5 | 1.7 | 4.0 |

${ }^{( }{ }^{1}$ Excluding " pile fabrics "," damasks, tapestries, brocades and the like ", " ribbons " and
" lace and lace net of all kinds".
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ Including industrial trucks.
IX. TRANSPORT

Merchant shipping ander British control( ${ }^{1}$ )
(i) Veusels of $\mathbf{x}, 600$ gross tons and over : Number

TABLE 151
Number

|  |  | Total | British flag |  |  |  |  | Foreign flag <br> vessels( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ <br> Time <br> chartered to <br> United <br> Kingdom |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total |  | Dominions | Foreign vessels |  |  |
|  |  | Bareboat charter |  |  | Requisitioned |  |
| Non-tankers 1939 September 3 December 31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2,520 | 2,520 | 2,303 | 217 | - | - | - |
|  |  | 2,524 | 2,503 | 2,257 | 245 | 1 | - | 21 |
| 1940 | March 31 | 2,553 | 2,498 | 2,250 | 243 | 5 | - | 55 |
|  | June 30.. | 2,906 | 2,597 | 2,242 | 291 | 10 | 54 | 309 |
|  | September 30 | 3,137 | 2,611 | 2,170 | 305 | 7 | 129 | 526 |
|  | December 31 | 3,065 | 2,556 | 2,122 | 298 | 7 | 129 | 509 |
| 1941 | March 31 | 3,031 | 2,511 | 2,059 | 296 | 12 | 144 | 520 |
|  | June 30.. | 2,943 | 2,382 | 1,926 | 296 | 17 | 143 | 561 |
|  | September 30 | 2,950 | 2,358 | 1,898 | 298 | 20 | 142 | 592 |
|  | December 31 | 2,962 | 2,360 | 1,886 | 306 | 25 | 143 | 602 |
| 1942 | March 31 | 2,901 | 2,282 | 1,810 | 299 | 30 | 143 | 619 |
|  | June 30.. | 2,823 | 2,214 | 1,739 | 296 | 39 | 140 | 609 |
|  | September 30 | 2,745 | 2,161 | 1,681 | 290 | 55 | 135 | 584 |
|  | December 31 | 2,607 | 2,065 | 1,569 | 289 | 87 | 120 | 542 |
| 1943 | March 31 | 2,558 | 2,034 | 1,529 | 273 | 115 | 117 | 524 |
|  | June 30.. | 2,570 | 2,052 | 1,472 | 298 | 167 | 115 | 518 |
|  | September 30 | 2,632 | 2,118 | 1,495 | 324 | 182 | 117 | 514 |
|  | December 31 | 2,704 | 2,204 | 1,493 | 362 | 234 | 115 | 500 |
| 1944 | March 31 | 2,771 | 2,272 | 1,501 | 374 | 282 | 115 | 499 |
|  | June 30. . | 2,895 | 2,351 | 1,509 | 403 | 326 | 113 | 544 |
|  | September 30 | 2,891 | 2,354 | 1,492 | 428 | 326 | 108 | 537 |
|  | December 31 | 2,907 | 2,375 | 1,508 | 439 | 325 | 103 | 532 |
| 1945 | March 31 | 2,901 | 2,375 | 1,506 | 449 | 321 | 99 | 526 |
|  | June 30.... | 2,898 | 2,406 | 1,537 | 456 | 324 | 89 | 492 |
|  | September 30 | 2,773 | 2,440 | 1,579 | 467 | 337 | 57 | 333 |
| Tankers ${ }^{\text {d }}$ September 3 |  | 479 | 445 | 424 | 21 | - | - | 34 |
|  | December 31 | 483 | 449 | 425 | 24 | - | 二 | 34 |
| 1940 | March 31 | 522 | 453 | 428 | 25 | - | - | 69 |
|  | June 30.. | 629 | 452 | 419 | 28 | - | 5 | 177 |
|  | September 30 | 620 | 442 435 | 399 392 | 30 31 | - | 13 | 178 172 |
|  | December 31 | 607 | 435 424 | 392 | 31 30 | - | 12 | 172 |
| 1941 | Manch 30... | 649 | 408 | 367 | 28 |  | 13 | 225 |
|  | September 30 | 658 | 427 | 386 | 28 | - | 13 | 231 |
|  | December 31 | 654 | 427 | 387 | 28 | - | 12 | 227 |
| 1942 | March 31 | 607 | 398 | 362 | 25 | - | 11 | 209 |
|  | June 30.. | 575 | 375 | 341 | 23 | - | 11 | 200 |
|  | September 30 | 548 | 369 | 334 | 24 | - | 11 | 179 |
|  | December 31 | 535 | 360 | 327 | 24 | - | 9 | 175 |
| 1943 | March 31 | 517 | 353 | 321 | 23 | - | 9 | 164 |
|  | June 30... 30 | 513 | 352 | 320 | 23 |  |  |  |
|  | September 30 | 507 | 355 | 323 | 23 | - | 9 | 152 |
|  | December 31 | 512 | 363 | 330 | 24 | - | 9 | 149 |
| 1944 | March 31 | 524 | 376 | 334 | 33 | - | 9 | 148 |
|  | June 30... | 529 | 381 | 336 | 34 | - | 11 | 148 |
|  | September 30 | 533 | 385 | 339 | 37 | - | 9 | 148 |
|  | December 31 | 536 | 390 | 345 | 37 | - |  | 146 |
| 1945 | March 31 | 534 | 390 | 344 | 37 | - |  | 144 |
|  | June 30.. | 523 | 397 | 352 | 37 | - | 8 | 126 |
|  | September 30 | 454 | 407 | 363 | 36 | 3 | 5 | 47 |

${ }^{1}$ ) Vessels under the British flag and those under foreign flags on time-charter to the United Kingdom.

Source : Ministry of Transport
${ }^{2}$ ) For the earlier months of the war the information about foreign flag vessels on time-charter is incomplete.

Merchant shipping under British control ${ }^{( }{ }^{1}$ )
(ii) Vessels of $\mathbf{x}, 600$ gross tons and over : Gross tonnage

TABLE 152


Merchant shipping under British control( ${ }^{( }$)
TABLE 153
(iii) Vessels of $\mathbf{x}, 600$ gross tons and over : Deadweight tonnage

|  |  | Total | British flag |  |  |  |  | Foreign flag <br> vessels(') <br> Time <br> chartered to <br> United <br> Kingdom |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | United Kingdom and Colonies | Dominions | Foreign vessels |  |  |
|  |  | Bareboat charter |  |  | Requisitioned |  |
| Noa-tankers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | September 3. |  | 18.710 | 18,710 | 17,691 | 1,019 | -8 | - | $\overline{1}$ |
|  | December 31 | 18,579 | 18,418 | 17,314 | 1,096 | 8 | - | 161 |
| 1940 | March 31 | 18,764 | 18,403 | 17,258 | 1,102 | 43 | $\overline{303}$ | 361 |
|  | June 30 | 21,096 | 18,911 | 17,264 | 1,276 | 68 | 303 | 2,185 |
|  | September 30 | 22,459 | 18,831 | 16,718 | 1,343 | 45 | 725 | 3,628 |
|  | December 31 | 21,963 | 18,453 | 16,362 | 1,330 | 46 | 715 | 3,510 |
| 1941 | March 31 | 21,622 | 18,050 | 15,858 | 1,305 | 81 | 806 | 3,572 |
|  | June 30 | 20,858 | 17,037 | 14,828 | 1,282 | 131 | 796 | 3,821 |
|  | September 30 | 21,115 | 17,085 | 14,807 | 1,302 | 153 | 823 | 4,030 |
|  | December 31 | 21,324 | 17,221 | 14,851 | 1,316 | 206 | 848 | 4,103 |
| 1942 | March 31 | 20,994 | 16,809 | 14,452 | 1,272 | 245 | 840 | 4,185 |
|  | June 30 | 20,505 | 16,336 | 13,921 | 1,250 | 346 | 819 | 4,169 |
|  | September 30 | 19,722 | 15,826 | 13,333 | 1,219 | 488 | 786 | 3,896 |
|  | December 31 | 18,758 | 15,135 | 12,411 | 1,225 | 826 | 673 | 3,623 |
| 1943 | March 31 | 18,449 | 14,937 | 12,059 | 1,168 | 1,066 | 644 | 3,512 |
|  | June 30 | 18,528 | 15,067 | 11,514 | 1,480 | 1,456 | 617 | 3,461 |
|  | September 30 | 19,163 | 15,725 | 11,810 | 1,746 | 1,548 | 621 | 3,438 |
|  | December 31 | 20,082 | 16,738 | 11,801 | 2,232 | 2,093 | 612 | 3,344 |
| 1944 | March 31 | 20,765 | 17,426 | 11,892 | 2,364 | 2,546 | 624 | 3,339 |
|  | June $30 \ldots$ | 21,967 | 18,245 | 11,996 | 2,650 | 2,997 | 602 | 3,722 |
|  | September 30 | 21,962 | 18,282 | 11,841 | 2,901 | 2,971 | 569 | 3,680 |
|  | December 31 | 22,225 | 18,597 | 12,000 | 3,104 | 2,945 | 548 | 3,628 |
| 1945 | March 31 | 22,228 | 18.638 | 11,996 | 3,202 | 2,910 | 530 | 3,590 |
|  | June $30 . .$. | 22,143 | 18,844 | 12,234 | 3,246 | 2,918 | 446 | 3,299 |
|  | September 30 | 21,210 | 19,043 | 12,426 | 3,345 | 2,977 | 295 | 2,167 |
| Tankers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | December 31 | 5,052 | 4,662 | 4,435 | 227 | - | - | 390 |
| 1940 | March 31 | 5,368 | 4,581 | 4,351 | 230 | - | - | 787 |
|  | June 30 | 6,638 | 4,560 | 4,225 | 271 | - | 64 | 2,078 |
|  | September 30 | 6,523 | 4,427 | 4,002 | 276 |  | 149 | 2,096 |
|  | December 31 | 6,365 | 4,344 | 3,932 | 278 | - | 134 | 2,021 |
| 1941 | March 31 | 6,658 | 4,224 | 3,776 | 277 | - | 171 | 2,434 |
|  | June 30 . | 6,406 | 4,082 | 3,694 | 246 | - | 142 | 2,324 |
|  | September 30 | 6,894 | 4,371 | 3,975 | 254 | - | 142 | 2.523 |
|  | December 31 | 6,860 | 4,378 | 3,991 | 254 | - | 133 | 2,482 |
| 1942 | March 31 | 6,386 | 4,083 | 3,753 | 208 | - | 122 |  |
|  | June $30 \ldots$ | 6,040 | 3,825 | 3,530 | 173 | - | 122 | 2,215 |
|  | September 30 | 5,813 | 3,746 | 3,450 | 174 | - | 122 | 2,067 |
|  | December 31 | 5,692 | 3,684 | 3,407 | 174 | - | 103 | 2,008 |
| 1943 | March 31 | 5,468 | 3,604 | 3.338 | 163 | - | 103 | 1,864 |
|  | June 30 .. | 5,430 | 3,590 | 3,324 | 163 | - | 103 | 1,840 |
|  | September 30 | 5,334 | 3,620 | 3,354 | 163 | - | 103 | 1,714 |
| 1944 | March $31 .$. | 5,435 | 3,763 | 3,447 | 193 | - | 103 | 1,688 |
|  | June 30 | 5,596 | 3,914 | 3,518 | 278 | - | 118 | 1,682 |
|  | September 30. | 5,614 | 3,932 | 3,558 | 274 |  | 100 | 1,682 |
|  | December 31 | 5,647 | 3,991 | 3,626 | 274 | - | 91 | 1,656 |
| 1945 | March 31 | 5,602 | 3,972 | 3,595 | 274 | - | 103 | 1,630 |
|  | June 30 | 5,453 | 4,041 | 3,679 | 274 | - | 88 | 1,412 |
|  | September 30. | 4,653 | 4,145 | 3,802 | 272 | 12 | 59 | 508 |

[^31]Non-tankers 1,600 gross tons and over under British control
(i) Analyais by employment: September 1939 to September r942( ${ }^{(1)}$

TABLE 154
Thousand deadweight tons


Source : Ministry of Transport
(H) Analywis by employment : December 1942 to September $1945\left({ }^{( }\right)$

TABLE 154 (continued)
Thousand deadweight tons

|  |  | Total | Wholly on military service | Engaged in local operations | Coasting trade |  | Carrying overseas civil or military cargoes |  | Under repair or otherwise out of service |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | United Kingdom and Eire |  |  | Other | Mainly with civil cargoes for the United Kingdom | Mainly with civil cargoes for other British countries |  |
| 1942 | December 31 |  | 18,900 | 2,775 | - | 464 | 1,072 | 7,871 | 3,766 | 2,952 |
| 1943 | March 31 | 18,573 | 2,668 | $\bar{\square}$ | 432 | 1,161 | 8,736 | 2,861 | 2,715 |
|  | June 30 | 18,567 | 2,601 | 496 | 384 | 1,393 | 8,657 | 3,168 | 1,868 |
|  | September 30 | 19,222 | 2,559 | 359 | 443 | 1,938 | 8,181 | 4,375 | 1,726 |
|  | December 31. | 20,138 | 2,649 | 359 | 500 | 1,918 | 7,135 | 5,249 | 2,328 |
| 1944 | March 31 | 20,752 | 2,817 | 419 | 500 | 2,092 | 7,075 | 6,049 | 1,800 |
|  | June $30 \ldots$ | 21,562 | 2,952 | 2,751 | 483 | 1,301 | 6,959 | 5,038 | 2,078 |
|  | September 30 | 21,557 | 2,757 | 2,467 | 503 | 1,313 | 8,127 | 4,355 | 2,035 |
|  | December 31. | 21,844 | 2,697 | 2,372 | 505 | 1,330 | 7,610 | 5,220 | 2,110 |
| 1945 | March 31 | 21,853 | 2,766 | 1,820 | 505 | 1,340 | 7,424 | 5,654 | 2,344 |
|  | June 30 | 21,701 | 2,736 | 1,997 | 458 | 1,257 | 7,304 | 5,708 | 2,241 |
|  | September 30 | 20,820 | 2,877 | 2,050 | 480 | 1,093 | 7,300 | 4,897 | 2,123 |

${ }^{1}$ ) Vessels under the British flag and those under foreign flags on time-charter to the United
Source : Ministry of Transport Kingdom.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ A substantial number of vessels carrying military cargoes on outward voyages returned to the United Kingdom with civil cargoes. Such vessels are shown according to their actual employment on the dates to which the figures relate.
(3) Of United Kingdom and Eire.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$War developments made changes in classification necessary after September 1942.
For the period covered by this part of the table the figures for vessels under British control exclude foreign flag vessels on time-charter and allocated for use by the United States of America, but include foreign vessels on time-charter to the United States of America and allocated for use by the United Kingdom. For this reason the figures vary slightly from those for the corresponding period in Table 153.

Merchant shipping under the British flag
Summary of gains and losses of tomage: Vessels of $\mathbf{1 , 6 0 0}$ grose tons and over( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 155
Thousand gross tons


[^32]Merchant shipping under the British flag
Analysis of gains and losses : Nom-tankers of $\mathbf{1 , 6 0 0}$ grose tons and over( ${ }^{1}$ )
Thousand gross tons
TABLE 156


|  | Gains |  |  |  |  | Losses |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { gain } \\ (+) \\ \text { or } \\ \text { loss } \\ (-) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | New vessels | Foreign tonnage |  | Other <br> ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | Total | War ( ${ }^{(2)}$ | Marine | Other ( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ |  |
|  |  |  | Bareboat charter | Requisitioned |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 to 1945( $\left.{ }^{( }\right) .$. | 11,799 | 6,831 | 2,402 | 931 | 1,635 | 11,476 | 9,449 | 833 | 1,194 | +323 |
| 1939( ${ }^{(9)}$ | 280 | 162 | 65 | - 04 | 118 | 380 | 346 | 28 | 6 | -100 |
| 1940. | 2,202 | 757 | 65 | 604 | 776 | 2,261 | 1,968 | 216 | 77 | -59 |
| 1941 | 1,694 | 905 | 114 | 264 | 411 | 2,591 | 2,332 | 119 | 140 | -897 |
| 1942 | 1,834 | 1,313 | 473 | 9 | 39 | 3,341 | 2,906 | 181 | 254 | -1,507 |
| 1943. | 2,784 | 1,757 | 994 | 30 | 3 | 1,609 | 1,332 | 123 | 154 | +1,175 |
| 1944. | 2,175 | 1,422 | 712 | 24 | 17 | 809 | 427 | 96 | 286 | +1,366 |
| 1939 September( ${ }^{\text {© }}$ 4th Quarter | 37 243 | 35 127 | - | 二 | 2 116 | 106 274 | 106 | 28 | 6 | -69 -31 |
| 1940 1st Quarter | 277 835 | 189 216 | 35 | 198 | 63 391 | 262 405 | 145 | 87 29 | 30 30 | +15 +430 |
| 3rd Quarter | 652 | 159 | 4 | 382 | 107 | 726 | 693 | 19 | 14 | -74 |
| 4th Quarter | 438 | 193 | 6 | 24 | 215 | 868 | 784 | 81 | 3 | -430 |
| 1941 1st Quarter | 490 | 148 | 27 | 105 | 210 | 822 | 763 | 54 | 5 | -332 |
| 2nd Quarter | 351 | 201 | 33 | 48 | 69 | 1,028 | 916 | 16 | 96 | -677 |
|  | 452 | 256 | 18 | 65 | 113 | 465 | 420 | 6 | 39 | -13 |
| 4th Quarter | 401 | 300 | 36 | 46 | 19 | 276 | 233 | 43 | - | +125 |
| 1942 1st Quarter | 313 | 259 | 32 | 7 | 15 | 642 | 459 | 68 | 115 | -329 |
| 2nd Quarter | 474 | 367 | 87 | - | 20 | 767 | 642 | 46 | 79 | -293 |
| 3rd Quarter | 469 | 346 | 119 | - | 4 | 778 | 717 | 28 | 33 | -309 |
| 4th Quarter | 578 | 341 | 235 | 2 | - | 1,154 | 1,088 | 39 | 27 | -576 |
| 1943 1st Quarter | 413 | 224 | 187 | - | 2 | 557 | 495 | 41 | 21 | -144 |
| 2nd Quarter | 598 | 508 | 68 | 22 | - | 476 | 373 | 41 | 62 | +122 |
| 3rd Quarter | 811 | 478 | 327 | 5 | 1 | 361 | 294 | 26 | 41 | +450 |
| 4th Quarter | 962 | 547 | 412 | 3 | - | 215 | 170 | 15 | 30 | +747 |
| 1944 1st Quarter | 685 | 282 | 380 | 14 | 9 | 169 | 137 | 26 | 6 | +516 |
| 2nd Quarter | 749 | 422 | 309 | 10 | 8 | 178 | 104 | 27 | 47 | +571 |
| 3rd Quarter | 356 | 339 379 | 17 | - | - | 310 152 | 128 | 21 | 161 | +46 |
| 4th Quarter | 385 | 379 | 6 | - | - | 152 | 58 | 22 | 72 | +233 |
| 1945 1st Quarter | 191 | 191 | - | - | - | 134 | 101 | 25 | 8 | +57 |
| 2nd Quarter | 273 | 182 | 13 | - | 78 | 128 | 37 | 38 | 53 | +145 |
| 3rd Quarter | 366 | 142 | 31 | - | 193 | 223 | - | 7 | 216 | +143 |

(1) Recorded by date of notification. For this reason the figures for war losses differ

Source: Ministry of Transport from those given in Table 158, which are analysed by date of occurrence.
${ }^{(1)}$ Including prizes, transfers of flag, etc
() Including overdue and presumed lost.
(C) Including transfers of flag, etc.
(9) 3 September 1939 to 30 September 1945.
() From 3 September.

Merchant shipping under the British flag
Analyais of gains and losses ：Tankers of $\mathbf{1 , 6 0 0}$ gross tons and over（1）
TABLE 157

|  | Gains |  |  |  |  | Losses |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { gain } \\ (++) \\ \text { or loss } \\ (-) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Now vessels | Foreign tonnage |  | Other ${ }^{(2)}$ | Total | War （ ${ }^{(2)}$ | Marine | Other （ ${ }^{4}$ |  |
|  |  |  | Bareboat charter | Requisi－ tioned |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 to 1945（ $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 1，727 | 1，298 | 7 | 143 | 279 | 2，063 | 1，828 | 44 | 191 | －336 |
| 1939（0）．．．．．．．．． | ， 117 | 1，2982 | － | － | 75 | 2,063 81 | 1，828 | 8 | 6 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { a } \\ +36 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 1940. | 178 | 44 | － | 98 | 36 | 395 | 385 | － | 10 | －217 |
| 1941. | 402 | 285 | － | 26 | 91 | 488 | 446 | 10 | 32 | －86 |
| 1942. | 277 | 266 | － |  | 11 | 693 | 646 | － | 47 | －416 |
| 1943. | 273 | 271 | － | － | 2 | 217 | 160 | 24 | 33 | ＋ 56 |
| 1944. | 273 | 259 | － | 12 | 2 | 98 | 67 | 2 | 29 | ＋175 |
| 1939 September（ ${ }^{( }$） 4th Quarter | 13 | 42 | 二 | 二 | 13 | 43 38 | 43 24 | 8 | －6 | +30 +66 |
| 1940 1st Quarter | 18 | 7 | － | $\bar{\square}$ | 10 | 73 | 73 | － | －8 |  |
| 2nd Quarter | 66 | 7 | 二 | 42 | 17 9 | 68 | 60 | 二 | 8 | － 2 |
| 3rd Quarter | 65 29 | 29 | 二 | 56 | 9 | 168 88 | 166 86 | 二 | 2 | － |
| 1941 1st Quarter | 68 | 44 | － | 24 | －1 | 170 | 167 | － | 3 | －102 |
| 2nd Quarter | 78 | 65 | － | 2 | 11 | 199 | 170 | － | 29 | －121 |
| 3rd Quarter | 154 | 85 | － | － | 69 | 40 | 36 | 4 | － | ＋114 |
| 4th Quarter | 102 | 91 | － | － | 11 | 79 | 73 | 6 | － | ＋ 23 |
| 1942 lst Quarter | 34 | 34 | － | － | 11 | 213 | 202 | － | 11 | －179 |
| 2nd Quarter | 89 | 78 | － | － | 11 | 250 | 214 | － | 36 | －161 |
| 3rd Quarter | 67 87 | 67 87 | － | － | 二 | 131 99 | 131 99 | 二 | － | -64 -12 |
| 1943 1st Quarter | 76 | 76 | － | － | － | 124 | 93 | 15 | 16 | － 48 |
| 2nd Quarter | 55 | 53 | － | － | 2 | 66 | 54 | 8 | 4 | － 11 |
| 3rd Quarter | 39 | 39 | － | － | － | 15 | 8 | － | 7 | ＋ 24 |
| 4th Quarter | 103 | 103 | － | － | － | 12 | 5 | 1 | 6 | ＋ 91 |
| 1944 1st Quarter | 118 | 116 | － | － | 2 | 30 | 22 | － | 8 | ＋88 |
| 2nd Quarter | 46 | 34 | － | 12 | － | 10 | 7 | － | 3 |  |
| 3rd Quarter | 49 | 49 | － | － | － | 40 | 26 | 2 | 12 | $+\quad 9$ $+\quad 1$ |
| 4th Quarter | 60 | 60 | － | － | － | 18 | 12 | － | 6 | ＋ 42 |
| 1945 1st Quarter | 23 | 16 | － | 7 | － | 33 | 33 | － |  | － 10 |
| 2nd Quarter | 85 | 58 | 7 | － | 27 35 | 33 | 24 | － | 99 | a $+\quad 52$ +74 |
| 3rd Quarter | 99 | 57 | 7 | － | 35 | 25 | － | － | 25 | ＋ 74 |

（ $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$to（ ${ }^{( }$）See footnotes（ ${ }^{(1)}$ ）to（ ${ }^{( }$）to Table 156
Source ：Ministry of Transport

