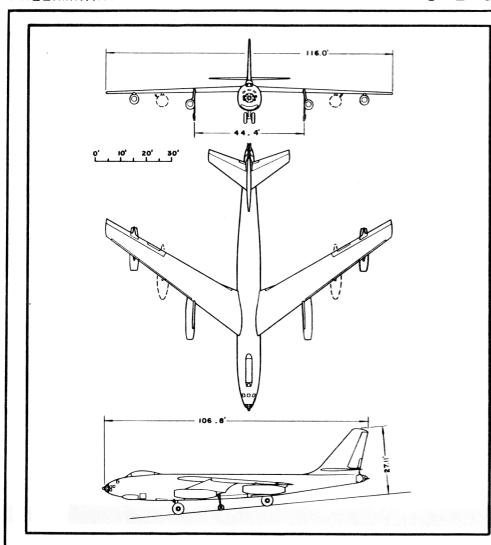


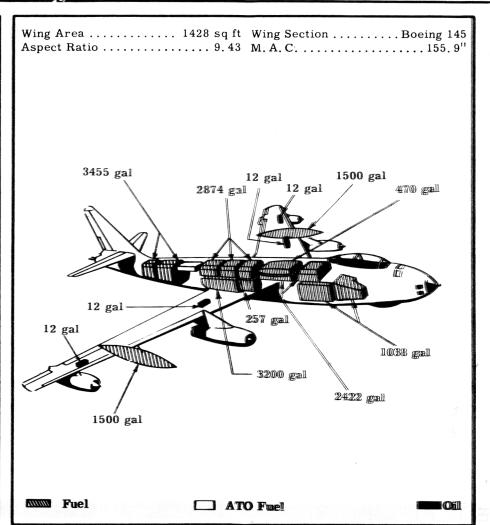
# Standard Hireraft Characteristics

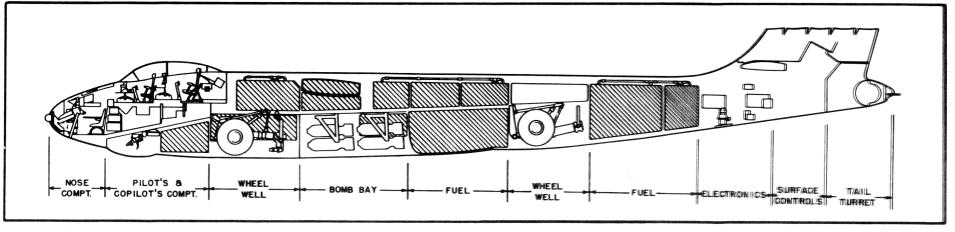
BY AUTHORITY OF COMMANDING GENERAL AIR MATERIEL COMMAND U. S. AIR FORCE B-47C stratojet

FOUR J35-A-23
ALLISON

Boeing







#### POWER PLANT

(4) TOE A 99

No. & Model (4) J35-A-23					
Mfr Allison					
Engine Spec No 286C					
Type Axial					
Length 156"					
Diameter					
Weight (dry) 3490 lb					
JATO					
No. & Model (1) YLR-45-AJ-1					
Mfr Aerojet					
System Weight (loaded) 7300 lb					
or					
No. & Model (1) YLR-47-K-1					
Mfr Kellogg					
System Weight (loaded)7300 lb					

#### **ENGINE RATINGS**

S. L. Static		LB - RPM
Max:		9700 - 6100
Mil:		9700 - 6100
Nor:		8200 - 6100
	JATO	

# B O M B S

No.	Size	Туре
1	10,000	Special
Or one of the	following loading	ıgs
which require	e kits and allow	for
bomb bay fue	1:	
1	4000	G. P.
3	2000	G. P.
8	. 1000	G. P.
Or one of the	following loading	ıgs
which require	e long bomb bay	doors,
Kits and allo	w for no bomb b	ay fuel:
1	25,000	S. A. P.
1	22,000	G. P.
1	12,000	. G. P.
2	. 4000	. G.P.
9	. 2000	. G.P.
16	. 1000	. G.P.

# Mission and Description

The B-47C airplane is high speed, medium range, jet bomber whose tactical mission is the destruction by bombs of land and naval materiel objectives.

The normal crew consists of a pilot, co-pilot-weaponier-gunner and bombardier-navigator. Seat ejection is provided for all crew members (tentative, pending approval of Hq, USAF).

Features incorporated for improved crew comfort and efficiency include heating, ventilation, pressurization, NESA glass de-icing for pilot's windshield and hydraulic boost on all control surfaces. Spoiler type ailerons for improved lateral control at low altitude and high speed are provided. The wing and empennage utilize anti-icing. The engine incorporates anti-icing features. Single point ground fueling and air to air refueling is provided as is continuous internal and external fuel tank purging. A two gun tail turret, with radar sight at the copilot's station, is provided. A rotatable seat allows the copilot to face aft while functioning as fire control operator. Liquid fuel rockets for assisted take-off, a braking parachute for decreasing landing roll distance and anti-skid device for braking are provided. The bicycle type landing gear is electrically operated.

Major difference from B-47B is change from six J47 engines to four J35 engines.