Merchant shipping under the British flag: Losses from enemy action(1)
TABLE 158

|  | Vessels lost |  |  |  |  |  | Cause of loss |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Under 1,600 gross tons | $\begin{gathered} 1,600 \\ \text { gross } \\ \text { tons and } \end{gathered}$ over | Under 1,600 gross tons |  | Total | Submarine | Mine | Surface craft | Aircraft | Cause unknown or other cause |
|  | Number |  |  | Thousand gross tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 to 1945() ${ }^{\text {\% }}$. | 2,627 | 731 | 1,896 | $440 \cdot 6$ | 10,956•4 | 11,396.9 | 7,622.4 | 823.0 | 965.4 | 1,589.3 | $396 \cdot 1$ |
| 1939.. | 122 | 49 | 73 | $30 \cdot 2$ | -400.1 | 430.3 | $266 \cdot 3$ | 99.4 | 55.1 | 1,58.3 | 7.3 |
| 1940 | 587 | 192 | 395 | 123.4 | 2,323.4 | 2,446.8 | 1,359.7 | 342.8 | 343.0 | $310 \cdot 8$ | 90.6 |
| 1941 | 833 | 320 | 513 | 182.7 | 2,681.2 | 2,863.8 | 1,562.6 | 191.4 | 312.4 | 574.6 | 222.7 |
| 1942. | 656 | 105 | 551 | 60.4 | 3,394-0 | 3,454.4 | 2,761-7 | $45 \cdot 1$ | 192.5 | 398.7 | 56.4 |
| 1943. | 278 | 28 | 250 | 15.9 | 1,505.7 | 1,521.6 | 1,175.3 | 44.0 | $27 \cdot 1$ | $273 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| 1944. | 106 | 22 | 84 | 13.7 | $475 \cdot 9$ | 489.6 | 365.5 | 53.2 | $25 \cdot 1$ | 29.7 | 16.1 |
| 1945(3)...... | 45 | 15 | 30 | $14 \cdot 3$ | 176.1 | $190 \cdot 4$ | $131 \cdot 2$ | 48.0 | $10 \cdot 2$ | - | 0.9 |
| 1939 September | 37 | 10 | 27 | 5.4 | 154.6 | 160.0 | $137 \cdot 1$ | 11.4 | $5 \cdot 1$ | - | 6.4 |
| October... | 23 | 4 | 19 | 3.2 | 102.4 | $105 \cdot 5$ | 74.9 | 3.2 | 27.4 | - | - |
| November | 29 | 19 | 10 | 14.7 | 44.5 | 59.2 | 22.9 | 35.6 | 0.7 | - |  |
| December | 33 | 16 | 17 | 70 | 98.6 | $105 \cdot 6$ | 31.4 | 49.2 | 22.0 | 2.2 | 0.9 |
| 1940 January . | 28 | 11 | 17 | 7.9 3.4 | 90.6 112.0 | 98.4 115.4 | 11.3 $73-0$ | 63.4 42.1 | 二 | 23.7 0.2 | 二 |
| February. | 15 | 7 | 18 | 3.4 7.2 | 112.0 32.5 | 115.4 39.7 | 73.0 19.1 | $42 \cdot 1$ 15.2 | - | 0.2 5.4 | - |
| April . | 19 | 4 | 15 | 4.2 | 70.7 | 74.8 | 14.6 | $13 \cdot 1$ | 5.2 | - | 41.9 |
| May. . | 33 | 18 | 15 | 13.8 | 68.8 | $82 \cdot 6$ | 25.0 | 23.2 | 6.9 | $23 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| June. | 67 | 25 | 42 | $6 \cdot 6$ | $276 \cdot 8$ | 283.4 | 134.9 | 39.4 | 39.3 | $54 \cdot 7$ | $15 \cdot 1$ |
| July . | 68 | 26 | 42 | 20.0 | 255.7 | $275 \cdot 7$ | $139 \cdot 2$ | 33.3 | 56.6 | $42 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 3$ |
| August | 59 | 11 | 48 | 9.3 | 269.8 | $279 \cdot 1$ | 188.2 | 11.3 | 28.5 | $49 \cdot 6$ | 1.5 |
| September | 66 | 12 | 54 | $9 \cdot 3$ | $315 \cdot 5$ | $324 \cdot 8$ | 223.0 | $3 \cdot 7$ | 45.7 | $45 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 3$ |
| October. | 68 | 23 | 45 | 14.4 | 288.0 | $302 \cdot 4$ | $257 \cdot 4$ | 23.2 | $10 \cdot 3$ | 4.6 | 6.9 |
| November | 76 | 23 | 53 | 11.6 | 301.5 | $313 \cdot 1$ | $110 \cdot 7$ | 39.7 35 | $106 \cdot 5$ | 54.0 | 2.2 |
| December | 63 | 24 | 39 | $15 \cdot 9$ | 241.5 | 257.4 | $163 \cdot 3$ | $35 \cdot 1$ | 44.0 | 7.9 | $7 \cdot 1$ |
| 1941 January | 45 | 12 | 33 | 7.4 | 202.2 | 209.6 | 105•1 | $16 \cdot 8$ | 40.0 | 47.2 | 0.5 |
| February. | 80 | 25 | 55 | 18.8 | 297.5 | $316 \cdot 3$ | 171.7 | 13.2 | 67.9 | 51.9 | 11.7 |
| March | 98 | 38 | 60 | 18.9 | 348.0 | $366 \cdot 8$ | $174 \cdot 3$ | $16 \cdot 1$ | 104.0 | $70 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| April | 79 | 20 | 59 | 13.4 | $349 \cdot 1$ | $362 \cdot 5$ | 188.6 | 23.3 | 25.1 | 122.5 | 3.0 |
| May. | 100 | 34 | 66 | 7.9 | 380.0 | 387.8 | 234.0 | 23.2 | 15.0 | 115.6 |  |
| June. | 63 | 11 | 52 | $8 \cdot 1$ | $260 \cdot 5$ | 268.6 | 203.8 | 9.6 | 13.6 | 39.3 | 2.4 |
| July ... | 36 | 17 | 19 | 8.5 | 87.0 | $95 \cdot 5$ | 71.9 | $8 \cdot 6$ | 5.8 | $6 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 1$ |
| August | 31 | 12 | 19 | 78 | 89.2 | 97.0 | 60.7 | 1.4 | 15.6 | 19.0 | 0.2 |
| September | 61 | 21 | 40 | 18.6 | 196.6 | $215 \cdot 2$ | 156.6 | 14.9 | 7.7 | 34.2 | 1.8 |
| November | 29 | 10 | 19 | 5.5 | 144.8 | 191.8 | +56.2 | 15.8 | 1.5 | 27.4 19.4 | 0.6 |
| December | 179 | 114 | 65 | 60.8 | $240 \cdot 5$ | 301.3 | 34.4 | 47.4 | 0.5 | 21.7 | 197.3 |
| 1942 January | 38 | 9 | 29 | 4.0 | 143.9 | 147.9 | $124 \cdot 4$ | $10 \cdot 1$ | - | 11.0 | 2.5 |
| February | 60 | 11 | 49 | 8.0 | $306 \cdot 2$ | 314.2 | 207.5 | - |  | 85.8 | 20.8 |
| March | 67 | 30 | 37 | 11.5 | 239.2 | $250 \cdot 7$ | 195.5 | 12.3 | 5.6 | 21.4 | 15.8 |
| April | 52 | 4 | 48 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 289.8 | 292.9 | 151.5 | 11.1 | 70.3 | 59.9 | 0.1 |
| May | 58 | 11 | 47 | 4.5 | 253.8 | 258.3 | $203 \cdot 1$ | 7.0 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 40.7 | 0.3 |
| June. | 50 | 11 | 39 | 7.7 | 226.0 | $233 \cdot 7$ | 182.4 | 2.0 | 16.9 | 32.2 | 0.2 |
| July . | 43 | 7 | 36 | 4.0 | 228.8 | $232 \cdot 7$ | $192 \cdot 7$ | - | 27.1 38.8 | 12.9 60.5 | 0.2 |
| August | 58 | 6 | 52 | 2.2 | 342.6 | 344.8 | $245 \cdot 2$ | - | 38.8 | $60 \cdot 5$ | 0.2 |
| September | 50 | 3 | 47 | 2.5 | 272.4 | $275 \cdot 0$ | $249 \cdot 4$ | - | $10 \cdot 4$ | $15 \cdot 1$ | - |
| October... | 59 | 2 | 57 | 2.1 4.2 | $402 \cdot 3$ 470.4 | $404 \cdot 4$ 474.6 | 389.8 403.7 | 1.3 1.0 | 7.6 | 5.7 50.4 | 12.0 |
| November December | 76 | 4 8 | 72 38 | 4.2 5.2 | $470 \cdot 4$ $227 \cdot 1$ | $474 \cdot 6$ $232 \cdot 3$ | 403.7 216.5 | 1.0 0.3 | 7.5 12.6 | 50.4 2.9 | 12.0 |

See footnotes on page 181.

Merchant shipping under the British flag：Losses from enemy action（ ${ }^{1}$ ）（continued）
TABLE 158 （continued）

|  |  | Vessels lost |  |  |  |  |  | Cause of loss |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Under 1，600 gross tons | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1,600 } \\ \text { gross } \\ \text { tons and } \end{gathered}$ over | Under 1，600 gross tons | 1,600 gross tons and over | Total | Sub－ marine | Mine | Surface craft | Aircraft | Cause unknown or other cause |
|  |  | Number |  |  | Thousand gross tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 | January | 18 | 3 | 15 | 0.2 | 90.8 | 91.1 | 66.9 | $0 \cdot 1$ | － | 24.0 | － |
|  | February． | 29 | 2 | 27 | 2.3 | 164.7 | 166.9 | 148.0 | 14.1 | 4.9 | ， |  |
|  | March | 62 | 3 | 59 | 2.5 | 382.5 | 384.9 | 327.9 | 0.9 | － | $56 \cdot 1$ |  |
|  | April ． | 33 | 2 | 31 | 0.8 | 193.4 | $194 \cdot 3$ | $185 \cdot 1$ | 7.4 | 1.7 | － |  |
|  | May． | 31 | 3 | 28 | 2.5 | 144.0 | $146 \cdot 5$ | 119.1 | 1.6 | $4 \cdot 9$ | 20.9 | － |
|  | June． | 12 | 4 | 8 | 2.8 | 42.2 | 45.0 | 38.7 | $0 \cdot 1$ | － | $6 \cdot 1$ | － |
|  | July ．． | 30 | 3 | 27 | 0.4 | 187.4 | 187.8 | 101.7 | － | － | 85.9 |  |
|  | August | 14 | 2 | 12 | 0 | 62.8 | 62.9 | 47.0 | － |  | 14.0 | 2.0 |
|  | September | 12 | 1 | 11 | 0.2 | 60.3 57 | 60.5 | 42.2 35 | 4.4 | － | 13.9 | － |
|  | October．．． | 11 | 4 | 11 | 3.6 | 57.6 | 57.6 | 35.8 | $10 \cdot 9$ | － | 10.9 | － |
|  | November | 15 10 | 4 | 11 9 | 3.6 0.6 | 57.9 55.0 | 61.6 55.6 | 21.8 40.9 | $4 \cdot 3$ | 8.5 | $26 \cdot 7$ 14.7 | 0.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － |  | － |
| 1944 | January | 14 | 3 | 11 | 1.4 | $65 \cdot 4$ | 66.8 | 51.7 53 | － | 5.0 | 9.9 | 0.2 |
|  | February． | 11 | － | 11 | － | 63.2 | 63.2 | 53.8 | － | $2 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 3$ | － |
|  | March ． | 10 | － | 10 | － | 49.6 | 49.6 | 41.8 | － | $7 \cdot 8$ | 7 | － |
|  | April．． | 3 | － | 3 | － | 21.4 | 21.4 | 13.5 | － | － | 7.9 |  |
|  | May．．． | 5 16 | 6 | 5 10 | 3.7 | 27.3 50.9 | 27.3 54.6 | 24.4 24.9 | 75.4 | 1.8 | 2.9 1.8 |  |
|  | June．．． | 116 | 6 | 10 | 3.7 1.2 | 50.9 39.3 | 54.6 40.5 | 24.9 25.1 | 15.4 8.1 | 1.8 7.2 | 1.8 | 10.7 |
|  | August | 17 | 2 | 15 | 1.2 | 79.3 | 80.6 | 68.2 | 7.2 | 72 | － | 5.2 |
|  | September | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1.3 | $25 \cdot 1$ | $26 \cdot 4$ | 26.4 | － | － | － | － |
|  | October．．． | 1 | 1 | 2 | $1 \cdot 2$ | 9.8 | $1 \cdot 2$ | －10 | $1 \cdot 2$ | － | － | － |
|  | November | 4 10 | 2 | 2 | 1.4 | 9.8 44.4 | 11.3 46.7 | $10 \cdot 1$ 25.5 | $\overline{21.3}$ | $1 \cdot 1$ | 二 | 二 |
| 1945 | January | 9 | 2 | 7 | 1.7 | － 44.0 | $45 \cdot 7$ | 30.0 | 13.3 | $2 \cdot 4$ | － | － |
|  | February． | 13 | 6 | 7 | 5.5 | 38.1 | 43.6 | 26.8 | 12.0 | 3.9 | － | 0.9 |
|  | March | 12 | 3 | 9 | 3.5 | 42.4 | 45.9 | 27.6 | 14.3 | 4.0 | － |  |
|  | April． | 10 | 4 | 6 | $3 \cdot 6$ | 48.7 | 52.3 | 43.9 | 8.4 | － | 二 |  |
|  | May．．．．．． | 1 | － | 1 | － | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | － | － | － | － |

（1）The difference between the figures for losses of vessels of 1,600 gross tons and over given in this
Source ：Admiralty table and those given in Tables 156 and 157 is explained in footnote（ ${ }^{1}$ ）to Table 156.
（»） 3 September 1939 to 2 September 1945.
（ ${ }^{\text { }}$ ）To 2 September 1945 ．There were no sinkings of merchant ships anywhere between 8 May and 2 September 1945.

Shipping movement at United Kingdom ports : Entrances and clearances in the foreign trade

${ }^{(1)}$ ) Including, from the end of 1943, the tonnage of certain foreign vessels transferred temporarily $\quad$ Source : Board of Trade to the British flag.

## Arrivals of shipping at United Kingdom ports

Monthly averages or calendar months
Thousand net tons


Imports into the United Kingdom( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 161
Thousand tons


See footnotes on page 185.
Source : Ministry of Transport

Imports into the United Kingdom( ${ }^{1}$ ) (continued)
TABLE 161 (continued)
Thousand tons

(2) The monthly and quarterly figures of imports given in this and in the next two tables represent

Source : Ministry of Transport the estimated weights of the commodities included in the Trade and Navigation Accounts for each month, and are unadjusted for small revisions subsequently made in the cumulative totals given in the Accounts for later months. From September 1939 to August 1940, imports from Eire are included under Departmental programmes.
(2) Including imports of munitions on Canadian Government account from January 1943.
() Petroleum products, molasses, unrefined whale oil and industrial alcohol. From January 1943 acetone is included. From January to May 1945, a further 760,000 tons of petroleum products were shipped direct to the Continent under this programme.
( ${ }^{4}$ ) Adjusted for revisions. The figures for 1944 exclude approximately 36,000 tons of food and 23,000 tons of munitions destined for Europe and 104,000 tons of timber as a replacement of supplies delivered to the United States Army, since these amounts were not provided for in the United Kingdom import programme.
(b) The figures of actual imports in 1945 exclude about 179,000 tons of cereals and oilseeds which have been shipped direct to the Continent, a corresponding amount having been transferred to United Kingdom stocks from S.H.A.E.F. emergency reserves held in this country. On the other hand, about 58,000 tons of foodstuffs intended for relief stockpile and 22,000 tons of softwood imported in repayment of a loan to the United States Army are included.

## TABLE 162

Imports of food under the Ministry of Food programme ( ${ }^{1}$ )

|  | Total | Grain and pulses | Animal feedingstuffs | Meat | Oilseeds, oils and fats( ${ }^{(1)}$ | Sugar | Dairy produce | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fruit } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { vegetables } \end{gathered}$ | Beverages and other foods |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1941. | 14,654 | 7,315 | 325 | 1,433 | 1,948 | 1,658 | 665 | 462 | 847 |
| 1942. | 10,606 | 4,162 | 74 | 1,583 | 1,905 | 773 | 789 | 458 | 862 |
| 1943. | 11,525 | 4,299 | 12 | 1,658 | 2,154 | 1,458 | 655 | 327 | 963 |
| 1944. | 10,996 | 3,843 | 98 | 1,768 | 1,975 | 1.156 | 664 | 646 | 846 |
| 1940 4th Quarter | 3,241 | 1,684 | 133 | 305 | 336 | 339 | 107 | 125 | 215 |
| 1941 1st Quarter | 3,132 | 1,560 | 163 | 253 | 403 | 302 | 159 | 69 | 226 |
| 2nd Quarter | 3,927 | 2,349 | 113 | 313 | 447 | 286 | 149 | 76 | 193 |
| 3rd Quarter | 4.183 | 2,089 | 35 | 430 | 577 | 559 | 157 | 135 | 203 |
| 4th Quarter | 3,513 | 1,342 | 15 | 448 | 531 | 560 | 207 | 185 | 227 |
| 1942 Ist Quarter | 2,955 | 906 | 47 | 349 | 571 | 318 | 250 | 196 | 318 |
| 2nd Quarter | 3,308 | 1,528 | 11 | 466 | 598 | 223 | 160 | 86 | 237 |
| 3rd Quarter | 2,514 | 1,004 | 13 | 446 | 493 | 134 | 185 | 77 | 162 |
| 4th Quarter | 1,876 | 730 | 3 | 323 | 248 | 129 | 194 | 102 | 145 |
| 1943 1st Quarter | 2,038 | 730 | - | 302 | 371 | 210 | 161 | 69 | 195 |
| 2nd Quarter | 3,368 | 1,552 | - | 404 | 525 | 373 | 201 | 71 | 241 |
| 3rd Quarter | 3,182 | 1,373 | 3 | 440 | 511 | 397 | 146 | 69 | 242 |
| 4th Quarter | 2,998 | 643 | 8 | 519 | 750 | 523 | 153 | 115 | 286 |
| 1944 Ist Quarter | 2,501 | 776 | 9 | 429 | 557 | 161 | 149 | 217 | 202 |
| 2nd Quarter | 2,912 | 1,055 | 3 | 534 | 444 | 338 | 141 | 157 | 238 |
| 3rd Quarter | 3,043 | 1,082 | 34 | 466 | 566 | 413 | 157 | 130 | 196 |
| 4th Quarter | 2,733 | 991 | 52 | 378 | 412 | 323 | 220 | 151 | 207 |
| 1945 1st Quarter( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 2,544 | 840 | 44 | 355 | 437 | 189 | 149 | 322 | 208 |
| 2nd Quarter ${ }^{(3)}$ | 3,229 | 1,500 | 64 | 291 | 360 | 491 | 129 | 177 | 217 |
| July and August ${ }^{(3)}$ | 2,103 | 1,156 | 30 | 162 | 175 | 251 | 118 | 67 | 145 |

[^33]
## Imports of raw materials under the Ministry of Supply programme( ${ }^{1}$ )

Non-tanker imports (excluding imports from Eire)
TABIE 163


See footnote ( ${ }^{1}$ ) to Table 161.

## INLANDTRANSPORT

Repair and availability of railway rolling stock

## Great Britain

| TABLE 164 | End of year |  |  |  |  |  |  | Thousands |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| Locomotives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating stock.............. | 19.8 | 19.7 | 19.5 | 19.5 | 19.5 | 19.6 | 20.6 | $20 \cdot 3$ | $20 \cdot 3$ |
| Available for traffic( ${ }^{(1)}$. . . . . . . | 16.3 | 16.2 | . | . | .. | $16 \cdot 1$ | 16.8 | 16.7 | 16.4 |
| Under or awaiting repair or otherwise not available( ${ }^{(1)}$.... | 3.4 | 3.5 | . | . | . | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.9 |
| Passenger carrying vehicles( ${ }^{( }$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating stock.............. | 43.7 | 43.5 | $43 \cdot 1$ | 42.3 | 42.0 | 41.7 | $41 \cdot 1$ | 40.6 | 40.4 |
| Available ................... | 41.0 | 40.8 | $40 \cdot 6$ | 39.6 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 38.4 | $37 \cdot 1$ | 35.5 |
| Under or awaiting repair...... | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | $2 \cdot 7$ | 3.5 | 4.9 |
| Trucks and wagons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating stock.............. . | 1,294.5 | . | 1,269•2 | 1,276.8 | 1,276.0 | 1,280.2 | 1,292.4 | 1,298•3 | 1,289.0 |
| Available() . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . | - | .. | 1,204.7 | 1,199.2 | 1,199.7 | 1,208.2 | 1,182.9 | 1,138.7 |
| Under or awaiting repair().... | . | .. | .. | 44.6 | $48 \cdot 8$ | 52.9 | 57.3 | 89.0 | $124 \cdot 3$ |
| Railway owned : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating stock. . . . . . . . . | 656.8 | $663 \cdot 6$ | $664 \cdot 1$ | $670 \cdot 3$ | 671.6 | $677 \cdot 6$ | $683 \cdot 4$ | 686.6 | $677 \cdot 8$ |
| Available .................. | 636.7 | $644 \cdot 8$ | $645 \cdot 3$ | 647.9 | $650 \cdot 3$ | $650 \cdot 3$ | 654.3 | 637.1 | $609 \cdot 3$ |
| Under or awaiting repair.... | $20 \cdot 1$ | 18.8 | 18.7 | 22.5 | 21.3 | 27.2 | 29.1 | 49.5 | 68.5 |
| Privately owned (requisitioned) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating stock. . . . . . . . . . | - | - | 583.8 | 578.9 | 576.4 | $575 \cdot 1$ | $582 \cdot 1$ | 585.3 | $585 \cdot 2$ |
| Available .................. | - | - | . | 556.8 | 548.9 | 549.4 | 553.9 | $545 \cdot 8$ | 529.4 |
| Under or awaiting repair.... | - | - | . | $22 \cdot 1$ | $27 \cdot 4$ | 25.7 | 28.2 | 39.5 | 55.7 |
| Privately owned (not requisitionod) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating stock............ | 637.7() | . | $21 \cdot 3$ | 27.5 | 28.0 | 27.6 | 26.9 | $26 \cdot 4$ | 26.0 |

[^34]
## Passenger and goods traffic

Great Britain
TABLE 165

|  | Unit | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passenger traffic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of passenger journeys: Total | Millions | 1,295•4 | 1,237.2 | 1,225•5 | 966.6 | 1,023-3 | 1,218.2 | 1,334.6 | 1,345•3 | 1,371.8 |
| Full fare . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " |  | 77.8 | 77.2 | 64.9 | 62.6 | 81.4 | 103.8 | 110.7 | 116.0 |
| Monthly return, excursion, week-end, etc. |  | 659.1 | 474.5 | 463.2 | 284.3 | $297 \cdot 4$ | 359.1 | 372.8 | $370 \cdot 5$ | 405.9 |
| Service or Government journeys, etc. |  | ¢ | 53.6 | 53.4 | 77.7 | $116 \cdot 1$ | 163.7 | 227.4 | $250 \cdot 5$ |  |
|  | " | 247.0 | 244.2 | 251.2 | 264.2 | $302 \cdot 2$ | $340 \cdot 1$ | 332.6 | $307 \cdot 4$ | 276.9 |
| Season tickets (on basis of 600 journeys per annum) | " | $389 \cdot 3$ | $387 \cdot 1$ | $380 \cdot 5$ | $275 \cdot 5$ | 245.0 | 273.9 | 298.0 | $306 \cdot 2$ | $316 \cdot 1$ |
| Average receipt : <br> Per passenger journey : <br> Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordinary | " | $\begin{array}{r}17.04 \\ 3.55 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18.47 3.68 | 21.29 | 30.47 | 39.20 | 41.15 | 42.20 | $43 \cdot 16$ | 44.70 |
| Season.. | " | 5.02 | $5 \cdot 19$ | 5.51 | 6.00 | $6 \cdot 17$ | 5.07 | 5.15 | 4.99 6.38 | 4.99 |
| Per train mile. | Shillings | $5 \cdot 25$ | $5 \cdot 17$ | 5.75 | 7.83 | 10.25 | 12.83 | 14.75 | 15.83 | 16.00 |
| Estimated passenger miles( ${ }^{1}$ ) : Total | Millions |  | 18,993() |  |  |  |  | 32,273 |  |  |
| Ordinary ${ }^{( }$) $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | ", | $\cdots$ | 12,550 () | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 25,613 | 25,531 | 28,827 |
| Workmen | " | $\cdots$ | 1,737() | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | 3,015 | 2,791 | 2,548 |
| Season tickets | " | . | 4,706() | $\cdots$ | . | . | . | 3,645 | 3,730 | 3,873 |
| Goods traffic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods, mineral and livestock traffic( ${ }^{4}$ ) : | Million |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Merchandise and livestock | tons | 298.7 51.8 | 265.7 45.6 | 288.3 52.0 | 294.4 58.9 | 286.7 61.8 | 295.1 71.0 | 300.8 82.0 | 292.6 87.4 | 266.4 73.5 |
| Minerals . . . . . . . . . . . | " | 58.7 | $47 \cdot 4$ | 51.3 | 58.2 | 61.6 | 61.3 | 62.1 | 54.5 | 49.8 |
| Coal, coke and patent fuel | " | 188.1 | $172 \cdot 8$ | 185.0 | 177.3 | $163 \cdot 3$ | 162.8 | 156.7 | 150.7 | 143-1 |
| Estimated net ton miles( ${ }^{1}$ ) : <br> Total | Millions | 17,935 | 16,266 |  |  |  | 23,822 | 24,358 | 24,444 | 22,023 |
| Merchandise and livestock |  | 5,442 | 4,980 | $\cdots$ |  |  | 8,591 | 9,659 | 10,275 | 8,850 |
| Minerals . . . . . . . . . . | " | 3,789 | 3,182 | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5,280 | 5,356 | 4,902 | 4,303 |
| Coal, coke and patent fuel | " | 8,703 | 8,104 | - | - | . | 9,951 | 9,343 | 9,267 | 8,870 |

[^35]Source : Ministry of Transport

INLAND TRANSPORT

## Operating statistics of railways <br> Great Britain

TABLE 166

|  | Unit | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Train-miles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loaded: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coaching | Millions | 272.62( ${ }^{1}$ ) | $277 \cdot 01{ }^{2}$ ) | 245.96 | 190.45 | 191.78 | $193 \cdot 16$ | 194.05 | 191.08 | 204.79 |
| Freight . | " | 125.03(1) | 119.52( ${ }^{2}$ ) | $123 \cdot 70$ | $133 \cdot 23$ | $130 \cdot 86$ | $135 \cdot 10$ | $135 \cdot 50$ | 133.47 | 123.05 |
| Empty | " | 24.68(1) | 23.99( ${ }^{(2)}$ | -• | 28.42 | 27.97 | $28 \cdot 29$ | 28.45 | $30 \cdot 51$ | 27.80 |
| Wagon-miles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loaded : Total . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | 3,252 | 3,003 | $\cdots$ | - | 3,838 | 3,983 | 4,052 | 4,064 | 3,683 |
| Merchandise and livestock .. | 3 | 3,252 | 3,003 | . | . | 3,838 | 2,402 | 2,537 | 2,604 | 2,331 |
| Minerals . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | . . | . | . | . | . | 532 | 534 | 489 | 428 925 |
| Coal, coke and patent fuel . . | " | . | . | . | . | . | 1,048 | 981 | 971 | 925 |
| Empty . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | 1,591 | 1,492 | . | . | 1,446 | 1,412 | 1,392 | 1,427 | 1,257 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . <br> Merchandise and livestock | Miles | 57.86 103.21 | 59.00 107.49 | . | . | - | 75.90 115.45 | 76.16 112.45 | 78.64 112.16 | 77.73 114.92 |
| Minerals . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | " | 103.21 62.37 | 107.49 63.49 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 115.45 79.95 | 112.45 79.93 | 112.16 83.44 | 114.92 80.13 |
| Coal, coke and patent fuel . . | ", | 44.29 | 45.21 | . | . | . | 57.39 | 55.97 | 57.75 | $58 \cdot 11$ |

(1) Fifty-two weeks ended 25 December.

Source : Ministry of Transport
(2) Fifty-two weeks ended 24 December
() Main line companies.
(c) Including free-hauled traffic.

Traffic receipts
Main line railway companies and London Passenger Transport Board (including joint lines) (')
Great Britain
TABLE 167
£ thousand

|  | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total traffic receipts | 204,227 | 242,987 | 289,517 | 339,147 | 375,844 | 388,985 | 378,410 |
| Passenger receipts : Total | 102,081 | 103,842 | 131,286 | 162,897 | 185,378 | 193,212 |  |
| Passengers Parcels, etc.( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) | 85,929 16,152 | 87,819 16,023 | 113,640 17,646 | 143,648 19,249 | 164,325 21,053 | 169,662 | 187,142 22,338 |
| Goods receipts : Total | 102,146 | 139,145 | 158,231 | 176,250 | 190,466 | 195,773 | 168,930 |
| Merchandise. | 48,265 | 67,610 | 78,830 | 96,399 | 114,052 | 123,541 | 101,030 |
| Minerals | 13,750 | 18,557 | 23,423 | 24,067 | 24,057 | 20,353 | 18,469 |
| Coal, coke and patent fuel | 38,810 | 51,226 | 54,633 | 54,471 | 51,040 | 50,710 | 48,113 |
| Livestock | 1,321 | 1,752 | 1,345 | 1,313 | 1,317 | 1,169 | 1,318 |

${ }^{(1)}$ ) Including road services of the London Passenger Transport Board.
${ }^{2}$ ) Including parcels and other merchandise by passenger train, mails and parcels post.

## Vehicles with licences current ${ }^{1}$ )

Great Britain
TABLE 168

|  | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total( ${ }^{2}$ ) . ......................................... | 2,938 | 3,094 | 3,157 | 2,332 | 2,484 | 1,847 | 1,544 | 1,599 | 2,559 |
| Private cars, etc. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,798 | 1,944 | 2,034 | 1,423 | 1,503 | 858 | 718 | 755 | 1,487 |
| Cycles and tricycles............................... | 488 | 462 | 418 | 278 | 317 | 306 | 124 | 124 | 309 |
| Vehicles for public conveyance : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ........................................... | 95 | 97 | 98 | 88 | 92 | 92 | 93 | 97 | 105 |
| Buses, coaches, taxis, private hire cars, etc......... Trolleybuses . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 84 2 | 85 3 | $\} 90$ | 81 | 85 | 85 | 87 | 90 | 99 |
| Tramcars ....................................... | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Goods vehicles : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 481 | 497 | 492 | 447 | 453 | 455 | 452 | 452 | 477 |
| General haulage : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petrol, heavy oil, etc. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 459 | 473 | 466 | 418 | 423 | 422 | 415 | 411 | 434 |
| Other. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| Agricultural vans and lorries..................... | 12 | 13 | 14 | 18 | 19 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 28 |
| Showmen's special vehicles( ${ }^{2}$ ). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Local authorities vehicles (watering and cleansing). . | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Tractors for general haulage. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Agricultural tractors and engines.................. | 26 | 29 | 32 | 50 | 66 | 90 | 106 | 118 | 126 |
| Vehicles exempt from $\operatorname{duty}\left({ }^{2}\right)$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ........................................... | 50 | 64 | 84 | 47 | 55 | 46 | 51 | 55 | 56 |
| Owned by Government authorities. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 34 | 47 | . | $\cdots$ | . | .. | . | -• | . |
| Other. | 17 | 18 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ For the years 1937 and 1938, licences current at any time during the September quarter.
Source : Ministry of Transport Other years relate to 31 August.
${ }^{(1)}$ ) From 1940 excluding vehicles exempt from duty operating under defence permits.
${ }^{(2)}$ Including showmen's tractors.