# Development

Modification of B-47B with (4) J35 engines in lieu of (6) J47's
Design initiated: Jan 50
First flight (YB-47C prototype): Jul 51 (est.)
First acceptance:
One B-47B bailed to Boeing for engine and related changes and tests.
Formerly designated B-56A

## DIMENSIONS

Wing
Area 1428 sq ft
Span
Incidence 2 <sup>0</sup> 45'
Dihedral 0 <sup>C</sup>
Sweepback (LE) 36 <sup>o</sup> 37'
Length 106.7'
Height 27.9'
Tread (outrigger) 43.9'

# G U N S

			Location
2	. 50	600	Fus, tail

## CAMERAS

Vertical station for one of the following:
K-17C, 6", 12" or 24" lens
K-22A, 6", 12" or 24" lens
K-38, 12", 24" or 36" lens
K-37, 12" lens, Night Camera
and accessories

## WEIGHTS

	Loading Lb	L.F.
	Empty 78, 172(E)	
	Basic 78, 924(E)	
	Design 125,000	3.0
	Combat *120, 850	
	Max T.O † 185,000	2.0
	Max Land + 185,000	2.17
	Max in-flight	
	refuel 🛊 202,000	2.0
	(E) Estimated	
	* For Basic Mission	
	† Limited by strength (includes	
	5000 lb JATO fuel)	
	<b>≯</b> With external tanks	
.		

F U	E	L
Location No. Wg, ctr	1	. 470 10,046 . 3000 . 3200 16,716 F-5624
Capacity (gal) Spec	MIL-0	0-6081

#### **ELECTRONICS**

	Command AN/ARC-27
1	Liaison *AN/APN-76
١	Radar Beacon AN/ARC-21
١	Glide Path AN/ARN-18
ı	Omni-Direct. Recvr AN/ARN-14
ı	Fire Control A-2 System
ı	Interphone USAF Combat
ı	Radio Compass AN/ARN-6
	IFF AN/APX-6
	Loran AN/APN-9A
I	Marker Beacon AN/ARN-12
	Bombing System K-4A
	ECM AN/APT-5A
	ECM **AN/APT-16
	*Space and structural provisions
ı	**Alternate installation

		Por	larmance-	Typical	Mississe	
CONDITIONS		BASIC MISSION				
TAKE-OFF WEIGHT Fuel at 6.8 lb/gal(grade JP-1) Military load (Bombs) Wing loading Stall speed(power off, land. config) Take-off ground run at SL Take-off ground run with JATO Take-off to clear 50 ft Take-off to clear 50 ft with JATO Rate of climb at SL Time: SL to ft Time: SL to ft Service ceiling (100 fpm) COMBAT RANGE Average speed Initial cruising altitude Final cruising altitude Total mission time COMBAT RADIUS Average speed Initial cruising altitude Bombing altitude Bomb run speed Final cruising altitude Total mission time	(lb) (lb/sq ft) (kn) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (fpm) (min) (min) (ft) (n. mi.) (kn) (ft) (ft) (hr)	185,000 88,951 10,000 129.5 138 (7) 5160 (7) 5500 3575 (7) (7) 36,800 4255 426 30,700 (7) 10.07 2190 426 30,700 41,000 (7) 44,500 10.46	l castaness (satané cal res	galanchamil of white functions ag		S N 1 0 9 0 9 8 8 7 7 6 6 5 5 4
COMBAT WEIGHT Combat altitude Combat speed Combat climb Combat ceiling (500 fpm) Service ceiling (100 fpm) Max rate of climb at SL Max speed at ft LANDING WEIGHT Ground roll at SL Ground roll (auxiliary brake) Total from 50 ft Total from 50 ft (auxiliary brake)	(ft) (kn) (fpm) (ft) (ft)	120,850 35,000 486 (7) 42,900 (7) 7600 (7) 89,945 (7) (7) 4200 (7)				3. 2 2. 2 1. 1 0 0 8 N

#### NOTES

- ① Max power
- ② Military power
- ③ Normal power
- ④ Detailed descriptions of RADIUS & and RANGE missions are given on page 6.
- ⑤ For Radius Mission if radius is shown.
- (6) Take-off and landing distances are obtainable at sea level using normal technique. For airport planning, distances should be increased by appropriate factors to determine runway requirements.
- 7 Data not available
- Includes 5000 lb JATO fuel.

#### PERFORMANCE BASIS:

- (a) Data source: Estimates
- (b) Performance is based on powers shown on page 3.
- (c) In computing Radius and Range, specific fuel consumptions have been increased 5% to allow for variation of fuel flow in service aircraft.

#### NOTES

#### FORMULA: RADIUS MISSION I

Start engines, take-off, climb on course to 30,700 ft at maximum power, cruise at long range speeds increasing altitude with decreasing airplane weight, make normal power bomb run to target, drop bombs, conduct normal power evasive action for 6 minutes, start cruise to home base at 41,000 ft arriving over home base at 44,500 ft. Range free allowances include 5 minutes normal power fuel consumption for starting engines and take-off, plus 6 minutes normal power evasive action and 10% initial fuel for reserve.

#### FORMULA: RANGE MISSION I

Start engines, take-off, climb on course to 30,700 ft at maximum power, cruise at long range speeds maintaining cruise ceiling (300 fpm with normal power and momentary weight) until 90% of initial fuel has been consumed. Range free allowances include 5 minutes normal power fuel consumption for starting engines and take-off, plus 10% of initial fuel for landing and endurance reserve.

#### GENERAL DATA:

(a) Detailed performance data were abstracted from Boeing Document D-10757, "Performance Potential B-47 Airplane - II", dated 5 June 50. These data have not been substantiated by the AMC.

Ohio 45433

eison Air Force Base