New vehicle registrations( ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ )
Great Britain
TABLE 169
Number

(1) Before 1939 figures are for years ended 30 September.

Source : Ministry of Transport
(2) Before 1942 details of exempt vehicles by types are not available

From 1942 Government owned vehicles are included with other exempt vehicles under the appropriate headings. From 1940 vehicles operating under defence permits are excluded.
() Including pedestrian controlled delivery vans.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Including showmen's tractors.

Canal traffic originating( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 170
Thousand tons

|  | 1937 | 1938 | 1939( ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total ................ | 14,358 | 12,952 | 6,307 | 11,005 | 11,241 | 11,043 | 11,315 | 11,047 | 10,060 |
| Coal, coke and patent fuel .... | 6,803 | 6,158 | 3,196 | 5,234 | 5,272 | 5,450 | 5,411 | 5,381 | 4,983 |
| Liquids in bulk .............. | 1,259 | 1,329 | , 576 | 1,254 | 1,353 | 1,563 | 1,616 | 1,814 | 1,491 |
| Other merchandise . .......... | 6,297 | 5,465 | 2,536 | 4,517 | 4,617 | 4,031 | 4,288 | 3,852 | 3,585 |

( $)$ Great Britain.
() Total for six months January-June.

## Coasting trade

(i) Cargoes of coal: Analyais by areas of discharge

TABLE 171

|  | Total ${ }^{(1)}$ | Thames ports | East coast |  | West coast |  | South coast | Northern Ireland | Other areas |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | England | Scotland | England | Scotland |  |  |  |
| Cargoes delivered (Thousand tons) <br> Years ended December 15 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 20,936 $\mathbf{2 0 , 1 7 0}$ | 11,760 11,832 | 284 | 444 | 1,807 | 85 93 | 2,866 | 2,517 2556 | 1,150 |
| 1944. | 19,087 | 11,568 | 327 | 407 | 1,100 | 108 | 2,129 | 2,473 | , 974 |
| 1945. . | 18,159 | 11,385 | 278 | 376 | 718 | 77 | 1,957 | 2,506 | 857 |
| Tonnage employed (Thousand deadweight tons) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At December 15 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941. | 795.7 | 502.2 | $8 \cdot 0$ | $15 \cdot 3$ | 57.9 | $3 \cdot 5$ | 144.0 | 44.2 | $20 \cdot 6$ |
| 1942. | 832.9 | 537.7 | $8 \cdot 7$ | $10 \cdot 5$ | 96.0 | 3.0 | $108 \cdot 1$ | 45.0 | 23.9 |
| 1943. | 779.8 | 504.7 | 12.8 | 9.8 | $70 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | 110.0 | 53.0 | 15.0 |
| 1944. | 628.0 | $415 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | 7.0 | 53.0 | $2 \cdot 5$ | 90.8 | 42-1 | $12 \cdot 2$ |
| 1945..................... . . . | 553.0 | 388.3 | 9.2 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 24.0 | 1.8 | 74.4 | $35 \cdot 1$ | 13.0 |

${ }^{(1)}$ The total includes a small quantity of coal carried in liners.
Source : Ministry of Transport
(ii) Cargoes other than coal: Analywis by areas of diecharge

TABLE 171 (consinued)

|  | Total | East coast |  |  |  | West coast |  |  | South coast | Northern Ireland |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { London } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Dover } \end{gathered}$ | Humber | Berwick | Scotland |  | Milford Haven to Land's End | Scotland |  |  |
| Cargoes delivered (Thousand tons) Years ended December 15 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942............. | 8,923(1) | 1,068 | 531 | 761 | 1,004 | 1,683 | 1,294 | 1,111 | 205 | 1,267 |
| 1943............ | 9,025 | 1,204 | 830 | 725 | 993 | 1,491 | 1,276 | 1,102 | 312 | 1,092 |
| 1944...... | 7,599(1) | 1,170 | 537 | 541 | 673 | 1,369 | 1,179 | 959 | 205 | 966 |
| Tonange employed (Thousand deadweight tons) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At December 15 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941........ | 384.0 336.6 | 82.1 60.7 | 22.8 43.5 | 30.2 19.4 | 45.2 44.5 | 58.1 44.3 | 50.2 31.7 | 38.0 34.4 | 10.9 10.2 | 46.5 47.9 |
| 1943.............. | 402.5 | 57.0 | 33.0 | 42.7 | 40.1 | 71.3 | 56.1 | 42.6 | 7.5 | 52.2 |
| 1944.............. | 290.6 | 58.1 | 15.9 | 9.8 | 37.0 | 61.0 | 32.2 | 29.9 | 4.1 | $42 \cdot 6$ |
| 1945..... | $250 \cdot 1$ | 41.0 | 18.1 | $16 \cdot 6$ | 41.3 | $35 \cdot 2$ | 19.5 | 30.8 | 7.5 | $40 \cdot 1$ |

(1) In addition the following cargoes were delivered but cannot be analysed by area of discharge :

Source : Ministry of Transport January 1942, 30.7 thousand tons; January 1944, 11.5 thousand tons.

## X. PUBLIC FINANGE

## Central Government revenue (Exchequer receipts)

TABLE 172
Years ended 31 March
£ million

|  | 1937/38 | 1938/39 | 1939/40 | 1940/41 | 1941/42 | 1942/43 | 1943/44 | 1944/45 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ordinary and self-balancing revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 948.7 | 1,006-2 | 1,132.2 | 1,495.3 | 2,174.6 | 2,922•4 | 3,149-2 | 3,354-7 |
| Ordinary revenue : Total | $872 \cdot 6$ | $927 \cdot 3$ | 1,049.2 | 1,408.9 | 2,074-1 | 2,819.9 | 3,038.5 | 3,238-1 |
| Inland Revenue : Income tax and surtax. | $355 \cdot 1$ | 398.4 | 459.9 | 600.0 | 844.6 | 1,082.2 | 1,259.6 | 1,390-3 |
| Death duties | 89.0 | 77.4 | 77.7 | 80.8 | 90.9 | 93.3 | 99.5 | 110.9 |
| Stamp duties | 24.2 | 21.0 | $17 \cdot 1$ | 13.7 | $14 \cdot 1$ | $15 \cdot 3$ | 17.7 | 17.0 |
| National defence contribution and excess profits tax | 1.4 | 21.9 1.6 | 26.9 1.3 | 96.2 1.0 | 269.1 0.9 | 377.5 1.0 | $500 \cdot 1$ 1.0 | 510.4 0.8 |
| Customs and Excise : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customs ........ | 221.6 | 226.3 | $262 \cdot 1$ | 304.9 | $378 \cdot 4$ | 459.5 | $560 \cdot 8$ | 579.4 |
| Excise | 113.7 | $114 \cdot 2$ | 137.9 | $224 \cdot 1$ | $325 \cdot 7$ | $425 \cdot 3$ | $482 \cdot 2$ | 496.9 |
| Motor vehicle duties. | 34.6 | 35.6 | $34 \cdot 1$ | 38.0 | 38.4 | 28.5 | 27.3 | 29.0 |
| Post Office (net receipt) | 10.5 | 9.5 | 3.8 | $15 \cdot 3$ | 13.7 | 12.4 | $0 \cdot 4$ | - |
| Post Office fund........... | 0 | 1.4 | 1.8 | - |  | 4.6 |  |  |
| Broadcast receiving licences Miscellaneous( ${ }^{(2)}$ | 20.0 | 19.9 | 26.5 | $7_{34.8}{ }^{(1)}$ | 88.4 | 4.6 320.3 | 4.8 85.3 | 4.8 98.5 |
| Self-balancing revenue( ${ }^{\text {² }}$ ) | $76 \cdot 1$ | 79.0 | $83 \cdot 1$ | 86.4 | $100 \cdot 6$ | $102 \cdot 5$ | $110 \cdot 6$ | 116.6 |
| Other receipts, repayments, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $267 \cdot 6$ | $190 \cdot 2$ | 808.9 | 2,518.2 | 2,748•1 | 2,852.5 | 2,797•5 | 2,866.4 |
| Receipts under various Acts : <br> Applicable to interest outside the permanent debt charge( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ Other ${ }^{( }{ }^{5}$ ) | 二 | 1.9 10.0 | $5 \cdot 8$ | $20 \cdot 6$ | 20.7 20.0 | $20 \cdot 8$ | $20 \cdot 4$ | 20.0 |
| Money raised by the creation of debt : For capital expenditure issues. | 17.0 | 22.6 | $22 \cdot 1$ | 11.9 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.1 | 6.8 |
| For other issues (net) . . . . . . . . . . . | 248.9 | 138.7 | $744 \cdot 9$ | 1,939.6 | 2,596.9 | 2,238.3 | 2,224.0 | 2,168.7 |
| Ways and Means advances (net) | - | $14 \cdot 8$ | 33.6 | 110.8 429.5 | 22.9 67.0 | 93.9 472.5 | $105 \cdot 5$ 420.5 | 182.0 469.5 |
| Repayments in respect of issues under various Acts, etc.(') | 1.6 | $2 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | $10 \cdot 8$ | $17 \cdot 2$ | 18.0 | 19.5 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Included in Post Office self-balancing revenue.
Source : Treasury
() Including Crown lands and receipts from sundry loans. The figure for 1942/1943 includes $£ 224.7$ million Canadian Government contribution.
( $)$ Post Office.
(9) Defence Loans Act, 1937, and Overseas Trade Guarantees Act, 1939
(5) Eire (Confirmation of Agreements) Act, 1938 and War Damage Act, 1941
${ }^{( }$) Land Settlement (Facilities) Acts, 1919 and 1921 ; Tithe Act, 1936 ; Overseas Trade Guarantees Act, 1939 ; North Atlantic Shipping Act, 1934 ; Defence Loans Acts, 1937 and 1939. Net repayments of bullion advances are also included.

Central Government expenditure (Exchequer issues)
TABLE 173
Years ended 31 March
£ million

|  | 1937/38 | 1938/39 | 1939/40 | 1940/41 | 1941/42 | 1942/43 | 1943/44 | 1944/45 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ordinary and self-balancing expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 919.9 | 1,018.9 | 1,408.2 | 3,970.7 | 4,876.3 | 5,739•9 | 5,909 3 | 6,179•5 |
| Ordinary expenditure : Total | $843 \cdot 8$ | $940 \cdot 0$ | 1,325.1 | 3,884-3 | 4,775.7 | 5,637.4 | 5,798.7 | 6,062.9 |
| Consolidated Fund services ............ | $238 \cdot 8$ | $244 \cdot 3$ | $246 \cdot 9$ | $247 \cdot 2$ | 274-1 | 341.6 | 391.2 | $437 \cdot 3$ |
| Supply services : Total. | 605.0 | 695.7 | 1,078.3 | 3,637-1 | 4,501 6 | 5,295.8 | 5,407.5 | 5,625.6 |
| Defence( ${ }^{(1)}$. | $197 \cdot 3$ | 254.4 | 626.4 | 3,220.0 | 4,085.0 | 4,840.0 | 4,950.0 | 5,125-0 |
| Civil votes: Total | 394-1 | $427 \cdot 2$ | $437 \cdot 4$ | $402 \cdot 3$ | $400 \cdot 6$ | 437.7 | 438.8 | 474.4 |
| Education and Broadcasting . | 59.9 | $61 \cdot 6$ | $63 \cdot 1$ | $63 \cdot 3$ | 65.6 | 77.5 | 79.5 | $85 \cdot 3$ |
| Health, Labour and Insurance | 161.6 | $165 \cdot 7$ | $167 \cdot 2$ | $164 \cdot 7$ | 170.0 | 185.6 | 198.7 | 208.4 |
| Other | 172.6 | 199.9 | $207 \cdot 1$ | $174 \cdot 3$ | 165.0 | 174.6 | 160.6 | 180.7 |
| Customs and Excise | 5.9 | 6.0 | $6 \cdot 1$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | 6.0 | $5 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 8$ |
| Inland Revenue | 7.8 | $8 \cdot 2$ | $8 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 6$ | 9.7 | $12 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 1$ | 13.7 |
| Post Office services | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $6 \cdot 8$ |
| Self-balancing expenditure ( ${ }^{2}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . | $76 \cdot 1$ | 79.0 | $83 \cdot 1$ | $86 \cdot 4$ | $100 \cdot 6$ | 102.5 | $110 \cdot 6$ | 116.6 |
| Other issues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 296.3 | 177.5 | 532.9 | 42.6 | 46.5 | 35.0 | $37 \cdot 4$ | 41.5 |
| Interest outside the permanent debt charge( ${ }^{(3)}$ | - | 1.9 | 5.8 | 20.6 | 20.7 | 20.8 | 20.4 | 20.0 |
| Issues to meet capital expenditure....... | 17.0 | 22.6 | 22.1 | 11.9 | 9.8 | 9.9 | $9 \cdot 1$ | 6.8 |
| Issues for the redemption of debt : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ways and Means advances (net) ...... | $10 \cdot 4$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sinking funds ....................... | - | - | $4 \cdot 2$ | - | 12.2 | 0.2 | 5.2 | 10.9 |
| Issues under various Acts : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Defence Loans Acts, 1937 and 1939 ... | 64.9 | 128.1 | 491.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 204.4 | 24.7 | $9 \cdot 1$ | 9.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 4.0 |
| Increase in Exchequer balances. . . . . . . . . | -0.3 | $0 \cdot 1$ | -0.1 | 0.2 | -0.2 | 0.4 | -0.4 | - |

${ }^{(1)}$ Including votes of credit from 1939/40.
(2) Post Office and, up to March 1942, broadcasting.
${ }^{\left({ }^{2}\right)}$ Issues under the Defence Loans Act, 1937 and the Overseas Trade Guarantees Act, 1939.
(4) Finance Act, 1908, Section 9; North Atlantic Shipping Act, 1934 ; Tithe Act, 1936 ; Exchange Equalisation Account Act, 1937 ; Eire (Confirmation of Agreements) Act, 1938 ;
Anglo-Turkish (Armaments Credit) Agreement Act, 1938: Czecho-Slovakia (Financial Assistance) Act, 1939 ; Overseas Trade Guarantees Act, 1939. Bullion advances are also included.

## Floating debt

TABLE 174
Averages of the weekly amounts outstanding
£ million

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advances from the Bank of England |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.8 | $0 \cdot 2$ | - | $12 \cdot 4$ | $3 \cdot 6$ | $13 \cdot 1$ | 5.9 | - |
| February. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 1 | - | $10 \cdot 1$ | $8 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 6$ | $12 \cdot 5$ | 0.7 |
| March . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 1.2 | - | $11 \cdot 1$ | 7.9 | 31.5 | 22.9 | $7 \cdot 3$ |
| April . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.6 | 1 | - | $6 \cdot 9$ | $15 \cdot 8$ | 3.9 | $20 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 8$ |
| May. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.0 | $1 \cdot 1$ | - | $12 \cdot 4$ | $0 \cdot 6$ | - | 0.4 | $13 \cdot 3$ |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $8 \cdot 7$ | $7 \cdot 6$ | - | $22 \cdot 4$ | $14 \cdot 1$ | 15.9 | 18.5 | $26 \cdot 3$ |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | 40 |
| August . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 10 | $6 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | 1.6 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 11.9 | 5.6 |
| September . . . . . . . . . . . | -10 | 10 | $18 \cdot 6$ | 20.4 | $12 \cdot 8$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | $12 \cdot 1$ | 14.4 |
| October. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10 | - | 11.9 | $20 \cdot 5$ | $29 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 5$ | $10 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 7$ |
| November . | 0.8 | - | $10 \cdot 8$ | 21.4 | $22 \cdot 9$ | 18.4 | 14.8 | $4 \cdot 6$ |
| December . . . . . . . . . . . | $1 \cdot 1$ | - | $19 \cdot 3$ | 30-2 | 38.0 | $43 \cdot 8$ | $28 \cdot 5$ | 10.8 |
| Advances from ${ }^{-}$Government Departments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $34 \cdot 2$ | 38.7 | 53.8 | $108 \cdot 7$ | 179.9 | 222.7 | 379.8 | $543 \cdot 3$ |
| February. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 34.0 | $38 \cdot 6$ 39.9 | 49.0 | $165 \cdot 4$ | 193.6 | $228 \cdot 5$ | $324 \cdot 9$ | 541.6 |
| March | 31.9 30.7 | 39.9 39.9 | 58.6 49.2 | 161.8 155.8 | $212 \cdot 9$ | $273 \cdot 5$ $239 \cdot 3$ | $386 \cdot 1$ $395 \cdot 1$ | 596.7 572.8 |
| April | $30 \cdot 7$ | 39.9 | $49 \cdot 2$ | 155.8 | $241 \cdot 1$ | $239 \cdot 3$ | $395 \cdot 1$ | 572.8 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 39.4 | 43.8 | 48.0 | 137.7 | $244 \cdot 3$ | $237 \cdot 1$ | $463 \cdot 4$ | $560 \cdot 1$ |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $42 \cdot 5$ | 43.9 | $46 \cdot 2$ | $160 \cdot 3$ | $164 \cdot 5$ | $261 \cdot 1$ | $427 \cdot 4$ | $577 \cdot 5$ |
| July | 41.9 | 44.4 | 50.0 | $168 \cdot 8$ | $166 \cdot 3$ | $286 \cdot 3$ | $463 \cdot 6$ | $533 \cdot 5$ |
| August . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 44.0 | $46 \cdot 3$ | 61.4 | $190 \cdot 2$ | $200 \cdot 1$ | $330 \cdot 1$ | $447 \cdot 6$ | 569.4 |
| September . . . . . . . . . . . | $47 \cdot 5$ | $48 \cdot 8$ | 810 | 226.7 | $227 \cdot 3$ | 294.0 | $427 \cdot 8$ | 605.4 |
| October... | $45 \cdot 1$ | 49.2 56.8 | 87.4 78.8 | 237.9 | $228 \cdot 5$ | $302 \cdot 3$ 369.9 | $483 \cdot 3$ | 625.6 |
| November . . . . . . . . . . . | $44 \cdot 7$ $47 \cdot 1$ | 56.8 56.6 | 78.8 85.9 | 202.0 167.0 | 259.8 186.0 | $369 \cdot 9$ 394.3 | 515.0 586.2 | 640.0 570.2 |
| December . . . . . . . . . . . | $47 \cdot 1$ | 56.6 | 85.9 | 167.0 | 186.0 | $394 \cdot 3$ | $586 \cdot 2$ | $570 \cdot 2$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 908.2 | 963.0 | 1,468.3 | 2,184•1 | 2,560•5 | 2,789.0 | 3,117•6 | 3,801-7 |
| February. | 827.6 | $878 \cdot 8$ 866.5 | 1,436•1 | 2,209•7 | 2,535•6 | 2,812•8 | 3,107•6 | 3,751-0 |
| March . | 808.6 | $866 \cdot 5$ | 1,434•8 | 2,224•3 | 2,554•6 | 2,800•5 | 3,122-4 | 3,705-5 |
| April | 826.9 | 902.8 | 1,376-1 | 2,224•6 | 2,648•1 | 2,843•1 | 3,192-5 | 3,650•7 |
| May. . | $846 \cdot 8$ | 942.7 | 1,413-3 | 2,269.7 | 2,729.3 | 2,913-2 | 3,436-2 | 3,633-1 |
| June. . | $880 \cdot 5$ | 1,004-2 | 1,573.9 | 2,339.6 | 2,629.2 | 3,020.0 | 3,517-3 | 3,743-3 |
| July . | 872.0 859.7 | 1,058-7 | 1,700-3 | 2,425-2 | 2,646.2 | 3,081-1 | 3,560.4 | 3,980-3 |
| August | 859.7 | 1,083-1 | 1,809.7 | 2,473-2 | 2,655-2 | 3,061 4 | 3,605-1 | 3,984-7 |
| September | 872.5 | 1,150-9 | 1,889-3 | 2,547-7 | 2,688-3 | 3,038-6 | $3,673 \cdot 7$ 3 | 4,021-3 |
| October... | 905.8 | 1,240-2 | 1,950.0 | 2,549•5 | 2,709.7 | 3,055.0 | 3,718.9 | 4,020-7 |
| November | $924 \cdot 6$ | 1,312.4 | 2,046.0 | 2,555-1 | 2,751.4 | 3,075-8 | 3,760.9 | 4,036-5 |
| December | $976 \cdot 6$ | 1,437-9 | 2,135•6 | 2,540-0 | 2,809 3 | 3,079-4 | 3,793-7 | 4,171.5 |
| Treasury deposits by banks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February. . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | - | $356 \cdot 4$ | 704.4 | 1,988.3 | 1,367.4 | 1,775-9 |
| March . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | - | $396 \cdot 1$ | 597.6 | 953.9 | 1,425.8 | 1,817-1 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | - | $468 \cdot 5$ | 480.9 | 1,035-1 | 1,405•6 | 1,952-4 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | - | 525.9 | $517 \cdot 1$ | 1,020.0 | 1,437.6 | 2,048-9 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | $\overline{25} 0$ | $508 \cdot 3$ | 569.0 | 941.3 959.9 | $1,375 \cdot 2$ | 2,075-0 |
| July . | - | - | 25.0 | $517 \cdot 6$ | $647 \cdot 1$ | 959.9 | 1,404.4 | 2,135-0 |
| August . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | 300 | 511.8 | 689.0 | 1,018•1 | 1,443-8 | 2,148-0 |
| September . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | 81.0 | $556 \cdot 5$ | $729 \cdot 4$ | 1,092.3 | 1,921.4 | 2,174.4 |
| October. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | 171.3 | $641 \cdot 3$ | $802 \cdot 6$ | 1,210•8 | 1,669•8 | 2,111.3 |
| November . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | $244 \cdot 8$ 312.4 | 683.3 793.8 | 863.5 943.9 | $1,256 \cdot 6$ $1,377 \cdot 9$ | 1,664•1 | 1,904.6 |
| December . . . . . . . . . . . | - |  |  |  |  | 1,377 | 1,780 | 1,12.3 |

Currency circulation and bank clearings
£ million

|  | Currency circulation |  |  |  |  | Bank clearings(1) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Notes and coin outstanding |  |  | Held by banks(') | Average estimated circulation with the public | Total | London Clearing House | Provincial clearing houses |
|  | Total | Notes() | Estimated coin( $)$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1935 | 549 | $480 \cdot 2$ | 69 | $187 \cdot 1$ | 362 | 126.9 | 122.7 | $4 \cdot 19$ |
| 1936 | 582 | 511.7 | 70 | 188.4 | 394 | $136 \cdot 4$ | 131.9 | 4.53 |
| 1937 | 626 | 552.4 | 74 | $186 \cdot 1$ | 440 | 144.3 | 139.5 | 4.81 |
| 1938 | 635 | 558.3 | 77 | 189.3 | 446 | 133.1 | 129.0 | $4 \cdot 10$ |
| 1939 | 658 | 578.3 | 80 | $199 \cdot 1$ | 459 | 124.3 | 120-1 | $4 \cdot 16$ |
| 1940 | 731 | 644.5 | 86 | $206 \cdot 2$ | 525 | 133.6 | 129.1 | 4.54 |
| 1941 | 823 | $730 \cdot 4$ | 93 | 215.0 | 608 | 144.4 | 139.6 | 4.78 |
| 1942 | 1,004 | 902.7 | 101 | 234.9 | 769 | 163.3 | 158.5 | 4.82 |
| 1943 | 1,184 | 1,072.6 | 112 | $250 \cdot 4$ | 933 | 189.8 | 1860 | 3.80 3 |
|  |  | 1,244.0 | 120 | 259.0 | 1,105 | 207.8 | 204.7 | 3.08 3.35 |
| 1945 | 1,519 | 1,391-4 | 128 | 2560 | 1,263 | 223.6 | $220 \cdot 2$ | 3.35 |

( ${ }^{1}$ ) Averages of working days. Figures are not strictly comparable throughout, owing in particular to changes in the composition of the clearing while the clearing banks' emergency operations were in force from September 1939.
() Averages of Wednesdays for Bank of England notes and averages of Saturdays for Scottish and Northern Irish bank notes.
() Excluding coin other than gold coin in the Bank of England Issue Department.
( ${ }^{()}$Averages of Wednesdays for Bank of England reserve and London clearing banks' holdings of notes and coin and averages of Saturdays for Scottish and Northern Irish bank holdings of notes and coin. Ten London clearing banks in 1935 and subsequently eleven.

Prices and yields of British Government securities ( ${ }^{( }$)
TABLE 176

|  | Short dated() |  | Medium dated( ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 31 \% War Loan |  | 2ł\% Consols |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Price | Yield | Price | Yield | Price | Yield | Price | Yield |
| 1935 | $120 \cdot 1$ | 2.46 | 116.8 | 3.03 | 105.6 | 3.08 | $86 \cdot 4$ | 2.89 |
| 1936 | 118.1 | $2 \cdot 45$ | 117.0 | 2.99 | 106.0 | 3.03 | $85 \cdot 1$ | 2.94 |
| 1937 | 112.9 | 2.92 | $110 \cdot 8$ | 3.32 | 101.2 | 3.40 | $76 \cdot 2$ | 3.28 |
| 1938 | 112.2 | 2.73 | 111.4 | 3.27 | 100.9 | 3.42 | 74.1 | 3.38 |
| 1939 | 107.6 | 3.31 | 104.9 | 3.66 | 93.0 | 3.76 | 67.2 | 3.72 |
| 1940 | 108.0 | 2.81 | $110 \cdot 7$ | $3 \cdot 26$ | 99.3 | 3.52 | $73 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 40$ |
| 1941 | $100 \cdot 1$ | 2.48 | $100 \cdot 5$ | 2.95 | 104.0 | 3.08 | 80.0 | $3 \cdot 13$ |
| 1942 | $100 \cdot 5$ | 2.33 | 101.2 | 2.89 | $104 \cdot 8$ | 2.96 | 82.6 | 3.03 |
| 1943 | $100 \cdot 3$ 100.6 | 2.45 2.37 | 99.7 99.6 | 3.02 3.02 | 103.8 103.3 | 3.04 3.05 | 80.7 79.6 | 3.10 3.14 |
| 1945 | $100 \cdot 4$ | 2.44 | $100 \cdot 2$ | 2.99 | 103.7 | 2.94 | 85.6 | $2 \cdot 92$ |

(1) Averages of working days, allowing for accrued interest. In calculating the yields for short-

Source : Bank of England dated and medium-dated securities redemption is assumed at the later date if price is below par and at the earlier date if price is above par. For $\mathbf{3} \%$ War Loan a flat yield is taken if price is below par and redemption is assumed in 1952 if price is above par. For $2 \mathbf{2} \%$ Consols a flat yield is taken throughout. Income tax is neglected in calculating the yields.
() Representative securities changed from time to time, namely : Short-dated: 5\% Conversion Loan 1944-64 in 1935 to 1940 ; $2 \frac{1}{2} \%$ National War Bonds 1945-47 in 1941 and 1942 ; 21 \% National War Bonds 1949-51 in 1943 and 1944; 211\% National War Bonds 1952-54 in 1945. Medium-dated: 4\% Funding Loan 1960-90 in 1935 to 1940; 3\% War Loan 1955-59 in 1941 and 1942 ; 3\% Savings Bonds 1960-70 in 1943 to 1945 .

## External disinvestment


${ }^{(1)}$ Comprising banking liabilities, less assets, and funds held in the United Kingdom as cover for
Source : Treasury overseas currencies, etc.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ After deduction of outstanding liabilities to provide gold against sterling liabilities and of liabilities to convert U.S.A. holdings of sterling into dollars on demand.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Gold valued at 172 s . 3d. per ounce fine and dollars at $£ 1=\$ 4.03$.

United States lend-lease aid to the British Empire
TABLE 178
\$ million

|  | Total |  | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | January to June | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ \text { to August } \end{gathered}$ |
| Total aid to British Empire | 30,073 | 1,082 | 4,757 | 9,031 1,078 | $\begin{array}{r}10,766 \\ \hline 40\end{array}$ | 3,604 160 | 833 |
| Ships (sail-away) ...... | 2,107 | 65 | 195 | 1,078 | 540 | 160 | 69 |
| Munitions destined for : United Kingdom | 8,648 | 86 | 987 | 2,797 | 3,807 | 822 | 149 |
| Australia....... | 899 | 8 | 152 | 280 | 225 | 180 | 54 |
| New Zealand | 144 | - | 52 | 58 | 21 | 8 | 5 |
| South Africa | 194 | - | 40 | 88 | 55 | 10 | 1 |
| India | 1,422 | 8 | 230 | 371 | 555 | 227 | 31 |
| Colonies | 325 | 8 | 74 | 129 | 89 | 23 | 2 |
| Other war theatres | 3,902 | 76 | 610 | 1,205 | 1,349 | 493 | 169 |
| Other goods destined for United Kingdom | 7,442 | 576 | 1,404 | 1,782 | 2,405 | 1,094 | 181 |
| Australia ...... | -483 | 6 | , 83 | 165 | 2,167 | , 52 | 10 |
| New Zealand | 95 | 6 | 17 | 35 | 28 | 11 | 3 |
| South Africa | 67 | - | 20 | 29 | 18 | - | 51 |
| India ..... | 766 | 1 | 87 | 175 | 295 | 157 |  |
| Colonies | 235 | 2 | 20 | 32 | 75 | 97 | 9 |
| Services | 3,344 | 245 | 786 | 807 | 1,137 | 270 | 99 |

Source : Reports to Congress on lend-lease operations, and Professor R. G. D. Allen's paper "Mutual Aid between the U.S. and the British Empire, 1941-45" read before the Royal Statistical Society, 1946.

United Kingdom reciprocal aid
TABLE 179
£ million


[^36]Source : Treasury and Professor R. G. D. Allen's paper
"Mutual Aid between the U.S. and the British Empire, 1941-45" read before the Royal Statistical Society, 1946.
XI. NATIONAL INGOME

National income, depreciation and expenditure
TABLE 180
£ million

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 1,735 | 1,835 | 2,100 | 2,400 | 2,655 | 2,800 | 2,815 | 2,810 |
| Salaries | 1,110 | 1,150 | 1,220 | 1,350 | 1,390 | 1,450 | 1,515 | 1,580 |
| Pay and allowances of the armed forces | 78 | 124 | 386 | 621 | 805 | 999 | 1,175 | 1,223 |
| Professional earnings | 84 | 82 | 78 | 80 | 86 | 94 | 98 | 105 |
| Income from farming | 60 | 80 | 143 | 191 | 217 | 231 | 208 | 194 |
| Profits of other sole traders and partnerships | 440 | 460 | 490 | 545 | 580 | 585 | 610 | 690 |
| Trading profits of companies ...... | 543 | 715 | 965 | 1,105 | 1,260 | 1,290 | 1,280 | 1,225 |
| Operating profits of public enterprises | 25 | 22 | 22 | 33 | 77 | 91 | 72 | 22 |
| Rent of land and buildings .......... | 395 | 404 | 408 | 404 | 400 | 400 | 401 | 403 |
| Income arising in the United Kingdom Net income from abroad | 4,470 168 | 4,872 140 | 5,812 140 | 6,729 110 | $\begin{array}{r} 7,470 \\ 70 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,940 \\ 60 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,174 \\ 50 \end{array}$ | 8,252 50 |
| National income | 4,638 | 5,012 | 5,952 | 6,839 | 7,540 | 8,000 | 8,224 | 8,302 |
| Provision for depreciation | 450 | 470 | 490 | 490 | 505 | 510 | 515 | 535 |
| National income and provision for depreciation | 5,088 | 5,482 | 6,442 | 7,329 | 8,045 | 8,510 | 8,739 | 8,837 |
| National expenditure Consumption : <br> Personal expenditure on consumers' goods and services ................. <br> Public authorities' current expenditure on goods and services <br> Additions to assets : <br> Gross domestic capital formation( ${ }^{1}$ ). <br> Net lending abroad and purchase of assets and financial claims from overseas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,304 | 4,422 | 4,661 | 4,933 | 5,210 | 5,291 | 5,562 | 6,027 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 724 | 1,198 | 3,100 | 4,239 | 4,715 | 5,054 | 5,076 | 4,217 |
|  | 770 | (808) | (345) | (87) | (8) | (137) | (44) | (693) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 70 | -250 | -804 | -816 | -663 | -680 | -659 | -875 |
| Gross national expenditure at market prices Subsidies Less Indirect taxes | 5,728 | 6,178 | 7,302 | 8,443 | 9,270 | 9,802 | 10,023 | 10,062 |
|  |  |  | 102 | 176 | 209 | 241 | 258 | . 302 |
|  | -677 | -743 | -962 | -1,290 | -1,434 | -1,533 | -1,542 | -1,527 |
| Gross national expenditure.................. | 5,088 | 5,482 | 6,442 | 7,329 | 8,045 | 8,510 | 8,739 | 8,837 |

${ }^{(1)}$ The figures given for this item are residuals, not direct estimates.
Source : Central Statistical Office
TABLE 181
Revenue account of persons
£ million

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 1,735 | 1,835 | 2,100 | 2,400 | 2,655 | 2,800 | 2,815 | 2,810 |
| Salaries | 1,110 | 1,150 | 1,220 | 1,350 | 1,390 | 1,450 | 1,515 | 1,580 |
| Pay and allowances of the armed forces. | 78 | 124 | 386 | 621 | 805 | 999 | 1,175 | 1,223 |
| Mixed incomes | 584 | 622 | 711 | 816 | 883 | 910 | 916 | 989 |
| Rent, dividends and interest | 1,111 | 1,139 | 1,167 | 1,153 | 1,205 | 1,234 | 1,291 | 1,335 |
| Transfer incomes. | 272 | 263 | 266 | 280 | 300 | 325 | 356 | 503 |
| Personal income | 4,890 ' | 5,133 | 5,850 | 6,620 | 7,238 | 7.718 | 8,068 | 8,440 |
| Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,304 | 4,422 | 4,661 | 4,933 | 5,210 | 5,291 | 5,562 | 6,027 |
| Direct taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| On income | 364 | 382 | 565 | 730 | 875 | 1,108 | 1,254 | 1,301 |
| On capital | 78 | 77 | 79 | 163 | 160 | 151 | 156 | 158 |
| Additions to tax reserves | 5 | 30 | 63 | 192 | 146 | 71 | 21 | 34 |
| Net saving | 139 | 222 | 482 | 602 | 847 | 1,097 | 1,075 | 920 |
| Personal outlay and saving | 4,890 | 5,133 | 5,850 | 6,620 | 7,238 | 7,718 | 8,068 | 8,440 |

## Revenue account of public authorities

TABLE 182
£ million

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Direct taxes : On income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| On capital. | 78 | 77 | 688 | 1,048 | 1,30 | 1,759 | 1,937 | 1,968 |
| Indirect taxes | 677 | 743 | 962 | 1,290 | 1,434 | 1,533 | 1,542 | 1,527 |
| Miscellaneous income from property Less Debt interest. | $\begin{array}{r} 54 \\ -291 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 53 \\ -302 \end{array}$ | 49 -314 | 66 -342 | $\begin{array}{r} 113 \\ -397 \end{array}$ | 132 -453 | 118 -511 | $\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ -555 \end{array}$ |
| Revenue. | 959 | 1,065 | 1,464 | 2,225 | 2,648 | 3,102 | 3,242 | 3,165 |
| Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenditure on goods and services. | 724 | 1,198 | 3,100 | 4,239 | 4,715 | 5,054 | 5,076 | 4,217 |
| Subsidies. | 37 | 47 | 102 | 176 | 209 | 241 | 258 | 302 |
| Transfers to : Revenue account of persons............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue account of persons Private capital account | 272 | 263 12 | 266 52 | 280 | 300 221 | 325 190 | 356 117 | 503 170 |
| Surplus on current account. | -81 | -455 | -2,056 | -2,733 | -2,797 | -2,708 | -2,565 | -2,027 |
| Curreat expenditure and surplus | 959 | 1,065 | 1,464 | 2,225 | 2,648 | 3,102 | 3,242 | 3,165 |

Source : Central Statistical Office

## Combined capital account

TABLE 183
£ million

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts Net saving by : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons | 139 | 222 | 482 | 602 | 847 | 1,097 | 1,075 | 920 |
| Companies | 170 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 215 | 235 | 235 | 245 |
| Public authorities | $-81$ | -455 | -2,056 | -2,733 | -2,797 | -2,708 | -2,565 | -2,027 |
| Additions to tax reserves by : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons | 5 | 30 | 63 | 192 | 146 | 71 | 21 | 34 |
| Companies | 10 | 104 | 335 | 282 | 208 | 62 | - 13 | - 59 |
| Provision for depreciation by : Enterprises | 360 | 385 | 410 | 415 | 425 | 430 | 435 | 450 |
| Public authorities | 90 | 85 | 80 | 75 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 |
| Transfers from public authorities. | 7 | 12 | 52 | 263 | 221 | 190 | 117 | 170 |
| Total sums set aside. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 700 | 558 | -459 | -729 | -655 | -543 | -615 | -182 |
| Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross capital formation at home( ${ }^{1}$ ) | 770 | (808) | (345) | (87) | (8) | (137) | (44) | (693) |
| Net lending abroad and purchase of assets and financial claims from overseas....... | - 70 | -250 | -804 | -816 | -663 | -680 | -659 | -875 |
| Gross capital formation at home and abroad. . . . | 700 | 558 | -459 | -729 | -655 | -543 | -615 | -182 |

${ }^{(1)}$ The figures given for this item are residuals, not direct estimates.
Source : Central Statistical Office

## Central government revenue

| TABLE 184 £ million |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| Direct taxes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax and surtax ... | 371 | 410 | 551 | 741 | 921 | 1,184 | 1,353 | 1,426 |
| National defence contribution | 15 | 28 | 24 | 23 | 27 | 33 | 35 | 34 |
| Excess profits tax | - | - | 44 | 211 | 318 | 453 | 482 | 440 |
| Death duties .... | 78 | 77 | 79 | 88 | 94 | 97 | 107 | 119 |
| War damage premiums | - | - | 8 | 75 | 66 | 54 | 49 | 39 |
| Miscellaneous ..... | - | - | 8 | 5 | - | -2 | -3 | -4 |
| Total | 464 | 515 | 706 | 1,143 | 1,426 | 1,819 | 2,023 | 2,054 |
| Indirect taxes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customs and excise duties | 337 | 382 | 474 | 676 | 851 | 992 | 1,088 | 1,092 |
| Motor vehicle duties. | 35 | 34 | 37 | 38 | 32 | 27 | 28 | 35 |
| Stamp duties . . | 21 | 19 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 23 |
| Post Office surplus .......... | 11 | 8 | 19 | 25 | 31 | 36 | 39 | 37 |
|  | - | 14 | 124 | 239 | 199 | 152 | 58 | 14 |
| Miscellaneous | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| Total | 412 | 465 | 676 | 1,000 | 1,137 | 1,233 | 1,239 | 1,211 |
| Total tax revenue | 876 | 980 | 1,382 | 2,143 | 2,563 | 3,052 | 3,262 | 3,265 |
| Income from property |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous .......... |  | 22 |  | 33 | 79 -328 | 93 | 80 | 33 |
| Less National debt interest | -223 | -231 | -242 | -271 | -328 | --386 | --445 | -492 |
| Total revenue. | 673 | 771 | 1,158 | 1,905 | 2,314 | 2,759 | 2,897 | 2,806 |

Source: Central Statistical Office
The finance of the central government deficit on current account
TABLE 185

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Public borrowing at home |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Small savings .......... | ${ }^{4} 3$ | 62 10 | 466 567 | 1,031 | 600 1,047 | 719 1,059 | 702 896 | 668 1,176 |
| Floating debt ........ | - 179 | 280 | 517 | ,903 | +476 | 1,017 | 1,081 | , 557 |
| Tax reserve certificates |  |  |  | 17 | 453 | 177 | 113 | 41 |
| Total | -102 | 352 | 1.550 | 2.553 | 2,576 | 2,972 | 2,792 | 2,442 |
| Finance through government agencies Extra-budgetary receipts, etc. Less Sinking funds | 254 -11 | 185 -14 | 598 -12 | $\begin{array}{r}217 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | 210 -13 | -100 -15 | -60 -16 | -298 -16 |
| Total | 243 | 171 | 586 | 200 | 197 | 115 | - 76 | -314 |
| Gifts and loans from abroad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canadian Government interest-free loan... Reconstruction Finance Cornoration Loan | - | - | - | 87 | 157 4 | -4 --7 | -13 -11 | -14 -10 |
| Credit granted by the United States Government as part of the Lend-Lease settlement |  |  |  |  | - | - |  |  |
| Total | $\cdots$ | - | - | 87 | 161 | -11 | - 24 | 137 |
| Less Lending and net capital formation.... | 33 | 33 | -21 | -18 | -25 | 20 | - 20 | 134 |
| Total deficit on current account | 108 | 490 | 2.115 | 2,82 | 2.909 | 2,826 | 2,672 | 2,131 |

## Personal expenditure on consumers' goods and services

## (i) at current market prices

TABLE 186
£ million

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Food | 1,305 | 1,350 | 1,400 | 1,454 | 1,506 | 1,441 | 1,532 | 1,583 |
| Alcoholic beverages | 285 | 310 | 376 | 464 | 543 | 625 | 665 | 689 |
| Tobacco . . . . . . . | 177 | 204 | 260 | 317 | 415 | 492 | 509 | 564 |
| Rent, rates and water charges | 491 | 510 | 519 | 515 | 509 | 511 | 516 | 534 |
| Fuel and light | 197 | 200 | 224 | 240 | 242 | 238 | 246 | 267 |
| Durable household goods | 234 | 223 | 212 | 197 | 174 | 141 | 127 | 172 |
| Other household goods | 54 | 56 | 59 | 57 | 53 | 52 | 55 | 56 |
| Clothing . . . . . . . . | 446 | 458 | 496 | 452 | 487 | 429 | 494 | 514 |
| Books, newspapers and magazines. | 64 | 63 | 62 | 68 | 73 | 79 | 85 | 91 |
| Private motoring | 127 | 114 | 48 | 41 | 23 | 11 | 11 | 37 |
| Travel | 163 | 156 | 147 | 175 | 206 | 220 | 223 | 255 |
| Communication services. | 29 | 29 | 32 | 37 | 39 | 48 | 54 | 52 |
| Entertainments | 64 | 61 | 61 | 87 | 118 | 140 | 149 | 161 |
| Other services | 483 | 473 | 477 | 480 | 452 | 439 | 449 | 509 |
| Other goods | 177 | 181 | 187 | 189 | 184 | 190 | 201 | 229 |
| Income in kind of the armed forces. | 17 | 29 | 81 | 135 | 146 | 185 | 206 | 204 |
| Less Foreign tourists' expenditure in the United Kingdom | -43 | -35 | -10 | -15 | -30 | -70 | -125 | -60 |
| Personal expenditure in the United Kingdom. Personal expenditure abroad. | $\begin{array}{r} 4,270 \\ \hline 34 \end{array}$ | 4,382 40 | 4,631 30 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,893 \\ 40 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 5,140 \\ 70 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,171 \\ 120 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,397 \\ 165 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,857 \\ 170 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 4,304 | 4,422 | 4,661 | 4,933 | 5,210 | 5,291 | 5,562 | 6,027 |

Source : Central Statistical Office
(ii) re-valued at $193^{8}$ prices

TABLE 186 (continued)

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Food | 1,305 | 1,310 | 1,145 | 1,082 | 1,114 | 1,076 | 1,137 | 1,154 |
| Alcoholic beverages | 285 | 296 | 276 | 288 | 267 | 269 | 274 | 297 |
| Tobacco | 177 | 182 | 178 | 196 | 206 | 204 | 205 | 225 |
| Rent, rates and water charges | 491 | 504 | 508 | 502 | 497 | 498 | 503 | 506 |
| Fuel and light | 197 | 199 | 203 | 205 | 199 | 187 | 193 | 197 |
| Durable household goods | 234 | 219 | 164 | 115 | 81 | 67 | 60 | 82 |
| Other household goods | 54 | 55 | 52 | 48 | 42 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| Clothing . | 446 | 444 | 372 | 275 | 273 | 247 | 275 | 279 |
| Books, newspapers and magazines. | 64 | 63 | 59 | 61 | 63 | 67 | 73 | 77 |
| Private motoring | 127 | 113 | 38 | 30 | 17 | 8 | 8 | 25 |
| Travel | 163 | 156 | 137 | 155 | 181 | 193 | 196 | 224 |
| Communication services | 29 | 29 | 27 | 27 | 31 | 37 | 42 | 40 |
| Entertainments | 64 | 61 | 53 | 75 | 87 | 89 | 90 | 94 |
| Other services | 483 | 467 | 432 | 411 | 373 | 350 | 343 | 369 |
| Other goods | 177 | 177 | 162 | 131 | 109 | 110 | 113 | 120 |
| Income in kind of the armed forces. | 17 | 28 | 66 | 97 | 105 | 135 | 151 | 147 |
| Less Foreign tourists' expenditure in the United Kingdom | -43 | -34 | -8 | -11 | -21 | -48 | -84 | -39 |
| Personal expenditure in the United Kingdom.. Personal expenditure abroad. | $\begin{array}{r} 4,270 \\ \hline 34 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,269 \\ \hline 38 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,864 \\ 24 \end{array}$ | 3,687 28 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,624 \\ 45 \end{array}$ | 3,529 73 | 3,619 92 | 3,837 85 |
| Total | 4,304 | 4,307 | 3,888 | 3,715 | 3,669 | 3,602 | 3,711 | 3,922 |

## Average weekly earnings in manufacturing and certain other industries(1)

TABLE 187

|  | All operatives |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Men } \\ & \text { (aged } 21 \text { and over) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Youths and boys |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Women } \\ & \text { (aged } 18 \text { and over) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Girls |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Earnings | Percentage increase over 1938 | Earnings | Percentage increase over 1938 | Earnings | Percentage increase over 1938 | Earnings | Percentage increase over 1938 | Earnings | Percentage increase over 1938 |
| 1938 October. | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 53 & 3 \end{array}$ | - | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { s. } \\ 69 & \text { d. }\end{array}$ | - | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 26 & 1\end{array}$ | - | $\frac{s .}{}{ }_{32}{ }_{6}$ | - | s. 18 d. | - |
| 1940 July | 692 | 30 | 890 | 29 | 351 | 35 | 3811 | 20 | 224 | 21 |
| 1941 July . | 7510 | 42 |  | 44 | 4111 | 61 | 4311 | 35 | 250 | 35 |
| 1942 January |  | 46 | 1020 | 48 | 426 | 63 | 476 | 46 | 2610 | 45 |
| July . | $85 \quad 2$ | 60 | 1115 | 61 | 462 | 77 | $54 \quad 2$ | 67 | $30 \quad 3$ | 64 |
| 1943 January | 8711 | 65 | 1139 | 65 | 451 | 73 | 586 | 80 | 321 | 73 |
| July . |  | 76 | 1213 | 76 | 472 | 81 | 622 | 91 | 3310 | 83 |
| 1944 January |  | 79 | 1238 | 79 | 4610 | 80 | 639 | 96 | 343 | 85 |
| July ... | 968 | 82 | 1244 | 80 | 474 | 81 | 643 | 98 | 3411 | 89 |
| 1945 January |  | 76 | 1193 | 73 | 441 | 69 | 632 | 94 | 338 | 82 |
| July | 961 | 80 | 1214 | 76 | 456 | 74 | 632 | 94 | 351 | 90 |

(1) The figures represent the average earnings including bonus, overtime, etc., and before deduc-

Source : Ministry of Labour tion of income-tax or insurance contributions, in one week in the months indicated. Administrative and clerical workers and other salaried persons have been excluded.

## Average weekly hours worked( ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ )

TABLE 188

|  | All operatives | Men (aged 21 and over) | Youths and boys | Women <br> (aged 18 and over) | Girls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1938 October. | 46.5 | 47.7 | $46 \cdot 2$ | 43.5 | 44.6 |
| 1943 July ... | 50.0 | 52.9 | 48.0 | 45.9 | $45 \cdot 1$ |
| 1944 January | 49.2 | 52.0 | $47 \cdot 1$ | $45 \cdot 2$ | 44.6 |
| July . | 48.6 | 51.2 | 46.7 | $44 \cdot 6$ | 44.2 |
| 1945 January | 47.0 | 49.4 | 45.2 | $43 \cdot 1$ | 43.0 |
| July . . . | $47 \cdot 4$ | 49.7 | $45 \cdot 6$ | $43 \cdot 3$ | 43.5 |

(1) The figures include overtime, but exclude time lost, and correspond with those for average

Source : Ministry of Labour earnings in Table 187.
and National Service

WAGES AND PRICES

## Average weekly earnings in certain industries( ${ }^{1}$ )

TABLE 189

|  | Chemicals, explosives, paints and oils | Metals, engincering and shipbuilding | Textiles | Clothing( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | Food, drink and tobacco | $\begin{gathered} \text { Building } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { antracting } \end{gathered}$ | Transport, storage, etc.() |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men aged 21 and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938 October...... | 693 | 750 | s7 3 | 643 | ${ }_{65} 3$ | 660 | 70 |
| 1940 July | 879 | 1025 | 7510 | 7110 | 764 | 8411 | 852 |
| 1941 July . | 985 | 1122 | 816 | 837 | 874 | 971 | 922 |
| 1942 January | 1002 | 1192 | 846 | 850 | 883 | 842 | 9210 |
| July .. | 10711 | 1281 | 905 | 914 | 931 | 1020 | 991 |
| 1943 January | 1109 | 1316 | 935 | 950 | 969 | 948 | 999 |
| July ... | 116 | 138 | 9611 | 989 | 1018 | 1084 | 1042 |
| 1944 January | 1202 | 14110 | 978 | 1012 | 1040 | 1016 | 1083 |
| July ... | 1205 | 1391 | 10110 | 1053 | 1066 | 10711 | 1143 |
| 1945 January | 1180 | 1312 | 1004 | 1065 | 1067 | 1045 | 11010 |
| July . | 12210 | 1330 | 1047 | 1108 | 1104 | 1114 | 11410 |
| Women aged 18 and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938 October. |  |  |  |  | 3211 |  | 3411 |
| 1940 July . | 373 | 4310 | 405 | 363 | 354 |  | 436 |
| 1941 July ... | 4411 | 481 | 420 | 412 | 403 |  | 596 |
| 1942 January |  |  |  |  | 416 |  |  |
| July . . | 565 | 607 | 485 | 471 | 4511 | 518 | 675 |
| 1943 January | 614 | 665 | 503 | 484 | 4711 | 525 | 672 |
| , July . . |  | 6910 | 5211 |  | 5010 |  |  |
| 1944 January | 653 | 718 | 538 55 | 5010 | 5311 | 604 | 748 |
| 1945 July . . | 6411 | 710 | 557 | 534 | 5311 | 6111 | 791 |
| 1945 January | 621 | 704 | 539 | 530 | 548 | 596 | 787 |
| July | 6210 | 691 | 582 | 557 | 567 | 605 | 817 |

(i) See footnote ( ${ }^{1}$ ) to Table 187.

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service
${ }^{(2)}$ Including laundries and dry cleaning.
(c) Excluding railways.

Wage rates and cost of living
TABLE 190
Annual averages

|  | Index of weekly wage rates( ${ }^{1}$ ) | Working-class cost of living index |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | All items included in the index |  | Food | Clothing | Fuel and light | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rent and } \\ \text { rates } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1 September } \\ & 1939=100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } 1914 \\ =100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { September } \\ & 1939=100 \end{aligned}$ | 1 September $1939=100$ |  |  |  |
| 1935. | 91-92 | 143 | 92 | 91 | 90 | 93 | 97 |
| 1936. | 94 | 147 | 95 | 94 | 91 | 96 | 98 |
| 1937. | 97 | 154 | 99 | 101 | 97 | 98 | 98 |
| 1938. | 99-100 | 156 | 101 | 102 | 100 | 99 | 99 |
| 1939. | 101 | 158 | 102 | 102 | 103 | 101 | 100 |
| 1940. | 111-112 | 184 | 119 | 119 | 137 | 115 | 101 |
| 1941. | 121-122 | 199 | 128 | 122 | 177 | 125 | 101 |
| 1942. | 130 | 200 | 129 | 117 | 192 | 129 | 101 |
| 1943. | 135-136 | 199 | 128 | 120 | 169 | 134 | 101 |
| 1944. | 142-143 | 201 | 130 | 122 | 166 | 141 | 101 |
| 1945. | 149-150 | 203 | 131 | 123 | 167 | 149 | 102 |
| (1) Th | industries and | proportio | of the smaller | ustries |  | rce : Ministry | bour |

TABLE 191
Agricultural price indices( ${ }^{1}$ )
England and Wales


## Stock and fertilizer price indices

England and Wales
TABLE 192

|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock(1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy cows | 106 | 108 | 131 | 172 | 188 | 185 | 181 | 180 |
| Store cattle | 106 | 109 | 128 | 148 | 159 | 163 | 169 | 167 |
| Store sheep. | 88 | 93 | 108 | 129 | 147 | 155 | 168 | 181 |
| Store pigs | 107 | 119 | 115 | 141 | 158 | 184 | 214 | 170 |
| Pertilisers( ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ ) ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 102 | 102 | 133 | 138 | 137 | 138 | 138 | 138 |
| Sodium nitrate. | 101 | 103 | 132 | 137 | 137 | 137 | 137 | 137 |
| " Nitro-chalk" | 101 | 101 | 125 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 |
| Ammonium sulphate | 102 | 102 | 128 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 |
| Superphosphate .... | 101 | 102 | 145 | 153 | 149 | 150 | 151 | 151 |
| Basic slag . . . . | 100 | 99 | 105 | 110 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 |
| Ground rock phosphate. | 106 | 104 | 146 | 150 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 |

(2) Base $1936-1938=100$.

Source : Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries
${ }^{(8)}$ Taking into account Exchequer payments.

## TABLE 193



[^37]Digitized by GOOgle

## DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATORY NOTES

The purpose of this section is to supplement the footnotes given in each table and to make it possible to interpret the statistics more fully. The notes and definitions in this section are arranged in the same order
as the tables. Certain definitions of general application throughout the Digest are also given in the Introductory Notes on page $v$.

## I. POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS

## Table <br> POPULATION

## VITAL STATISTICS

## Births

Figures for England and Wales relate to births occurring during the year; those for Scotland and Northern Ireland relate to the number of births registered in each year.

Birth rates have been calculated as follows :-
(a) For 1939 by relating birth registrations (occurrences in the case of England and Wales) to the resident population, that is excluding members of the armed forces overseas and merchant seamen at sea.
(b) From 1940 by relating birth registrations (occurrences in the case of England and Wales) to the total population, including members of the armed forces overseas and merchant seamen at sea.

## Table

## Infantile mortality

For England and Wales the rates of deaths of infants under one year of age are based on live births occurring in the several periods to which the deaths in the age groups comprising the first year of life relate. For Scotland and Northern Ireland the rates are based on live births registered in the year in which the deaths took place.

## Deaths

The figures relate to the number of deaths registered during the year, the normal time lag between occurrence and registration being a matter of days only.
The figures for male deaths refer to civilians only for England and Wales and Scotland from 3rd September 1939 and for Northern Ireland from 1941.
The figures for female deaths refer to civilians only for England and Wales and Scotland from 1st June 1941 and for Northern Ireland from January 1941.

## II. MANPOWER

Distribution of total manpower
The figures represent estimates of the total number of males aged 14-64 and females aged 14-59 gainfully employed, whether employers, employees or persons working on their own account, together with those who had not yet taken up employment since leaving H.M. Forces and insured persons registered as unemployed. Indoor private domestic servants are excluded. Women in part-time paid employment are included, two part-time workers being counted as equivalent to one full-time worker. The figures exclude prisoners-of-war but include such other foreign workers as had entered individually into civilian employment.

The heading " National Government Service" covers all employees of the Government except those employees in dockyards, royal ordnance factories, etc. who are included in their appropriate industry
classifications. It also includes British employees of N.A.A.F.I.

## ARMED FORCES

The figures in Tables 10 to 15 relate to men and women who served in the armed forces and auxiliary services of the United Kingdom, British subjects usually domiciled in Great Britain and Northern Ireland. Certain of the tables, annotated accordingly, include British subjects and other persons domiciled elsewhere who individually enlisted and served in the armed forces and auxiliary services of the United Kingdom.
All tables exclude men and women who served in units and contingents of His Majesty's forces other than those of the United Kingdom or in Allied units and contingents under British or Allied command.

Casualties are given by date of notification and not by date of occurrence. The strength figures for the Army include a number of casualties which had not been reported at the dates to which the figures relate.
Casualties include the following categories :-
(a) Killed. Deaths from enemy action and injury
are included, but not deaths from natural causes or (except in the case of the Royal Air Force) suicides. The figures for the Royal Navy, however, include deaths from diseases attributable to war service.
(b) Wounded. Non-battle injuries sustained on war service are included, but absence from duty due to sickness is excluded. The Army exclude all non-battle injuries and the Royal Air Force include injuries occurring during training.
(c) Missing.
(d) Prisoners-of-war and internees. The figures for prisoners in Europe were based on official notifications received from Germany and Italy. The figures for prisoners in Japanese hands were based partly on official notifications and partly on information received from the prisoners themselves.
In Table 12 the number of casualties represents those notified during the period less the missing who subsequently rejoined their units and repatriated prisoners. In Table 14 these two categories are included and the figures for prisoners-of-war also include internees. Men reported missing but subsequently reported killed, wounded or prisoners-of-war have been transferred from " missing" to the other category.
The figures relate to the gross number of casualties and not to the number of men who became casualties. A man who was reported missing, wounded or prisoner-of-war more than once has been counted as a casualty on each occasion so reported.

Releases
Men and women released for a temporary period are excluded, but those released locally abroad or repatriated from the United Kingdom are included. Strength

The term " strength" includes only those actually serving, that is, it excludes men whose service had been deferred, men on Reserve, men released to industry and, except where otherwise stated, men reported prisoners-of-war or missing. It excludes women whose service had been deferred and except in 1941, the A.T.S. Unemployed List.
Men on T. 124 agreements were merchant seamen serving with the Royal Navy under special agreements.
The nursing services include Queen Alexandra's Royal Naval Nursing Service, Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service, Territorial Army Nursing Service, Princess Mary's Royal Air Force Nursing Service and members of Voluntary Aid Detachments serving with the armed forces.

## Casualties

Table
of Aircraft Production), home market and export has been made on the basis of figures supplied by employers in the employment returns referred to above. Employment on orders for Supply departments relates only to munitions and other equipment and stores for the use of the armed forces. Merchant shipbuilding and repairs is included in home market.

It should be noted that the figures shown for particular industries do not necessarily include the whole of the employment in the manufacture of the finished product ; for example, part of the employment in the manufacture of aircraft parts and equipment is included in the general engineering, electrical engineering, scientific instruments, etc., industries.

## Railway staff

The table shows all staff employed during the week of the census in March of each year by the railway companies of Great Britain (excluding the Manchester Ship Canal where staff fluctuated between 1,500 and 1,600 during the period), the London Passenger Transport Board and the Railway Clearing House. The figures represent the numbers receiving salaries or wages for the full week combined with the equivalent number of full-time workers where employees were paid for less than the complete week.
Civil Service
The tables include both established and unestablished staff irrespective of their industrial classification. Staff in Northern Ireland, other than reserved and agency services, is excluded. Two part-time workers are counted as one whole-time worker. The figures are taken from returns made quarterly to the Treasury by all Government departments.

The table of non-industrial civil servants relates to clerical, executive and administrative staffs, their professional and technical counterparts and Post Office manipulative grades (postmen, telephonists, etc.).
In the case of industrial staff, in so far as they are employed in establishments which carry on work similar to that performed by employees of private firms (for example, engineering, building, etc.), they are also included in the tables for the particular industries concerned.
Government building programme
The table shows the labour employed on that part of the building programme subject to direct Government
control. The figures cover male operatives aged 16 and over employed on the following types of work :-
(a) direct, authorised and assisted work of a Government department ;
(b) licensed work;
(c) repair of houses made uninhabitable by war damage; salvage operations and war debris clearance ; and first aid repairs carried out by the Special Repair Service.
" Direct" work is work on Government-owned property. "Assisted" work is work for which the Government granted financial assistance. "Authorised " work is work of construction or alteration for local authorities and public utility undertakings which required to be authorised by the appropriate Government department. Repair and maintenance work for such authorities and undertakings and items of new work under $£ 100$ in value were exempted from authorisation.
Work for private firms, private institutions and individuals required to be licensed with the exception of items of work of a value below $£ 100$ and, until the end of 1941, all works of demolition, repair, decoration and maintenance.
The exemption limit of $£ 100$ for authorised and licensed work was reduced to $£ 10$ in the London Civil Defence Region in October 1944 and in certain other districts of the Home Counties in February 1945.
Government training centres and emergency training establishments
The table relates to the number of civilians trained or in training at Government training centres (excluding coal-mining training centres) and emergency training establishments. The latter utilised for training purposes all facilities available at technical colleges and industrial establishments not being used in operations essential to the war effort. The figures for completed training include all persons who completed the course in Government training centres together with terminations after passing the placing test in emergency training establishments. Trainees were required especially under schemes conducted by industrial establishments to undergo a placing test before completion of the course of training. These courses were of fixed duration, varying with the type of training required, but normally of eight weeks' duration.

## III. SOCIAL CONDITIONS

## PUBLIC HEALTH

## Deaths by cause and age

The figures are tabulated according to the Fifth Revision of the International List of Causes of Death from 1940 for England and Wales and Northern Ireland and from 1941 for Scotland. The figures for 1939 (and 1940 in the case of Scotland) are tabulated according to the Fourth Revision of the International List. The figures in brackets following each cause of
death are the reference numbers to that particular cause in the Fifth Revision of the International List.

## Notifications of infectious diseases

The figures for the years 1939 to 1943 for England and Wales incorporate such corrections as were reported on the weekly card returns and correspond with the numbers published in the quarterly and annual reports of the Registrar General. Those for 1944 and 1945 show the corrected number of notifications,
incorporating revisions of diagnosis, either by the notifying medical practitioner or by the medical superintendent of the infectious diseases hospital.

The term "formal notifications" as applied to cases of tuberculosis in England and Wales and Scotland covers new cases notified under the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1930. The figures exclude transfers between areas so far as they could be ascertained, duplicate notifications and a few cases brought to the notice of Medical Officers of Health otherwise than by formal notification under the regulations.
Venereal disease
The table shows the number of cases of venereal disease dealt with at civilian treatment centres in Great Britain and includes cases from the Services. The totals of all cases comprise cases under treatment or observation on 1st January of each year, cases removed from the register during any previous year which returned during the year in question for treatment of the same infection, new cases and cases dealt with for the first time during the year in question and known to have received treatment for the same infection or to have been under observation at other centres or Service hospitals.

In the number of new infections with syphilis are included cases of syphilis primary, secondary, latent in first year of infection, all later stages and congenital. New infections with gonorrhoea include cases at first year of infection and at later stages.

## NATIONAL INSURANCE

Table
and taxi drivers plying for hire with vehicles obtained under contract of bailment.
(c) soldiers, sailors and airmen.
(d) persons employed in certain classes of war occupation abroad.
(e) voluntary contributors.

## Unemployment insurance

Persons insured against ${ }^{\circ}$ unemployment under the Unemployment Insurance Acts were broadly the categories indicated at (a) and (d) above for national health and pensions insurance with the following exclusions : (i) private domestic servants, (ii) female professional sick nurses and (iii) from 1942 persons engaged as a result of the war in employment for less than 30 hours a week.

## JUSTICE AND CRIME

It is necessary to preface these tables with the warning that differences exist in varying degree between the legal and judicial systems of England and Wales,

Scotland and Northern Ireland which make it impossible to collate the statistics on a completely comparable basis. The differences between the systems of England and Wales and Scotland are the most pronounced.

## Classification of offences

In all the relevant tables in this section offences are analysed under three broad headings. For England and Wales and Northern Ireland these are : (a) indictable offences, (b) non-indictable offences, and (c) offences against Defence Regulations; for Scotland they are : (a) crimes, (b) miscellaneous offences, and (c) offences against war legislation. Generally speaking these groups are broadly comparable.
The first two groups represent a division of criminal offences according to the nature of the proceedings in which the accused persons are tried. Thus, the procedure at Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions is by a " bill of indictment " as opposed to a summons, warrant or charge at summary courts; therefore all offences which in the ordinary course are tried at Assize or Quarter Sessions are called " indictable" offences. All common law offences and all offences created by statute are indictable unless there is some statutory provision which expressly provides for some other mode of disposal. Originally, indictable offences could be tried at Assize or Quarter Sessions only, but there are now many offences committed by adults which may be dealt with summarily with the consent of the person accused. Offences which are ordinarily within the jurisdiction of summary courts only are designated " non-indictable" offences; such offences are created by statutes which contain express provision for summary treatment.
The last mentioned group (offences against Defence Regulations or war legislation) is of course a temporary one which came into existence during the war years and which arose out of the emergency powers taken by the Government to prevent acts which might be
prejudicial either to the country's security or to the prosecution of its war effort. The difference in nomenclature of this group as between England and Wales and Northern Ireland on the one hand and Scotland on the other, is that the Scottish figures, in addition to covering offences under the various regulations made under the Emergency Powers (Defence) Acts, 1939 and 1940 (Defence Regulations), include offences under the National Registration Act, 1939, War Charities Act, 1940 and Goods and Services (Price Control) Act, 1941 which are included under non-indictable offences in the case of England and Wales and Northern Ireland.

## Finding of guilt and conviction

In the statistics for England and Wales the term "persons found guilty" covers not only persons convicted but also those found guilty without conviction (mainly persons dealt with under the Probation of Offenders Act, 1907 by dismissal, binding over or placing on probation). In the statistics for Scotland, however, persons so dealt with are not included in the term "persons convicted or found guilty" since there is in Scotland neither finding of guilt nor conviction in such cases.
Offences known to the police; persons proceeded against and found guilty
Offences known (or made known) to the police include offences reported to the police or otherwise coming to their knowledge within each year whether committed by the same or different persons and whether any apprehension took place within the same year or not.

A person proceeded against and charged at the same time with several offences appears as one person only. In selecting the offence for tabulation the principle is followed that a charge resulting in conviction has preference over any others, and where there are convictions on more than one charge the most serious offence (that is, the offence for which the heaviest sentence is awarded) is selected. Only cases disposed of within each year are included. Cases pending at the end of a year are included in the figures for the following year.

## Juvenile delinquency

For England and Wales and Scotland " juveniles" are defined as children or young persons under the age of 17 ; for Northern Ireland, however, the age limit is under 16 years.
Prison population
The prison statistics for Scotland are not altogether comparable with those for England and Wales and Northern Ireland. The main difference is in respect of the inclusion of criminal lunatics and mental defectives in the statistics for Scotland. In England and Wales and Northern Ireland the institutions in which criminal lunatics and mental defectives are detained do not come under the control of the Prison Commission, though the prison statistics may include such persons if received as ordinary prisoners before removal to the appropriate institution either by order of a court or by certification.

## Table

## Divorce proceedings

During the years 1937 to 1939 new legislation relating to divorce was introduced which had a marked effect on the number of petitions filed. In England and Wales the Matrimonial Causes Act, 1937 came into effect on 1st January 1938 and gave additional grounds for divorce. The Divorce (Scotland) Act, 1938 gave additional grounds for divorce and also lowered the period of desertion necessary as a ground for divorce from four to three years.

The Matrimonial Causes Act (Northern Ireland), 1939 came into operation on 1st October 1939 and instituted a judicial for a legislative system of divorce. Before this Act the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland had power to grant a decree of divorce a mensa et thoro, but such a decree did not dissolve the marriage and amounted only to what is known elsewhere as a judicial separation.

## HOUSING AND BUILDING

## Construction activity

This table shows the estimated value of work (both new work and repairs and maintenance) carried out by firms registered in the twelve main trades of the building and civil engineering industries; namely, general builders, building and civil engineering contractors, civil engineering contractors, plumbers, joiners and carpenters, painters, roofers, plasterers, glaziers, demolition contractors, scaffolding specialists and miscellaneous. Firms in these twelve trades consisting solely of working principals and therefore employing no operatives are excluded; a working principal is an owner, partner or director who also works as a craftsman or labourer.
The table also excludes building and civil engineering work carried out by the following :-
(a) firms in the seven specialist trades, namely :constructional engineers, reinforced concrete specialists, heating and ventilating engineers, electrical contractors, asphalt and tar spraying contractors, flooring contractors and plant hire firms.
(b) building operatives employed directly by local authorities, Government departments, public utility and transport undertakings and by private firms outside the building and civil engineering industries.
(c) prisoner-of-war labour.

The work done by the agencies excluded was, in 1946, about 40 per cent. of the total output of building and civil engineering work. This percentage is not known for earlier years.
The figures for mining include the cost of raising opencast coal, since such work was undertaken by firms in the building and civil engineering industries. The item " all other work "includes all housing work other than new construction and war damage repairs and all work on shops, commercial premises, farm buildings, etc.

## IV. AGRICULTURE AND FOOD

## AGRICULTURE

Area of crops and grass
The statistics of area are obtained from returns made by all occupiers of more than one acre of agricultural land in Great Britain. In Northern Ireland returns are required from all occupiers of one-quarter of an acre or more of agricultural land. The areas shown exclude woodlands, buildings, roads, yards, ponds, etc.

The figures of specific crops relate to those which were actually in the ground on the date of the June census, or for which the land was being prepared at that date. Any catch crops grown for livestock feed or for ploughing-in in the period between the harvest and the sowing of the next season's main crop are not shown in the acreage returns. The case is similar for vegetable crops.

The number of acres under each crop was reported to the nearest quarter-acre. Any crops not specified in the return or grown in patches of less than one quarter of an acre are shown under the heading "Other crops ".

The permanent grass acreage relates only to that grassland which was not under rotation.

## Crops and grass harvested

The estimates of the quantity harvested were for the most part obtained by combining the areas returned in June with estimates of yields made by technical officers employed by the Departments of Agriculture.

## Livestock

The tables show the number of cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry as returned by all occupiers of more than one acre of agricultural land in Great Britain and one quarter of an acre or more in Northern Ireland.

## FOOD

Movement off farms
Wheat, barley and oats
The series for wheat, barley and oats show as nearly as possible the sales of the home crops of these cereals as food. Thus no account is taken of farm sales specifically for animal feed, although small quantities were diverted for this purpose. The wheat figures show receipts by flour mills; the barley figures show receipts by brewers, maltsters, flakers, roasters, distillers, pot barley manufacturers, the Ministry of Food and (for a short period of 1943 and 1944 when flour was diluted) flour millers; the figures for oats are receipts by oatmeal millers (including a small quantity in 1943 for flour dilution), flakers and maltsters, and the Ministry of Food.

## Potatoes

The series shows the quantity of ware potatoes (excluding chat and seed) sold directly for food (including exports) and also for processing. The figures include the quantity of surplus ware potatoes
fed direct to livestock under the Ministry of Food scheme or under special licences. Allowance has been made for human consumption on farms but production on allotments and gardens is excluded.

## Sugar

The production of refined and raw sugar (in terms of refined) from home-grown sugar beet. In 1939 the average relates to "the campaign year"October, 1939 to January, 1940.

Animals purchased for slaughter
The figures relate to the number of animals purchased by the Ministry of Food from farms in Great Britain including fat animals imported from Eire and Northern Ireland for slaughter in Great Britain. Pigs fattened by pig clubs or other domestic producers and killed under licence are excluded.

## Milk sales through the marketing scheme

The figures cover sales through the marketing schemes, for liquid consumption and for the manufacture of milk products including farm cheese. The quantity consumed by farm households and used on farms for butter production or calf rearing is excluded.

## Processed food : Production

Wheat and oat milling
The series under the heading "Flour milling" show the quantity of home-produced and imported wheat milled and the resulting output of flour and offals. The latter two series include also the small quantity of oats and barley used for the dilution of flour in 1943 and 1944. The figures for oats show the quantity used by oatmeal millers, flakers and maltsters.

Seed crushing and vegetable oil consumption
The five series show the quantity of oilseeds and nuts processed by crushing, expelling and extraction, the resulting production of crude oil and oilcake or meal and the consumption of the oil. The consumption figures include the crude oils used as such for soap and other industrial purposes, and the crude oil equivalent of the refined oils used for the manufacture of margarine and cooking fats and other food uses. Exports are included both in total disposals and in disposals for food. Castor meal, cocoa-cake and meal, which are unsuitable for animal feed, are excluded from the oilcake and meal figures.
Whale, herring and seal oil
Consumption is calculated on the same basis as that of vegetable oils.

## Meat

Up to and including March 1940 the production of carcase meat and offal has been calculated from the estimated number of animals slaughtered. From April 1940 onwards the figures relate to sales by the wholesale meat supply associations and to meat and offal produced by pig clubs and other domestic producers. Meat from imported fat stock and fresh meat from Eire are included throughout.

## AGRICULTURE AND FOOD

## Bacon and ham

The figures relate to the output of curing factories from both home-killed and imported carcases. Bacon cured for pig clubs or other domestic producers is included.

## Butter

The figures relate to the output of home creameries. The production of butter on farms is excluded.
Cheese
The series shows all graded cheese purchased by the Ministry of Food from creameries or farms. Processed cheese is excluded as being a remanufacture of graded cheese.

Food and animal feeding-stufis : Consumption
The consumption figures relate to deliveries from stocks held or controlled by the Ministry of Food taking into account changes in stocks of wholesalers and manufacturing users. They should not be confused with retail purchases. In addition to deliveries to home food distributors, for civilians and for the Services, the figures include deliveries to manufacturers of products other than food and to exporters. Whenever these items are quantitatively important deliveries " for food" are shown separately. Where foods are used in the manufacture of other goods (for example, sugar in the manufacture of jam, biscuits, sweets) the quantities used for this purpose are included in the food column. The following points should be noted.

## Rice

The series gives total disposals which in addition to issues of whole rice, include issues of broken rice to manufacturers for brewing and for the production of ground rice, inedible starch, etc., and losses in recleaning as well as milling and drying losses.

## Starch

The series includes the quantity issued to industrial users as well as that issued to glucose and other food manufacturers.
Fresh, frozen and cured fish (landed weight)
Total disposals are the landed weight of fresh and frozen fish supplied to wholesalers, certain retailers and institutions, the Services, manufacturers of oil and fish meal and exporters, together with the quantity of cured fish issued to wholesalers, manufacturers and exporters. The condemned fish and offal which are included are taken by fishmeal manufacturers for the production of fertilizers and animal feed.

The figures for disposals for food in the United Kingdom give the landed weight of fresh and frozen fish and net weight of home-cured fish, but exclude quantities supplied to exporters and fish taken by fishmeal manufacturers.

## Eggs in sheil

The figures show the consumption of imported and commercially produced eggs plus an estimate of the number of eggs obtained by domestic poultry keepers.

## Potatoes

Total disposals exclude seed and chat potatoes, stockfeed outside Ministry schemes and waste on farms. Disposals for food in the United Kingdom further exclude stock-feed under Ministry schemes and exports, and relate to the distribution of potatoes intended for human consumption. No allowance is made for waste in distribution or for feed to domestic animals.

## Barkey

The figures for brewing and food show the quantity used by brewers, maltsters, flakers, roasters, distillers and pot barley manufacturers.

## Maize

Total disposals relate to the quantity used by manufacturers for production of edible starch, glucose and cereal breakfast foods, maize issued for pigeons and maize and maize meal used as feed.

## Oilcake and meal

The series covers sales of high, medium, and low protein oilcake by oilseed crushers to dealers together with the quantity processed by provender millers and compounders. Low protein oilcake, such as coconut cake and palm kernel cake, was issued as part of the " cereal " feeding-stuffs ration.

## Milling offals

The figures relate to sales by flour millers to dealers, together with the quantity processed by provender millers and compounders.

## Conversion factors for items in the food tables

Flour
Changes in the rate of extraction of flour from wheat :-

Per cent.

| At 3rd September 1939 | $\ldots$ | .. | . | 70 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| From 26th October 1939 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | 73 |
| From 28th April 1941 | $\ldots$ | .. | .. | 75 |
| From 23rd March 1942 | .. | .. | .. | 85 |
| From 1st October 1944 | .. | .. | .. | $82 \frac{1}{2}$ |

From 31st December 1944 to 23rd February 1946 80

## Oilseeds

Crude oil equivalent :-
Cottonseed .. .. .. .. 17

Groundnuts decorticated .. .. .. 46
Groundnuts undecorticated .. .. 31
Copra .. .. .. .. .. 63
Palm kernels. . .. .. .. .. 47
Linseed .. .. .. .. .. 33
Rapeseed .. .. .. .. .. 38
Sunflower seed .. .. .. .. 26
Castor seed .. .. .. .. .. 44
71 Arrival of lend-lease foodstuffis
The figures given in this table cover arrivals of lendlease food supplies originating in the United States of America only. Arrivals from other countries are shown in the small table at the foot of page 72.

## V. FUEL AND POWER

## COAL

## Production, consumption and stocks

The series showing weekly averages for individual months are based on weekly or monthly returns. The weekly averages for each year are based on returns for the calendar year where available.
Saleable mined coal
Production figures show the tonnage of coal raised and weighed at the pithead at coal mines in Great Britain, after deducting the weight lost in the elimination of stones and dirt by screening and washing. Miners' free and concessionary coal and all coal (of whatever quality) used for colliery purposes is included.

## Opencast coal

Coal obtained by opencast working of deposits near the surface.

Inland consumption

Public utility undertakings
Gasworks include both statutory and non-statutory undertakings as well as gasworks of railway and transport undertakings.
Electricity undertakings comprise public supply and transport power stations.

Consumption of coal by railways is the amount used by the main line railways and the London Passenger Transport Board for locomotives, in workshops and stations, and for marine purposes. It should be noted that coal consumed by the railways for the generation of electricity is included under "Electricity " and that for the production of gas under " Gasworks."

## Coke ovens

The series relates to coal carbonised by coke oven plants.

## Industrial consumers

The figures include only coal consumption of undertakings with an annual consumption of 100 tons or more of coal and coke.

## Miners' coal

Coal supplied by the collieries free of charge or at specially reduced prices to miners and their dependents, officials, clerks, etc., employed at the mines, miners' welfare bodies and other authorised persons and institutions.

## Merchants' disposals

The figures relate to the distribution of house coal, anthracite and boiler fuel by merchants to premises not separately programmed for their supplies and to other merchants for resale. In addition to private residences these premises include shops, offices, hotels, cinemas, institutions and the like and the smaller industrial consumers of solid fuel. House coal sold landsale by colliery undertakings acting as merchants is included.
Collieries
The amount of coal, irrespective of quality, consumed at collieries for all purposes, including engine fuel.

Table

## Mined coal : Productivity

The figures before 1943 for the average number of shifts worked and possible and for the absenteeism percentage are based on returns collected by the Joint Accountants to the industry, in which the number of wage-earners differed from those obtained from the Ministry's own returns shown in the first column of the table. Average output per manshift before 1943 has not been calculated from these figures but from the annual statutory returns of the Ministry.

## Wage-earners on colliery books

This series includes all wage-earners, male and female, engaged in raising or handling coal or other minerals obtained with coal. Clerical and administrative staff are excluded.
Shifts worked
The average number of shifts worked per wageearner per week is the total number of manshifts worked in the period divided by the number of wageearners on colliery books at the end of each week in the period.
Shifts possible
Shifts possible are the sum of shifts worked and shifts lost through absenteeism of the workers. Shifts lost owing to recognised holidays, disputes, accidents, repairs, breakdown of machinery, etc., at the mines are not included.
Absenteeism percentage
The absenteeism percentage is the total number of shifts lost through absenteeism multiplied by 100 and divided by the total number of shifts possible.
Output per manshift
The average output in tons per manshift worked is the output of saleable coal divided by the total number of manshifts worked, at the coal face and overall.

## COKE

77 Coke produced at coke ovens consists of furnace coke and foundry coke. Production at gasworks includes coke used at these undertakings in the manufacture of water gas, in some cases that used for heating retorts and all other purposes.

Total inland consumption includes coke consumed at gasworks, blast furnaces and other industrial undertakings, by railways, non-industrial establishments and Service departments, disposals by merchants to domestic premises and shipments to Northern Ireland.
Total stocks relate to the amount held at producers' works, blast furnaces and other industrial undertakings, by railways, non-industrial establishments and Service departments and at merchants' yards. Stocks held in Northern Ireland are excluded.

## GAS AND ELECTRICITY

Gas
Total gas available is the sum of gas produced at all authorised and non-statutory gas undertakings in Great Britain (excluding from the year 1943 that produced at works of railway and transport authorities) together with the amount bought from coke oven plants by gasworks for resale. Gas produced by coke ovens for the iron and steel industry and sold direct to other industries for consumption for other purposes is not included.

## Electricity

The figures relate to authorised undertakings and railway and transport power stations only. Electricity generated by industrial establishments for their own use is not included.

## PETROLEUM

The annual totals given in this series of tables and the weekly averages derived from them include certain revisions which have not been made to the monthly figures. The monthly figures in Tables 83 to 86 are for four or five week periods; in Tables 87 to 89 they are for calendar months.
The figures given for deliveries into consumption represent deliveries by the bulk petroleum distributors and not actual consumption.

## Petroleum products

## Motor spirit

Motor spirit includes distillation benzines used for industrial processes.

## Lubricating oils

Lubricating oils include medicinal paraffin and mineral jelly.

Bitumen
Bitumen refers only to asphaltic bitumen refined by the distillation of asphaltic base crudes.

## Process oils

Products intended for use as raw materials in refineries.

Table

Production from indigenous materials of petroleum products and substitutes
Indigenous production covers products obtained from refining shale oil and indigenous crude petroleum. It includes receipts by the bulk petroleum distributors from hydrogenation, low temperature carbonisation, tar distillation and benzole recovery plants. The figures under bitumen refer to the quantity of creosote used as a fluxing agent. The series quoted refer only to the output distributed by the Petroleum Board.
The figures for aviation and motor spirit include production of white spirit and kerosine.
Home production of fuel oil comprises mainly tar oils.

## Deliveries into civilian consumption of motor spirit

This analysis of deliveries into consumption is based on coupon issues and does not take into account the use of coupons for purposes for which they were not intended. Consumption includes quantities delivered against coupons exchanged for Service department requisitions (private cars) and indents (public service and goods vehicles). Consumption by the armed Forces is excluded.

## Private cars and motor cycles

Deliveries for cars taxed on horse-power and for motor cycles, including private hire cars and invalid carriages, but excluding cars and cycles operated by Government departments, local authorities and the police services.

Commercial vehicles
This heading includes deliveries for consumption by goods vehicles, buses, coaches, taxis, Government departments, local authorities, the police services, vehicles distributing petroleum products, etc.

## Industrial uses

Deliveries for unlicensed vehicles, ambulances (other than those owned by local authorities), vehicles operating on trade plates, plant, machinery and watercraft used for industrial purposes, lighting plants and motor spirit used for industrial processes.

## Agricultural uses

Deliveries for farmers' vans, lorries and tractors not operating under carriers' licences or permits, agricultural engines ( 5 s . class) and agricultural stationary engines.

Deliveries into consumption of fuel for diesel-engined road vehicles
This table is based on the total deliveries into consumption of gas oil on which duty is paid for use in
diesel-engined road vehicles and on figures of coupon issues to consumer groups. The figures include quantities delivered against coupons exchanged for Service department indents.

Deliveries into consumption of gas, diesel and fuel oil Bunkers
Including deliveries to certain coastal vessels which are linked with concerns operating ocean-going vessels.

## Burning

Deliveries of oil for central-heating, steam raising and industrial furnaces.

## Power

Deliveries of oil for stationary and mobile engines and for bunkers for fishing and coastal vessels excluding those linked with concerns operating oceangoing vessels.

## Manufacture

Deliveries mainly for gas works and grease blending plants.

## VI. RAW MATERIALS

Iron ore and manganese ore
Iron ore
The ferrous content of home iron ore is about 30 per cent., compared with 55-60 per cent. for imported iron ore.
Production figures for 1940-45 include small quantities of manganese ore.
Consumption figures relate to the consumption of raw and calcined ore as charged, except in the case of the figures for home iron ore in 1937 and 1938 which relate to raw ore and the raw equivalent of calcined ore. The 1937 and 1938 consumption figures for both home and imported ore include manganese ore, but exclude consumption in steel works. Consumption of imported ore in blast furnaces includes consumption in sinter plant.
Stocks of imported iron ore include ore in ships discharging and in transit to works.

## Manganese ore

Stocks are the quantities held at works and in transit in the United Kingdom.

## Pig iron

This comprises hematite, basic, foundry and forge pig iron, direct iron castings and blast furnace ferro-alloys.

Consumption includes refined and cylinder pig iron consumed in refined iron works.
Total stocks include stocks at wrought iron and refined iron works and in Ministry of Supply stockyards.

Where cumulative adjustments have had to be made to annual figures for production and consumption, these may not correspond exactly with the monthly figures.

Iron and steel scrap and steel ingots and castings Iron and steel scrap
Consumption figures relate to the quantity of steel and cast iron scrap (including scrap arising in own works) consumed in the production of steel ingots and castings, excluding the scrap consumed in blast furnaces.

Stocks are the quantities held at steel works and steel foundries.
Receipts of " bought" scrap are receipts of scrap bought in the home market. Figures before 1940 are estimated.

## Steel ingots and castings

From July 1943 alloy steel figures relate to steel, other than high speed steel, containing a minimum of 0.4 per cent. of chrome or nickel, 0.1 per cent. of molybdenum, tungsten or vanadium, or 10.0 per cent. of manganese. Before July 1943 the minimum proportions of these elements in alloy steel were 0.5 per cent., 0.25 per cent. or 12.0 per cent. respectively.

Where cumulative adjustments have had to be made to annual figures for production and consumption, these may not correspond exactly with the monthly figures.
Semi-finished and finished iron and steel

## Billets, blooms and slabs

Figures relate only to material for the production of heavy and light rolled products. From 1941 alloy steel is excluded.

## Heavy rails and sleepers

Rails over 36 lb . per yard (perfects and defectives) and sleepers, fishplates and soleplates for use with them.

Heary and medium plates
Boiler plate $\frac{8}{18}$ inch thick and over; other plates $\frac{3}{16}$ inch thick and over ; medium plates and sheets under $\frac{3}{16}$ inch thick, down to and including 3 mm . thick.

## Other heary steel products

Angles, tees and sections over 4 united inches; channels over 3 -inch web; girders, joists and beams 3 -inch web and over; rounds, squares and hexagons 3 -inch and over, and flats over 5 -inch wide; shell steel (ingots, billets and bars for shells, shot and bombs).

## Light rolled products

Rails under 36 lb . per yard, and accessories; steel arches and accessories; angles, tees and sections 4 united inches and under; channels 3 -inch web and under; joists and " H " bars under 3-inch web; wire rods; ferro-concrete bars and other bars, rounds, squares, hexagons, etc., under 3 -inch and fiats 5 -inch wide and under; hot rolled hoop and strip.

## Cold rolled strip

Under 18 -inch wide.

## Sheets

Under 3 mm . thick, coated and uncoated, but excluding tin, terne and blackplate.

## Tin, terne and blackplate

Includes tinned sheets and uncoated tinplate base.

## Steel castings

Net weight of fettled castings produced, machined as necessary to ensure soundness.

## Steel forgings

Net forged weight of drop forgings and other type forgings.

## Tyres, wheels and axles

Tyres, rolied rings, straight axles, solid wheels, disc wheel centres and assembled wheels and axles.

## Stocks of steel

Ingots, semi-finished and finished steel held at producers' works, in British Iron and Steel Corporation stockyards and in transit in the United Kingdom. Consumers' stocks are excluded.

## Chrome ore and ferro-alloys

## Chrome ore

Stocks are the quantities held by consumers, importers and the Ministry of Supply. Stocks in transit are excluded except in 1940.

## Tungsten, molybdenum and vanadium

Production and consumption figures relate to the non-ferrous metal content of ferro-alloy and other finished products. Stock figures relate to the nonferrous metal content of stocks of the ferro-alloys and of the ore (allowing for losses in refining) held by producers, consumers, merchants and the Ministry of Supply.
Ferro-chrome, silico-manganese, ferro-manganese, ferrosilicon, calcium silicide
Stocks are the quantities held at consumers' works, in British Iron and Steel Corporation stockyards

## Non-ferrons metals <br> \section*{Stocks}

Except where otherwise stated, figures for stocks of copper, zinc, lead, nickel, tin, bauxite, cryolite, alumina and magnesite relate to quantities held by the Government and by consumers and include stocks in transit in the United Kingdom. Stocks of magnesium and magnesium alloys are Government stocks only and include stocks not taken on charge.

## Refmed copper

Production figures relate to production on toll contracts from imported blister, including scrap refined on private account from 1943.

## Virgin copper

Unwrought copper (electrolytic, fire refined and blister).

## Zinc concentrates

Consumption figures from 1942 include consumption other than for zinc production.

## Virgin aine

Unwrought zinc, excluding re-melted zinc. Some secondary material is included in the production figures for the years 1935 to 1939.
Reflned nickel
Includes ferro-nickel.

## Refmed lead

English refined lead is included from 1942. Reexports on toll transactions are included in total disposals and also in home consumption where fabrication had taken place before re-export.

Production figures for 1935 to 1942 relate to production from imported and domestic ores and concentrates; for 1943 to 1945 they relate to lead reclaimed from secondary and scrap material, and lead refined from domestic ores.

## Virgin tin

Figures for production from 1942, and for total disposals throughout, include residues refined on toll and re-exported.

## Bauxite

Expressed in terms of high grade bauxite.
Magnesium and magnesium alloys
Production includes scrap recovery. Consumption figures relate to despatches to consumers.
Magnesite (calcined and dead burnt)
Production figures refer to metal extracted from sea water.

## Aluminium

Virgin aluminium
Consumption figures include the aluminium content of virgin alloys. Stocks are total stocks, including consumers' stocks and stocks in transit, and they include the virgin aluminium content of all alloys.

## Secondary aluminium

Production includes production from crashed aircraft. Consumption figures relate to releases by the Light Metals Control. Stocks are total stocks, including consumers' stocks and stocks in transit.

Softwood and hardwood
Sleepers and crossings of all kinds are excluded, except in figures for production before 1942. Softwood excludes pitwood, boxboards, pulpwood and poles. Hardwood excludes pitwood, logs for veneer production and staves.

Production of softwood and hardwood is the estimated output, based on deliveries from sawmills, of timber sawn from home-grown logs. In the figures for production after 1941 and in all figures for consumption of home-grown timber an allowance of 10 per cent. (softwood) and 5 per cent. (hardwood) has been made for conversion to squareedged material.

Consumption of home-grown softwood and hardwood is calculated from production and changes in stocks; that of imported from the Timber Control's records of arrivals at ports to their account and changes in stocks.

Stocks of home-grown softwood and hardwood are the quantities held by the Home Timber Production Department, by merchants, by consumers (including railways) and in National stock. Ineffective stocks, estimated from July 1941 at 12,000 standards (softwood) and 1.25 million cubic feet (hardwood), are excluded.

Stocks of imported softwood and hardwood are National stocks (including stocks awaiting discharge), importers', merchants' and consumers' (including railways') stocks and stocks of recovered timber. Imported hardwood stocks exclude ineffective stocks of hardwood, which until August 1941 amounted to 4 million cubic feet and from September 1941 to 2 million cubic feet.

Stocks in the hands of firms whose normal stocks are less than 20 standards (softwood) or 1,000 cubic feet (hardwood) are excluded.

## Pitwood and plywood

Pitwood
All mining timber specially prepared for use underground in mines for propping or shoring or as pit sleepers. It is shown in Gothenburg standards (equivalent to 180 piled cubic feet) calculated in the case of round pitwood in accordance with the Gothenburg scale, and in the case of other mining timber on an equivalent basis.
Round pitwood comprises pitprops, including sawn and quartered props, round bars and long pitwood. Sawn pitwood comprises other sawn mining timber.
The figures for production show the quantities despatched by the trade and by the Home Timber Production Department.

Table
Consumption is calculated from deliveries to mines adjusted for changes in stocks at mines.

Stocks are National stocks (including stocks in transit and piling) and colliery stocks (including, from 1943, stocks held underground).

## Constructional plywood

All rectangular boards, including block board, etc., of standard construction, excluding plywood of special shape or construction or of technical specification.

Production figures show the quantity of homeproduced plywood taken into National stock.

Consumption is calculated from deliveries from National stock adjusted by changes in private stocks.
Stocks are National stocks, including stocks awaiting discharge. Merchants' and certain consumers' stocks are included up to June 1943.

## Technical plywood

Plywood produced for special requirements of the Service departments.

## Hides, skins and finished leather <br> Cattle hides

Production figures show deliveries to tanners of native raw hides. Stocks consist of native hides and imported wet, wet salted, dry and dry salted cattle and buffalo hides held by tanners and dressers. Stocks in transit in the United Kingdom are included.

## Kips and calfskins

Production figures show deliveries to tanners of native raw kips and calf skins.
Stocks consist of native and imported kips and calfskins held by tanners and dressers.

## Goatskins

Stock figures relate to imported goatskins held by tanners and dressers.

## Sheepskins

Production figures show the quantity of native sheep and lamb pelts fellmongered, including deliveries of woolled skins to dressers for dressing with the wool on.

Stocks consist of native and imported sheep and lamb pelts and woolled skins for dressing with the wool on, held by tanners and dressers and in Government reserve.

## Rough tanned hides and kips

East Indian kips, calfskins and buffalo hides, including quantities in transit in the United Kingdom, held by tanners and dressers, factors and merchants.

## Rough tanned goat and sheepskins

Imported rough tanned goat and sheepskins, including quantities in transit in the United Kingdom, held by tanners and dressers, factors and merchants.
Heavy leathers (leathers sold by weight)
Sole leather bends and offal, hide mechanical and textile leathers.

Consumption figures for heavy leathers represent deliveries by producers; for sole leather they also
include imports and are adjusted for changes in certain stocks.
Stocks of heavy leathers comprise sole leather bends, offal and cut stock held by tanners, boot manufacturers, factors, merchants, sole cutters and heel builders and hide mechanical and textile leathers held by tanners, factors and merchants. Stocks in transit in the United Kingdom and any stocks in Government reserve are included.
Light leathers (leathers sold by area)
Upper and lining leather, gloving leather, chamois, upholstery, case, clothing, hat, bookbinding and other light leathers.
The consumption figures represent deliveries by producers; for upper and lining leather they also include imports and are adjusted for changes in certain stocks.
Stocks are the quantities held by producers, boot manufacturers, factors and merchants. Stocks in transit in the United Kingdom are included.

## Rubber

Waste rubber
Crumb rubber is included in 1942.
Production is the collection of waste rubber from all sources including manufacturing scrap and domestic collections and the arrival of battlefield scrap at authorized dumps in the United Kingdom. From July 1944 the figures relate to collections at Ministry of Supply dumps only.

Consumption is the processing of waste into reclaimed rubber. From July 1944 the figures relate to issues from Ministry of Supply dumps only.
Stocks are the quantities held at Ministry of Supply dumps and, before July 1944, by cable strippers, licensed merchants, reclaimers, rubber manufacturers, and at Service dumps.

## Reclaimed rubber

Natural, synthetic and, in the monthly figures for 1943, crumb rubber.
Production figures give production by reclaimers and, up to July 1944, by rubber manufacturers.

Consumption includes direct usage of waste rubber until July 1944. From that date figures are estimated and cover reclaimed rubber only.
Stocks are the quantities held by reclaimers, rubber manufacturers and the Ministry of Supply. Government lend-lease stocks are excluded in the figure for the end of 1941.

## Natural rubber

Includes latex (except in the monthly figures for 1942) but excludes balata and gutta percha.

Consumption includes exports except in the monthly figures for 1942.

Stocks are the quantities held by H.M. Government, by manufacturers and, before January 1942, by importers and dealers in London and Liverpool. Stocks in transit are included from January 1942.

Table

## Synthetic rubber

G-R-S type, neoprene, butyl, N-type, and miscellaneous synthetic rubbers. "Thiokol " and "Novoplas " are excluded from July 1944.

Consumption figures include exports.
Stocks are the quantities held by H.M. Government and by rubber manufacturers.

## 101 Chemicals

Industrial alcohol
Ethyl alcohol expressed as 68 O.P. spirit.
Consumption shows deliveries to consumers including methylators.

Stocks are quantities held on behalf of the Government and by producers.
Industrial methylated spirit
Consumption shows deliveries to consumers.

## Methanol

Consumption shows deliveries to consumers.
Stocks are quantities held on behalf of the Government and by producers and consumers.
Urea
Consumption shows deliveries to consumers.
Nitric acid
Production in acid works, including Government acid plants.

Stocks are the quantities at acid works and Government plants.

## Pyrites

Imported and home-produced pyrites for the manufacture of sulphuric acid.

Production figures relate to arrivals of homeproduced material at acid works.

Stocks comprise the Government reserve and material at acid works, including Government acid plants. Stocks in transit in the United Kingdom are included from June 1943.
Sulphur (for acid)
Production figures relate to arrivals of home-produced material at acid works.

Stocks comprise the Government reserve and material at acid works, including Government acid plants. Stocks in transit in the United Kingdom are included from June 1943.
Sulphur (regular)
Production figures relate to recovered sulphur.
Stocks comprise the Government reserve and material at consumers' works and include manufactured forms. Stocks in transit in the United Kingdom are excluded.

## Spent oxide and anhydrite

The figures relate only to material for use and consumed in the manufacture of sulphuric acid.

Production figures show arrivals of home-produced material at acid works.

Stocks are the quantities at acid works.

Sulphuric acid
As 100 per cent. acid. From 1941 acid made at Government factories is included.
Stocks are the quantities at acid works and Government plants.

Calcium carbide
Consumption figures relate to despatches from works.

## Fertilizers, ammonia and molasses

Nitrogenons fertilizers (nitrogen content)
Production figures relate to ammonium sulphate,
" Nitro-chalk " and concentrated compound fertilizers.
Consumption and stock figures relate to ammonium sulphate, "Nitro-chalk," concentrated compound fertilizers, Chile nitrates of soda and potash, Trail ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate, nitrate of lime and cyanamide.
Non-agricultural uses are excluded except in the series for total disposals which includes exports of ammonium sulphate for all purposes.
Superphosphate ( $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ content)
Consumption figures relate to deliveries by manufacturers and from Government stores to merchants and farmers for direct application, and quantities used in ordinary compound fertilizers.
Stocks are the quantities held by manufacturers and by dry mixers. From February 1945 imported material is included.

Ground basic slag ( $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ content)
Production figures relate to slag ground in the United Kingdom from home-produced raw slag.
Consumption relates to deliveries of home ground material to merchants and farmers for direct application.
Stocks are the quantities held by manufacturers.
Ground phosphate ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathbf{2}} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ content)
Production relates to phosphate ground in the United Kingdom from imported phosphate rock.
Consumption relates to phosphate ground in the United Kingdom delivered by grinders for direct application or for mixing in compound fertilizers.
Stocks are home-produced material held by manufacturers and compounders.

## All other phosphatic fertilizers ( $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ content)

Production figures relate to organic fertilizers, treated phosphate rock and concentrated compound fertilizers.

Consumption figures include in addition ammonium phosphate, triple superphosphate and, in 1943 and 1944 only, calcium metaphos. They relate to quantities delivered to merchants and farmers for direct application or used by compounders.
Stocks comprise treated phosphate rock, concentrated compound fertilizers and, in the figures for 1942 to 1945, triple superphosphate. The figures relate to home-produced and imported material held by superphosphate manufacturers and dry mixers.

Potash ( $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ content)
Agricultural potash only.
Consumption figures relate to quantities delivered in ordinary or concentrated compound fertilizers or for direct application.

Stocks are the quantities held by merchants and compounders.
Compound fertilizers (excludingconcentratedcompound fertilizers)
Total weight of product.
Consumption relates to deliveries by all compounders to merchants and farmers.

Stocks are the quantities held by compounders.

## Phosphate rock

Consumption figures show the quantity used in the manufacture of fertilizers or for other industrial purposes.

Stocks are the quantities held for use in fertilizers by the Government, superphosphate makers and grinders, and quantities held by manufacturers for other industrial purposes.

## Ammonia

The figures exclude ammonia produced in by-product factories and converted directly into sulphate of ammonia.

Consumption figures show deliveries by producers to consumers and for export.
Stocks are the producers' stocks at works, including stocks in Government factories. Consumers' stocks are included in the figure for 1942.

## Molasses

The figures are expressed in terms of blackstrap containing 52 per cent. sugars.

Production is the production from sugar cane and sugar beet of molasses handled by the Government.

Consumption figures give deliveries for distilling ; for cattle feed including silage, sweetened pulp and straw ration; and for tanning, solvents, yeast, coremaking, citric and lactic acid, and Ministry of Food requirements.
Stocks are those held in depots and refineries and by consumers. The figure for 1945 includes the molasses equivalent of sugar awaiting conversion to high test molasses.
Plastics and materials for plastics
Home consumption covers consumption in producers' own factories and deliveries to consumers (including Government consumers).
Paper and papermaking materials
"Paper" means paper or board; " mills" means paper mills or board mills.

## Papermaking materials other than woodpulp

Consumption figures relate to consumption by mills.
Stock figures of pulpwood, straw for papermaking, and esparto show the quantities held at mills. The stock figures for rags, waste ropes, etc., and waste paper are prepared from returns made by mills and merchants ; they cover all mills and the principal merchants.

## Paper equivalent

The paper equivalent figures show the approximate amount of paper which it is estimated can be produced from the papermaking materials other than woodpulp shown as consumed or in stock. The approximate paper equivalents are: pulpwood $37 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent., straw 43 per cent., rags, etc., $66 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent., waste paper 80 per cent., esparto 42 per cent.

## Pulpwood

Imported pulpwood and home-grown timber, including wood waste and chippings.

## Woodpulp for papermaking

This comprises chemical sulphite pulp (bleached, partly bleached, bleachable, easy bleaching, strong and bamboo) ; chemical sulphate pulp (bleached, partly bleached, bleachable, easy bleaching, knotter and screenings, and kraft) ; and mechanical pulp (wet and dry mechanical pulp) in terms of air dry weight used or held by papermakers and manufacturers of cellulose wadding.

## Indestrial woodpulp

The woodpulp held or used by manufacturers of rayon and transparent cellulose film.

## Newsprint

Consumption figures for 1939 give the quantities of newsprint used by publishers of newspapers and periodicals ; subsequent figures also include quantities licensed for other purposes, exports and re-exports.

Stock figures show the quantity of newsprint held at mills and by publishers of newspapers and periodicals.

## Building boards and other paper and board

Building boards comprise insulation board, laminated wallboard and hardboard.
Consumption is derived by adding together the paper imported and the home-produced paper invoiced out by mills, and adjusting at the end of every four months for any reduction or increase in the stocks of paper held by manufacturers, merchants and large consumers.

Stocks are the quantities held by papermakers, paper merchants, bag makers, box makers, wallboard merchants, converters, manufacturing stationers and consumers. The returns made by bag makers, box makers, paper makers and wallboard merchants are believed to cover all engaged in the trade. The principal converters who are omitted are periodical publishers and printers, although certain printers are included in the other categories where, for example, they operate also as merchants. The returns obtained from manufacturing stationers cover all those who are likely to hold considerable stocks, but the returns obtained from consumers relate only to a miscellaneous selection of large firms. National stocks of building boards are included in the figures for 1945.

## Raw cotton

The home consumption figures show the quantities used by (a) cotton spinning mills for cotton spinning,

Table
and (b) other consumers for spinning in mixture with cotton waste, wool, and asbestos and for the manufacture of surgical dressings, upholstery, rayon and, until March 1943, explosives.

Stocks are the quantities held by merchants until 1st April 1941 when such stocks were requisitioned by the Cotton Control. The estimated weight of raw cotton unloading at ports and in transit in the United Kingdom is included.

## Cotton waste

Cleaning waste is included from January 1941.
Production figures relate to merchants' receipts of cotton waste from spinning, doubling, weaving and hosiery mills in the United Kingdom.
Home consumption figures show the amount of cotton waste used mainly in waste, woollen and cotton spinning and in the manufacture of surgical dressings, upholstery, cleaning waste and, until August 1943, explosives. Consumption in purification factories, for which the figures are Control deliveries to such factories up to the end of June 1941 and thereafter actual consumption, is included.
Stocks are the quantities held by the Cotton Control, merchants and commercial users (including stocks at purification factories.)

## Cotton linters

Home consumption figures show the use of imported first and second cut linters, United Kingdom and salvage linters, mainly in the manufacture of rayon, plastics, paper, bedding, surgical dressings, insulation material and explosives.
Stocks are those held by the Cotton Control, merchants, oilcake manufacturers and consumers.

## Cotton yarn

## Cotton yarn

Production figures give the total conditioned weight of single cotton yarn, whether sold or used in single or doubled form. They include yarn spun for sale, yarn used for further manufacturing processes in the same firm, and yarn spun on commission. They exclude yarn spun from waste, and spun rayon and mixture yarns.

Deliveries are the total weight of yarn delivered by cotton spinners or used by them for further processing against orders approved by the Cotton Control under the Cotton Allocation Scheme. Cotton waste yarn and cotton and spun rayon mixture yarn are included. Yarn for industrial uses is that used in certain manufactures (for example surgical dressings, hosiery, tyres and narrow fabrics), whether for home consumption or export, and for certain essential home services. Yarn for the export trade is yarn exported as yarn, thread, piece goods or made-up goods.
Consumption by weavers of cotton yarn is the amount of cotton and cotton waste yarns used in the manufacture of cotton fabrics and cotton and rayon mixture fabrics.

## Table

## Cotton waste yarms

Production figures relate to yarns wholly of cotton waste.

## Spindles running

Average of the number of single yarn spindles running during each week of the period on cotton only up to October 1941, and thereafter on cotton, spun rayon and mixture yarns. Figures are given as mule equivalents. Spindles running on waste yarns are excluded.

## Rayon, rayon yarn and woven fabrics

 RayonProduction figures from 1941 give the quantity of rayon and other synthetic fibres produced in the United Kingdom on a delivered weight basis. Before 1941 the figures are excise figures less an estimated allowance for waste.

## Spun rayon and mixture yarns

Production figures cover yarns of spun rayon, cotton and rayon mixtures, cotton and wool mixtures, and waste yarns other than those of cotton waste and raw cotton.

## Woven cotton fabrics

Production is the output of grey and coloured-woven cotton cloth made for sale or on commission on looms of not less than 23 -inch reed space. The figures cover jacquard cloths and cloth for made-up cotton goods, including towels, quilts, bed-coverings, surgical bandages and dressings and tyre cord and fabric. They exclude hosiery, lace net and machinery belting and other cotton smallwares. The figures represent the linear yardage of cloth in the grey state before undergoing finishing processes.

## Woven rayon and mixture fabrics

Production is the output of fabrics made wholly from continuous filament or spun rayon, from nylon (after August 1944) and from mixtures of rayon, nylon and cotton yarn. Weaving is on looms of not less than 23 -inch reed space. The fabrics included are those containing not less than 85 per cent. by weight of cotton, rayon or nylon yarn. The figures represent the linear yardage of cloth in the grey state before undergoing finishing processes.

## Rayon yarn

Consumption figures give the consumption by weavers of yarn made of continuous filament, spun rayon (long or short staple) and other synthetic fibres (such as nylon) in the manufacture of rayon and mixture fabrics.

## Looms running

Until December 1943 the average of the number of looms (of not less than 23 -inch reed space) running on cotton, rayon, nylon and mixture fabrics during each week of the period. From January 1944 the figure given is the number of looms running on the last full working day of the month. The annual figures for 1944 and 1945 are monthly averages.

## Table

## Wool and silk

## Raw wool

Production figures show the intake of United Kingdom fleece and skin wool. From 1937 to 1940 the figures are estimated. From 1941 they give the actual weight of wool taken up by the Ministry of Supply, the Board of Trade or the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries
Home consumption is the estimated clean weight consumed in combing, woollen spinning and felt making.
Stock figures show the estimated clean weight of raw wool in Government ownership or held by the U.K./Dominion Wool Disposals, Ltd. (Joint Organisation), merchants, top-makers, spinners and manufacturers. Stocks held by farmers are excluded.

## Worsted yarn

From 1942 the figures show the wool content of manufacturers' deliveries. The figure for 1937 relates to the production (total weight) of yarn wholly or mainly of wool, including admixtures amounting to about 5 per cent.
Woven wool fabrics (excluding blankets)
Production figures relate to deliveries except in 1937. All lengths are expressed as the equivalent length of cloth 54 inches wide.

## Blankets

Production figures relate to deliveries computed on the basis of 1 blanket $=2 \frac{1}{2}$ linear yards and 4 cot blankets $=1$ full size blanket.

## Raw silk

Consumption figures from 1941 give the total amount of raw silk, undischarged weight, put into process. Figures for 1937 and 1938 show deliveries to mills.
Stocks are those held in the United Kingdom by consumers and by the Control, including stocks in transit but excluding material in process.

## Silk noils

Production is by waste silk spinners. From March 1942 production from cartridge bag cuttings is also included.
Consumption shows quantity put into process.
Stocks are held by waste silk spinners, by noil spinners, and by the Government. From February 1942 garnetted material is included in Government stocks.

## Jute, flax and hemps

Raw jute
The home consumption figures show the quantity of raw jute used in jute yarn spinning.
Stocks are those held by the Control, spinners and dealers.

## Imported jute goods

The home consumption figures relate to deliveries by merchants against disposal licences issued by the Control; consumption by large consumers who buy direct from the Control; quantities sold by the Control to departments; and imported rove and other
yarn sold by the Control to weavers, carpet manufacturers and other users. Home-produced goods from Control stocks are included from March 1942 to March 1945.
Stocks cover imported jute goods held by the Control, merchant distributors and consumers purchasing direct from the Control, and, from March 1942 to March 1945, home-produced goods taken into Control stock.

## Flax

From April 1944, production includes imports from Eire.
Home consumption figures show the amount of flax spread for spinning by flax spinners and sales to the paper and other trades. Hemp and hemp tow used by flax spinners are included in the figures for 1940 and 1941.
Stocks are the quantities held by the Flax Control and by spinners. Hemp and hemp tow used by
flax spinners are included in the figures for 1940 and 1941.

## Soft bemps

True hemp comprises Italian, Central European (including Turkish) and Chilean hemp. The figures for consumption and stocks in 1940 and 1941 exclude some portion of true hemp taken over by the Flax Control and used by flax spinners.

Stocks of soft hemps are the quantities held by the Control and by spinners and papermakers, excluding stocks in transit in the United Kingdom.

## Hard hemps

Sisal, manila, phormium tenax and other varieties.
Home consumption is the amount of hemp used by spinners, papermakers and bedding manufacturers.
Stocks are the quantities held by the Control and by spinners, papermakers and bedding manufacturers, excluding stocks in transit in the United Kingdom.

## VII. PRODUCTION

## SHIPBUILDING

 owners.Figures of completions refer to vessels which have completed their trials and been handed over to their

## Standard displacement

The standard displacement of a surface vessel is the displacement of the vessel complete, fully manned, engined and equipped ready for sea, including all armament and ammunition, equipment, outfit, provisions and fresh water for crew, miscellaneous stores and implements of every description that are intended to be carried in war, but without fuel or reserve feed water on board.

The standard displacement of a submarine is the surface displacement of the vessel complete (exclusive of the water in non-watertight structure) fully manned, engined and equipped ready for sea, including all armament and ammunition, equipment, outfit, provisions for crew, miscellaneous stores and implements of every description that are intended to be carried in war, but without fuel, lubricating oil, fresh water or ballast water of any kind on board.

## Deep displacement

Deep displacement of surface vessels is the same as standard displacement except that it includes fuel and reserve feed water.

## Light displacement

Light displacement is the displacement of the ship complete with ammunition, but excluding oil, water,
petrol, provisions, canteen stores, naval stores, officers' slops, navigation stores and paymasters' slops.

## War load displacement

For landing craft, war load is the light displacement plus the full weight of armoured fighting vehicles, mechanical transport, troops, permissible ammunition, stores, fuel and crew.

## Gross tonnage

Gross tonnage is the total volume of all the enclosed spaces of a vessel above the inner bottom. The unit of measurement is a ton of 100 cubic feet.

112 Naval vessels : Ocean and coastal convoy etc. Minelayers
This series comprises fast minelayers, controlled minelayers, minelaying lighters and coastal minelayers.

Minesweepers, trawlers and boom defence vessels
These include fleet minesweepers; minesweeping, anti-submarine, and minesweeping anti-submarine trawlers ; boom, gate and net vessels.

## Mosquito craft

This series comprises steam gun boats, motor torpedo boats, motor anti-submarine boats, motor launches and motor minesweepers.

## Landing craft

Types included are tank, flak, gun, mechanized, assault, support, personnel and infantry landing craft.

## Table

## MUNITIONS

This section gives a summary of United Kingdom production of the more important munitions and warlike stores during the rearmament period immediately preceding the outbreak of war and during the war itself. The munitions section and the separate sections giving the production of military aircraft and naval vessels taken together cover the major groups of war production for the armed forces. There are important connections between this and the other two sections, for example, this section includes the production of guns for aircraft and naval vessels. A large part of the munitions tables relate to production administered by the Ministry of Supply, which was responsible not only for Army requirements but also for some production for the requirements of the Royal Navy and the Royal Air Force. The most important items of production of this type included in these tables are small arms ammunition, explosives and the filling of shells and bombs. Except for this production the other two Supply departments remained responsible for their major munitions requirements. Of the production shown in the munitions tables, the Admiralty was responsible for the production of all naval guns (Table 119), the Oerlikon gun (Table 120), naval propellant production (included in Table 125) and for most types of empty components for naval ammunition (Table 124) ; the Ministry of Aircraft Production was responsible for the production of aircraft guns including the Hispano-Suiza (Table 120) and to a varying extent for the supply of empty bomb components (Table 124).
The choice of items shown in the tables has necessarily been limited, although for certain groups the coverage of the figures is more complete than for others. For example, armoured fighting vehicles, artillery, light guns and small arms ammunition are comprehensively covered since these items lend themselves more readily to generic grouping than do certain others such as engineer stores, signal equipment and artillery instruments. The difficulty of dealing with groups of this latter type where only a limited selection of items has been included is overcome to some extent for Ministry of Supply production by prefacing the munitions tables with an index of munitions production (Table 117) from which the general trend of production in each main group can be readily seen. Some important groups are omitted entirely, both from these tables and from the index of productionfor example, medical stores, clothing and general equipment and stores.
The statistics given in these tables come from two main sources. Those covering the period of the war and a small number of pre-war figures are extracted from the departmental records of the Admiralty and the Ministry of Supply (including the records of aircraft munitions production now in the possession of the Ministry of Supply). Most of the pre-war figures on the other hand come from Deficiency

Table
Progress Reports submitted to the Committee on Imperial Defence by Service departments during the rearmament period.

With one exception the tables cover new production only in the United Kingdom. The figures therefore exclude repairs, reconditioning, conversions and supplies from overseas. An exception is made for armoured fighting vehicles; overseas supplies of these vehicles were of exceptional importance and such supplies are shown alongside United Kingdom production in Table 126. Production of spare parts is excluded from all the tables.

The basis of enumeration in these tables is generally "deliveries passed inspection" and, for naval guns after January 1942 "acceptances after proof". For the few items where the basis is "deliveries ex factory" this is shown in the footnotes to the tables. The production figures relate to periods of three months (not necessarily ending on the last day of a calendar quarter) or to periods of 13 weeks ending near the end of the calendar quarter. The effect of these small variations in the time series is slight.

A double line drawn horizontally across a column indicates that the production of the particular item of equipment ceased in the preceding quarter.

The various abbreviations used in the column headings are listed and explained at the beginning of the Digest.

Index of Ministry of Supply munitions production
The index relates to Ministry of Supply production, that is, predominantly but not entirely to Army equipment. The major items in each of the groups shown in this table were included but the coverage varied with the different groups of stores. Owing to the very large number of spares produced and the lack of information regarding them, it was not found possible to make any allowance for spares in the index. From various estimates which were made, however, it is evident that the omission of spares from the index brings it appreciably lower towards the end of the war than it would otherwise have been.

The basis of the weighting system employed was fixed value. This was first calculated with prices ruling at October 1939, but a revision was made in mid-1942 as price changes had by that time appreciably affected the weighting. The revision was carried back to March 1941, the index being adjusted to produce a smooth join with the earlier figures.
As the index is based on fixed prices it relates to changes in deliveries and not to changes in expenditure. Any distortion due to differences in time between payments and deliveries is thus excluded.

The index is not adjusted for holidays.
Artillery equipments, instruments and tank and anti-tamk guns
Deliveries of experimental or pilot models are not in general included in the figures.

The figures for light anti-aircraft equipments relate to the 40 mm . Bofors only. Up to the outbreak of war all supplies of this equipment were imported.
Only new production is included in this table and the figures therefore exclude the extensive programme of conversion which was in force immediately preceding and during the early stages of the war. The scale of this programme can be seen from the following figures :-

| Equipment | Number <br> Pre-war |  | War <br> of pration <br> of programme |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :--- |
| Field 18 pdr. to | 611 | 829 | 1937 to June 1941 |

## Naval gums

The distinction between "short" and " long" range guns under anti-aircraft is broadly the same as that between " light" and " heavy" in Table 118. Short range guns comprise the 2 pdr. and 40 mm . Bofors. Long range covers all larger calibres.

Armoured fighting vehicles
This is the only table in the section to include supplies from sources other than the United Kingdom. The term " overseas" covers the United States of America, Canada, South Africa, Australia and New Zealand. Supplies of tanks were from the United States of America and Canada only. The term "supplies" includes deliveries not only to the United Kingdom, but also to United Kingdom, Dominion and Colonial forces in any theatre of war irrespective of whether the forces were under War Office control or not. The figures include 2,375 Canadian tanks retained in Canada and about 15,500 armoured carriers and cars retained in Canada and Australia for home defence.
The weight shown for tanks is the weight "in action", that is, including armament and allowance for ammunition, wireless and other equipment and crew.

## Wheeled vehicles

The figures in this table cover production for the Service departments only. Total production of motor vehicles in the United Kingdom is given in Table 139.

The vehicles in this analysis, which are broadly designated as mechanical transport, include all mechanical wheeled vehicles except vehicles classified as fighting vehicles, that is, except armoured cars, scout cars and armoured command vehicles.

The classification used is based on broad general groupings. The various lorries and trucks are not all conventional load-carriers; a considerable number are vehicles with special bodies and fittings for special loads as well as for numerous technical purposes. It may, however, be useful to aggregate production in terms of load-carrying capacity and for this purpose heavy tractors should be regarded as equivalent to 6-ton lorries and light tractors and ambulances to 1-3-
ton lorries; heavy cars are vehicles of 16 h.p. and upwards, while light cars and vans are below 16 h.p. It should be noted, however, that the load classification of Service vehicles in the main is not the same as for civil vehicles-for example, a Service 3-ton vehicle is the equivalent of a commercial 5 -ton vehicle.
Signal equipment
This table gives a limited but representative selection of signal equipment. Radar equipment is excluded.
Engineer stores
Production of engineer stores covered a wide range of field, bridging and civil engineering equipment and amenity items, for example, refrigeration and airconditioning equipment.
The items included in this table are confined mainly to bridging equipment and are not a representative selection of engineer stores.

## AIRCRAFT

Production of aircraft by structure weight
The structure weight of an aircraft is the empty weight of the fuselage, wings, undercarriage, engine nacelles and flying controls. Engines, propellers, turrets, guns, electrical equipment and radio sets are excluded.
Index of aircraft production
Neither structure weight nor unadjusted manhours taken separately were found to be a satisfactory basis for an index of aircraft production. Accordingly, this index is based on manhours standardised by reference to structure weight for the three main groups of aircraft produced, namely, heavy, medium and fighter bombers; other operational aircraft ; and trainers.
Aircraft awaiting repair and repaired
The aircraft repair figures relate to repairs carried out by the Civilian Repair Organisation only and exclude repairs by squadrons.
Engines : Production, imports and repairs
The figures for imports relate to engines imported for the Royal Air Force and Royal Navy. They exclude engines returned to the United Kingdom for repair and re-export.
Repairs are those carried out by the Civilian Repair Organisation and exclude repairs by squadrons.
Arrivals of aircraft from North America
The term " arrivals" covers aircraft despatched both by air and by sea and imported for the Royal Air Force and Royal Navy.

## MANUFACTURED GOODS

Deliveries of machine tools, small tools, welding sets and electric motors

## Machine tools

For definition see the Control of Machine Tools (No. 12) Order 1942. The table excludes, except from the 1935 figures, metal-working and wood-working tools of value less than $£ 50$. The value figures exclude replacement parts.

## Metal-working machine tools

The following types are included : automatics, borers, broaches, drills, gear-cutters, grinders, lappers and honers, capstans and turrets, lathes, millers, planers, presses, saws, shapers, shears, sheet metal working, slotters, screw, thread and miscellaneous metalworking machine tools.

## Wood-working machine tools

The following types are included : saws of all types (except hand saws), drills, grinders and sharpeners, gluers, lathes, morticing and tenoning machines, dovetailing machines, planers and moulders, routers, sanders, veneering machines and miscellaneous woodworking machine tools.

## Engineers' small tools

These include cutting tools, chucks, jigs and fixtures, press tools and gauges.
Welding sets
The value figures exclude replacement parts.
Locomotives and motor vehicles
Locomotives
The figures show the number of steam locomotives produced by railway workshops and by private makers and include production for the Services.
Main line types comprise passenger tender, passenger tank, freight tender (including mixed traffic), freight tank, Garratts and other steam types.
Industrial locomotives include shunters for docks.
10 Woven cloth, household textiles, hosiery and footwear
Supplies for home civilian use include retained imports where these are distinguished in the Trade and Navigation Accounts, supplies for N.A.A.F.I. and for local authorities, hospitals, etc., but exclude supplies for Government orders and for export. For 1935 the figures are based on the Census of Production, adjusted for retained imports and exports.

## Woven wool cloth

Supplies are the deliveries by manufacturers of tissues containing 15 per cent. and over of wool fibre, excluding hair fabric used for interlining and similar purposes. Cloth for uniforms for Civil Defence, transport purposes or hospitals, etc. is not included if specially issued by the Wool Control.

## Woven non-wool cloth

Supplies are the deliveries by manufacturers and merchant converters registered under the Apparel
and Textiles Order. Cloth for handkerchiefs and babies' napkins is included.

## Wool hand-knitting yarn

All hand-knitting yarn, including yarn of Service shades and mending yarn, produced on wool machinery.

## Blankets

The figures relate to supplies of full-size and cot blankets, and are based on manufacturers' deliveries.

Towels
"Other" towels include roller towels, tea towels, glass cloths, etc.

## Hosiery

Garments made up from warp knitted fabric are excluded. The figures for children's garments cover all children under fourteen and thus include infants' wear. The pre-war figures quoted are estimates for 1937.

## Footwear

Total production for all uses is the output by manufacturers during the period. Production for home civilian use is the quantity of footwear transferred to warehouse stock by all manufacturers of leather footwear, excluding production for export or for which leather is procured under permit from the Director of Service Footwear ; thus footwear for the Home Guard, Civil Defence and Women's Land Army is excluded. All rubber boots and shoes and canvas shoes with rubber soles are excluded, but other rubber-soled footwear is included under the appropriate heading. Children's footwear includes that for infants.

Pottery, hollow-ware and brushes
Production figures relate to manufacturers' sales. Supplies for home civilian use include retained imports where these are distinguished in the Trade and Navigation Accounts, supplies for N.A.A.F.I. and for local authorities, hospitals, etc., but exclude supplies for Government orders and for export.

## Pottery

Small plates are those of 8 -inch diameter or less, large plates are over 8 -inch diameter.

Coffee-pots are included from March 1943 only.
Until February 1943 the figures for cooking-ware relate to pie and baking dishes only.

## VIII. EXTERNAL TRADE

The tables covering external trade have been compiled from information published in the Annual Statements of Trade of the United Kingdom and from the monthly Accounts relating to the Trade and Navigation of the United Kingdom.

## Quantities and values

Both quantities and values are based on the declarations of importers and exporters, or their agents,
which may be verified by Customs officials. The value of the imports represents the open market value as defined by Section 10 of the Finance Act, 1935. Briefly stated, this value is the price which the goods would fetch on sale in the open market at the time of import if the goods were delivered to the buyers at the port or place of importation, freight, insurance. commission and all other costs, charges and expenses incidental to the making of the contract of sale and

Table
the delivery of the goods at that port or place (except any duties of Customs and purchase tax) having been paid by the seller. The value of the exports represents the cost of the goods to the purchaser abroad, including packing, inland and coastal transport in the United Kingdom, dock dues, loading charges and all other costs, profits, charges and expenses (for example, insurance and commission) accruing up to the point where the goods are deposited on board the exporting vessel or aircraft or at the land boundary of Northern Ireland, and is known as the " free on board " value.

## Imports and exports

Military stores
Stores owned by the Government of this country shipped for the use of United Kingdom forces abroad are excluded from the export figures. Similarly, military stores carried in Government vessels and captured enemy equipment imported by Government departments are excluded.

Stores and equipment imported direct by Commonwealth and allied forces and auxiliary bodies based in the United Kingdom are excluded. Imports by a United Kingdom Government department (unless carried in Government vessels) even though transferred subsequently to such forces within the United Kingdom are however included in the figures.

Stores for N.A.A.F.I., the Y.M.C.A. and other similar organisations are included.

## Munitions

The figures for 1942 to 1945 exclude imports, exports and re-exports of " munitions", that is, aircraft and other vehicles and parts (except rubber tyres and tubes), arms, ammunition and military and naval stores. From 1938 to 1941 such goods are included under the appropriate headings of the Trade Accounts except that certain warlike stores imported for Government

Table
use are included under a comprehensive heading for Government stores (Class III, Group U (Miscellaneous articles wholly or mainly manufactured)).

Relief and rehabilitation, lend-lease and mutual aid
Exports of goods for relief and rehabilitation of liberated countries in Europe are included in the figures whether exported by U.N.R.R.A., by a United Kingdom Government department or on behalf of the country concerned.

Goods imported under lend-lease and mutual aid arrangements are included throughout under the appropriate headings; those imported by U.N.R.R.A. for its official use are excluded.

## Parcels for prisoners of war and the armed forces

Parcels despatched to prisoners of war are excluded from the export figures.

Parcels despatched to United Kingdom or allied forces abroad are included as exports under the heading of " parcel post " except where they contain tobacco or other goods exported on drawback when they are included under the appropriate export heading.

Parcels from North America to United States and Canadian forces in this country are excluded. All other parcels are included as imports, those containing goods liable to import duty being recorded under the appropriate headings and not under parcel post.

## Miscellaneous exclusions

Bullion and specie, ships stores and bunkers and ballast of no commercial value are excluded from both exports and imports. In addition, exports exclude personal and household effects taken by passengers for private use and articles exported solely for temporary exhibition in galleries and museums abroad. Imports exclude fresh fish and shell fish of British taking landed from British ships, gifts for members of the forces and for approved war charities, etc.

## IX. TRANSPORT

## MERCHANT SHIPPING

## Gross tonnage

The total volume of all the enclosed spaces of a vessel above the inner bottom. The unit of measurement is a ton of 100 cubic feet.

## Deadweight tonnage

The number of tons $(2,240 \mathrm{lb}$.) of cargo, stores, bunkers. equipment, etc., that a vessel carries when floating at her summerload draught.

## Net tonnage

Net tonnage is the gross tonnage less certain deductions on account of crew space, engine room, water ballast and other spaces not used for passengers or cargo.

## Merchant shipping under British control

## Foreign vessels

Bareboat charter transfers to the charterer the responsibility for manning, upkeep and other functions normally assumed by the owner.

## Shipping movement at United Kingdom ports: Entrances and clearances in the foreign trade

## Foreign trade

Trading vessels engaged in voyages direct from any port abroad (including the Channel Islands and Eire) to a port in the United Kingdom (including the Isle of Man) or vice versa. Vessels calling at more than one United Kingdom port in the course of a single voyage are recorded as entered or cleared at one port only.

The figures exclude naval vessels or vessels with naval crews requisitioned or chartered for naval or military transport services, but vessels on Government service with mercantile crews are included. Other exclusions are pleasure yachts sailed privately, tugs engaged on the coasts of the United Kingdom, vessels entering ports for shelter through stress of weather and British fishing vessels.

## Vessels with cargo

Vessels loading or unloading cargo, even though principally engaged in carrying passengers. Cargo consists of merchandise (other than Government stores, ships stores or bunkers), bullion, specie or mail.

## Vessels in ballast

Vessels other than those defined above under vessels " with cargo ". The figures include vessels unloading or loading only Government stores, that is, goods consigned direct to Allied or Commonwealth forces in this country or reshipment of such goods; goods shipped by a United Kingdom Government department for the use of United Kingdom forces abroad or re-imports of such goods and imports of captured enemy military equipment.
Arrivals of shipping at United Kingdom ports Vessels calling during the course of a single voyage at more than one port are recorded as arrived and departed at each port. The extent of the duplication, so far as inward movement is affected, can be seen by comparing the figures for foreign trade arrivals in this table with those for entrances in Table 159.
The terms " cargo " and "ballast" are defined as for Table 159.

## RAIL TRANSPORT

## Repair and availability of rolling stock

Locomotives
Steam, electric, petrol, oil and oil electric locomotives but excluding rail-motors. Figures do not necessarily show the number owned by the railway companies as account has been taken of loans made to and by the railway companies, the Service departments, the Ministry of Supply, etc.

## Passenger-carrying vehicles

Rail motor vehicles and steam and electric coaches. Account has been taken of loans made to and by the railway companies, the Service departments, the Ministry of Supply, etc.

## Trucks and wagons

Most of the privately owned wagons in Great Britain were requisitioned in September 1939, with the exception of tank wagons, certain specially constructed wagons and wagons set aside for special traffic such as tarred road materials, cement, salt, etc.
Passenger and goods traffic

Passenger journeys
The figures of passenger journeys show the number of journeys originating on the railway system of Great

Table
Britain, including through booked passenger journeys commenced by road and completed by rail.

Children for whom tickets are issued are treated as adults, but infants in arms are excluded. Return tickets are counted as two journeys and the number of journeys by season ticket holders are on the basis of 600 journeys per annum. Government department traffic (for example, naval, military, etc.), tickets under bulk travel arrangements and other reduced fare traffic are included.

## Estimated passenger miles

Figures relate to main line companies only and are estimated.
Goods, mineral and livestock traffic
The figures show the tonnage of revenue-earning traffic conveyed by trains on the railway system. Cross-channel traffic invoiced to interior stations is treated as originating at the port of entry.

Free-hauled traffic, which includes servicing materials for the railways conveyed without charge on revenue-earning trains, and traffic conveyed on ballast trains or departmental trains is excluded.

## Estimated net ton-miles

The product of the load conveyed and the miles travelled including free-hauled traffic.

## Operating statistics

Loaded train-miles
The distance run by all types of revenue-earning trains calculated on the actual distance worked to the nearest mile. Coaching trains are trains made up entirely of coaching vehicles for the conveyance of passengers and other traffic scheduled as passenger train traffic, such as parcels, mails, etc. Freight trains are those composed of wagons, trucks, etc., used for the conveyance of goods traffic at freight train charges. The mileage of trains consisting of both coaching and freight vehicles and scheduled as " mixed" have been divided equally between coaching and freight.

## Loaded wagon-miles

The mileage of loaded wagons including those loaded with free-hauled traffic worked on revenue-earning trains. Each vehicle is counted irrespective of its capacity or its load. The distances correspond to those for train miles but no mileage is included for the distances covered by wagons when being shunted.

## Traffic receipts

From 1st September 1939, under the Railway Control Agreement, the receipts of the controlled undertakings (the four main line railway companies, London Passenger Transport Board, their joint lines and certain minor railways) were pooled and clearances between undertakings were not made. These figures represent, therefore, the originating receipts of the major portion of the Pool.

On 11th June 1939 railway passenger fares in the London area, including those on the London Passenger

Transport Board, were increased by 5 per cent. to the level of fares outside London; on 1st May 1940 railway passenger fares (except season tickets and workmen's fares) and freight rates were increased by 10 per cent. ; on 1st December 1940 this percentage was raised to $16 \frac{3}{3}$. On the London Passenger Transport Board increases in railway passenger fares above 5d. became effective from 1st May 1940 and increases in certain other railway and road transport fares became effective from 3rd July 1940 and 1st December 1940.

## Passenger receipts

Passenger receipts are the receipts from passenger fares of all kinds. Charges for platform tickets, seat reservations, left luggage, etc., which are classed as miscellaneous receipts are excluded.
Parcels, mails, etc.
Include receipts from the conveyance of small parcels and other merchandise by passenger train as well as mail and parcel post.

## Merchandise

This class includes all freight train traffic except coal and coke and minerals and other commodities carried in bulk.

## Minerals

This class covers traffic in Classes 1 to 6 of the general railway classification, that is, minerals and other heavy freight carried in bulk, for example, bricks, iron ore, lime, limestone, pig-iron, road stone and stone in the rough.

## Coal and coke

Includes coal, coke, patent fuels, slack, smudge, cannel and coal cinders for fuel.

## ROAD TRANSPORT

Vehicles with licences current and new registrations These figures are compiled from information received by the Ministry of Transport from all licensing authorities in Great Britain which administer the relevant sections of the Roads Act, 1920. The statistics are thus a by-product of administration and the classes shown correspond in the main to taxation classes. The figures include all vehicles which pay tax and certain vehicles which are exempt from the payment of tax. Most of the latter carry a form of licence known as a " nil" licence.
Exempt vehicles are of three kinds: (a) vehicles which are designed and used for certain particular purposes ; (b) those which make little or no use of
public roads; and (c) vehicles owned by Government authorities.

Vehicles in the first class (such as ambulances, invalid vehicles, road construction vehicles and fire service vehicles) are registered when they are first brought into use and pay no tax but they do carry a " nil" licence. They therefore appear in the statistics of licences current. During the war, fire service vehicles were temporarily transferred to the National Fire Service and operated under O.H.M.S. certificates instead of " nil" licences, and during this period they disappeared from the statistics.

Of vehicles in the second class, those which are never used on the public roads (for example farm or works tractors used solely on the farm or site) are not required to bear a licence or to be registered, and are therefore outside the statistics altogether. Vehicles which make no use of roads repairable at the public expense, or make little use, that is, they travel not more than six miles per week while passing between different parts of the owners' lands, are registered but carry no licence. Therefore, they are not included in the statistics of licences current.

Vehicles belonging to the armed forces are not registered and carry O.H.M.S. certificates. Hence they are not included in either table.

Agricultural tractors may fall into the 5s. or $£ 12$ class according to the uses to which they are put by the owner. The 5s. agricultural tractor class includes locomotive ploughing engines and other agricultural engines and covers those which are used on roads only for hauling their own equipment, farming implements and the like, or for hauling agricultural produce or requisites provided that the owner is engaged in agriculture and the vehicle is used primarily for work on the land. It also includes some trench diggers, excavators and mobile cranes which are used on roads only for proceeding to and from working sites. Mowing machines are also included. The $£ 12$ and over class includes tractors, agricultural tractors and engines (other than vehicles subject to a duty of 5 s .) which are registered in the name of a person engaged in agriculture and which are used on the roads solely for the haulage of the produce of and requisites for his own agricultural land.

Agricultural vans and lorries are goods vehicles registered in the name of a person engaged in agriculture and used on roads solely for the conveyance of the produce of and requisites for his agricultural land.

## X. PUBLIC FINANCE

Floating debt
Advances from the Bank of England Ways and Means advances.

## Advances from Government departments

Certain loans made to the Treasury by Public Depart-
ments, principally by the Paymaster-General and the National Debt Commissioners, out of accruing receipts.

## Treasury bills

The total value of bills held by the market, by Public

Departments and the Issue Department of the Bank of England.

## Treasury deposits by banks

Loans to the Treasury by the banks for periods of six months.

Currency circulation and bank clearings
Currency circulation
The series showing the estimated circulation of notes and coin with the public relates to the total note issues of the Bank of England, the Scottish banks and the Northern Irish Banks, plus the estimated total of imperial silver, cupro-nickel, bronze and nickelbrass coin in circulation, less notes and coin held by the Bank of England (Banking Department), by the Scottish and Northern Irish Banks (as published in the London and Belfast Gazettes) and by the London Clearing Banks.

## Bank clearings

The clearings reported by the London Bankers' Clearing House represent the total of bankers' effects (cheques, drafts, bills, interest warrants, etc.) passed through the clearing houses for collection from the banks.
Before the war the clearing house in London published its figures under three regions-Town, Metropolitan and Country-which covered broadly the City of London, the London suburbs and the rest of England and Wales (apart from the purely local provincial clearings) respectively. This classification ceased when the clearing banks' emergency operations came into force in September 1939.
During the war years the figures include the large volume of transactions settled between the head offices, and branches of the same banks but not cheques cashed over the counter. A partial return to pre-war methods, which excluded these transactions, began in October 1945.

Provincial clearings represent similar collections at the twelve clearing houses operating in the provinces.

## External disinvestment

This summary table estimates, over the period from the outbreak of war in Europe to 30th June 1945, the effect of the war upon the United Kingdom in terms of capital loss in the overseas financial position. This loss took the form of the realisation of investments, the incurring of debts in the form of sterling liabilities, etc., and the running down of gold and dollar reserves. The sum of these represents the loss of overseas wealth which the United Kingdom suffered in order to meet overseas military expenditure and the cost of essential services and supplies from abroad.

## Lend-lease and reciprocal aid

The material contained in the two tables dealing with lend-lease and reciprocal aid has been extracted from a paper " Mutual Aid between the U.S. and the British Empire, 1941-45" read before the Royal Statistical Society by Professor R. G. D. Allen on 29th May 1946. A brief description of the nature of the material
used and of its source is given below. Fuller information can, however, be obtained from Professor Allen's paper (Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, Vol. CIX, Part III, 1946, pp. 243-277).

## United States lend-lease aid to the British Empire

The figures relate to goods transferred and services rendered under lend-lease as recorded by the Foreign Economic Administration (F.E.A.) and published in the Reports to Congress on lend-lease operations made quarterly by the President. Certain major revisions were made on the cumulative returns after June 1945. Aid to the British Empire shown in this table agrees with the revised F.E.A. figures cumulatively to 30th June 1945 and to 31st August 1945. The analysis by periods to mid-1945 is obtained from differences in F.E.A. cumulative figures on the unrevised basis, except for adjustments in services and in industrial products (metals and machinery) arising from the revision. The analysis by periods must therefore be accepted with caution.

The classification adopted is as follows :
(a) Munitions: aircraft, ordnance, combat and motor vehicles and related equipment ; small water-craft and naval equipment ; signal engineer, quartermaster, medical, chemical warfare and other military stores.
(b) Ships (sail-away) : naval and merchant vessels delivered under their own power.
(c) Other goods: agricultural products, raw materials, petroleum and manufactures.
(d) Services : ship repair, freights, ships' stores and other shipping services; ferrying of aircraft ; training of personnel ; storage and transportation; materials and charges for construction of bases; miscellaneous expenses.
Since Canada did not receive lend-lease aid, goods exported by the United States to Canada for the eventual use of the United Kingdom are included in the United Kingdom figures. Lend-lease aid has been shown as valued by the United States in dollars and reciprocal aid (in Table 179) as valued by the United Kingdom in $£$ sterling. Any direct comparison raises the difficult problem of the appropriate relation between the dollar and the $£$ sterling. The official rate of exchange has no relevance to the problem. What is required is either an evaluation of what lendlease aid to the British Empire would have cost if the goods had been produced and the services rendered in British countries, or an evaluation of what reciprocal aid to the United States would have cost at the United States prices used in the accounting of United States lend-lease aid. For munitions and military stores (excluding food) an item by item comparison of unit costs in the United States and United Kingdom indicates that an appropriate average of conversion is around $\$ 7$ to $£ 1$. For other goods and for services only a fragmentary comparison of the United States and United Kingdom prices used in mutual aid valuations is possible. The appropriate

## NATIONAL INCOME

conversion rate, however, would seem to be not far from the official rate of exchange, that is about $\$ 4.03$ to $£ 1$.

## United Kingdom reciprocal aid

The figures have been derived from the White Papers on Mutual Aid (Cmd. 6483, 1943 and Cmd. 6570, 1944) and cumulative data subsequently compiled by the Treasury. Figures of petroleum provided in India are from United States Army records supplied to the F.E.A.
The classification follows closely that for United States lend-lease in the previous table. Military stores include all munitions and other stores for direct use by foreign forces with the exception of petroleum and
food. Services are mainly transportation but also include building maintenance. The construction figure represents the cost to the Service departments of the construction of military installations and includes the whole cost of the Mulberry Harbour.

Aid to the United States in the United Kingdom comprises all transfers of goods and services to United States forces in the United Kingdom, but shipping services and petroleum tankers are on a world-wide basis. Aid in the United States includes both goods transferred in the United States as food and materials exported from the United Kingdom and the colonies to United States. Aid in overseas theatres includes transfers and construction in the colonies as well as in various theatres of war.

## XI. NATIONAL INCOME

Tables 180-186 have been prepared as far as possible on the same basis as those contained in " National Income and Expenditure of the United Kingdom 1946 to 1949 " (Cmd. 7933, 1950). The correspondence, nevertheless, is not exact. While continuity has been preserved for the war years 1939-1945 there remains in certain points of detail an unavoidable break between the figures for this period and the figures for 1938 and for the post-war period. This applies chiefly to the accounts of public authorities.
It must be strongly emphasised, moreover, that the estimates given here are not based on exact knowledge, but are derived from information collected by government departments and private organisations for needs other than the estimation of national income. In some cases the information is very incomplete. No direct estimates of personal saving or of capital formation have been possible. Personal saving has been obtained by subtracting personal expenditure from personal income, and gross capital formation by subtracting all other components of national expenditure from the total of national income and depreciation.
For detailed definitions of terms reference should be made to Cmd. 7933. For items where the title is not self-explanatory, or to which special qualifications apply, brief notes are added below.
National income, depreciation and expenditure
The first part of this table presents estimates of the incomes received, in cash and in kind, by factors of production in producing the current output of goods and services of all kinds. The incomes are reckoned before tax, but after the amounts allowed for maintenance and depreciation in the calculation, for tax purposes, of net rent and profit. The total of these amounts together with the provision for maintenance by public authorities is given separately in this table.
Wages cover only the earnings of manual workers while salaries cover the earnings of administrative, professional, technical, clerical and office staff, including the earnings of shop assistants, commercial
travellers, nurses and members of the police force and National Fire Service. In principle untaxed allowances of salary-earners and company directors' fees are also included in salaries.

## Income from farming

This item represents the reward of the manual and managerial labour of farmers and their wives and the return on their capital. The estimates, still subject to revision, were originally calculated for crop years June to May. The figure given in the table for the calendar year 1938 includes five-twelfths of the income gained in the crop year 1937-38 and seven-twelfths of that for $1938-39$; and similarly for other years. For example, the increase shown between 1938 and 1939 reflects in fact the higher profits reaped in the beginning of 1940.

## Professional earnings

This item includes the earnings of doctors, dentists, lawyers, artists, journalists and other professional persons. It excludes the profits of brokers, auctioneers, estate agents and of other businesses where the profits made depend on the making of contracts on behalf of others or in the giving of commercial advice relating to contracts.

## Profits of other sole traders and partnerships

This item includes the profits of all unincorporated enterprises other than those shown separately in income from farming and professional earnings.

## Trading profits of companies

This item covers the trading profits of companies and mutual societies other than the profits included in " net income from abroad ", together with the surpluses, before deduction of interest or dividends on sales, of co-operative societies and public boards.

## Operating profits of public enterprises

The trading profits of local authorities before charging interest on, or amortisation of, debt plus the profit under the Railway Agreement less the loss incurred by the Exchequer in 1945 as a result of illicit trading operations abroad by members of the armed forces
and other government employees. The definition of this item differs from that in Cmd. 7933 by the exclusion of the trading profits of the Board of Trade and Ministry of Supply and of the interest carried as a national charge in the commercial accounts of government trading branches.

## Rent of land and buildings

This item represents the net rental value on a Schedule A basis of lands and personal and business property, together with excess rents assessed under Schedule D.

## Net income from abroad

This item is made up of the profits remitted home by British companies operating abroad (other than oil, shipping and insurance companies, all of whose profits are included above) plus interest and dividends received from abroad less profits remitted abroad and interest and dividends paid (after deduction of tax) to non-residents.

## National expenditure

The second part of Table 180 presents estimates of expenditure by residents of the United Kingdom on goods and services. The expenditure is recorded at market prices. From this expenditure is derived not only the incomes of the factors of production that produced the current output of goods and services, but also (i) the amounts to be provided for the maintenance, repair and replacement of the capital equipment used by the factors of production as part of the process of current output and (ii) the indirect taxes on outlay collected from producers by public authorities less subsidies paid to producers.
Gross national expenditure at market prices includes the amounts in both (i) and (ii). Gross national expenditure at factor cost excludes the amount in (ii) and is equal to national income plus depreciation.

Personal expenditure on consumers' goods and services This item is described in the notes to Table 186.

Public authorities' carrent expenditure on goods and services
The term "public authorities" covers the central government, together with all extra-budgetary funds (in particular the Unemployment Fund and various national health insurance and pensions funds), and local authorities.
Only direct expenditure on goods and services is included, except that the provision made for maintenance is treated as a current cost and therefore as part of gross national expenditure. This provision is measured, in the case of the central government, by the amount actually spent on the maintenance of roads and buildings and, in the case of local authorities, by the amounts spent on maintenance of highways and bridges plus loan repayments and payments to sinking funds on rate-fund account, these being treated as the equivalent of depreciation allowances. Loan repayments or payments to sinking funds by the central government are excluded. Transfer payments (e.g., social security payments or subsidies) are also excluded, together with any transfers between one
public authority and another. Expenditure refunded to the government or recovered by direct sales has also been excluded.

Capital expenditure by public authorities is included in the total of gross capital formation given separately below when it has been possible to distinguish it. But the separation is by no means complete. For example, it has not been possible to take full account of changes in government-owned stocks. All defence expenditure has been treated as current.
This item thus attempts to measure the value of the work currently performed on government account and the Exchequer's cash issues have been adjusted as far as possible for changes in department's cash balances and in the Government's liabilities to industry.
It is not, however, a consistent measure of the value of resources at the disposal of public authorities since lend-lease assistance has been excluded throughout with the one exception that the 1945 figure includes an amount of $£ 161$ million ( $\$ 650$ million) to cover the final settlement with the Government of the United States.

## Gross domestic capital formation

This item is composed of gross expenditure, both public and private, on fixed capital and its upkeep (i.e., new additions, replacements and repairs) plus the increase in value of stocks and work in progress. It has been impossible to estimate this item directly for the war years and the figures given here have been obtained as a residual. They are therefore dependent on the accuracy of the estimates of each of the other items of national income and expenditure. Moreover, as explained above, part of capital formation may be included in public authorities' expenditure. The figures given here should therefore be treated with great reserve.
Net lending abroad and purchase of assets and fmancial claims from overseas
This item is an estimate of the net change in the external assets of the United Kingdom. It is equal to the surplus (or deficit) of the balance of payments on current account, i.e., to the difference between the country's current receipts from abroad and its current payments to foreigners. Lend-lease has entered into this item in only one year: the 1945 figure includes the liability of $£ 161$ million to the Government of the United States mentioned above.

Revenue account of persons
Personal income is made up of (i) incomes from employment for pay or gain (i.e., the first six items of Table 180) ; (ii) receipts by persons (treating charities, life insurance funds and other non-profit-making bodies, as persons) of net rent, dividends and interest paid by companies and public enterprises, debt interest paid by public authorities and income from abroad; and (iii) transfer incomes-social security benefits, war gratuities, etc. In all cases the income is reckoned before deduction of tax or insurance contributions.

## NATIONAL INCOME

Net saving is the amount left out of personal income after deducting current expenditure on consumers' goods and services, the tax liable on current income (whether paid currently or in the future) and taxes paid on capital (e.g., death duties).

Revenue account of public authorities
This table summarises the income and expenditure of public authorities after eliminating transfers between one public authority and another, such as Exchequer grants to local authorities and Exchequer contributions to insurance funds.

## Miscellaneous income from property

This is made up of the profits of public enterprises and receipts of dividends, interest and rent (including national debt interest paid to the Unemployment Fund and national health insurance funds and debt interest paid by local authorities to the central government). Total national debt interest plus the total interest on local authorities' debt is treated as negative income from property.

Combined capital account
This table shows the sources from which gross capital formation was financed. Transfers from public authorities (the same as transfers to capital accounts shown in Table 182) consist of payments in respect of war damage claims and capital grants to local authorities.

## Central government revenue

Tax revenue represents the net receipts by the Board of Inland Revenue and H.M. Customs and Excise as distinct from payments into the Exchequer.

The finance of the central government deficit on current account

## Small savings

The increase in investments from the net deposits in the Post Office and Trustee Savings Banks together with receipts less repayments of National Saving Certificates and Defence Bonds.

Other public issues (net)
Receipts less redemptions, but excluding purchase of government securities by public departments.

## Floating debt

Treasury bills, treasury deposit receipts and Ways and Means advances.

## Lending and net capital formation

Includes loans to local authorities, Post Office loan expenditure, and Road Fund expenditure on improvement and new construction of roads.

Personal expenditure on consumers' goods and services The totals shown in the table relate to expenditure out of personal income, i.e., the income of individuals and of charities and other non-profit-making bodies. The estimates for the different groups of expenditure
include purchases by visitors to the United Kingdom and exclude purchases abroad by British troops and tourists. Rough adjustments for these factors are made at the end of the table.

Expenditure on consumers' goods and services by business firms and public authorities is as far as possible excluded except in certain cases where the object purchased is resold to persons as part of a composite product or service. Thus personal expenditure on meals in restaurants and hotels is spread over several categories. The cost to the establishment of the food used appears in the item "Food"; the rent of the building in the item "Rent, rates and water charges "; the chinaware and cooking utensils in the item "Durable household goods", and the allowance for the purely service and managerial element of expenditure in the item " Other services".

The figures represent the expenditure of consumers in the above sense on goods and services of all kinds whether these are provided out of new production or from stock. Secondhand goods are not included but an allowance is made for the costs, including profit, of handling and reconditioning them. For private motor vehicles this allowance is made in the item "Private motoring" : for other goods it is included in "Other services".
The figures in the second part of the table have been obtained by re-valuing at the appropriate 1938 prices the quantities bought in any year of as many individual items as possible within each group of goods and services. The resulting products have then been added to arrive at a total for each group.
As it has been impossible either to allow for restrictions on consumers' choice due to rationing or to take full account of changes in quality, the resulting series must not be regarded as giving a reliable measure of changes in the standard of living.
Definitions of the miscellaneous categories of expenditure are given below.

## Durable household goods

Furniture, soft furnishings, floor coverings, musical instruments, radio sets, pottery, glassware, electrical goods and all hardware.

## Other household goods

Matches, soap, candles and miscellaneous cleaning materials.

## Other services

Medical services not provided under national health insurance, domestic service, undertaking, laundry, hairdressing, hotel and restaurant services, repairs and other miscellaneous services not included elsewhere.

## Other goods

Stationery, fancy guods, bicycles, sports and travel goods, chemists' wares and other miscellaneous goods not included elsewhere.

## XII. WAGES AND PRICES

Table

Average weekly earnings and hours worked in manufacturing and certain other industries
The figures relate to all wage earners other than office staffs, shop assistants and outworkers ; managers, commercial travellers, clerks, typists and salaried persons generally are excluded.

The industries covered are those for which separate figures are given together with mining and quarrying (excluding coal mining), treatment of non-metalliferous mine and quarry products, leather, fur, etc., woodworking, paper, printing, stationery, etc., miscellaneous manufacturing industries, Government industrial establishments, local authorities' non-trading services, gas, electricity and water supply services. The figures are based on returns from employers showing for a particular week in the month indicated, the number of wage earners actually at work, their aggregate earnings and the total number of manhours worked. The returns received at each enquiry covered five to six million workers, but in calculating the general averages and those for each of the groups of industries shown separately the averages for the individual industries have been "weighted" on the basis of the total number of wage-earners employed in each industry. In the case of women two part-time workers were, from July 1942 counted as one full-time worker.

The percentage increases in average earnings since October 1938 represent the combined effect of a number of factors, including ( $a$ ) increases in rates of wages; (b) increases or decreases in the number of hours worked and in the proportion of hours paid for at overtime, week-end and night shift, etc., rates; (c) extensions of systems of payment by results in some industries, and increased output by the workers affected; ( $d$ ) changes in the proportions of men, boys, women and girls employed in different occupations and (e) changes in the proportions of workers employed in different industries.

## Wage rates and cost of living

## Weekly wage rates

The figures are based on wage records in 69 industries, which include most of the principal industries and a proportion of the smaller industries. The principal industries or services which are not covered are the distributive trades, domestic service, the catering trades, National Government service and entertainment, sports, etc.

The series shows the estimated percentage increase in all industries since the beginning of September 1939. Estimates are made monthly by the Ministry of Labour and National Service of the average percentage increase in rates of wages, for a full week's work, in industries, occupations and localities in which changes in the general levels of wage rates are regulated by collective agreements between organisations of employers and workpeople, arbitration awards or statutory orders. The percentages of increase since September 1939 vary considerably in different

## Table

cases and in combining these percentages into a general average the Ministry of Labour has taken account of the approximate total pre-war wages bill in the various industries. The figures do not, however, take account of the effects on the general level of wages of the changes which have occurred since 1939 in the proportions of workpeople employed in different industries, nor of increases in wage rates granted by employers to individual workers. In the absence of comprehensive information as to the rates of wages actually paid by employers generally to their workpeople, the average percentages shown should not be regarded as more than rough approximations.

## Working-class cost-of-living index

The figures are derived from the changes since 1st September 1939 shown by the Ministry of Labour cost-of-living index. This index measured the average percentage increase in the cost of maintaining unchanged the standard of living prevailing in workingclass families before August 1914. The percentage changes since July 1914 in the prices of the various commodities and services included in the index were combined by means of weights representing the estimated relative expenditure on these commodities and services by working-class families at that date. The 1914 weights for each of the main expenditure groups were: Food 71 , rent (including rates) 2, clothing $1 \frac{1}{2}$, fuel and light 1 , other items included in the index $\frac{1}{2}$.

## Agricultural price indices

The prices used were the controlled prices or, where the product was uncontrolled, quotations made weekly by the Ministry's market reporters; Government payments such as acreage payments are taken into account. Thus so far as is possible the prices used are those relating to the point of first sale by the producer. In the case of fruit, vegetables and glasshouse produce, however, the prices are, for the mos: part, based not on prices realised by growers but on the prices realised by primary and secondary wholesalers at certain representative urban markets. Exceptional prices at the beginning and end of the season are excluded.

The index number for all products is the weighted arithmetic mean of the percentage price changes of 24 main items compared with prices in the base years.

The weight assigned to each commodity is proportional to the average value of the output of the five most recent crop years, re-valued at the prices of the base period 1927-29. Thus for the year 1945 the weights will be derived from the average quantities of output during the crop years 1939/40 to 1943/44 re-valued at the prices for 1927-29. As the system of moving weights involves a change in the weights used from year to year the following table allows a comparison to be made between weights in 1938 and 1945.

## WAGES AND PRICES

Table


Both the wheat and potato indices include an allowance for acreage payments; for wheat the addition is based on the estimated quantity sold, for potatoes on the estimated total production. The indices for potatoes include only prices for January to June and September to December, and are based on the average of these months in the base years.

Index numbers calculated on the base $1927-29=100$ have been multiplied by appropriate factors to convert them to the base $1936-38=100$.
Stock and fertilizer prices indices
Prices for certain breeds quoted by the Ministry's market reporters are used in calculating the price indices for dairy cows, store cattle, store sheep and store pigs.

The index of fertilizer prices is calculated from quotations for basic slag, sulphate of ammonia, ground rock phosphate, nitrate of soda, nitro chalk and superphosphate.

Weights used in the calculation for this index are as follows :-

| Total |  |  |  | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Ground rock phosphate | .. | .. | 5 |  |
| Nitrate of soda | .. | .. | .. | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| " Nitro-chalk " | . | .. | .. | 8 |
| Sulphate of ammonia | .. | .. | 33 |  |
| Superphosphate | .. | .. | .. | 36 |
| Basic slag | .. | .. | .. | .. |

Ground rock phosphate .. .. 5
Nitrate of soda .. .. .. 6
... $\quad 8$
Superphosphate .. .. .. 36
Basic slag .. .. .. .. 12

Table
The method used is similar to that for agricultural prices but the weights applied to the different commodities are fixed and are proportional to the estimated average annual consumption of these materials in the calendar years 1937 and 1938.

## Wholesale prices

The index is computed as a geometric average of 200 price changes. The number of varieties of each commodity chosen is as nearly as possible the same proportion of 200 as the value of the imports and production of the commodity (including any further stages of manufacture not separately represented in the index) is of the total for all articles in 1930. In a few cases (for example, other chemicals) in order to improve the representation, prices of several items are averaged to form a single series with a weight of one.
Thus while the index is computed as a simple average, a system of weighting is in reality achieved. As far as possible, duplication between the various trades comprised within a group has been eliminated as has also the duplication between groups resulting from the inclusion in one group of a commodity which clearly forms a dominant material in another group. In this way the overweighting of certain commodities has been avoided. Thus coal, which is largely used in industry as a fuel or a raw material is to that extent already embodied in industrial output, and accordingly only receives representation in the index number in relation to its importance for other purposes including the production of gas and electricity for non-industrial uses.
The index is divided into two major groups, food and tobacco ( 68 items) and industrial materials and manufactures including fuel ( 132 items). Excluding fuel, the items in the latter are regrouped to form index numbers of basic materials ( 33 items), intermediate products ( 38 items) and manufactured articles ( 48 items). The latter relates to goods which are mainly manufactured rather than goods which are complete and ready for consumption for which it is difficult to get satisfactory price quotations. A further index number for building materials is also compiled; in this, the weight assigned to each commodity is based on its importance as a building material.

The price quotations used are for the most part weekly. For dutiable goods they include the appropriate amount of duty and for subsidised goods, the lower price (after deduction of the subsidy) is used. The weekly quotations are combined into monthly averages so that the index numbers relate to the average for the month. Annual indices are obtained by taking the geometric mean of the monthly indices.
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[^0]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Civil Defence (General) Services : wardens, rescue and first-aid parties, report and control centres, messengers.
    (:) Until September 1941 regular fire brigades and Auxiliary Fire Service. Including Works Brigades.
    ${ }^{(3)}$ Emergency ambulance service and first-aid post service.
    (') Excluding non-effectives previously included. They numbered 37.3 thousand males and 11.9 thousand females in December 1941.

[^1]:    () Excluding iron and steel manufacture and the tinplate, tube and wire industries.
    $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Males under 65 and females under 60, but excluding non-manual workers earning over $£ 420$ per annum. Part-time female workers are included, two being counted as one unit.

[^2]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{2}$ ) to Table 19. The industries included are those shown in detail in Table 23.

[^3]:    (1) See footnote ( ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ ) to Table 19.

[^4]:    Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

[^5]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{2}$ ) to Table 19.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) Aged 16 and over.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) The figures in brackets following each cause of death are the reference numbers to that particular cause in the Fifth Revision of the International List.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Including a small number of unstated age.

[^8]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Cases from the services are included.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Cases in which treatment or observation was begun during the year. Included in the total of all cases.

[^9]:    (1) Over 65 years of age.

[^10]:    (1) Wives of disabled officers or men, children living with parents, and orphans.

[^11]:    ${ }^{( }{ }^{1}$ ) Output of firms in the twelve main trades of the building and civil engineering industries, excluding the output of firms consisting solely of working principals.

[^12]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Four months, September to December.

[^13]:    (1) Including Service departments.

[^14]:    * Average of five weeks.

[^15]:    $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Including products used for refinery fuel.

[^16]:    (1) Fuel for diesel-engined road vehicles.
    $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Includes smoke-screens until 1 April 1943.
    $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Based on calendar months. The weekly average for any given month shown in this table will not be exactly the same as the weekly average for the four or five weeks period under

[^17]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Figures for chrome ore relate to calendar years. For all other items figures relate to a calendar year in 1941 and to periods of 52 weeks in subsequent years.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ In addition $7 \cdot 5$ thousand tons were exported in 1945.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Including stocks in transit.
    (4) Non-ferrous metal content of ferro-alloy and other finished products.
    ${ }^{(5)}$ In addition 1,040 tons were exported in 1945.

[^18]:    (1) Including production from crashed aircraft.
    (2) Including the aluminium content of virgin alloys.
    (3) Including virgin aluminium content of all alloys.

[^19]:    See footnote on page 115.

[^20]:    $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ Crumb is included in waste rubber in 1942. In 1943 it is included in the monthly figures for reclaimed rubber but not in the annual figures. Thereafter it is excluded from the table.
    $\left.{ }^{2}{ }^{2}\right)$ Monthly figures for 1942 exclude latex and exports.
    (2) Excluding "Novoplas" and "Thiokol " from July 1944 onwards.
    (4) Waste rubber collected.
    (b) Processed into reclaimed rubber.
    (9) Until June 1944, including direct usage of waste rubber.
    (7) Up to and including May 1942 computed from figures relating to calendar months.
    (9) Excluding Government lend-lease stocks.
    $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$From July 1944 the figures relate only to Government waste depots.

    - Average of five weeks.

[^21]:    (1) Ethyl alcohol as 68 O.P. spirit.
    (2) Excluding material used for purposes other than for the manufacture of sulphuric acid.
    $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Arrivals of home-produced materials at acid works.
    (c) Recovered sulphur.
    (s) As 100 per cent. acid. Including from 1941 acid made at Government factories.

[^22]:    See footnotes on page 127.

[^23]:    (2) Excluding staple fibre, mixed and waste yarns.
    (2) Figures expressed as mule equivalent. Up to October 1941, the number of spindles running on cotton only; from November 1941, including in addition the number running on spun rayon and mixtures. Spindles running on waste yarns are excluded.

    - Average of five weeks.

[^24]:    (1) Series for wool tops relate to periods of 52 weeks.
    (2) Estimated clean weight.
    (2) Figures relate to beginning of September in 1939 and to 31 July in other years.
    (1) Clean scoured weight.
    (5) Years ended August.
    (9) Production of yarn wholly or mainly of wool, including admixtures amounting to about 5 per cent.

[^25]:    (2) Vessels completed in the United Kingdom, including ships built for Dominion Governments but excluding ships built for other Governments.
    (2) Year ended 31 March 1937.

[^26]:    (1) Excluding troopships, hospital ships, naval and commissioned vessels, Royal Fleet auxiliaries and vessels undergoing conversion to or from naval or military purposes.

[^27]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ For 1939, War Office only ; for 1940, War Office and Air Ministry ; from January 1941, all Services.
    Deliveries of wheeled vehicles to the War Office under the Rearmament Programme
    amounted to 34,918 during the period April 1936 to August 1939.

[^28]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ To British overseas commands and other governments, including Canada.
    ${ }^{(2)} 284$ trainer aircraft which were delivered to Canada before June 1942 are excluded from the table as their exact dates of arrival are not available.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Including amendments to earlier figures.

[^29]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Including motor hoes and self-propelled grass cutters (not lawn mowers).
    $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Including combined seed and fertilizer drills.

[^30]:    (1) Total for 11 months converted to yearly rate.

[^31]:    $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$and $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ See footnotes ${ }^{(1)}$ ) and $\left(^{2}\right)$ to Table 151.

[^32]:    Recorded by date of notification.
    3 September 1939 to 30 September 1945.
    (9) From 3 September.

[^33]:    (1) Sce footnote ( ${ }^{1}$ ) to Table 161.
    (2) Excluding unrefined whale oil.
    ${ }^{(3)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{( }$) to Table 161 .

[^34]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ The figures for 1937 and 1938 are not completely comparable with those for the period 1942 to 1945 owing to differences in the method of recording locomotives undergoing boiler washing, etc.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Including rail motors.
    (2) Excluding privately owned (not requisitioned).
    (c) July 1937.

[^35]:    (c) Main line companies.
    (2) All passenger travel (including Service travel) except workmen's and season tickets.
    () September 1938 to August 1939 inclusive.
    (4) Excluding freehauled traffic.

[^36]:    (1) Estimated.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Incomplete.

[^37]:    ( ${ }^{2}$ ) The greater rise in the basic materials index is essentially due to its containing various items such as paper-making materials, which rose very greatly in price and for which there were no corresponding quotations available under intermediate products or manufactured articles ; similarly the index for intermediate products is raised above that for manufactured articles mainly because it includes timber.
    ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ ) Selected items included in the indices for industrial materials and manufactures.

